STAR,

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING

DECEMBER 1, 1807.

On Friday, 20th ult. a bill passed the house of delegates of this state, adding a supplement to the act to establish a bank and incorporate a company under the name of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, to be established at Frederick Town, —yeas 48.—nays 13, which was on Saturday sent to the Senate for their concurrence.

From a perusal of the proceedings of the house, by yesterdays mail, we find it chiefly local, and uninteresting, except the militia bill, which we understand great exertions are making to render worthy a passage through both houses.

Extract of a letter from Washington, dated November 20th, 1807.

"Munroe's letter just received, is of the 16th September. It states that he had presented his note on the 7th on the affair of the Chesapeake, but had received no answer: neither had he on the 16th Sept. received any communication from the British Government, written or verbal, from which even a conjecture could be formed as to that government's disposition in relation to *any* of the points of the negociation.

London, Oct. 2.

"COUNTERVAILING DECREE."

We should certainly be warm advocates for such a measure, if we thought it would force the enemy to take the produce of the Indies from us, and make Bonaparte, repeal his restrictions. But it were well to consider first, whether Bonaparte himself might not wish to drive us into such a measure as that now recommended. Prohibiting all neutral trade, though it might not produce war with America, for it is clear that America will not venture to go to war with us, would greatly reduce the demand for these articles, which America purchases from us to sell to the Continent. But it may be asked whether we are to be deterred from these considerations, from doing any thing? Certainly not. America must not be suffered to be the carrier to *France* of the produce of the French Colonies. Some measures too, must be adopted with respect to the trade of the Americans with the East-Indies. The subject is of too great importance to be dismissed hastily—it de-[illegible] serious, and no doubt does occupy, the most serious attention of goverment. Upon one point, however, all persons are agreed, that a measure of vigor is indispensibly necessary.

Courier.

Oct. 8.

At the levee yesterday, Mr. Munroe, the American ambassador, was presented to his majesty, by the master of ceremonies. His excellency took leave of his majesty previous to his departure for America. Mr. Munroe is succeeded, in his embassy, by Mr. Pinckney. Previous to the levee, Mr. Munroe had an interview with Mr. Canning.

[*The above ceremony is generally dispensed with, when Ministers leave the British court dissatisfied.*]

Oct. 9.

Mr. Munroe, the American minister, had his final interview with Mr. Canning on Wednesday. His departure is in no respect connected with the dispute with America. The final answer of our government on that subject has already been sent off to Mr. Erskine.

Mr. Munroe is not to embark in the Revenge, but to take passage in the Augusta, from Cowes. The Revenge is to sail from Plymouth, about the 12th October—The Augusta, was to sail from London for Norfolk Oct. 30.

October 12.

At the Court held the 7th at St. James's, Mr. Munroe, the Ambassador from the United States, took leave of his Majesty previous to his departure: he also had an interview with Mr. Canning. We understand that the instructions which he received from his government were of so limited a nature, that the negociation could not be brought to an issue with him. Dispatches containing the final determination of the British government have been sent to our Minister in America.

That most important matter the question of peace or war with America, is now decided, as far as a decision can take place in this country. Our ministers have delivered to Mr. Munroe and Mr. Pinckney their final answer in regard to all the leading points of the dispute. This answer is of a nature on which it by no means falls within the powers of the American envoys to decide, and it now becomes their duty to submit the whole, in the speediest manner, to their government—Mr. Munroe is preparing for an early departure, but he has not yet determined whether he will go out in the Augustus or the Revenge.

The intention of a general blockade of the enemy's ports is now said to be relinquished from an apprehension that it would injure the import of our manufactures into the continent. The American merchants infer from this circumstance, and from the condescending manner of his majesty on Wednesday, when Mr. Munroe had his audience of leave, that the chances are in favour of peace. Nothing, however, can be affirmed with confidence until the disposition of the executive and of congress be explicitly ascertained. Government have determined to recall Mr. Erskine and to send out a new ambassador; but on whom this important choice will fall is not yet known with certainty.

Washington City, November 25.

We understand that GEN. MOREAU, about a week since, left Philadelphia for the Western country, it is said, for *New Orleans*. His unexpected departure and the rapidity with which he has passed on his journey have excited considerable curiosty, not unmixed with suspicion, which seems principally to have arisen from the place to which he is said to be going. Information has been received of his passing through Lancaster and Chambersburg without having made any delay at either place. When we consider the distinguished character and unsullied reputation of Gen. Moreau, we cannot for a moment indulge the idea of his having any views hostile to the United States; and we think it highly probable that a very short time will bring to light the most satisfactory explanations of the objects of his journey, which may turn out to have been undertaken solely for the gratification of a laudable curosity.

