I hereby certify, that I heard Mr. Solomon Brown when he was furnisher of the poor, say, he would not furnish goods to the poor, on as low terms as to his other customers; for that he had to lay out of his money longer.

SOLOMON D. CRAYNOR.

3d March, 1809.

I as one of the trustees of the poor for Caroline county, in the year one thousand eight hundred and five, do certify that a dispute took place between the trustees (and the furnisher) Mr. Solomon Brown, about several charges made in his account for that year, besides the charges for corn, and that his account was not passed for a considerable time, owing to the charges; (I believe near twelve months,) I also recollect that Mr. Brown threatened sueing the trustees; I then proposed to the board, we had as well give Mr. Brown a judgment for his account, and let him sell the poor house.

JOHN RUTH.

2d March, 1809.

STAR

Or; General Advertiser.

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING MARCH 7, 1809.

THE EMBARGO,

So far as respects other nations than Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, will be raised on the 15th instant.

NON-INTERCOURSE BILL

Passed the House of Representatives on Monday, the 27th ult. by yeas and nays—Yeas, 81—Nays, 40—absent from the city, sickness and non-attendance, 19.

The President of the United States, on the 1st instant, approved and signed the "Act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies; and for other purposes."

The Senate rejected on the second instant, the bill from the House of Representatives for imposing additional duties—Yeas, 5—Nays, 24.

FOURTH OF MARCH.

On Saturday last, a number of gentlemen dined at Mr. Lowe's, in this town, together, in honor of the election of JAMES MADISON, Esq. to the Presidency of the U. States—the honorable Jacob Gibson was appointed President, Dr. Samuel S. Dickinson, Vice-President, and Drs. Coats and Seth side Presidents: After partaking of an elegant dinner, the cloth being removed, the following toasts were drank:—

JAMES MADISON, President of the United States—May he tread in the footsteps of his predecessors, *Washington* and *Jefferson*—May he never be friendly with France, till she repeals her disgraceful decrees: nor with G. Britain, till she takes off her orders of council, and recognizes the principles of the northern confederacy of 1780, that neutral flags shall protect American Seamen, and all property, not contraband. 3 cheers—1 gun.

Thomas Jefferson, the late President—The Patriot who penned the Declaration of Independence in '76; the saviour of his country in 1807-8——He needed not the flames of a WAR DEPARTMENT to light his nocturnal departure from the seat of government at the expiration of his term. No! He retired from office amidst the plaudits of thousands, and tens of thousands; nay, of millions of his fellow citizens, of "Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter *now* into that retirement which the reflection of having done well for thy country will render delectable indeed." 3 cheers—1 gun.

The memory of General Washington—May his name never be uttered nor heard by an American, but with sentiments of gratitude, love, and filial affection; and not disgraced as a cloak to cover the scismatic deeds of a contemptible faction. 6 cheers—1 gun.

The memory of the Heroes who fell in defence of the American Revolution; and a due respect to the wants of the surviving few. 6 cheers.—1 gun.

General James Wilkinson—the persecuted Soldier—As the rude diamond receives brilliancy from friction, so have his virtues shone resplendent in proportion to the friction of his persecution, for nipping treason in the bud. 3 cheers—1 gun.

The Essex Junto, and all its admirers—If not content with our republican government, like Burr, their leader, let them leave it. 3 groans—No gun.

Our naturalized brethren—May the rights of such of them as evince a due regard to their adopted country, be coequal with, and protected as those our native citizens. 3 cheers—1 gun.

The Executive of the State of Maryland—Vigilant to detect, and prompt to punish, the infamous violators of the laws of their country. 3 cheers—1 gun.

Our Infant Manufactures—May they soon be the pride, as well as the ornament of the American Fair. 6 cheers—1 gun.

The Constitution, Government, and Laws of the United States—Perdition to the wretch who shall violate either. 6 cheers—1 gun.

