FOR THE STAR.

"So glistered the dire snake, and into fraud
Led Eve our credulous Mother, to the Tree
Of prohibition, root of all our woe."

I am led from motives of sincere regard to my fellow citizens to make known, as far as my knowledge of facts extends, the sentiments of those characters who are opposed to our present administration; and by an exhibition of those sentiments endeavor *at least* to lead back to the right fold, such characters, (if any) as may have listened too attentively to the voice of *Faction*. Let them call to mind the manner, and conduct of the Old serpent when he folded and twined himself about our mother, and by his alluring speeches prevailed on her to partake of what "brought death into world, and all our woe." Let them recollect that *the pleasures of Eden were* LOST *because our Mother listened to a proposition by which her happiness was to have been advanced, and her glory heightened.*

You have heard fellow citizens, the pleasing intelligence no doubt, "that four dollars shall be had for wheat if such men are voted into office, as will be for the raising the Embargo"?—But have you ever had one solitary *reason* given, why the raising the embargo would secure to you this enormous price? I will venture to say you have not. Then listen not to such trifling fellows, who think a shake by the hand, and a smile in your face, will be sufficient to open your gullets for the reception of such absurdities.

I really cannot help seeing the likeness there certainly is, between the conduct of such characters who declare so, and so, and that observed by the Devil towards Mother Eve. He knew as well as he knew himself a miserable being, that for Eve to partake of what he so highly recommended, would prove destructive to her happiness; and these men who recommend the taking off the Embargo know, that such a measure would involve us in war: and yet they press it!—Stand to your arms! Ye lovers of Civil, and *Religious* Liberty, stand to your arms! I tell you there is a cloud gathered in our political Horizon, that will, if you are not aware, burst upon your defenceless heads!—

What do ye think the meeting of Seventy Clergymen at a certain place means?—And not an individual among them save one, but wishes the return of those halcyon days, when a tax of forty weight of tobocco was imposed for their support, or rather aggrandizement, upon every head in a family, black as well as white. What do you suppose a leading Federal character meant, when he declared that "we never should have a wholesome Government, until the laws were dealt out to us by the British Crown"?

What could be the views of another, who is now a candidate for the Assembly, when he declares in favor of a President and Senate for Life?—

As to your privileges as freemen, they are unequalled. No measures that could be adopted on our part would better your situation. Blame not the wisest and best of men, for your present difficulties; but blame France and England, & those among us who worry the people by spreading contention,—who do enough to cause the hands of the Executive to hang down; and by such a conduct, strengthen and support our foes.

One thing take notice of—I call your attention to it,—I tell you in plain and simple terms, (for I write to be understood) that we shall have no alteration in our affairs, till after the different elections. If the Republicans are kept at the management of affairs by the voice of the people, we shall have terms offered at once, for a settlement of differences by England; If the Republicans are displeased, you, may look out for an Union with England—our influence with her against France: when in a moment as it were, we shall be vassals to his majesty George the 3d, and worse off, tenfold, than before the Glorious revolution that brought about our Independence.

You have your choice; either to believe Neddy Lean, Dicky Half, Sammy Starved, Oliver Office, and Alexander Hunters, all of whom are very truly, gentlemen having good manners, but upon whom Fortune has frowned, at least to that degree, as to keep them, or some of them, from full pockets, and high honors, or those men whom *seven years trial has proved your certain friends.*

HONESTUS.

Kent County, Sept. 22, 1808.

FOR THE STAR.

MR. SMITH.

A scurrilous piece, over the signature of "FAIR PLAY," headed federal ingenuity, containing illiberal reflections on a federalist of this town, having appeared in your paper of the 6th inst. it becomes necessary to exhibit to the public, a correct statement of facts, thereby to expose the palpable misrepresentations of the author—The Federalist, on his return from Wilmington, stated he was informed whilst there, that a boat from a French privateer off that Town, came up to the wharf, and landed two French officers, who drew a sword on a man in a smith's shop, alledging that he was a deserter, and forcibly carried him on board the French privateer, that this transaction took place in view of a number of the citizens of that Town, without opposition from them, or any interference on the part of the civil authority. For the truth of the above statement, the public are referred to a letter dated New-Castle, August 1st, which was published in Bronson's Gazette, and never contradicted, as is believed, by any newspaper publication, and to the following depositions.

NEW-CASTLE COUNTY, ss.

