STAR

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING

MARCH 31, 1807.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an act entitled "An act to suspend the operation of an act intituled an act to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares and merchandize, and to remit the penalties incurred under the same," the President of the United States is authorised further to suspend the operation of the said prohibitory act, if in his judgment the public interest should require it: *Provided*, that such suspension shall not extend beyond the second Monday in December next. *And whereas*, it is judged for the public interest that such suspension should take place: Now therefore be it known, that I, THOMAS JEFFERSON, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority aforesaid, do hereby suspend the operation of the act entitled "An act to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares and merchandize," passed on the eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, until the second Monday of December next.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents and signed the same with my hand. Done at the (L. S.) city of Washington the twenty fourth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the sovereignty and independency of the United States of America the thirty first.

TH: JEFFERSON.

By the President.

JAMES MADISON,
Secretary of State.

Extract of a letter from Fredericksburg (Va.) to a gentleman in this city, dated March 25, 1807.

"Colonel Burr arrived here about five o'clock this evening (supposed) on his way to Washington, under a guard of 8 men. It is said by those who pretend to be in the *secret*, that he is to be conducted to Richmond for trial. He was arrested about the middle of Feb. on the Mobile, by a Lieut. Gains. Burr looks very bad, and is meanly dressed."

Extract of a letter from Messrs. Grievegnee and Co. of Malaga, dated 16th Jan. last to a respectable correspondent of theirs in New-York.

"The French privateers have already began to capture American vessels, two have been carried into Alicant under the supposition of having goods of British manufacture on board, and God knows to what a pitch this may be carried, it will be proper that every expedition carries a certificate from the French consul as well as the Spanish, though bound to a port in this country.

The recapture of Buenos Ayres, will be a severe blow to the shipping merchants of England; it is calculated that goods to the amount of £5,000,000 sterling have been sent from England, 14 vessels had left Liverpool for that place, and 4 more were advertised as ready to sail on the 9th Jan. Of saddles alone 50,000 had been sent from England, 40,000 of which were shipped from London. *Aurora.*

Letters were received at St. Bartholomews, two day before the sailing of the Henry, (arrived at Baltimore) mentioning the arrival of 5 French ships of the line at Porto Rico, which island it was said was ceded to France. *Phil. Gaz.*

The ship Eleanor, captain Keating, and ship Cornelia, capt Hunt, arrived at Portland on the 7th inst. from Liverpool, which place they left on the 25th January: but they brought no papers, and but a few letters.—Capt. Keating informs that the accounts of the sickly state of the French army in Poland, was contradicted in the London papers previous to his sailing.

"ENERGETIC" GOVERNMENT.

A Hessian paper, dated Cassel, Nov. 13, says—'since 1760 the commencement of the reign of George III. our sovereigns have sold upwards of 52,000 unfortunate Hessians to the English, all of whom have died on board their vessels or in their colonies."

The report of the death of Mungo Parke, who was said to have fallen a victim in the interior of Africa, is now found to be untrue. Accounts were received of him at Cambridge in England, on October 1st, which stated his arrival at Tombuctoo, and that he is on his return home. *Nassau paper.*

From a Liverpool paper of January 24.

From the blood stained fields of Europe, the din of arms, and noise of the battle, the thought of which is enough to sicken the heart, we turn our attention, and look with pleasure across the Atlantic, to that country where peace reigns and plenty abounds; whose government seems as anxious to decrease the *quantum* of taxation, as those of the old world are to increase it. The wisdom and moderation of the American government must be acknowledged by all.—The readiness it has manifested to repeal the act which prohibited the importation of British goods, shews their desire of peace and friendship; for we cannot give into the common opinion of the day, that commerce is as necessary to America as to us. That a breach of friendship, and a cessation of trade between the two countries, would be of mutual disadvantage, we admit, but our own country would be the greatest sufferer. Although America may not at present be able to produce what is calculated for the support and convenience of life; the loom and the shuttle are not unknown even among some of the Indian tribes in America. Millions of acres yet remain to be cultivared. Cattle abound, and fuel is plentiful. What are the wants of man? Our poet says:

"*Bread, clothes and fire.*"

What more?—he answers:

"*Fire, clothes and bread.*"

