STAR

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING

DECEMBER 6, 1808.

☞ See SUPPLEMENT to this morning's Star, for Congressional Report, and Advertisements.

Private letters to the editor of this paper, from Annapolis, enables him to state, that on Saturday last the supplement to the Militia Bill, was under consideration in the house of delegates, and that three days had been spent in debate, with but little progress made, from some very exceptionable parts of said supplement, among which are the reduction of company meetings to four times a year under the law.

A report was prevalent on Saturday in Annapolis, "that dispatches had arrived at Washington, for Mr. Erskine, the British Minister; and that he, the President and Secretary of State, had been closeted for two days." And that news of Buonaparte's having obtained a decisive victory over the Spaniards, in a late engagement, had also been rumoured in that city.

The bill for staying executions was before the Senate at our last accounts, but had not passed that house.

Query—Does not the interview [after the receipt of dispatches by the British Minister] between him, the President, and Secretary of State, augur something like bringing matters to a close, one way or the other? The firm and decisive steps taken by the President, and supported by Congress, can but receive the approbation of every real friend to the liberties and independence of his country.

LEGISLATURE *of* MARYLAND.

BY THE SENATE, DEC. 2, 1808.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

After the most mature deliberation, the Senate have negatived your resolutions respecting the Embargo, imposed by a late act of Congress, and conceive that a duty they owe themselves, and a due respect for your Honorable body, require that they should assign some of the reasons which have influenced them in their decision on this important subject.

They apprehend that so far as the late election of Delegates to the General Assembly, can be deemed an expression of the public will of the people of this state, on the policy of the Embargo, it is in [illegible] with the resolutions which appear to be predicated upon it, in as much as the aggregate number of votes given in the several counties of the state, to those candidates who were viewed as the advocates of that measure, exceed more than four thousand, the number of votes given to its opponents, and by the returns of representatives to Congress, which may with more propriety be said to manifest the opinion of the people of Maryland, it appears that six of the nine representatives were chosen as the friends of the Embargo, and that the votes given throughout the state, to candidates of such political opinions exceeded nearly five thousand, the number of votes given to those of opposite political sentiments. But the Senate conceive that since the more recent election of Electors of President and Vice President, upon this subject there can be no diversity of opinion, seeing that nine of the eleven Electors are chosen as the avowed supporters of James Madison, for the Presidency of the Union, and that several of those counties now represented in the House of Delegates by federal gentlemen, gave large majorities to the Madisonian Electors.

They view the Embargo as the measure of a wise, efficient, and dignified policy, rendered indispensibly necessary, by the unprecedented and unsettled state of the European world, and the only alternative between a ruinous and destructive war, and the abject surrender of our Honor and Independence, and that so far from being the cause of that multiplied and aggravated train of national evils, with which, by the resolutions it is charged, it has protected and promoted the present and permanent interests of our country, by withdrawing from the rapacious cupidity of the plunderers of the ocean our property of more than one hundred millions of dollars in amount, by rescuing from seizure and bondage our citizen mariners, and by diverting a portion of our wealth, and attention to the establishment of those manufactories which are necessary to our subsistence, and are essential to our independence.

That the "jealousies and discontent, distrust, suspicion and alarm" which the resolutions pourtray as flowing from the Embargo, may with more correctness be attributed to the specious misrepresentations and insidious exertions of the habitual opponents of the present administration, the friends of the great belligerents of Europe, and of artful and designing men, who seek their own aggrandizement, through the distresses and commotions of their native country. That the late insolent and taunting communications of one of the great invaders of our rights, originate not so much from their disregard of the operation of the Embargo, as from a confident hope of its speedy removal, and a desire to promote the interests and verify the predictions of those whom they conceive to be most friendly to their views and compliant to their wishes.

The Senate are under a conscientious belief that the adoption of these resolutions though most assuredly not intended to that end (for the House of Delegates are too enlightened and patriotic to act from any impulse against the real interests of their country, but by some unfortunate occurrence of circumstances) without any hostile intent, will come in aid of the system of measures adopted by the belligerents of Europe, to embarrass the government of the nation, and effect its humiliation precisely at the very moment, when that system of measures if it can succeed at all, this interposition of the Legislature of Maryland will most effectually contribute to its success.

They moreover feel the most unequivocal conviction that as soon as the honor and interests of the Union, will permit, the constituted authorities of the nation will remove the Embargo, and in their wisdom to descern, their patriotism to adopt, and their courage to execute such measures as are most conducive to the safety, honor and welfare of their country, the Senate of Maryland hereby declare the highest confidence.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Monday, November 28.

