Eastern Shore REPUBLICAN STAR OR General Advertiser.

EASTON—(MARYLAND) Printed and Published every *Tuesday Morning*, by THOMAS PERRIN SMITH, Printer of the LAWS of the UNITED STATES.

[VOL. 6....9.] TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1808. [NO. 30.....446]

THE TERMS
OF THE
REPUBLICAN STAR
ARE TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per annum, payable half yearly IN ADVANCE: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

ADVERTISEMENTS
ARE inserted *three weeks* for ONE DOLLAR, and continued *weekly*, for TWENTY FIVE CENTS per square.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *the Commissioners of the Tax for Talbot county, will meet at the Court House, in Easton, on the first* Monday *in April next, and will continue to sit as often as occasion may require, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making such alterations in the assessment of property, as may be required according to law.*

Per Order, JAMES SETH, Clk.
March 22, 1808. 3

By order of the orphan's court of Caroline County:

Notice—

THAT on *Wednesday*, the 4th day of May next, will be sold at public vendue, all the personal estate of *William Frazier*, late of Caroline county, deceased, at his late dwelling house, consisting of household and kitchen furniture; a large parcel of cattle, sheep, hogs and horses, negroes, farming utensils, &c. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and will continue from day to day until the whole is sold—The negroes will be the last article offered. The terms of sale will be four months credit for all sums above five dollars, the buyers (without exception) to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale: For all sums of five dollars, and under, the money will be required before removing the property. Attendance will be given on behalf *Henrietta M. Frazier*, the executrix, by

WM. RICHARDSON,
March 22, 1808.

STATE LOTTERY,
NEW-YORK.

For the promotion of Literature, and for other purposes.—Positively commences drawing on the

First Tuesday in April next.

Payment of prizes guaranteed by the state legislature.

HIGHEST PRIZES.

1	$25,000
1	10,000
2	5,000
4	2,000
17	1,000

And a very considerable number of inferior prizes—less than two blanks to a prize.

THE TICKETS
Are now offered for sale in a variety of numbers, at
G. & R. WAITE'S
Truly fortunate Lottery Offices in New-York, at the following prices:

Whole 7 50	Quarters 2
Halves 3 75	Eighths 1

But will in a few days advance in price. All prizes purchased of G. & R. WAITE will be paid by them, and every information relative to the Lottery will be given to distant adventurers gratis.

Prize Tickets in the New York and Baltimore Lotteries taken in payment,

Orders forwarded to G. & R. WAITE'S Lottery Office, corner of Market and Charles streets, will be punctually attended to.

Baltimore, March 22, 1808. 5

To the public.

WE, the subscribers, return our sincere thanks to a generous public for the patronage we have received in the line of running a PACKET, and inform them, that they continue to run regularly from Cambridge for Baltimore, every *Tuesday morning*, at nine o'clock; leave Baltimore for Cambridge, every *Saturday morning*, at nine o'clock. They have two good vessels, with excellent accommodations for passengers, and hope by a strict attention and punctuality in the line of their business, to merit encouragement from a generous public.

JOHN PHILIPS,
JOHN SHENTON.
Cambridge, March 22, 1808. 3q

For Sale.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, called PROGRESS, containing four hundred and fifty Acres, lying in Caroline county, within a few miles of colonel KEENE'S, and on which *Elijah Pippin*, formerly lived. Any person wishing to view said land, will please to call on colonel Keene; and the terms of sale will be made known by

HENRY BRICE, *Baltimore. or*,
JOHN TILGHMAN, *Centreville.*
Centreville, February 16, 1808. tf

In Chancery, March 15, 1808.

ORDERED, That the report of *Charles Wright*, trustee for the sale of the real estate of *Samuel Wright*, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the sixteenth day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in the Easton newspaper, before the sixteenth day of April next.

The report states that a house and two lots, numbered 5 and 6, lying and being in Dorchester county, near the head of Church Creek, was sold for $204.