REPORT.

(In part) of the committee on the part of the message of the President of the United States, which relates to the defence of our sea-port towns and harbors.

In Senate of the United States.

November 20, 1807.

Mr. Mitchell, from the committee on that part of the message of the President of the United States, which relates to the defence of our sea port towns and harbors reported, in part, the following letter from the secretary of the navy:—also a bill to appropriate money for the construction of an additional number of gun-boats.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

18th *November*, 1807.

SIR,

In answer to your letter of the 16th inst. in which you ask for such information in relation to the defence of our sea-port towns and harbors, and the further provision to be made for their security, as the navy department may possess: I have the honor to state, that in aid of the fixed fortifications, which will be submitted by the secretary of war, it is presumed that there will be required at the ports and harbors, mentioned below, the number of gun boats annexed to them respectively, viz.

At New Orleans, 16, at Savannah, 8, at St. Mary's, 4, at Charleston, S. C. 10, at Georgetown, do. 1, at Egg harbor, N. J. 1, at Amboy, 2, at New York, 50, at Long Island, 4, at New London, 6, at Connecticut Shore, 6, at New Port, R. I. 12, at Tiverton, 1, at Boston, 12, at Salem and Newburyport, 6, at Portland, 6, at New-Bedford, 4, at Marblehead and Cape Ann, 2, at York, Kennebunk and Saco, 2, at Kennebeck, Sheepscut, Damariscotta, Broad Bay, St. George's, 5, at Penobscot, 3, Frenchman's Bay, 2, Passamaquoddy Bay, 3, at Portsmouth, N. H. 4, at Wilmington, N. C. 3, at Ocracook, 4, at Albemarle Sound, 1, at Norfolk, 60, at Alexandria, 2, at Baltimore, 3, at Philadelphia, 4, Delaware bay and river, 10. Making all 257. Of which we have at this time provided, 69. Would leave to be provided gun boats, 188. The building of these gun boats is estimated, on an average, at 5000 dollars each; 188 gun boats, at 5000 dollars, make 940,000 dollars. Deduct the amount of timber contracted for, as stated in the exhibit of extraordinary expences incurred by the navy department since the 22d June last, 87,500. Would leave to be appropriated for the building of 188 gun boats, dollars, 853,500. Respectfully submitted.

RT. SMITH.

HON. SAMUEL L. MITCHELL,
Chairman of a Committee of the Senate.

The bill is as follows:

Be it enacted, &c. That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is authorised and empowered to cause to be built a number not exceeding gun boats, and to equip, arm, man, fit out and employ the same, for the better protection of the ports and harbors of the United States, and for such other purposes as in his opinion the public service may require.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That a sum not exceeding dollars be and hereby is appropriated, for this purpose, out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

On *Thursday*, the senate was engaged on the bill, reported by Mr. Adams. "For the preservation of peace and maintainance of the authority of the United States, in the ports, harbors and waters under their jurisdiction." Much debate likewise ensued on the provisions of this bill, when the Senate adjourned without coming to any decision.

It is with pleasure we announce to the public, that the monument to be erected to the memory of the officers of the navy, who fell during the different attacks made by our squadron on the city of Tripoli, in 1804, has arrived at Boston, in the United State's frigate Constitution, and that it will shortly be landed in the navy yard at this place.

The expences of this beautiful piece of sculpture, which for grandeur of design, elegance of execution and size, far excels any thing of the kind ever seen on this side of the Atlantic, has been defrayed out of the slender means of the officers of the navy.

We understand that the manager, capt. David Porter, intends, in behalf of his brother officers, to present it to the city, only reserving to himself the privilege of choosing the spot where it is to stand and that Mr. Latrobe has generously offered his services in putting it up.

To convey some idea of this monument, we subjoin a short tho' imperfect description.

Its base is sixteen feet square, and its height 23 feet. It is composed of the purest white marble of Carrara, with ornaments and inscriptions of gilt bronze. The pedestal is highly ornamented with inscriptions, representative of the actions, trophies of war, &c. &c. in bass relief, and supports a Rostrol column, surmouted by the arms of the U. States.—Fame standing on one side of the pedestal, with the palm and lamel, crowns, an urn which bears this inscription:

Hic Decoræ Functorum in bello Virorum Cineres.

History, seated at the base, looking back recording these events, Mercury, the genius of commerce, lamenting the death of his protectors, a female Indian representing America with two children bearing the *Fasces* explaining to them the events, and four large bronze lamps representing the flame of Immortality.