The resolutions disapproving of the Embargo, were sent to the Senate.

Ordered, That Mr. J. Thomas, and Mr. Boyle be added to the committee appointed on the requisition from the war department.

On motion, the question was put, That Leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to alter, change and abolish, all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relates to the chancellor, and to create chancery district courts? Resolved in the affirmative, yeas 51, nays 8, and a committee appointed for that purpose.

Ordered, That the further supplement to the act, entitled, an act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, have a second reading to-morrow.

Tuesday, November 29.

The following message was sent to the senate.

In consequence of the appointment of William Hayward, Esq: late a director on the part of this state in the Branch of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, at Easton, to the presidency of that institution, it becomes necessary, and we propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, to go into an election on Thursday next, at 12 o'clock, for a director to fill said vacancy; and to regulate said election, we have adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the director to be appointed on the part of this state in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, be elected by ballot, and shall be a resident of the town of Easton, or Talbot county, upon the Eastern shore, and that the person resident as aforesaid, having a majority of ballots of all the attending members of both branches of the legislature, shall be a director of the Branch Bank of the said Farmers Bank of Maryland, and the person having a majority of ballots as aforesaid, shall be declared duly elected as aforesaid.

John Kennard and Bennet Wheeler are put in nominaton by this house, and Mr. Seth and Mr. Young are appointed to join the gentlemen that may be appointed by you to examine the ballots.

The house, according to order, proceeded to the second reading of the further supplement to the act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes, and, on motion, the question was put, That the further consideration of the same be postponed until Thursday next? Determined in the negative.

The bill being read throughout and amended, the question was put, Shall the said bill pass? Resolved in the affirmative.

The speaker laid before the house a letter from the clerk of the council, stating that he had procured, and had bound, the several acts of congress, agreeably to the order of the house passed last session; which was read.

Mr. Seth delivers a bill, entitled, An act relating to the public roads of Talbot county; which was read.

The house adjourned till to-morrow morning.

From the National Intelligencer.

SENATE—Nothing done.

HOUSE *of* REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, Dec. 1.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The house again in committee of the whole; the first resolution under consideration in the following words,

Resolved, That the United States cannot, without a sacrifice of their rights, honor and independence, submit to the late edicts of Great Britain and France.

The question was taken on the resolution, and CARRIED nem. con.

The second resolution having been read in the following words:

Resolved, that it is expedient to prohibit by law, the admission into ports of the United States of all public or private armed or unarmed ships or vessels belonging to Great Britain or France, or to any other of the belligerent powers having in force orders or decrees violating the lawful commerce and neutral rights of the United States;—and also the importation of any goods, wares or merchandize, the growth, produce or manufacture of the dominions of any of the said powers, or imported from any place in the possession of either.

Mr. Randolph called for a division of the resolution, taking the question on each clause of it separately.

The question was taken on the first clause, ending with the words "U. S."—CARRIED without opposition.

The second clause was AGREED TO by the committee, eighty four to twenty one.

The third resolution, in the following words, having been read:

Resolved, that measures ought to be immediately taken for placing the country in a more complete state of defence.

The resolution was agreed to without opposition.

The committee then rose and reported the resolutions to the house.

The first resolution was read. Mr. Dana moved to insert between the words to and the in the third line of the resolution the words "abandon the navigation of the ocean in consequence of the."—Negatived, by yeas and nays, 96 to 26. A discussion arose on a point of order, which occupied the house till 4 o'clock, when they adjourned.

Engagement at Sea.—Capt Harrison who arrived this forenoon from Martinique, furnishes the following particulars of an engagemement between the British brig Carnation and the French brig Parlamiere.

Oct. 31, lat. 21, long 52, 30 the English brig Carnation, 15 days from Barbadoes, came across the French brig Palamiere, the former carrying 18 guns, sixteen 32 pound carronades, and two long 9 pounders, with 120 men; the latter sixteen 12 pounders, 60 men, on deck, and 25 sick below, when an engagement took place. At the third broadside, capt. Gregory, commander, of the Carnation, was killed, and it was not long before every officer was wounded and rendered incapable of duty, the gunner and boatswain excepted; the engagement however was continued with unremitted spirit for three hours, but all their ammunition being expended, they were compelled to strike. The French captain being ill of the yellow fever, was carried upon deck and supported by two sailors in an arm chair during the whole engagement: he died two days after.

The French brig lost both top masts, and was much wounded in the hull the English brig received little or no damage. They both arrived in St. Lucia, on Sunday morning, Oct. 23.