The Militia and Navy of the United States—As ready to face a domestic traitor, as a foreign foe. 3 cheers—1 gun.

Agriculture and Commerce—Twin-Sisters—May they ever flourish, hand in hand: but cheerfully obedient to the necessary restrictions of the laws of their country. 3 cheers—1 gun.

Our Whig Brethren throughout the Union—Their patriotic and spirited resolutions, meet our unqualified approbation. 3 cheers—1 gun.

The Congress of the United States—Mindful of their origin, rivetters of union; above panic, free from a *Quincy*. 3 cheers—1 gun.

The memory of the brave Officers and Seamen who preferred death in the harbour of Tripoli to ignominious slavery—May our whig brethren follow their example as applicable to *British orders* and *French Decrees*; preferring death to Tribute. 3 cheers—2 guns.

The Seamen of the United States—May our Flag, whenever unfurled, protect them, whilst steered by justice under the Eagle's Eye. 3 cheers—1 gun.

The American Fair—Cloathed in their own manufactures, they will advance in the estimation of the whigs of the day. 6 cheers—1 gun.

VOLUNTEERS.

By Mr. W. G. Elbert—The American Eagle: May it never loose a feather.

Samuel Stevens, Jun. esq.—Should the gathering storm induce America to draw the pacific sword—may it subdue her foreign enemies, and be a terror to domestic traitors.

Captain David Kerr, Jun.—The Volunteers of Talbot county, both officers and privates—may they be rewarded for their patriotism.

The day was spent in great mirth, and the festivity closed in perfect harmony and conviviality.

REPUBLICANS OF QUEEN-ANN'S COUNTY.

While the republicans throughout the Union, are pouring forth their animated addresses to THOMAS JEFFERSON, the firm Patriot, and Friend of the People, upon his retiring from the highest seat in their gift, after having so long filled it with honor to himself, and satisfaction to his country: and while they are also expressing to his successor, their congratulations on his election, and a determination to support the honor and independence of their country, against all enemies foreign and domestic;—shall the citizens of Queen-Ann's be found wanting in contributing to so important a purpose?—It is to be hoped not.

Republicans of Queen-Ann's—rouse, come forward and shew what you are; let it be known that you are firm in your determination to support republicanism, and put to flight the enemies of Democracy. Convene in your several election districts on Saturday, the 18th inst. and enter into resolutions indicative of your real sentiments.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

March 3d, 1809.

EXTRACTS

From the speech of the hon. De Witt Clinton, in the Senate of the state of New-York, on the resolutions introduced and passed, as published in the Star of the 21st ult.—the speech entire we are constrained from its length to omit, though well worth the perusal of every candid man.

"I wish to be distinctly and explicitly understood, that what I now say is not intended to criminate any body, description or party of our fellow citizens. But I do not mean to exempt from censure the desperate leaders of a profligate conspiracy against the good of our country, who at this all important period are scattering the fire-brands of civil discord through the United States. The opposition now excited is not an ordinary opposition. It does not merely aim a blow at a rival party, nor is it confined to the destruction of a prominent individual. It takes a more daring and adventurous attitude—it bids defiance to our laws and threatens the dissolution of the union. It is, perhaps, known to but few, that the project of a dismemberment of this country is not a novel plan, growing out of the recent measures of the government, as has been pretended. It has been cherished by a number of individuals, for a series of years, and a few months before the death of a distinguished citizen, whose decease so deeply excited the public sensibility, it was proposed to him to enlist his great talents in the promotion of this nefarious scheme, and to his honor be it spoken, it was rejected by him with abhorrence and disdain. Some of the newspapers of New England have at various times inculcated the treasonable doctrine in elaborate essays, and the match appears to be now lighted to produce an explosion which will overwhelm us with all the horrors of civil war. It cannot be necessary, sir, to expatiate on the calamities which will result from a severance of the Union. I cannot picture to my imagination a greater evil. It will be the opening of Pandora's box; partial confederacies arrayed in hostile form against each other; foreign influence infused into the very heart of the body politic; injurious restrictions and vexatious regulations on commerce and intercourse, standing armies, civil wars, military despotism.—Such, sir, will be the deplorable situation of our country. After having travelled through a sea of blood, some daring adventurer, some Cæsar, some Cromwell, or some Bonaparte, would seize the government by force and reduce us and our posterity to the rank of his slaves. My blood freezes with horror, and every feeling of my heart revolts at the dreadful prospect. May God in his infinite mercy avert these disasters from our beloved country. Should that direful time ever occur, our sky will be enshrouded with clouds and darkness, and the sun of American glory will set forever.