On the pedestal appears the following inscriptions in letters of gilt bronze: *Erected to the memory of captains Richard Somers, lieutenants James Caldwell, James Decatur, Henry Wadsworth, Joseph Israel, and Midshipman John H. Dorsey, who fell in the different attacks that were made on the city of Tripoli, in the year of our Lord*, 1804, *and in the* XXVIII *year of the independence of the United States.*

A flame of glory inspired them,
And fame has crowned their deeds.
History records the events—the
Children of Columbia admire, and commerce laments their fall.

As a small tribute of respect to their memory, and admiration of their valor, so worthy of imitation their brother officers have erected this monument.

The monument has been imported in 51 large cases, and weighs above 15 tons. The figures are as large as life, and the whole will cost above 3000 dollars, which is to be raised at the following rates of subscription—commanders 20 dollars, Ward room officers 10 dollars, and officers of the rank of Midshipmen, &c. 5 dollars. The subscription, we understand, is nearly completed; and from the known spirit and generosity of our officers we are confident it will soon be closed. *Nat. Intel.*

We had wondered why the order for a draft from the militia of Warren county had not been received ere this. A few days ago it was announced that the commanding officer had received his orders, and in consequence, had hastily directed a muster on Friday last. Accordingly, on that day a considerable portion of the regiment assembled in this town, many of them without knowing the object of their attendence. At noon the line was formed. Without orators to allure, or music to charm, it was simply announced that their country demanded a selection of eighty-four corps to be in readiness for actual service. A low murmur of patriotic sentiments was uttered in indistinct phrases. The commanding major proposed that volunteers should step from the line. Instantly they began to advance; and in a few seconds the officers exclaimed "We have too many." The volunteering ceased, and on counting over the number offered, they were found to be one hundred and forty-three, which rendered another allotment necessary to assertain who should have the honor of avenging their country.

Warrenton paper.

Prussia has prohibited all trade with England.

MARRIED, on Thursday evening, 11th ult. Mr. *Samuel Downes*, to Miss *Ann Herrington*, both of Queen Anne's county.

——, on Sunday evening, the 22d inst. Mr. *Daniel Wilcox*, to Miss *Sarah Hollingsworth*, both of Queen Ann's county.

Departed this life, on Sunday night last, after a long and severe illness, which she bore with that fortitude and resignation which is characteristic of a christian, Mrs. *Elizabeth Bush*, consort of Mr. Lewis Bush, of this county.

"HOWARD," is received, and if the author will permit a *division*, a hearing may be had in our next.

By Order

Of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county,

WILL be sold, at public sale, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of December inst. on the premises, at the late dwelling of *Thomas Maggs*, of Talbot county, deceased, all the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs; household and kitchen furniture, corn, fodder, farming utensils, one yoke of oxen, and cart, and one horse cart and gears Terms of sale will be nine months credit on all sums over six dollars, with note and approved security; for all sums of, and under six dollars, the cash will be required on removing the property. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, and continued till all is sold; and attendance given by

3 LEVI BODFIELD, *Adm'r* de bonis non of Thos. Maggs, dec'd

Advertisement.

ON the 10th instant will be sold, at public vendue, the remaining stock of *Charles Blair's* estate, consisting of four horses, twenty-three cattle, sixteen sheep, hogs and fodder, heretofore rented with his farm in Caroline county, to Carmeen and M'guire, and now in the occupation of Mrs. Carmeen, who will also sell a variety of articles on that day. A credit of six months will be given, on note and approved security, and interest from the day of sale.

ENNALLS MARTIN,
PETER EDMONDSON,
Ex'rs. of C. Blair, dec'd.

December 1, 1807. 2

Public sale.

BY an Order from the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, on MONDAY, the 14th day of December, inst. will be sold, at public vendue, in Easton, all the personal estate of *William Mason*, deceased, consisting of a horse, two carts, one chaise; household and kitchen furniture; one cow, and some hogs. Nine months credit will be given on all sums over six dollars, on note and approved security being given, bearing interest from the day of sale—cash will be required for all sums under. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

JAMES MASON, *Adm'r of* William Mason, deceased.

December 1, 1807 2

Further Sale.

Will be Sold, at Public Vendue, at the late dwelling of CHARLES W. BENNY, *deceased, of Talbot county, on* Monday, *21st of December, instant, if fair, if not, the first fair day,*

THE remaining personal property, of which he died seized, consisting of work horses, milch cows; a large quantity of corn, corn fodder, straw, &c. Also, three negroes, two boys, and one man—The terms of sale will be, eight months on all sums over six dollars, with note and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; cash will be required for all sums under six dollars.—The sale will begin at 11 o'clock, and attendance given by

BENJAMIN BENNY, Ex'r of C. W. Benny, deceased.