The English had 12 men killed and 25 wounded.—The French 5 killed and 12 wounded.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

Several Militia Companies in the city of Baltimore, and other parts of the State, have tendered their services, (which have been received) as a part of the quota of 100,000 Militia called for by the President, from this state.—where are the hardy and patriotic sons of Talbot?

DAVID KERR, jun. and JOHN KENNARD, Esqrs. are appointed Directors on the part of the State, in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, for this town.

Married, on the 28th ult. in Friends Meeting, at Motherkill, *William Wilson Moore*, Druggist, of this town, to *Lositha B Rowland*, daughter of Isaiah Rowland, of Plainfield.

——On the 30th, at Friends Meeting, at Gunpowder, *Joshua Mott*, of Baltimore, to *Rachel Mayson*.

——, on Tuesday last, Mr. *Benjamin Rollins*, of Annapolis, to Miss *Ann Dickinson*, of this county.

——, on Thursday last, col. *Obadiah Garey*, to Miss *Elizabeth Young*, both of this county.

Died, on Friday evening last, in Cambridge, very sudden, *Mrs. Chaplain*, the highly esteemed consort of James Chaplain, esq. of that town.

Last notice.

ALL persons having claims against the late firm of *Doran and Smith*, of Easton, are warned to exhibit the same to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of *June* next, on which day a final settlement of said partnership will take place, and all delinquents barred—Those indebted to said partnership are desired to make immediate payment, to

GEORGE W. SMITH, Surviving Partner of Doran and Smith.

Easton, December 6, 1808. 3

John Tibbles,

HAS removed to the TAN YARD, below Easton, formerly occupied by *William Jacobs*, where his customers and the public are invited to apply for Leather, and send their Hides.

December 6, 1808. 3

Vendue,

TO be sold, at public sale, on a credit of nine months, on MONDAY, the 19th day of December next, on the farm where *William B. Clarke* formerly lived, near Centreville—horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, pork, household and kitchen furniture, corn and corn fodder, and a variety of other articles. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. and continue from day to day until all is sold, the purchaser giving bond with approved security—Attendance given by

WILLIAM MURPHEY.

December 6, 1808. 2

N. B. A valuable Young Stud Horse will be sold at the same time. W. M

Valuable property for sale.

WILL be sold at public auction, on fourth day the 28th of present month, on the premises,

THE FARM at present occupied by the subscriber, containing 130 acres, 70 of which are in a high state of cultivation, and the remainder well timbered. The improvements are a neat two story brick dwelling house, a frame kitchen adjoining, with barn, stables, and other convenient out houses—also, a large apple orchard, and great variety of other fruit trees. The fertile state of this farm, its excellent improvements and pleasant situation on the waters of Tilghman's Island, renders it a desirable acquisition to those who may wish a rural establishment in the vicinity of Easton.

Also—*A Wind-Mill, dwelling* house and lot, handsomely situated on the Philadelphia Post Road, one mile from town.

Likewise—*A small tenement*, consisting of a dwelling house, garden, and lot of two acres, eligibly situated for a fisherman, on Tilghman's creek.

And also—*A tract containing* 108 acres of Marsh, on Great Choptank River.

Likewise—*At same time will* be offered, the personal estate of the subscriber, consisting of valuable household & kitchen furniture, horses, cattle, &c. corn, fodder, hay, and a great variety of farming utensils. The terms are as follow—On the real property one fourth of the purchase money must be paid down, and the remainder in three equal annual instalments, with bond and interest from 1st of 1st month next, when possession will be given. The personal property will be sold on a credit of nine months on sums of eight dollars and upwards to fifty—exceeding fifty, the credit will be extended to eighteen months, with bond or note and approved security. Sale to begin at ten o'clock, A. M. and continue from day to day until the whole is sold—Attendance given by

JOSEPH BARTLETT.

Wakefield, 12th mo. 6, 1808. 4

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has just received a fresh supply of GOODS, (which in addition to those he had on hand, makes a compleat assortment.)

AMONG WHICH ARE:

LONDON Superfine Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, Bottle-Green, Dark, mixed and single, and double drab Cloths.
Black, Blue and Drab Cassimeres,
Olive and Drab Cords and Velvets,
Swandowns and Moleskins,
Coarse Cloths and Coatings,
Bocking Baizes and Flannels,
Rose and Dutch Blankets,
Cotton and Worsted Hosiery,
Angola, Silk and Leather Gloves,
Cambric, Lenno, Book, & Mull Muslins,
Mull Mull worked Dresses,
Coctecco and other dark Calicoes,
Blue, Yellow and Pink Ginghams,
Silk and Pelicisse Velvets,
Linen and Shirting Cambrics,
Damask, Silk, and Cotton Shawls,
Madras, Bandana, and Flag Handkerchiefs,
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,
Sewing Cotton in Balls,
Country Sheeting,
German Linens,
Morocco Hats and Shoes, &c. &c.