Personally came James Chalfant, before me Edward Roche, Esq. one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for New-Castle County, and being duly affirmed according to law, on his solemn affirmation, affirms and declares, that, yesterday the 25th day of July, at a little after twelve o'clock, this affirmant being at his Black-smith's shop, together with an apprentice named William Reynolds, and a Frenchman, whom he had hired as a Journeyman, and being about to leave the shop to go to dinner, two Frenchmen, appearing to be Military men, advanced towards the shop, and the front door being then shut, they ran round to the back door, one of them having a drawn sword in his hand, and chased the aforesaid French Journeyman, who had by this time left the shop, and flourishing the sword with great violence, seized the said French Journeyman, and took him off, without any further ceremony. Deponent says that he could not understand what the Frenchmen said upon the occasion, but the voice and actions of the two who appeared to be officers, were violent and threatening in the highest degree, the Journeyman appeared to be in great terror, and as if greatly apprehensive for his life, and that he, this Deponent was much surprised and astonished at their conduct. Deponent further states, that it did not appear to him that they acted by any authority, other than that of the sword.

JAMES CHALFANT.

Sworn and subscribed as above, before
EDWARD ROCHE.

July 26, 1808.

NEW-CASTLE COUNTY, ss.

Before me Edward Roche, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for the county aforesaid, personally came Peter Mercier, of the Borough of Wilmington, and county aforesaid, Inn-keeper, who, upon his solemn oath, duly administered, deposes and says, that on the 25th day of July, inst. hearing a very great noise and seeing a number of people running down to the wharf in the said Borough called Pooles Wharf, he went to see what was the matter—Upon arriving at the wharf he observed two men dressed in Military. One of whom this deponent understood was a Lieutenant of an armed French brig then lying in the River Delaware, and the other the Surgeon of said brig, standing on the deck of a schooner then lying at the wharf, alongside, was a boat, in which were two Frenchmen, who appeared to have the care of the boat, and also the charge of another Frenchman, who appeared to be a prisoner, that deponent understanding French, he asked the Lieutenant why he had taken him, and he answered that the said man was a deserter from the French service, that he found him in a Black-smith's shop, that he had orders from his officer, or commander to arrest him wherever he could find him, and he had done so, Deponent then asked him if he had applied to the civil authority, to authorize the arrest of said deserter, and he replied he did not believe there was any occasion, this Deponent then said he thought it would be better if he the Lieutenant would take the man before the civil authority, before he took him away, to which the Lieutenant again replied, that he conceived there was no occasion.

P. MERCIER.

Sworn and subscribed as above, before
EDWARD ROCHE, J. P.

July 26, 1808.

From the above depositions it plainly appears that the foregoing statement is correct; and it can be proved by several respectable gentlemen that the narrative above detailed corresponds entirely with the story as related by the Federalist to them. The public are now to be informed that the Federalist never contemplated being a Candidate for the assembly and they will of course be enabled to judge whether the charge of willful misrepresentation to answer electioneering purposes best applies to the Federalist or to a Friend to Fair Play.

A FRIEND TO TRUTH.

Chester Town, September 22d, 1808.

FROM THE MONITOR.

THE TWO MILLIONS.

Washington City, Sept. 13th, 1808.

SIR—Will you be so good as to state to me for the better information of my fellow citizens, any fact within your knowledge, relative to the payment of two millions of dollars to France by the executive of the United States? You have doubtless heard of the tales propagated on that head. It is my wish to put an end completely to the story by contradicting it under the authority of a name so well known, and highly appreciated in the nation as yours. I apply to the comptrolling officer of the treasury inasmuch as I presume no money could have been paid by the American government, or any member of it, in any shape, without your knowledge.

I am, Sir,
With the most sincere respect,
And esteem,
Your very humble servant,
J. B. COLVIN,
Editor of the Monitor.

The Hon. G. Duvall, Esq.
Comptroller of the Treasury.

Washington, Sept. 14, 1808.

SIR—Your letter of yesterday's date was delivered to me late last evening.

In the absence of the Secretary of the Treasury, I will answer your enquiry relative to the two millions of dollars appropriated by an act of congress, passed on the 13th of February, 1806. This sum of money was intended to be applied to the purchase of the Floridas, but our minister in Spain not having accomplished a treaty to that effect, it still remains in the Treasury. No part of it has been drawn out of the Treasury of the United States. It could not have been done without my privity, as the warrant must have been issued and signed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and countersigned by me as Comptroller, to authorise the payment of it; which has not been done.

You will see, I expect in a few days, an official certificate from the Register of the Treasury to the foregoing effect, published in the newspapers. It has been forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury, at his request by the Register.

I am, respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
G. DUVALL.

Mr. Colvin.

The following article, from late London papers, with many private letters from Europe, tend to strengthen the opinion that the embargo will be raised as soon as the St. Michael returns from Europe.

LONDON, July 14.

