STAR

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING
NOVEMBER 24, 1807.

A gentleman who left Washington on Saturday last, and passed through this town yesterday morning, politely advised us as follow:—That on Friday last a member informed the house of representatives, that from correct information which he possessed, dispatches had that day been received from Mr. Munroe, and moved that when the house adjourned, it might adjourn to meet on the day following, *Saturday*, which was carried —It was understood from members, by our informant, that they would continue to sit from day to day, during so momentous a crisis; and it was expected the house would sit on *Sunday*. Late on Friday evening he was informed by respectable authority, that dispatches from Mr. Munroe had that day been received, the purport of which had not so far transpired as to authorise detail; but it was understood, that that part of the dispute with England relative to the search of *national ships*, had been relinquished on their part; and that of merchantmen, had not been recently contended for, nor relinquished, but stood as from former advices. Those dispatches were not received by the Revenge, nor was her arrival in this country known in the city: but by an arrival at New York, in a very quick passage from London.

The prevailing opinion in the first circles, when our informant left the city, was, that of the determination of government to maintain a strong ground, in supporting the independence of the country, and flag; and many looked upon war as inevitable, without redress could be obtained where injury had been sustained.

A letter has been received in this city, dated the 11th instant, from a respectable merchant in New-York, stating that a gentleman who came passenger in the ship Sinsom, saw Mr. Munroe on the evening of the 1st of October, who informed him, "*that all hopes of an accomodation with Great-Britain were at an end.*" [*Fed. Gaz.*]

Boston, Nov. 10.

It was reported yesterday afternoon, that a fishing vessel had arrived at Marlehead, which had spoken the Revenge, on the Banks from London for Washington. The report added, that it was said she was bringing out a declaration of war.

A resolution passed the House of Repretatives of this state on Thursday, last granting leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an Act to abolish all such parts of the Constituton and form of government as relate to the time and manner of electing the Senate, and the mode of filling up vacancies in that body. Yeas, 47—Nays, 9.

On Tuesday last, on motion, the question was put, That leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled An act to establish a chancery court on the eastern shore of this state, and to repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government as may be incompatible with the same? Resolved in the affirmative, yeas 33, nays 29.

SENATE,

JOHN THOMPSON MASON, Esquire, was, on the 7th instant, appointed a senator, in the room of Samuel Ringgold, Esquire, resigned and on the 11th, LEONARD COVINGTON, Esquire, was elected a senator, vice James H. M'Culloch, Esquire, resigned and have accepted the appointments.

It is currently reported that Mr. Erskine has sold out stock recently held by lord Erskine in our funds to a large amount.

The suspension of the "non-importation law" expires on the 14th of next month, after which it will have its full force and effect, unless a repeal or another suspension takes place.

The stories of *Indian hostilities and massacres*, circulating in several of the public prints, as having been committed at Detroit, are destitute of foundation. No families have been murdered, nor any persons injured at all, by the Indians of that place.

Phil. pap.

Extract of a letter dated Philadelphia, November 12th, 1807.

"Col. Burr, Blannerhassett, Bollman, Swartwout, Ogden, and others of the party have been convened in this city for some time. They were in frequent consultation; and occasionally in some bustle.

"Bollman has applied for a passage in a vessel to New-Orleans. There is a rumor of a renovated enterprize under the auspices of a foreign government."

SENATE.

On *Monday* the motion, made on the 24th of October to refer that part of the Message of the President which relates to our sea port towns and harbors, &c. was agreed to, and a committee appointed consisting of Messrs Mitchill, Adams, Sumpter, Milledge and Robinson.

On *Tuesday* the bill making further appropriations for the support of the navy, &c. was ordered to a third reading without a division.

We stated some time since the detention of Mr. Macon in N. Carolina by severe indisposition. We are now happy to state his having taken his seat in the House.

David Lenox, Esq. has been elected President of the Bank of the United States, vice Thomas Willing, esq. resigned.

Elisha Matthewson, esq. has been appointed by the Legislature of Rhode Island to represent that state, in the Senate of the U. States, vice James Fenner, esq. elected governor.

Extract of a letter, dated Norfolk, November 3.

"Yesterday the long talked of affair of honor between captain *Gordon* and Mr. *M'Conico* was decided on the borders of N. Carolina, for which place they set off about 7 o'clock in the morning, and arrived at the destined ground about 12, when they immediately proceeded to business, standing at the distance of eight paces and advance after each fire; both missed the first fire, then advanced and fired when both were wounded; Mr. C. lightly. G. it is said mortally. The ball passed through the fleshy part of Mr. C's. thigh. G. received the ball a little below the groin—the ball cannot be extracted."