We are happy to find there is one country on the face of the earth that is not disposed to exhaust its treasures on dangers that may be prevented by wisdom and moderation; or like the present Emperor of France, for the purpose of spreading desolation and ruin in neighbouring states.—The cultivation of the arts of peace is the greatest glory of the chief magistrate of any nation. The laurels of the hero are always stained with blood, and too often sullied by rapine and injustice. He is the greatest minister of state, who knows how to rule his own passions; and to teach others to govern theirs; who when a storm arises is able to avert the threatened blow, and by his counsels to command peace.—The sycophants of the French court are lavish in praises of the Emperor NAPOLEON—but, alas! what a contrast between him and the peaceful President of the United States.—The one is like the waves of the sea, never at rest, tortured by plans of murder and of blood—the constant witness, and a very common cause, of the ruin and destruction of thousands of his fellow men: the other dwelling at peace in the midst of a country made every year happier by his prudent administration—devising plans for the improvement of knowledge, the increase of virtue and prevention of crimes, unblushingly committed on the unoffending Africans.—The name of Jefferson will be remembered with pleasure, when the destroyer of mankind shall be buried in oblivion.

The following remarks are from the Salem Register, on the President's reply to the address of the Massachusetts' legislature.

The reply of President Jefferson to the legislature of this state, exhibits the true reason which should command the zeal of the citizens in the approaching elections. We have been long enough for *no good purpose*, disaffected to the general government. We have long enough endeavored to *weaken* rather than *strengthen* it. We have long enough experienced the advantages of it, while we have been ungrateful to it. We have long enough refused our friends and caressed our enemies. We have delayed to confess our error till we are almost alone. We have so long stifled conviction, that we have nearly lost our *ancient reputation and virtue*. It is time to confess that we have been deceived. The highest testimony of respect to the President is, to choose such men as will *assist his services for the public good*.—Patriotism calls for this duty, and requires that it be religiously performed. No moderate man that does not act from sentiment and that can be guided by artful men, should get preference over an open and consistent man. We could hope more from a generous enemy, than from a disguised friend. We may be more sure of justice from a man who forms his opinions, than from the man who borrows them. The President's reply tells us our duty, and we all understand it. We should act with firmness, and we are then sure of success. Our nation would then be united at home, and would be respected abroad.

Post Office—The revenue of the Post-Office of the United States, from July, 1805, to July 1806, was 305,396 dollars; expences, 256,124; number of Post-Offices, 1848.—The mails weekly pass over 86,528 miles. The mails are weekly transported in carriages over 45,000 miles.

American Improvements in Physic.

DR. THOMAS REDDOES, the celebrated English Physician, is a great reader of American books. He has abandoned the Old School on the question of Contagion, and become a complete convert to the non-contagiousness of yellow fever. In a letter to one of his correspondents he writes thus, "I do not know any country *in which so much has been done for Medicine as in America;* if you except the introduction of Vaccine Inoculation, the most useful practice ever fallen upon." Indeed it must be owned, that since the appearance of the yellow fever in 1791, and more especially since the commencement of the first American Periodical work on Medicine at New-York in 1797, a new Æra has commenced in the history of that profession.

The conduct of the president in respect to Mr. *Erskine's* extraordinary paper, which he called a treaty—has so baffled the warm federalists, that the *merchants* are quite at a loss to account for Mr. *Jefferson's* conduct—they say *John Adams* would have ratified it—and so hints the British advocate general in his speech in parliament. *Aurora.*

From the Carolina Weekly Messenger.

GOOD FOOD FOR MILCH COWS.

Beat up in a mortar, dry corncobs; pour boiling water over them, or boil them in a pot; stir them frequently while boiling; and when cold, give it to your cows, which is nearly as good as boiled peas for milch cows, and certainly a very economical food. The experience which I have made of this cheap good food, induces me to recommend it to my brother planters. A PLANTER.

Mr. ——, once catching a hog, attempted to get a rope in his mouth, to which the hog made great resistance, a lawyer standing by observed, "can't you get the rope in his mouth?" To which the first (who weary and perplexed at the hog's obstinacy) angrily replies, "H-ll d--n you, hogs and lawyers are just alike, one won't open his mouth without corn, the other won't without money.

A curious coincidence of names.

Married, on Thursday the 23d October last at New Orleans, by the rev. *Tobias Fun*, Mr. *Elisha Laughter*, to Miss *Tabitha Giggle.*

From an eastern paper we copy the following:

Was married at Canaan, last Saturday morn,
A couple that Hymen's gay court will adorn—
It was Mr. JOHN WRIGHT, of Rome in York state,
Ty MARYAN RAYMOND, from Richmond of late;
And if they have done well or not in times past,
It plainly appears *she* has got *Wright* at last.