"Look, sir, at the storm which is gathering in the east, its clouds are black, heavy and portentous. Look at the resolves of several of the towns and even of the capital of Massachusetts, observe the disorganizing, jacobinical, seditious and traiterous spirit which pervades them. The legislatures of the different states are invited to array themselves against the general government. The very men who a few years since were the strenuous advocates for melting down the state governments, for a strong national executive that would maintain the union of the states, for an energetic, absorbing national government that would control and regulate the centrifugal force of the local governments; these men are now the warm partizans of state supremacy, the devoted friends of the state legislatures. The resolutions of Boston are more seditious and reprehensible than any that were passed at the time of the Western insurrection of Pennsylvania, and they are certainly intended to inspire a spirit of treason into the proceedings of the state legislature. We are told that a special session of the legislature of Connecticut is to be had. Is this a link of the same chain? Is this a part of a system of severance? Is this the commencement of *the Northern confederacy* which was threatened last summer? It is time, it is high time, that this great state should come forth in all her strength, and exhibit a decided front and an erect attitude in favor of the violated majesty of the laws, it should frown into their original insignificance the Catilines and the Borgias of our country; it should let the eastern states know at once, that they have nothing to expect from us but decided opposition to a dismemberment of the Union. I trust in God, sir, that a majority, a great, a commanding majority of our eastern brethren will be found faithful to themselves, to their country, and to posterity. I cannot believe that a people so intelligent, so patriotic, so pure in morals, and a people who have been the first in the ranks of liberty and patriotism, will at once renounce the high character they have hitherto sustained, rally round a foreign government in opposition to their own, and cherish the principles of disorganization, confusion and civil discord. Is there not reason to apprehend that there is an intimate understanding between the Essex Junto and the British ministry, and that foreign influence has struck its deadly roots deep in that portion of our country? The publication of Canning's false and malignant letter, the violent declamations in favor of Great Britain, the servile vindication of her measures towards the United States, and even of the attack on the Chesapeake, shewn in colours as vivid as the streams of lightning, *the hand of Joab*, and evince a deadly spirit of concert and co-operation with a foreign government. The leaders of these factious proceedings are without the semblance of excuse.—Driven from power by the indignant voice of an injured people, and despairing to regain it by honest means, they appear to be governed by the same unprincipled sentiments, and actuated by the same hellish principles, which the greatest of poets ascribes to the deceiver of mankind:

"* * * * * * better to REIGN in hell
"Than serve in heaven."——

Better to regain office and elevation, through blood, destruction and general ruin, than not to obtain them at all.

I have done, sir.—I have discharged a great duty, which the situation of my country demanded. I shall call for the ayes and nays on the resolutions I now offer; not with a view of perplexing any member in giving his vote, for I fondly hope that every vote will be freely given in their favor—but that our names may be put on record, so that when the feuds and contentions which now agitate us are either forgotten or remembered only in the historic page—when we who are here assembled shall live only in the memory of posterity, our conduct on this solemn occasion, and in this eventful crisis, may be the subject of its impartial judgment."