The discussion in the House of Representatives on the contested election of Mr. Mac Creery, which was commenced on Thursday last, and which has been continued since almost without intermission, has excited an unusual interest. It is not a question between A and B, or one that is dependent on any statement of facts—but a question that implicates principles of the highest importance, and the constitutional question, in what degree, or whether at all, the state legislatures possess the power of prescribing the qualifications requisite for members of the House of Representatives. On the one hand, it is contended that the constitution of the United States contains, on this point, a complete demarcation of power, as well in relation to the general government, as to the state governments, and that, consequently the latter do not possess the power of requiring any qualifications which are not prescribed in the federal constitution, and that such requisitions are unconstitutional. On the other side it is contended that the restrictions of the constitution are only imperative to a certain extent, and only bind the states to that extent;—and that the silence of the constitution in other respects implies a residuary power in the states over them.

This text has been ramified to a vast extent; and fact, argument and eloquence have been copiously enlisted into the discussion, to which justice can only be done by a comprehensive view.

Nat. Intel.

New-York, Nov. 16.

The ship Eliza which arrived at this port on Saturday evening, left Liverpool on the 29th September. At that time, as captain Crocker informs us, no apprehensions appeared to be entertained of a war with the United States. It was reported that Mr. Munroe had engaged his passage in the ship Pocahuntas, for Baltimore, then lying at Liverpool.

Captain Waterman, who arrived at this port yesterday, from St. Ubes, informs, that a Portuguese ship of the line and a frigate had recently sailed from Lisbon, for England—that a French army was shortly expected in Portugal. The Prince Regent was about to embark for the Brazils, but the inhabitants were not pleased at his leaving the country. The French and Spanish ministers had left Portugal.

Mr. Curtis Bolton, of Savannah, a passenger in the Swift, from Liverpool, came up in a pilot boat last evening from the Hook, and informs us, that he left Liverpool on the 29th September; that Mr. Munroe had taken his passage in the ship Pocahuntas, for Baltimore, but owing to a slight indisposition (occasioned by a cold he had determined not to come out in the above ship.

Genoa, Sept. 18.

Yesterday, the American consul was arrested and seals put upon his papers. *No reasons are assigned in the French papers for this arrest.*

November 17.

Captain Taber, who arrived last night, in the Swift, that left Liverpool Sept. 29, is the bearer of dispatches from and indorsed by Mr. Munroe, our minster at London, to the Secretary of State. These dispatches were put on board at the time Mr. Munroe was expected to leave England for America, and must be of the highest importance. It will be recollected, that our government has received advices from Mr. Munroe since the arrival of the Revenge. Capt. Taber says there is no danger of a war between the United States and G. Britain.

Boston, Nov. 12.

London, Sept. 21.

Mr. Munroe, the American ambassador, does not at present leave England. He was to have taken his departure from Liverpool, to which place part of his baggage had been forwarded. Since then it has been determined that Mr. Munroe is to continue in this country, to afford his assistance to Mr. Pinckney in the arrangement of the existing differences between the two countries. A note was presented to Mr. Canning, by the American ambassador, on or about the 7th, to which no answer has yet been given. The delay occasions much speculation. It seems, however, to be the prevailing idea, that a war cannot be averted for many months—yet insurances are effected on American ships at four guineas per cent.

By the Sally-Barker-Windsor, arrived on Tuesday, in a short passage from Bordeaux, we have French papers to the 5th October. Their contents excepting the affair of Copenhagen, are not interesting.

From a gentleman, however, who came passenger in the above vessels, and through the channel of private letters, we are enabled to present our readers, with the following interesting intelligence:

Extract of a letter from a house of the first respectability in Antwerp, to another in Bordeaux, dated September 28, and received at Bordeaux, by express, just before the Sally-Barker-Windsor, left the latter place.

"We understand, an order has been given out by the emperor, to capture every vessel, bound to, or from England, and if with *cargoes*, are to be considered a good prize. This is a mortal blow to the American commerce; and we fear will lead to a rupture between America and France,"

"It is reported, that *Mr. Munroe* has left London, but not on account of the existing differences, between the two countries; but by reason of ill health. *Mr. Pinckney* is said to be charged with the public business."

A gentleman who came passenger in the *Sally-Barker-Windsor*, informs us, "That two cases of capture, [American.] made since, and under the decree of the 21st of November, 1806, were brought before the prize court at Bordeaux, a short time before he left that city; but the court had refused to give an opinion, until fresh instructions should be received from the emperor. These instructions were called for by the court, and a question demanded. Whether the decree was to be put in full force against the *Americans?* His answer was, *that in effect, the law must operate against them as with all other neutrals.*"

We were yesterday favored with the following articles from a source which may be relied on.