True copy—Test,
NICHS. BREWER,
3q Reg. Cur. Can.

In Chancery, March 12, 1808.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of the late *Richard Tilghman*, the 4th, as made and reported by the Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 16th day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some news-paper in Easton, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 15th day of April next.

The report states, that the said property was sold on the 25th of January last, for 2750 dollars.

True copy. Test,
NICHS. BREWER,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In Chancery, March 7, 1808.

ORDERED, That the sale made by LEVIN POLLITT, trustee for the sale of the real estate of JOSEPH BOUSEE, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the second Monday of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the newspaper at Easton, before the second Monday of April next. The report states, that four lots, in New-Town, Worcester county, were sold to several purchasers for $1252.

True copy, Test.
NICHS. BREWER,
reg. cur. can.

Maryland, Worcester county, to wit:
FEBRUARY TERM, 1808.

ORDERED, That Samuel Betts, administrator of *John Betts*, deceased, cause to be inserted for three weeks successively, in the "Star," at Easton, the following advertisement.

R. BARROLL, Regr.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Queen-Ann's county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Kent county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estath of *John Betts*, late of Kent county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the 15th of October next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th of March, 1808.

SAMUEL BETTS, Adm'r of
3 John Betts, dec'd.

WILLIAM NORRIS, Junr.
Tea Dealer, & Grocer, No. 64,
MARKET-STREET, BALTIMORE,

INFORMS his customers and the public, that he has now on hand a large supply of FRESH TEAS, warranted of the first quality, suitable for retailers, with a large supply of GROCERIES, which will be sold on pleasing terms.

N. B. Large and small *Twist Tobacco*, of superior quality, manufactured by T. H. HARRIS, of Richmond, and sold at the manufacturer's prices.

February 23, 1808. 6

Union Manufacturing Company, Maryland.

THE Commissioners in Baltimore for receiving subscriptions to the company's stock, agreeably to the 5th article of association, hereby give notice, that the first general meeting of the stockholders for the choice of directors, will be held at the Merchant's Coffee-House, in Baltimore, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of April next, between the hours of 9 and 3 o'clock.

By order of the commissioners,
WM. PATTERSON, Chairman.
March 15, 1808. 3

Notice.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the house lately occupied by Mr. *Thomas Harper*, on Washington Street, and in addition to his former hands, he has engaged a part of his workmen, as Mr. Harper has relinquished the business, where he intends carrying on the *Tayloring* and *Habit-Making Business* on a more extensive scale than heretofore—He solicits public patronage; and promises his every exertion to please.

JOHN BRUSCUP.
Easton, March 15, 1808. 3

Robert Moore, & Son,

Have just received a fresh assortment of
GARDEN SEEDS:
ALSO,
A few bushels of Clover Seed of the best quality, which they offer for sale on the usual terms.

Easton, 3d mo. 15, 1808. 3

Baltimore Fire Insurance COMPANY.

THE President, and Directors, hereby give notice, that they require the payment of a second instalment of Ten Dollars, on each share of stock of the said company, to be made at the Union Bank of Maryland, on the 10th day of May next

By order,
THEOPH: F. DOUGHERTY, Sec'ry.
March 8, 1808. 10

Removal.

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that in consequence of losing his shop by fire, he has rented, and commenced the *Saddle and Harness-Making Business*, in the new brick house fronting the Public Square, near the Market-House, where he intends carrying on the business, with his usual punctuality and dispatch; and solicits public patronage. He will receive on return of the Packet, a complete supply of the best materials.

WILLIAM BROMWELL.
Easton, March 1, 1808. tf

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Caroline county, in Maryland, Letters Testamentary on the personal estate of *William Frazier*, late of Caroline county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to William Richardson, of Caroline county, (who is authorised and empowered by me to settle the said estate, so far as the personal property will [illegible] before the first day of [illegible] next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. And to prevent trouble to the creditors of the said deceased, they are hereby notified, that no voucher will be admitted that has not the sanction of the Register of Wills for Caroline county endorsed thereon. And all persons indebted to the said deceased, are hereby required to make payment to the said William Richardson, on or before the said first day of May next, otherwise suits will be commenced against them. Given under my hand this thirteenth day of February, 1808

3q HENRIETTA M. FRAZIER.

