STAR

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING,

AUGUST 16, 1808.

Washington City, August 10.

The extracts which follow are from a gentleman at Antigua, under date of July 15, and contain intelligence from Spain, down to the 19th June. They contain some facts not yet known, and detail others with more precision than any account we have yet seen. It is believed that they may be relied on as correct.

"Every day circumstances take place to confirm the friendly disposition of the Spanish people, as well as the provincial government towards Great Britain. At Algesiras about the 14th June, a valuable British merchantman, taken by a French privateer was sent with a prize crew into Algesiras, but no sooner did she arrive in that port than the Frenchmen were drove out of her, the British sailors released, and the ship returned to them and sent to Gibraltar. Indeed every hostility between Great Britain and the Spanish nation had ceased, and was succeeded by the most friendly intercourse.

"The Spanish fleet of 6 sail of the line at Minorca had made arrangements with Lord Collingwood to remain there until they should receive orders from the Junta at Seville.

"On the approach of Gen. Dupont with a detachment of the French army near Madrid towards Cadiz, to support the cause of Bonaparte there, suspicions arose amongst the people of Cadiz that the captain general of Andalusia, the Marquis de Solano and also the governor of Cadiz was in the interest of Bonaparte. The correspondence between him and the duke of Berg was finally intercepted, the people of Cadiz surrounded his house, and having got the marquis into their hands, tore him to pieces. His house was levelled with the ground and completely destroyed. In Cadiz a provisional Junta was immediately formed, dependant on the Junta of Seville, and don Thomas Mala was entrusted with the government of Cadiz in the room of Solano.

"At Barcelona, Don Pedro Truxillo at the same time was destroyed by the people at Barcelona for aiding the French general in that place, on the people discovering he was in correspondence with the duke of Berg.

"Certain accounts had arrived at Cadiz of the death of the Duke de L'Enfantado at Bayonne. In some discussion with Bonaparte relative to the fate of the royal family of Spain, this prince it is said remonstrated in the severest manner against the conduct of Bonaparte, and at last either drew his sword, or on his attempting to draw it, was cut down by Bonaparte's guards in his presence. The French say before he was destroyed Bonaparte received a wound in the arm.

"The intention of Bonaparte was to place his brother Joseph on the throne of Spain and the duke of Berg on that of Naples; there was no doubt that Joseph Bonaparte had left Naples for Spain. And it was correctly reported, though not officially informed on the 19th of June that on his way to Madrid he and all his attendants had been destroyed by the armed peasantry of the country through which he attempted to pass.

"By the latest intelligence that reached Cadiz on the 19th of June from Portugal, general Gomex was on his march with an army of 30,000 men to attack the French general Junot, in Lisbon. This army was composed partly of Spaniards and part of Portuguese.—The Portuguese required the assistance of the British forces under general Spencer, then at Aymonte, and the fleet off the Tagus. It was understood that on the surrender of general Dupont with the French army at Cordova, that general Spencer would move towards Lisbon; for that purpose the troops remained on the 19th June on board the transports.

"To secure Cadiz for the interest of Bonaparte, general Dupont was detached from Madid with 12,000 men; but he had only reached Cordova, when he found the French fleet at Cadiz harbor, consisting of six ships of the line and two frigates, had surrendered prisoners of war to the Spanish junta at Cadiz.—To return to Madrid was impossible; the armed peasantry had already seized the passes in the mountains, through which the road went; and a large force lay between him and Cadiz. In fact the French army found themselves in a state of seige. On the 18th June, a courier arrived at Cadiz, to inform the junta that general Cordovo, who commanded the Spanish army near Cordova, had been joined by 2000 troops of the line from Algesiras, which made his force amount to 20,000 troops of the line, independent of the volunteers and peasantry armed with pikes. The French army by deaths and desertion was reduced to 9,700 men. On the 19th June, a courier arrived early in the morning, informing that the two armies were engaged; and on the afternoon of the same day a second courier arrived to inform the Junta of Cadiz that gen. Dupont and his whole force had surrendered prisoners of war to Gen. Cordovo. It was understood that the victorious army would immediately march towards Madrid to act in conjunction with the armies marching from Biscay and other parts of Spain, to besiege the French in Spain.

"Oporto is in possession of the people of Portugal, after making prisoners of 4000 French troops that have been quartered there, and the port was completely open to the British and to the Spaniards.

"Gen. Junot, the commander in chief of the French forces in Portugal was almost in a state of siege in Lisbon and by death and desertion the force of the French left in the kingdom of Portugal was reduced to 9000 men; of them only 6000 in the capital.

"The Spanish troops that have been sent to act in conjunction with the French to garrison Lisbon and bend the necks of the Portuguese to the yoke of Bonaparte had already been disarmed by General Junot, their number about 6000, or had fled to the frontiers.