"*Answers were given by the Emperor, to the Council of prizes, on the 23a Sept. last, to the following questions:—*

1st. Whether there should be any exceptions to the decree of November 21, 1806, in favor of such nations, as, by their treaties, were allowed a free trade, or the privileges of neutralizing enemies property. ANSWER, *That as the Decree, contained no exception, there should not be any made in its applications.*

2d. Whether neutral vessels, in ballast, should also be made liable to confiscation, upon the plea of capture, or stress of weather, if they had entered into a British port. ANSWER. *That it must lay over for further considerations.*

3d. Whether one half of the confiscated property, should, in all cases, be appropriated towards indemnifying sufferers by British spoliations. *The answer was in the affirmative.*"

Accounts had been received at Bordeaux, from Mr. Armstrong, at Paris stating that a number of the American seamen taken on board of English vessels, during the war, had been liberated.

Letter from Paris states that the boundaries of Louisiana have been settled by the French Emperor to the sattisfaction of our minister at Paris.

Died, on Sunday morning last, Mrs. *Elizabeth Johnson*, consort of Doctor Stephen T. Johnson, of this town.

Attention,

*** *THE members of the* MECHANICAL COMPANY *of Easton, are requested to attend at the usual place of parade, on Saturday next, at the hour of 2 o'clock precisely, as business of importance will be laid before them; it is expected particular attention will be paid to this notice.*

By order of the Captain.

TRISTRAM BOWDLE, Secretary.

Easton, Nov. 24, 1807.

Hopkins's Razor Strops,

FOR SALE AT THE EASTON BOOK STORE.

Postponement of sale.

From the inclemency of the weather on Tuesday last, the following sale was postponed to THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock.

THE property in Easton, which I am authorised to sell by the last Will and Testament of *John Stevens*, Esq. deceased, will be sold, on a credit of three years payable by annual instalments, with interest and approved security, from the day of sale. As may suit the conveniency of purchasers, it will be sold altogether, or in lots, which will be explained on application, or, on the day of sale.

JOSEPH MARTIN.

Talbot county, Nov 24, 1807. 1

Public sale—postponed.
Will be sold,

On Wednesday, *the 16th day of December next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on a credit of Ten Months,*

THE personal estate of LATEN AUGDON, deceased, consisting of household and kitched furniture; horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, corn and fodder; two good carts, and many other articles too tedious to mention, the purchaser giving bond or note, with good security, and interest thereon: All sums that does not exceed six dollars, the cash must be paid. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, at the subscriber's Farm, in Banbury.

TRISTRAM BOWDLE,

Adm'r of Laten Augdon, deceased.

November 24, 1807. 3q

Public sale.

WILL be sold, at public sale, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of December next, on the premises, at the late dwelling of *Thomas Maggs*, of Talbot county, deceased, all the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs; household and kitchen furniture, corn, fodder, farming utensils, &c. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, and continued until the whole is sold, on which day the terms will be made known, by

3 LEVI BODFIELD, *Adm'r*
de bonis non of Thos. Maggs, dec'd.

Public sale.

WILL be sold, at Vendue, on *Thursday*, the 10th of December next, at the GLEBE FARM, near Easton, (at present occupied by the subscriber,) if fair, if not, the first fair day, a variety of household and kitchen furniture; horses, cattle, hogs, and farming utensils, among which is a new ox-cart, &c. The above property will be sold on a credit of nine months, for all sums over Eight Dollars, with note and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale—for all sums of eight dollars, and under, the cash will be required on delivery of the property. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

JOHN JONES.

Talbot county, Nov. 24, 1807. 3

Take notice.

AGREEABLY to the last Will and Testament of *Thomas Little*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased, will be sold, at public sale, on SATURDAY, the 12th of December next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. at Mr. *Thomas Peacock's*, Head of Chester, a TRACT of LAND, containing about one hundred and ninety-nine acres; a large proportion of which is wood land, lying in Queen-Ann's county, within three miles of the Head of Chester, and now in the tenure of Mr. Isaac Crossby. On said farm is erected a new brick dwelling house, log kitchen, and corn house. Any further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed those who wish to purchase will view the premises. A credit will be given, and terms fully made known on the day of sale, by

GEORGE LITTLE, *Ex'or*
of said deceased.

November 24, 1807. 3q

NEW GOODS.
JOHN KENNARD,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

G O O D S,

Suitable for the present season, to wit:

SUPERFINE and second cloths, knapped, plain and twilled coatings; plains, kersey, bocking baizes; flannels and blankets; fashionable vest patterns; president and hunter's cords; polian and common velvets; cambric, jaconet, mull-mull and leno muslins; spider net, spider net sleeves, laces, ribbons, bombazeen, bombazett and durants; dimities, ginghams, chintzes, cottons, coarse muslins, a few ladies' plus bonnets; silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery; morocco and leather slippers—

Crockery, Hardware, and Groceries:

Which will be sold at reduced prices, for cash or country produce.