The St. Michael, an American Brig, arrived at Falmouth from L'Orient, and brings Dispatches from the American Government to Mr. Pinkney. By the gentleman who brings these dispatches, there are accounts that the differences which have for a twelve-month past been the subject of negociation between Mr. Armstrong and the French minister at Paris, are at length about to terminate in an amicable manner.—They say, that this is not owing to the recent events, *nor has America abated one iota of her pretensions.* Mr. W. Purviance, who brought the dispatches from America, continues in France; the St. Michael is to be allowed to return to L'Orient.

What has become of the "invisible hand which urges us on to fatal ruin?"—We much question whether *even* our "choice spirits" will not be compelled to acknowledge that the *equal hand of justice* has alone been employed to preserve and secure the felicities of the nation.

Departed this life yesterday morning, in this town, MISS SALLY GALT, in the bloom of youth (after a few days illness) and high in the esteem of those who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.

Died, on Thursday last, Mr. JOHN ROBINSON, an old and respectable inhabitant of this county.

To be rented,

Upon very accommodating terms,

A HOUSE and LOT, with many conveniences. For terms apply to the Editor.

Easton Sept 27, 1808. tf

Mrs. Shippey,

RETURNS her sincere thanks to those LADIES and GENTLEMEN who have honoured her with the tuition of their children—She now begs leave to resign the charge at the expiration of the present quarter They are hereby notified to provide another teacher.

Easton, Sept. 27, 1808. 3

A Farm to rent,

FOR the ensuing year, and possession given the 1st day of the 1st month 1809, the FARM lately in the tenure of R. Chamberaine, dec'd. within one mile of Easton—Accommodating terms may be known by applying to *Patrick M'Neal*, merchant, Easton, or to the subscriber.

JOS. BARTLETT.

Wakefield, 9th mo. 27, 1808. 3

Fifty dollars reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Talbot county, on Wye River, on Wednesday morning the 21st inst. a negro boy named DANIEL, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, and 15 years of age:—Had on when he went away, tow trowsers and shirt, a white country cloth over jacket, a large straw hat—He is very bow legged, has a long heel and very flat foot; a very smart, active fellow, apt to be frightened when spoken to sharp. I expect he has gone with some person either to Philadelphia or Dover. Any person securing said negro, so that I get him again, shall receive ten dollars if in the county; if out of the county, twenty dollars; and if out of the state, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

JOHN ROBERTS.

Head of Wye, Sept. 27, 1808. 3q

Election Notices.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

JOHN BROWN, of Nathan,

We are authorized to say that SAMUEL STEVENS jun. will serve in the Legislature of this State, for Talbot county, if elected.

We are authorized to say that Dr. WILLIAM E. SETH, will serve in the Legislature of this State, for Talbot county, if elected.

We are authorized to say that col. OBEDIAH GAREY, will serve in the Legislature of this State, for Talbot county, if elected.

To the Voters of Talbot County.

I HEREBY offer my services as a Delegate in the next session of the Legislature of Maryland.

DAVID KERR, Junior.

HONORABLE EDWARD LLOYD, having declined a ré-election to the next Congress, we are authorised to say, that *Robert H. Goldsborough* will serve the people as their next representative, if elected.

VOTERS.

September 13, 1808. 3

ROBERT BANNING will serve in the next General Assembly of the State of Maryland, as a Delegate, should his fellow-citizens think him worthy of their confidence, at this very important and awful crisis of their country.

September 17, 1808. 2

To the People of Talbot County.

BEING solicited by many of my friends and fellow citizens, to stand a poll at the approaching election for delegates to the General Assembly of this State, I do hereby declare my assent to become a candidate at said election, and respectfully solicit the suffrages of the people.

JOHN EDMONDSON.

Woodland, September 20, 1808. 2

Fellow-Citizens of Talbot County.

I OFFER to serve you as a Delegate in the next session of the Legislature of Maryland.

WILLIAM MELUY.

Easton, September 20, 1808. 2

To the Independent Voters of Talbot County.

GENTLEMEN,

I hereby offer my services as a delegate, in the next session of the General Assembly of Maryland; if elected I will serve you with fidelity.

PHILEMON SHERWOOD.

Sept. 27, 1808.

For sale,

A FARM containing one hundred and thirty-five acres of LAND, eighty-five acres of which is arable, the remainder in wood: This farm is in Oxford Neck, on the waters of Third-haven and Island creeks, the situation is handsome, in a genteel neighbourhood, and the soil equal to any in the county.—For terms apply to Doct. T. Thomas, in Easton, or to the subscriber.

WM. THOMAS.

Talbot county, Sept. 27, 1808. tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having committed the collection of the debts due on his books to *John Seney*, Esq. attorney at law: All persons indebted to the same are desired to call and adjust their several accounts, as he is hereby authorised to close the books without delay.

BENJAMIN HALL.