"There was but one sentiment as to a Frenchman in all the Spanish army stationed in Portugal, and that sentiment was hatred and detestation.

"To G. Britain the Portuguese looked for arms and ammunition; and to attack general Junot they only waited the co-operation of the British forces under gen. Spencer and the aid of the British fleet.

"It was said that the Russian officers on board the fleet in the Tagus, looked on their fall as certain, and that they seemed little disposed to aid Gen. Junot in any system of defence he might think proper to adopt."

Philadelphia, August 7.

SPAIN—[The following articles are extracted from the Havanna Gazette, of the 23d of July, received at the office of the Register.]

SEVILLE, June 4, 1808—According to information received by the Supreme Junta, from his excellency Don Eusebio A de Herrara, the people of Lebrisa, Xerec, Puerto de Santa Maria, Pto Real, and Ysla de Leon, have proclaimed Ferdinand the VIIth, as their legitimate sovereign.

The inhabitants of Cadiz have elected Don Thomas Morla, for their Chief, who adopted immediately measures to check some disturbances in that city.—This general has given assurances that he will strictly conform to all the measures and instructions of the Sepreme Junta; in compliance with which, he has ordered the regiments of Numancia, Pavia, and Farnecia, to repair to this capital, and they will be immediately followed by the remainder of the infantry. The whole force consists of 13,935 infantry and 17 squadrons of horse.

At 9 o'clock in the morning, rear admiral Don Enrique Macdonald, and the magistrate Pedro Creux, went on board the British admiral's flag ship off Cadiz to establish conferences—and at half past 3 P. M. they returned with the satisfactory answer that the forces of his Britannic majesty would co-operate with the dispositions of the Supreme Junta—and render every assistance that might be desired—among other arrangements a force of 5000 men belonging to the garrison of Gibraltar would be immediately landed at Cadiz.

The commissioners appointed to take possession of the arms and ammunition belonging to the French fleet, had found 8000 muskets, which were immediately sent by way of St. Lucar and Barramada to this capital.

Gen. Castanot has issued a proclamation, directing the cities within his command to acknowledge the authority of the supreme Junta.

Intelligence received by the supreme Junta, dated Fuentes de Gentos, June 1, states the surrender of 6000 French troops at Yelves, to the Portuguese.

Anthony Brocaret, a passenger on board the Havanna Packet, authorises the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser to declare, that not a single Frenchman has been murdered in Havanna, in consequence of the last news from Spain.

Snow-Hill, August 3d, 1808.

SIR,

WE enclose to you the deposition of John White, an honest, industrious, sober farmer, of this county.

If he is to be believed, (and no one who knows him will withhold their belief of any thing coming from him) there can be no doubt of the death of Whirlow, and that his body is now resting in its grave.

We have, upon consideration, declined interfering with the grave,

And are, very respectfully,
Yours, &c.
E. K. WILSON.

Josiah Bayly, Esquire,
Cambridge, Maryland.

John White, of Southey, of Worcester county, in the State of Maryland, of the age of thirty-five years, deposes and says, that he was present at the execution of the late John Worrilow, in Snow-Hill, in said county, on Friday, the ---- day of April last—that on that day the body of said Worrilow was carried to the house of a Mrs. Johnson, mother of said Worrilow's wife—on Saturday, the day after the execution, about the hour of nine in the morning, he was at the house of said Mrs. Johnson, when the coffin in which Worrilow's body was lodged was opened by this deponent, and exposed to the view of a number present, it was entirely cold, and had every appearance of a corpse—the coffin was then carried in a cart about a mile to the place of interment, at which place there were others who wished to see the body—the coffin was again opened, and then screwed up by this deponent with the dead body of said Worrilow therein, and put in the grave by this deponent and others, and immediately filled up and raised at the top in the usual form—This deponent further states, that he has frequently been by the grave since the interment of said Worrilow, and he could see no appearance of the same having been disturbed, and this deponent living in the neighbourhood has never heard it ever suspected that the grave has been opened since the body of Worrilow was interred therein.

JOHN WHITE.

July 29, 1808.
Sworn before
JOS. FLEMING, Jun.

WE, the undersigned, do declare our belief that the facts stated in the foregoing deposition are true; that John White, who swore to the same, is a person known to us, and has always supported the character of an honest, industrious, correct man.

We do also declare, that the facts stated in the said deposition will be supported by the oaths of a number of respectable persons, whose characters as persons of veracity, no one would dare to question.

E. K. WILSON,
JOHN C. HANDY,
ROBERT SMITH.

Snow-Hill, August 3, 1808.

INSANITY.

QUEM DEUS VULT PERDERE PRIUS DEMENTAT.