Departed this life, on Saturday last, at his residence near this town, Mr. *John Blake*, aged 48 years, after a tedious and painful indisposition, which he bore with that fortitude and resignation, which denotes the real christian.—In the death of Mr. Blake, an affectionate wife and amiable daughter, are deprived of a tender husband, and fond parent; society of an honest man. On Sunday evening his remains were interred in the Methodist burial ground in this town, attended by a numerous collection of his friends, of which society we have no hesitation in saying, he was a worthy member.

——last week, in this county, Mr. *Amace Robinson.*

——on the morning of the 25th inst. after a very short illness, *Sarah Bartlet*, consort of Robert Bartlet, of this county.

Died, in England, Feb. 5th, the celebrated General *Pascal Paoli*, the Corsican patriot, and Godfather of Bonaparte.

Farmers Bank of Maryland.

BRANCH BANK, AT EASTON,
March 30, 1807.

THE Presidents and Directors of the FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND have declared a dividend of *four and one half* per cent on the stock of the said Bank, for the last six months, ending the 31st instant, which dividend will be paid on or after *Monday*, the sixth of April, to stockholders on the western shore at the Bank at Annapolis; and to stockholders on the eastern shore, at the Branch Bank, at Easton, upon personal application, or the exhibition of powers of attorney, or correct simple orders.

By Order,

3 *HALL HARRISON*, Cashier.

Notice.

THE Commissioners of the Tax for Talbot county, will meet on Tuesday the seventh day of April, and will sit on every succeeding Tuesday until the twelfth of May, to alter and correct accounts of persons who have transferred their property since the first day of June last.

Per Order,

JNO. M. G. EMORY, Clk.

March 31, 1807. 5

In Chancery,

March 16, 1807.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of *Thomas Jones*, late of Somerset county, made by Thomas Curtis, as Trustee, and reported by him, be ratified by him, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the first Monday in June next.

Rock-Hall Packets and Mail STAGE.

THE subscriber's stage and packet will commence running on the first of April next, between Chestertown, Baltimore, and Annapolis, twice a week.

A Stage with the Mail leaves Chestertown every Tuesday and Friday, at 5 A. M. for Rock-Hall; from whence a Packet will sail for Annapolis, at 8 A. M. and a packet for Baltimore, at 9 o'clock, A. M. on the same days as above mentioned. Returning, leave Baltimore at the lower end of Cheapside wharf, every Thursday and Saturday, at nine o'clock, A. M. Leave Annapolis, every Thursday and Sunday, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Rock-Hall, early the same days.

The subscriber offers his thanks to the public for their confidence and generous support to his new establishment at Rock-Hall, last season; and assures them, that the whole of his time and means is, and shall continue to be occupied to insure expedition, safety, and the most comfortable accommodation to all who may pass on this route—His boats are kept in the best order, and well constructed for the conveyance of horses and carriages.

THOMAS HARRIS.

Days of running and rates.

From Rock-Hall to Baltimore, Tuesdays and Fridays.

From ditto to Annapolis, do. do.

Returning from Baltimore, Thursdays and Saturdays.

From Annapolis, Thursdays and Sundays, at *one dollar and fifty cents.*

P. S. Horses and carriages are kept for the conveyance of passengers on their arrival at Rock-Hall, exclusive of the mail stage that meets the Eastern Shore line of stages at Chester-town.

☞ A LETTER BAG will be kept at Messrs. *Levering & Nelms* store, lower end of Cheapside wharf, for all letters passing between Rock-Hall and Baltimore.

March 31, 1807. tf

Baltimore and York Town TURNPIKE ROAD.

THE subscribers being appointed Commissioners by an act of the Legislature, "entitled an act to make several Turnpike Roads through Baltimore county and for other purposes"—to take subscription for making a turnpike road from Baltimore towards York-town, to the Pennsylvania line; do hereby give notice, that a subscription book for a capital stock of 100,000 dollars, in shares of 20 dollars each, will be opened at Mr. Wm. Evans's tavern, in the city of Baltimore, on the 11th day of May next, from the hour of 10 until 2 o'clock, and will continue open during the same hours the two following days, unless the capital stock should be earlier subscribed. Every person must pay down one dollar on each share at the time of subscribing. Not more than 25 shares can be subscribed for on the first day by any one person, nor more than fifty on the second day.

Joseph Thornburg,
Thomas M'Elderry,
Nicholas Merryman, of Elijah,
David M'Mechen.

March 31, 1807. 6

WANTED to purchase, a few likely young Negroes, for which a generous price will be given in cash, by applying to *John Bullen*, at captain James Frazier's Barr.