Several newspapers have asserted that general Wilkinson has received $55,000 over and above his compensation as commander in chief of the army. To support their allegation, they have not advanced the shadow of proof:—gen. Wilkinson, we learn, has made at the war department a demand of $5000 for his extra services, and he was allowed but $2000. When gen. Dearborne was nominated by the president to the senate for collector of the port of Boston, "gen. Pickering" advanced against him a charge of malpractice in office for the illegal disposal of the public monies, alluding to the affair of Wilkinson. On this occasion a committee of three was appointed by the Senate to investigate the affair, which were "Gen." Pickering, Mr. Hillhouse—two of the most implacable enemies of the administration, and Mr. Giles. The result of this investigation of our correspondent informs us, is said to be that Pickering declared his conviction of Dearborne's innocence, that Hillhouse held out somewhat longer, and that the senate have confirmed the nomination.—Thus ends the charge of mal-practice against general Dearborn and the defalcation of the commander in chief.

Balt. Amer.

Ample amends shall be made the subscribers to the Star for the room occupied in local discussion, so soon as a supply of ink can be obtained; and health may permit.

"FARMER," is unavoidably omitted in this paper, with some others.

Married in Elkton, on the 4th ult. MAJOR JAMES SEWELL, to MISS ANN MARIA RUDULPH, daughter of Tobias Rudulph late of Cæcil county.

For sale,

In the Town of CAMBRIDGE.

BY virtue of an order of the orphan's court of Dorchester county, will be exposed to sale, on MONDAY, the 13th March, inst. a House and Lot, late the property of *Noah Abbott*, deceased. The lot contains nearly half an acre of ground, lying on the west side of the main street and in a part of the town where an even share of the business centres. A credit will be given, and the terms of sale made known by THOS. ABBOTT, Ex'r.

March 7, 1809. 3q

Just Received

FROM NEW-LONDON, AND FOR SALE BY

JAMES GIVAN,

at his Store in Snow-Hill, Maryland,

THE FOLLOWING ASSORTMENT OF

GARDEN, & FLOWER SEEDS,

Early Charlton peas	Early round do
Golden hotspur do	Norfolk round do
Green Prolific do	French do
Dwarf marowfat do	Solid celery
Green marowfat do	Italian do
Large blue marowfat do	Best onion
Leadman's dwarf do	Sweet Marjoram
Large windsor beans	Thyme
Early yellow do	Early cucumber
Prolific dwarf do	Cluster do for pickling
Cranbury pale do	Long green do
Early sugar loaf cabbage	Summer savory
Early Yorkshire do	Curled parsley
Early Dutch dwarf do	Asparagus
Large drumhead do	Pepper grass
Green savoy do	Bush squash
Cauliflower do	Pumpkin
Early head lettice	Squash pepper
Loaf head do	Spinnage
Imperial do	Sage
Early purple raddish	Nasturtion
Early scarlet do	English sorrel
White turnip do	Endive
Blood red beet	Water melon
Scarcity, or early do	Musk melon
Orange carrot	Vegetable oysters
London parsnip	White mustard
Swelling do	Caraway
Early Dutch turnip	Palma Christa, or Caster oil been

FLOWER SEEDS,

Sweet pears mix'd	French marrygold
Lupines mix'd	Conorlculus minor
Mignionett	Foxinella
Red Brueston stock	Red Foxglove
Holly oak	Bennett aster
Yellow love apple	Balm of Gilead, &c.