A writer in the Boston Centinel, speaking of the conduct of our government in the late negociation with Mr. Rose, says—

"They have REJECTED the *proferred* reparation for the affairs of the Chesapeake!"

What next? *Nat. Intel.*

We understand that the ship Beaver, belonging to John J. Astor, of this city, has got permission to take out to China the Mandarin Chief and his Secretary, who have been detained in this country ever since the embargo was laid.

Balt. Ev. Post.

The following paragraph is from a Charleston paper:

"The brig Charles, Brownlow, late master, it appears by the Savanna papers, has been condemned by the court of admiralty, for a breach of the embargo laws, and is advertised for sale by the marshal of the district."

It will be recollected by our readers that this is the vessel a few weeks ago said to have been barbarously robbed; the captain of which *protected* with such veracity against "French friendship."

Removal by the President.

Edward Pope, Esq. collector and inspector of the port of New Bedford, in Massachusetts, for not using due diligence in the execution of the embargo laws. Isaiah Weston, Esq. is appointed in his place.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor and Council of Maryland, August, 1808.

Richard Goldsborough, ensign of captain Dodson's company, extra battalion, Dorchester county; John Newton, adjutant of the extra battalion, Dorchester county; John Ellicott, captain, James Dickson, lieutenant, and Jacob Winchester, ensign, of a company, 38th regiment, Queen Ann's county; William Juett, captain, Jonathan Lamens, lieutenant, and William Wilson, ensign, of a company, 23d regiment, Somerset county.

George W. Jackson, capt. John H. Anderson, 1st lieut. Arnold E. Jones, 2d lieut. and Robert Elvey, cornet, of a troop of horse attached to the 10th brigade, Somerset county.

A FATAL DUEL,

Took place on the 27th ult in a harvest field of captain *William Frazer*, of Delaware, between two African gentlemen.

It was fought with bravery, and is worthy of record. The dispute originated in consequence of the leader, (who was the challenger,) being charged by his opponent, with not taking as large a swath as he did; this was denied; the lie was given; the fatal duel immediately took place with the weapons in hand. Their strokes were simultaneous; one received the scythe in his left breast, which perforated the thorax: and the other was struck in the heart. They both died instantly. [*Phil. pap.*]

M. Allaire, a French chymist, has published a new method of scouring wool, which consists in dipping it repeatedly into a lye of quicklime. The chalky earth forms an animal soap with the grease. The wool is thus speedily and economically scoured, and without altering its quality.

ATTENTION!

*** MECHANICAL COMPANY—*You are requested to meet at the usual place of parade, on SATURDAY, the 27th instant, (without uniform,) at one o'clock—The roll to be called at two.*

By order,
JOHN BARTON, *Sec'ry.*

August 16, 1808. 2

Public sale.

TO be sold, at Public Vendue, on THURSDAY, the first day of September next (if fair, if not, on the next fair day) at the dwelling plantation of the late *Thomas Lloyd*, deceased, in Landing Neck, near Parson's Landing, all his personal estate (negroes excepted) consisting of household and kitchen furniture, horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, bacon, lard, corn, flax, and farming utensils. The whole to be sold on a credit of twelve months upon all sums over six dollars, on the purchasers giving notes with approved security, and bearing interest from the day of sale. Attendance given by

HENRY MARTIN, *Adm'r of* Thos. Lloyd, dec'd.

August 16, 1808. 3

For sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the first day of November next, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, in Easton, all that LOT or parcel of LAND, situate lying and being on the east side of the main street leading towards Akers's Ferry, and being part of a tract of LAND, called *LONDONDERRY*, whereon Adam Edgar, at present resides, according to the description, metes and bounds, expressed and contained in the Deed of Indenture for the same, made and executed by a certain James Earle, jun. to the said Adam Edgar, bearing date the 17th March 1801, and duly acknowledged and enrolled among the land records of the eastern shore general court. This was lately the property of Adam Edgar, and is to be sold to satisfy a debt due to the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and the interest and all costs and charges accrued and to accrue thereon, agreeably to the covenant contained in the deed of the said Edgar to the Bank, for securing the payment of the said debt. The said property will be sold on a credit of ninety days, for approved endorsed negotiable notes, and struck off to the highest bidder for the same; to whom on payment of the purchase money, a deed will be duly given.

By order of the President and Directors,
H. HARRISON, Cashier.

Easton, August 16, 1808. 12

Notice.

THE subscriber intending to leave this place in a few days, requests all those indebted to him, either by bond, note or book accompt, to make immediate payment—And all persons having claims against the subscriber, are requested to call on him for payment. Those persons neglecting this notice, their claims will be put in the hands of officers for the recovery of the same.

JOSEPH TELFORD.

Easton, August 16, 1808. 3

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *John Webley*, late of Easton, Talbot county, deceased, are warned to exhibit the same, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th day of February next, or by law they may be barred the same; all those indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of August, 1808.