Centreville, Queen-Ann's county, September 27, 1808. tf

Notice.

WILL be rented for the ensuing year, the *Tan Yard*, the property of the subscriber. It is situated within one mile of Hunting Creek, and is a well known stand; it has been long occupied in the above business—The houses, both dwelling and tanning, are in good repair There is adjoining said yard a lot of three acres of Land in a state of high cultivation, which will also be rented with the yard. For terms apply to

DANIEL NICOLS.

Dorchester county, Sept. 27, 1808.—3

Notice,

TO all persons concerned, that I intend to petition the judges of Somerset county court, or some one of them, after two months from the date hereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto, to release me from debts, which from a variety of circumstances and accidents not guarded against. I find myself unable to pay.

STEPHEN BEAUCHAMP.

September 27, 1808. 8—3q

Take notice,

ALL persons concerned, that I intend to petition the judges of Worcester county court, or some one of them, after two months from the date hereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto, to release me from debts, which from a variety of losses and accidents, I find myself unable to pay.

JNO. INGERSOLL.

September 27, 1808. 8

Notice.

ON application in writing to the judges of Queen-Ann's county court, of Thomas Oldson, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of the "act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, and of the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said act; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said Thomas Oldson has resided the two preceding years within the state of Maryland, prior to his application. It is thereupon ordered that the said Thomas Oldson, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Easton Star, three weeks successively before the twentieth day of October next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Thomas Oldson then and there taking the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property. Given under my hand this 19th day of September, 1808.

SAML. T. WRIGHT.

Fifty head of

GOOD Healthy SHEEP, for sale by

HENRY NICOLS, 3d

Tuckahoe, September 27, 1808 3

Notice

IS hereby given to all those that are indebted to the estate of *Richard Parnaby*, or to the subscriber for property bought at vendue, are requested to make immediate payments, otherwise there will be suits brought at the next November court without fail—And all those that bought property last fall, on a credit of ten months, the property of *Laten Augdon*, deceased, are requested to make payments on or before the last day of October next; if not, there will be suits brought at November court, as circumstances will not admit of any further delay.

TRISTRAM BOWDLE.

September 27, 1808. 3

To rent,

For the space of one, two or three years,

A LARGE and commodious three story *Brick House*, with a spacious back building, two stories high, the whole well adapted to, and elegantly fitted out for an Academy, or Young Ladies' Boarding School, together with a spacious lot; all situated at the corner of Second and Cannon streets, in Chester-Town, Kent county. Application to be made to Mr. N. Pearce, who will shew the premises, and is authorised to rent them.

SAMUEL DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, September 27, 1808.—eo3

Cambridge, September 22d, 1807.

MR. SMITH,

HAVING been informed that some malicious person or persons have circulated a report "that I am not legally married to the woman who passes for my wife," which may operate to the prejudice of myself and family—Therefore to convince the public of its being totally unfounded, and also to stop the mouths of those malignant retailers of falsehoods and slanders (who are the pests of society,) I hope you will do me the favor to publish *(with this)* the certificate hereto subjoined; the author of *which* is a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, residing near New-Market, in Dorchester county.

JOHN WALTERS.

This is to certify whom it may concern, that I joined in marriage John Walters, and Ann Kemp, this 31 day of September, 1807.

THOMAS FOSTER.

Thirty dollars reward.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's stable, on Tuesday night last, by a certain Thomas Pennington, of Cæcil county, who sometimes calls himself *Little Tom*, by trade a house carpenter, but has followed the sea—He is upwards of 30 years of age, red complected, with red hair, about five feet ten inches high, and stout made; much addicted to intoxication when he gets liquor. The horse is a grey, nine years old, about fourteen and a half hands high, well made, and goes kindly in gears, or under the saddle, with hogg'd mane, and one of his fore fetlocks rubbed by a rope.

The above reward will be paid for the thief and horse, or in proportion for the horse, if taken up out of the county, and returned to the subscriber, living in Talbot county, Md. or ten dollars for the horse, if taken up in the county, with reasonable expences, by

WILLIAM SHEHAN.

Talbot county, Md. Sept. 27, 1808. 3

Forty dollars reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Queen Ann's county, near Centreville, Maryland, a negro man named JACOB; he has a white speck in the scite of one of his eyes; thick hands, with short thick fingers; one of his great toes deformed, the nail grows over the end—He is black, stout made, big arms, down look, apt to stammer when closely examined. Had on when he went away, white short country make tow linen trowsers; country make kersey over and under jacket—carried with him two coarse linen shirts, and one pair of coarse linen trowsers. He is about five feet seven or eight inches high, between twenty and twenty-five years of age.

JOHN DOWNING.

September 27, 1808. 3q