Notice.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration on the estate of JAMES BOON, late of Caroline County, deceased, request all persons indebted to the said James Boon, to make immediate payment—And all persons that have claims against the said deceased, are desired to exhibit them without delay, to

ANN E. BOON, Adm'x.
March 15, 1808. 3q

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to make application to Talbot county court, at the next term thereof, to be held on the 4th Monday of May next, or to one of the judges of said court, after two months from the date hereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto.

SAMUEL ROBINSON.
Talbot county, March 1, 1808. 8

Notice

IS hereby given, That I intend to apply to the Judges of Queen-Ann's county court, at any of them, after two months from this date, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the several supplements thereto.

His
THOMAS ⋊ COX.
Mark.
Queen Ann's county, March 1, 1808.

Notice

IS hereby given, That I intend to petition the Judges of Worcester county court, or one of them, at next May term, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

MATTHEW DORMAN.
Worcester county, March 8, 1808. 8

To the Editor of the Virginia Argus.
Philadelphia, Feb. 23, 1808.

Mr. PLEASANTS,—A MAN who feels respect for the community, and who is not indifferent to the esteem of men of worth, will never hesitate when the occasion appears to demand it, to vindicate himself, however exalted or despicable the assailant may be. I have seen in two Richmond papers two kinds of imputation upon my conduct, which uttered here, or in such a way as to be entitled to general public notice, I should not have troubled you with this article: One of the writers signs his essays *Hortensius*, and has taken offence, or undertakes to censure me, on two different grounds. He says the great *public avenue*, has been shut up; meaning to infer or to insinuate that the AURORA was closed against any sentiments such as the writer thinks proper to publish, or others of similar opinions. The second exception is to the *manner* in which I have intimated my opinion of the best policy to be pursued in retaliation to the choice of a President. It is not very important whether I guess right or am mistaken as to the author; if I am right, I am sorry he should condemn me for exercising my right of opinion on such an occasion; because I might with as much propriety censure him; and the question of right or wrong—correct or mistaken judgment in the case, would be to be determined by other judges, and events, with this infelicity attendant on the issue, that, only one kind of event, or one result, can come forth in evidence. That is, the result of the measures and policy of whoever may be chosen President. I may surely claim the right to judge for myself on an occasion like this, and at a time like this, without being fairly liable to the charge of an undue bias or impure motives. On the other point, that of *shutting up the avenue*, the writer, was certainly uncandid, because, not having ever tried to obtain admission to the avenue, *he* had no right to make the assertion before a trial: He was therefore at least uncandid in that particular. Perhaps however he concluded that, as I had given an opinion of the impolicy of *bickering about men* at this time when greater interests are at stake, I should not act contrary to my usual practise of conducting the AURORA.

The other writer, I forget his signature, or if he had any, and should not have noticed him at all had not the writer of Hortensius attracted my attention. He asserts, if I do not mistake, pretty roundly, that I am concerned in some intrigue, or some scheme as nefarious as the Yazoo, which I have so often branded with merited infamy. The writer, who could assert such things without foundation, will never do any credit to any cause, nor harm to any adversary. I shall never enter into contest, with a writer who on the threshold, comes forth with such assertions—when he wrote he must have been conscious (if he has any conscience,) that he was making a *bold stroke with a straw*—and if he could not shew some shadow or color, for his allegation in such a case, that he must for ever after stand on record as—*a man of straw.*

As I am neither anxious to avert such accusations as those of the latter writer, nor eager to encourage a controversy which is by no means flattering to the long merited and high reputation of Virginia, I owe it to my own feelings, and to the esteem of those of my friends, who are of opposite sides in the dispute about the Presidential candidate; fairly to explain my sentiment, and even my wishes, on the subject; and to offer my opinions on the course of conduct, which I deem it my duty to pursue on this occasion.