December 1, 1807. 3

Public Vendue.

WILL be sold, on the premises, two miles from Centreville, on FRIDAY the 24th December inst. agreeably to an order from the orphan's court of Queen Ann's county; all the personal property of the late *Charles Frazier*, consisting of household and kitchen furniture; horses, mules, horned cattle, sheep, farming utensils, &c. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, when the conditions will be made known, by

WM. R. STUART, Ex'or.

December 1, 1807 3

Stray.

Kent County, state of Maryland, to wit:

I HEREBY certify, that William Pearce, of said county, brought before me as a stray, trespassing on his inclosures, a dark iron grey Mare, supposed to be between 4 and 6 years old, about fourteen and an half hands high; paces, trots and canters; she has a small mark under the collar, and a small lump on her near hind leg. Given under the hand of me, one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, this 21st day of November, 1807

JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

The owner of the aforesaid stray is desired to call, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

WM. PEARCE.

December 1, 1807. 3

Ten dollars reward.

BROKE jail, on Friday the 20th ultimo, in Centreville, Queen Ann's county, Thomas Parvis, a citizen of said county, who was confined at the instance of the state of Maryland, for debt—The said Parvis is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a light complexion, about 25 or 30 years old. Any person who will take up said Parvis, and deliver him at the jail in Centreville, shall receive the above reward, from

PHIL. C. BLAKE, *Shff.* of Queen Ann's county.

December 1, 1807. 3

Maryland, Kent County Orphan's Court, NOVEMBER 21, 1807.

ORDERED, That Joseph Wickes, administrator of *Sarah Piner*, deceased, cause to be inserted for three weeks successively, in the "Star," at Easton, the following advertisement.

Test,

RICHARD BARROLL,
Reg. of Wills, Kent county.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Kent county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Sarah Piner*, late of Kent county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the twentieth day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 21st of November, 1807,

JOSEPH WICKES, Adm'r of Sarah Piner.

Maryland, Kent County Orphan's Court, NOVEMBER 21, 1807.

ORDERED, That Margaret Gresham, administratrix with the will annexed, of *Richard M. Gresham*, deceased, cause to be inserted for three weeks successively in "the Star," at Easton, an advertisement as follows.

Test,

RICHARD BARROLL,
Reg. of Wills Kent county.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Kent county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of *Richard M. Gresham*, late of Kent county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the twentieth day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 21st of November, 1807.

MARGARET GRESHAM, *Adm'rx* with the will annexed, of R. M. Gresham

The subscriber

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and old customers, that he intends opening a TAVERN, in Snow-Hill, in the house where he now lives, at the sign of *General Washington*, on the first day of January, 1808. He hopes that from the great expence he has been at in building and finishing such a commodious house, and having the best stables and carriage-houses in the place, and having been long in the business, he flatters himself that if his old customers will return to him, they may depend of having the same treatment they usually have had; the convenience of the house will render them comfortable, and the greatest attention will be paid to gentlemen and their horses—and their favours will be gratefully acknowledged, by their most obedient servant,

JOHN CUTLER.

Snow-Hill, Md. December 1, 1807. 11

To be Let.

That large and convenient TAVERN, *in Centreville Queen Ann's county, at present occupied by Mr. Benjamin Hatcheson.*

THIS House is well calculated for a Tavern; it is roomy and convenient, and is an excellent stand for business—There is also on the premises, a large and convenient *Stable and Carriage House*—A well of good water, and a large garden. The premises are in good repair, and will be let for one year, or a term of years, and possession given the first of January next. For terms apply to

JAMES BROWN.

Queen Ann's county, Dec. 1, 1807. 3

Notice.

WHEREAS the subscribers have petitioned in Somerset county court, at September term, 1807, praying the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, an "Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors. It was thereupon ordered by the said court, that notice should be given to all our creditors to meet at Princess-Anne Town, in the county aforesaid, on the first Tuesday of February next, agreeably to the order of the court.

THOMAS JONES, of Thomas.
HENRY JONES.

Somerset county, December 1, 1807. 7q

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Jeremiah Bromwell*, late of Talbot county, deceased, are desired to bring them in to the subscribers, properly authenticated, for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Rosanna Bromwell, Ex'trx.
Jacob Bromwell, } *Ex'rs.*
Benjamin Mullikin, }

December 1, 1807. 3

Notice.

I INTEND to petition to the Judges of Queen Ann's County Court, or some one of them, at next May Term, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, an "Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplement thereto, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

WM. RINGGOLD.

Wye River, Dec. 1, 1807.