MAJOR BENNY, Adm'r of John Webley, dec'd.

3

Take notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *James Woodland*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, on or before the first day of October next; they may otherwise be excluded the benefit of a dividend of the personal estate of the said deceased.

JAS. BROWN, Adm'r.

August 16, 1808. 3

Lost,

ON Sunday last, between Easton and Akers's Ferry, a Red Morocco Pocket Book, containing sundry papers and small Bank Notes—As the papers are of the utmost consequence to the owner, the finder upon delivering the book and contents to *Samuel Clayton*, in Easton, shall (if requested) be entitled to the whole of the notes contained therein.

J. WALTERS.

August 16, 1808. 3

Overseer's birth wanted.

A MAN, with a small family, would wish to engage for the ensuing year, with some gentleman in the management of his Farm. A line addressed to R. V. and left at the Star-Office, will be attended to; requisite recommendations can be produced.

August 16, 1808. 3

ATTENTION!

Farmers now is your time.

DOCTOR JAMES SYKES, has deposited for sale at the Store of *James Bowie*, in Easton, a parcel of very valuable GRASS SEED, called the AVENA ELATIOR, or tall meadow oat. This grass grows very thick, and to the height of seven feet—It is fit to cut early in June, makes delightful hay, and is one of the best grazing grasses known. It is equally suited to low land or upland. August is the best month to seed it in, but it may thrive seeded in any summer month, or in September. Two bushels is the proper quantity for one acre—Once seeded, forever seeded. Samples of this grass are to be seen at the above store.

August 16, 1808. 4

Spanish Merino Sheep.

FOR sale by the subscriber, a number of RAMS, half-blooded, from the Spanish Merino breed, and a few three-quarter blooded. Farmers that wish to improve their breed of sheep, may, by applying to the subscriber, have an opportunity to see sheep from one to three generations from the Merino stock, and to convince themselves how the common country breed is improved by the mixture with the Merinos.

E. I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS.

Brandywine Creek, near Wilmington, Delaware, Aug. 8, 1808. } 5

Notice.

FOR sale, about one hundred and eight acres of LAND; the greater part whereof is arable, lying and being in Talbot county, near the head of Wye River; formerly the property of *Sarah Price*, deceased, who devised said land to be sold. There is on said farm, a good Dwelling-House, a tolerable good Kitchen adjoining, a smook-house and barn. Whoever wishes to purchase said farm are requested to make application by the 27th of this month to the subscriber, who lives adjoining said land, who has full authority to dispose thereof as he may deem the most advantageous. Given under my hand this 6th day of August, 1808.

JOHN W. BORDLEY, Ex'r and Trustee of Sarah Price, dec'd.

2

To rent, in Dorchester county,

Near the head of Hunger River,

THE Farm now in good repair, with dwelling house, kitchen, garden, and two barns, &c. This farm is laid in three shifts, consisting of about seventy-five thousand corn-hills in each shift—Also, another small farm, near the above mentioned one, of about sixty thousand corn-hills, on which farm the subscriber intends to build a dwelling house and barn this fall—It is also a good stand for a tradesman of any calling (a cartwright is particularly wanting)—good timber convenient, and not one cartwright that follows the business in less than twenty or thirty miles of said stand. There belongs to said stand about two acres of ground, with a garden, dwelling house, two shops, and an old lumber house, all in good repair—The above farms and stand are convenient to the benefit of salt water, for fishing or oystering. For terms apply to

LEVIN KEENE.

August 16, 1808. 3

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Dorchester county, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Benjamin Craft*, late of said county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the first day of March next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this eleventh day of August, Anno Domini 1808.

3 WILLIAM CRAFT, Ex'or.

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *William Hardcastle*, late of Talbot county deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement, on or before the 20th day of February next, or by law they may be barred from any benefit of said estate: All persons indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 16th day of August, 1808.

MARY HARDCASTLE, Ex'rx. of Wm. Hardcastle, dec'd.

3

Thirty Dollars reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 12th of July, a mulatto negro woman called RITTY, has large thick lips, a surly look, and big spoken. Took with her a white muslin coat and jacket, also a striped coat and jacket—She went away with a large negro man who was set free by Thomas Bright, of Talbot county; he has a wen on the top of his forehead, or head. Any person or persons that will take up said negro and secure her in any jail, so that I get her again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

MARY HOLLAND,

Near Vienna, August 16, 1808. 3-50q

Ten dollars reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 23d of October last, an apprentice lad named *John L. Smith*, about twenty years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high. Whoever takes up the said lad and delivers him to his master, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid.

EMANUEL JENKINSON, *Hatter.*

Head of Chester, August 16, 1808. 3