My sentiments on the questions involving politics, are that the will of the majoriy should be respected by the minority. That when the question is not on a matter of principle, but of men, that then the only consideration is how the principles may be best supported; and that the question concerning one man, or another man, if there be an equal probability or certainty of one acting as well as the other, that then there should be no opposition to the will of the majority, unless there should appear to be a league between men of hostile principles of policy; a league between the opposers of democratic policy, by which I mean, both the fundamental principles of the government, and the measures of the present administration, such a coalation, I should deem incompatible with the principles which I ever have and ever shall support.

So far concerning my sentiments—I will be equally explicit as to my wishes—If my individual vote could have decided, or my judgment influenced the choice of the next candidate for President, it would have been unhesitatingly for *George Clinton*; if seeing that it was not practicable to obtain a majority for that venerable and good man, I should again have a choice, I should most certainly, have decided for *James Monroe*; I believe him to be as good and as truly noble a man as breathes beneath the firmament. I suspect that *Hortensius* would shew much more of the courtier than say so much; or possibly he may say, that with such predilections, I ought to oppose Mr. Madison. It is very obvious from these declarations that I am at least no flatterer. I have at least the fair claim to sincerity; I presume even upon a little more than plain sincerity; I am willing to abide by the will of the majority—I am willing to sink my personal predilections in the choice of the greater number; *because this is the vital principal of our government*, where men alone are in contemplation.

I am under no obligations to Mr. Clinton nor to Mr. Madison. I owe Mr. Monroe an acknowledgment for a personal favor at a period when the Presidential question was not anticipated, and which was the more grateful to me, because it was an act of generosity to a valued friend whom he favored because he was my friend.

But the question is not to be regulated in my mind by personal feelings either of affection or dislike. My effort ever has been to act as a politician in that way which to the best of my humble judgment promised to conduce most to the general good. In the divisions and distractions stirred up on this occasion, I see many causes operating, at variance with every principle of political rule, but in violation of decorum and even common sense. An observing man after travelling in a coach with a number of persons, might on the journey discover, that he was in the company of madmen or fools, and at the next stage he would have discretion enough either to lie bye or get ahead of his fellow passengers, and travel to his journey's end composedly and securely. I cannot enter into the mad contention, that disturbs Virginia, the state of all others most apt to censure other states for reputed turbulence; but which on this question appears to be the only state that wrangles.

I must confess that there are other motives which doubly reinforce my determinations on this occasion. The state of our foreign relations; the necessity of a continued adherence to the same wise policy that has hitherto conducted the United States thro' so many perils; the *great convulsion which is at this moment impending and menaces a revolution in the affairs of the universe, more extraordinary and eventful* than has even in these *eventful times yet happened.*—I feel it to be the first of the interests of this nation, to be at this crisis, calm, united, and undistracted; men not governed by headstrong and wanton passions, would make large sacrifices to promote such a dignified state of concord and tranquility; and I am persuaded that those who have energy and virtue to serve their country, will very soon have ample opportunities, without seeking to distract and to divide the people upon a point which cannot produce any other effect than ill blood, and evil passions.

I shall only add, that no man at any time, nor in any form, directly or indirectly, ever sought to influence me in favor of Mr. Madison—I owe him no obligation of any kind, but that respect which every man feels towards a man of talents, who has rendered public service. I have, however, had many applications, and very pressing too, to oppose him. I never was, nor will I ever be the creature or the instrument of any man. The same judgment that has led me through the tempestuous times past—is my sole guide now—I judge and act as my own observation alone directs.

WM. DUANE.

Take notice,

THAT I intend to petition to the judges of Talbot county court, or some one of them, after the insertion of this notice for two months, for the benefit of the insolvent acts of the stat of Maryland.

ROSS THOMSON.
Talbot county, March 22, 1808. 8