Easton, November 24, 1807. 3

For sale,

A LOT of GROUND, containing one acre, situate lying and being in Dorchester county, at the lower Hunting Creek Mill, on which lot is a good store house, with a shed thereto, convenient for a small family; a kitchen and granary; with sufficient room in front for other buildings.

—ALSO—*for sale,*

the house and lot whereon the subscriber now resides, situate in the village of Denton, in Caroline county—On which lot is a two story framed house, with an addition to the same, a kitchen, meat house, &c. The terms of sale will be, one third of the purchase money paid at the time of sale, the residue in six and twelve months. For terms apply to

THOMAS RICHARDSON.

November 24, 1807. 6

John & Thomas Meredith,
Have just received, and are now opening, a handsome assortment of
Well chosen GOODS:

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

SUPERFINE and coarse cloths, do. do. coatings, do. do white and scarlet flannels, low priced do. linsey, kersey, half thicks, men and women's cotton nd worsted hosiery; tabby or pelice velvet; constitution, president, and hunter' cord, Irish linens, long lawn, sheeting muslins, handsome calicoes, ginghams, cotton shawls, women's, misses and children's leather and mo rocco shoes—Hardware assorted—ALSO, an assortment of

GROCERIES,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

very good fresh TEAS——All which they will sell as low as they can possibly afford, and on terms which will be pleasing to purchasers. The above are the leading articles—Their assortment is pretty general and compleat.

Easton, November 24, 1807. 3

WILLIAM CLARK,
Has received from PHILADELPHIA, *and is now opening,*
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
SEASONABLE GOODS,
AMONG WHICH ARE:—
Best Superfine London and Yorkshire
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Second cloths	Ticklenburgs and Hessians
M'l'd drab do.	Bombazetts
Plains	Bombazene
Bocking baizes	Rattinet
Kendal cottons	Callimancoes
Flushing cloths and coatings	Moreans, and durants
Red, white yellow and scarlet flannels	Calicoes
Rose and striped blankets	Dimities
Carpeting	Cambric muslins
Fashionable waist-coatings	Diced cambrics, and figured leno muslins.
Silk and cotton velvets	Black cambric muslins
Constitution, president, and silver cords	Cotton laces
Worsted, cotton and silk hosiery.	Coach lace & fringe Furniture fringe and tassels.
Irish linens	Bandanna, Madras, and Romal handkerchiefs.
Long lawns	
Linen cambricks	Black Barcelona handkerchiefs and silk shawls.
Diaper, and diaper table cloths	
Apron checks	Black love handkerchiefs.
Striped bed ticking	Muffs and Tippets
Russia and Lancashire sheetings	China, Glass and Queen's ware,
German and Irish dowlass	

Together with a general assortment of
GROCERIES—

All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices.

Easton, November 24, 1807. tf

To be rented.

THE HOUSE and LOTS opposite the BANK, on West street, in Easton, now under rent to Major BROOM, removed, are offered for rent the ensuing year, upon very reasonable terms. Apply to Robins Chamberlaine, or the subscribers.

ENNALLS MARTIN,
PETER EDMONDSON,
Executors of Chas. Blair, dec'd.

November 24, 1807. 4

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscribers hath obtained from the orphan's court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Hugh Sherwood*, Esq of Huntington, late of Talbot county, deceased—ALSO—letters de bonis non on the personal estate of Doctor *James Bordley*: All those having claims against either of them, are requested to bring them forward, properly authenticated, for settlement; and all those indebted, either by bond, note, book account, or for sheriff's fees, are requested to make immediate payment.

ELIZABETH SHERWOOD, *Adm'rx*
THOMAS BANNING, *Adm'r.*

November 24, 1807. 3

Take notice.

THE subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of *Abraham Nield*, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the first day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Witness my hand this 17th day of November 1807.

3 THOS. WOOLFORD, *Ex'or.*

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of *William Patton*, late of Talbot county, deceased, to bring them in, properly authenticated, to the subscriber for settlement, on or before the 20th day of April next, or by law, they will be barred the same—All persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 20th day of October 1807.

JAMES PATTON, Adm'r. of
William Patton, deceased. tf

Just received,

And for sale at the Star Office,

A large quantity of WRITING PAPER—No. 1, to 4, by wholesale and retail.—

With a supply of

School books, & blank books.

ALMANACS, for the Year 18 8.

November 24, 1807.