Together with a general assortment of

Hardware and Groceries.

Among which are contained—Castings, Powder, Shot, Spanish Segars, &c.

All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices for cash

LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Easton, December 6, 1808. tf

Advertisement.

Will be offered at public sale, at the late dwelling plantation of Levin Stevens, on WEDNESDAY, *the 28th instant,*

THE balance of his personal estate yet unsold, consisting of sundry articles, among which are, corn, corn-fodder, hay, two fatted steers for beef, a milch cow; also, a negro woman and child for a term of years, to be sold on a credit of twelve months, on all sums of six dollars and upwards, all sums under six dollars the cash must be paid.

By an Order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, will be offered for sale on the same day, and at the same place, the personal estate of *Charles Stevens*, deceased, among which is a negro boy, to be sold for a term of years, and many other articles too tedious to mention, will be sold on a credit of nine months on all sums of six dollars and upwards, and all sums under six dollars the cash must be paid. The above negroes will not be sold to go out of the state of Maryland.

JOHN STEVENS, *Ex'or of the* Estate of L. Stevens, and Adm'or D. b. N. of the estate of Charles Stevens, dec'd

December 6, 1808. 3

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

ROBERT WRIGHT, ESQUIRE,

Governor of Maryland.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland, did by an act passed at November session, Eighteen Hundred and Five, entitled an act to reduce into one the several acts of Assembly respecting Elections, and to regulate said Elections, direct that the Governor and Council, after having received the returns of the Elections for Electors to choose the President and Vice President of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every person, voted for as an Elector aforesaid respectively, and shall thereupon declare by Proclamation signed by the Governor, and without delay dispersed through the state, the name of the person or persons, duly elected as Electors in each respective district, we in pursuance of the direction of said act, do by this our Proclamation declare that by the returns made to us it appears that John Rousby Plater, Esquire, was elected an Elector, for the first district, Robert Bowie, Esquire, was elected an Elector, for the second district, Edward Johnson, and John Johnson, Esquires, were elected Electors, for the third district, John Tyler, and Nathaniel Rochester, Esquires, were elected Electors, for the fourth district, Tobias E. Stansbury, Esquire, was elected an Elector, for the fifth district, Thomas W. Veazey, Esquire, was elected an Elector for the sixth district, Richard Tilghman Earle, Esquire, was elected an Elector, for the seventh district, Percy Spencer, Esquire, was elected an Elector for the eighth district, Henry James Carroll, Esquire, was elected an Elector for the ninth district.

Given in Council at the City of Annapolis, under the great seal of the State of Maryland, this third day of December, in the year of our Lord, one Thousand Eight Hundred and Eight.

ROBERT WRIGHT.

By the Governor,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

Clerk of the Council.

In Chancery, Dec. 3, 1808.

ORDERED, That the sale made by *James Butcher*, trustee for the sale of the real estate of *Thomas J. Seth*, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the first day of February next: *Provided* a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the Easton newspaper before the first day of January next. The report states that the real estate of the deceased was sold for $6460.

True copy. Test,

NICHS. BREWER, Reg. Cur. Can

In Kent County Court,

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1808.

ON application of *James Dawson*, of Kent county, by petition in writing, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and of the supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts being annexed to his petition, and the said court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said James Dawson has resided the two preceding years within the state of Maryland: It is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said James Dawson, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the "Republican Star," printed at Easton, once a week for four successive weeks, before the twenty-fifth day of March next, and by setting up like notice at the court house door, and at the most public places in the county, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the court house in the said county, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said James Dawson then and there complying with the requisites of the said acts of assembly.

Attest,

BENJ. CHAMBERS, Clk.

Take notice,

ALL persons whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the judges of Somerset county court, or some one of them, two months after the date hereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto, to release me from debts which from a variety of losses I am unable to pay.

LITTLETON BRERETON.

December 6, 1808. 3q

6 Cents Reward.

WHEREAS my apprentice boy, *John Bolton*, ran away some time in the month of September, 1806, this is to caution all persons from harbouring said apprentice boy, if they wish to avoid the penalty of the law. The above reward will be given for apprehending him, but no charges

JANE HOLLINGSWORTH.

Cecil county, December 6, 1808. 3q

Writing Paper, for sale.

Just received, and for sale at the Star Office, a quantity of WRITING PAPER, by the ream or smaller quantity—where Cash is given for RAGS.

December 6, 1808.