March 7, 1809. 5

Valuable Land for Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT by Virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Lands and premises of JOHN MCKEEL ANDERSON, late of Dorchester county, deceased, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises on *Tuesday* the 4th day of April next if fair, (if not the next fair day,).—This Farm is agreeably situated on the waters of Fishing Creek, in said county about seven Miles below Cambridge, and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat grass &c. The buildings and improvements are not very considerable. It contains, agreeable to the assessment books, four hundred and thirty one acres of land; but previous to the Sale, it will be laid down, and a plat shewn on the day of sale.—This land has been decreed to be sold for the payment of a debt and interest, due to the estate of Charles Blair, deceased, and was mortgaged by the said Anderson, to secure the payment thereof. The terms of sale are, that the property shall be sold entire, and struck off to the highest bidder for ready money; but the purchaser shall have the election to pay the money on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the chancellor, which will be five weeks from the day on which the trustee shall file the report of his proceedings. On the payment of the money, and ratification of the sale, a Deed of Conveyance of the said lands and premises, with the appurtenances, shall be duly executed to the purchaser and his Heirs, according to law.—The Sale to be made by the subscriber, who is appointed trustee for this purpose.

THOMAS STEVENS.

Talbot County, March 7, 1809. 3

Good Bargains.

THE subscriber offers for sale, that elegant horse SPECULATOR—he is a bright bay, of the Hunter breed, trots, paces and canters, and has proved to be as sure a foal getter, as any horse on the continent. Talbot and Queen-Ann's counties can produce colts of Speculator's get, as bony, stout and well made, agreeably to the mares, as scarcely can be equalled.

Also for Sale—A handsome Jersey fashioned CARRIAGE, with a good pair of horses, and a good set of harness. The above property will be sold for cash, or on a credit of sixty days—provided, the security is approved of.

THOMAS REYNOLDS.

Wye-Mill, March 7, 1809. 5

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Michael Pinkins*, late of Talbot county, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the fourteenth day of September next; they may otherwise be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate—And all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

JAMES EARLE, Jun. Adm'r.

Easton, March 7, 1809. 3

Baltimore Fire Insuarance OFFICE,

February 22d, 1809.

THE president and directors have declared a dividend of one dollar on each share of the capital stock of the company, which will be paid to the stockholders, or their representatives, at the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore on or after the seventh day of March next.

By order of the board,

THEOPHILUS F. DOUGHERTY

Secretary.

☞ The editors of the Fredericktown Herald, the Maryland Gazette, and Star (at Easton) are requested to publish the above three times, and send their bills to the Editor of the Federal Gazette.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Queen-Ann's county, Maryland, letters of administration, with the Will annexed, on the personal estate of *Tibbles Baggs*, late of the said county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the twentieth day of July next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this tenth day of February, anno domini 1809.

ISAAC BAGGS, Adm'r.

With the Will annexed of said dec'd.—3

In Dorchester County Court,

OCTOBER TERM, 1808.

ON application of *John Lynch*, of Dorchester county, by petition in writing, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts,; a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said John Lynch has resided the two preceding years within the state of Maryland—It is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said John Lynch, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Republican Star, printed at Easton, once a week for four successive weeks before the 25th day of March next, and by setting up like notice at the court house door, and at the most public places in the county, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the court house in the said county, on the said day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for the benefit of the said John Lynch, on the said John Lynch then and there complying with the requisites of the said acts of assembly.

Test, H. DICKINSON, Clk.

Five dollars reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 26th ultimo, an apprentice boy to the Hatting Business, by the name of *Henry Steele*; it is likely he will alter it to *Sherwood*.—he is about 19 years 11 months of age, well grown, has large feet, fair skin and light hair: took with him a large bundle of clothes too tedious to mention. All persons are forewarned from harboring the said boy; masters of vessels are notified not to take him on board, as I am determined to put the law in force if they do. Whoever brings the said boy home shall receive the above reward, and no other charges.

WM. RYDER.

Cambridge, March 7, 1809. 3q

Notice.

WAS committed to the gaol of Harford county, a Negro Man by the name of Moses, 28 or 29 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, very black complexion, dark clothes much worn says he belongs to a Dr. David Stewart, living about eight miles from Alexander—ran away about the 1st ult. The owner is requested to release said Negro from custody, otherwise he will be sold for his prison fees and other charges, agreeably to law.

BENJ. G. JONES,

Sheriff of Harford county.

February 2, (March 7,) 1809.