Easton, March 31, 1807. 3

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of *Catharine Kallender*, late of Dorchester county, deceased, to bring them in, properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber, on or before the second day of October next, or they will be by law debarred from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 21st day of March, 1807.

WM. WOOLFORD, *Adm'r. of* Catharine Kallender, dec'd. 3q

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of *James Busick*, late of Dorchester county, deceased, to bring them in, legally authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber, on or before the second day of October next, or they will be by law debarred from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 31st day of March, 1807

RICHD. KEENE, *Ex'or. of* James Busick, deceased. 3q

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by order of the judges of Caroline county court, my creditors are requested to appear at the court-house, in said county, on the second Monday of October next, to appoint a Trustee to receive my property for their use.

ANDREW PEARCE.

Caroline county, March 31, 1807. 3q

Stolen,

ON the night of the 25th instant, out of the subscribers' house, one trunk, one watch, copper case outside and gold case inside; between $20 and 30 in cash; two pair of silver shoe buckles & sundry notes of hand, $10 will be given to any person that will return the above property, and no questions asked—or $20 if the thief is brought to justice.

ANDREW REBOURGH.

March 31, 1807. tf.

In Council,

Annapolis March 20, 1807.

WHEREAS by the resolutions passed at the last session of the General Assembly of Maryland, the bills of exchange and certificates issued by virtue of the act of 1779, chapter 38, are directed to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, with interest and costs of protest; and whereas speculators have, and may continue to avail themselves of the ignorance of the holders of said bills and certificates, and fraudulently obtain the same; ordered that the said resolution be published once in each week for the space of five weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the American and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore; the Republican Advocate, at Frederick-town: the Maryland Herald, at Hager's town, and the Republican Star, at Easton.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

Resolved, That the holders of bills of exchange drawn or issued by the treasurer of the Western Shore as commissioner appointed by the act of Assembly, passed at November session, seventeen hundred and seventy nine, entitled an act for calling out of circulation bills of credit emitted by act of assembly, are entitled to receive from this state the amount and principal of the said bills of exchange and certificates with interest thereon from the dates of the said bills and certificates respectively, and the costs of protest.

Resolved, That the treasurer of the Western Shore be, and he is hereby authorised to pay out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, to the holders and possessors of the said bills of exchange or certificates issued by the treasurer of the Western Shore, as commissioner, by virture of the aforesaid act of assembly, the amount of the said bills of exchange or certificates by them respectively held and possessed together with interest thereon from the respective dates of such bills of exchange and certificates, and the costs of protest, and the treasurer is hereby directed to pay the bills, interests and costs, at the par of exchange.

March 31. 5

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *George I. Dawson*, late of Talbot county, deceased, are warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of October next, or they by law will be debarred the same, as a distribution of said property will take place on said day; and all persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to him. Given under my hand, this 16th day of March, 1807.

JOHN KEMP, *Adm'or. of* G. I. Dawson, deceased. 3q

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of *Samuel Baldwin*, late of Talbot county, deceased, to bring them in to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement, on or before the first day of October next, or they will by law be debarred from any benefit of said estate—and all persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand this 30th day of March, 1807.

CHARLES EMORY,
Adm'r of Samuel Baldwin, dec'd. 3

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of *David Rogers*, late of Talbot county, deceased, to bring them in to the subscribers, properly authenticated, for settlement, on or before the first day of October next, or they will by law be debarred from any benefit of said estate—and all persons indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers. Given under our hands this 30th day of March, 1807.

THOS. S. DENNY,
JAMES COLSTON,
Adm'rs of David Rogers, dec'd. 3

To be Let.

THE house and lots where John Cook Stewart lives, near the Court-house, on the Main street in Cambridge, a stable and carriage-house, and a kitchen adjoining the dwelling house, well calculated for a Tavern. Any person that will rent the house may be supplied with a number of articles of furniture, such as tables, chairs and beds, and a Billiard Table in the house. For terms apply to

JOSEPH SCOTT, or
JOHN COOK STEWART,
in Cambridge.

Nov. 25, 1806. tf

Wanted immediately,

AN APPRENTICE to the *Mercantile Business*, about 15 years of age.—One of a good family, who can write a good hand and understands figures well. Apply to the subscriber, living at Queen's Town.

GERALD COURSEY.

December 23, 1806.

CASH GIVEN FOR
Clean Linen and Cotton Rags

Just received,
and for sale at this Office,
Hopkins's RAZOR STROPS.