o'clock, to go into a joint ballot for the election of a senator to represent this state in the senate of the United States during the constitutional period.

By order, T. ROGERS, clk.

The following message was read, agreed to and sent to the senate by the clerk.

By the House of Delegates, June 6, 1809.

Gentlemen of the Senate.

Having received information that the office of register of wills of Montgomery county is vacant, we therefore propose to go immediately into the appointment of a person for that office. Solomon Holland is nominated by this house; and Mr. Carroll and Mr. Gaither are appointed to join such gentlemen as may be named by your house to count the ballots. By order, J. BREWER, clk.

A petition from Elizabeth Thomas, of Kent county, praying she may be authorised to sell the real estate of William Thomas, deceased, was preferred, read, and referred to Messrs. Welch, Angier, Brice, Sanders and Moffit, to consider and report thereon.

On motion, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to alter such parts of the declaration of rights, the constitution and form of government, as prevent persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath from serving as jurors. Ordered, That Messrs. Seth, Bland and Sappington, be a committee to prepare and bring in the same.

On motion, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act respecting certain French subjects. Ordered, That Mess. Stansbury, Dorsey, Bland, Herbert and Chapman, be a committee to prepare and bring in the same.

The following resolution was read.

Resolved, That —— be and they are hereby authorised, under the direction of the governor and council, to cause to be repaired the whole or such parts of the armory at Frederick-town, as may be necessary for the reception and safe keeping of the public arms and military stores, and that the expense thereof be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury.

On motion, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal an act, entitled, A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and repealing the acts of assembly therein mentioned, and for other purposes. Ordered, That Messrs. Bland, Sanders, Boyle, Chapman and Stansbury, be a committee to prepare and bring in the same.

On motion, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as permit the governor to hold any office of profit in this state during the time for which he shall be elected, and that require the first named of the council, for the time being, to call a meeting of the general assembly, upon the death, resignation, or removal out of this state, of the governor, to fill the vacancy occasioned thereby.—Orderedi That Messrs. Dorsey, Boyle, Beall, Spencer and J. H. Thomas, be a commiitee to prepare and bring in the same.

The clerk of the Senate delivers a bill, entitled, An act to alter the thirty-second article of the constitution and form of government, endorsed, "will pass;" which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table; also a letter from the executive, stating that they had filled the vacancy in the senate of the United States, during the recess of the legislature, and had appointed Solomon Holland register of wills for Montgomery county; which was read.

Mr. Seth, from the committee, delivers to the speaker a bill, entitled, An act to alter such parts of the constitution and form of government as prevent persons conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath from serving as jurors; which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

The house adjourns until to-morrow morning 9 o'clock.

UNFORTUNATE AFFAIR.

Yesterday afternoon a quarrel arose between Capt. John Roach, of the brig Hawke, at the quarantine ground and his mate. The following particulars which led to and decided the dispute, are obtained from the Coroner. When Capt. Roach returned on board, he enquired of the mate if he had performed certain duties as directed, in counting some sticks of logwood; the mate replied, that "he had weighed them but had not taken the count," and declared that he (the captain) had not directed them to be counted. The captain affirmed that he had directed them to be counted, and called the mate a liar! The lie was returned—upon which the captain pulled the mate by the nose and called, him a man of *no spirit!* The mate replied, "bring up your pistols, and I will convince you that *I am a man of spirit.*"—The captain immediately brought a pair of pistols out of the cabin, and on presenting one to the mate he said; "There is a loaded pistol for you, mine is not loaded—take your distance!" The mate went forward and said, "captain, are you ready?"—The other replied, "fire and be damned."—Upon which he did fire, and shot the captain through the head. [*N. York Aurora of June* 2.]

STAR.

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING,* JUNE 13, 1809.

The Legislature of this state, elected on Monday, 5th inst, EDWARD LLOYD, Esquire, of this county, Governor, who, on Fridry last was sworn into office, in presence of both houses—on which occasion he delivered the following address.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

It might betray a want of candour on my part, were I to refrain, on this occasion, from an expression of the gratification I feel at being elected Governor of this State, by so general a vote of its representatives. Accept then, gentlemen, my sincere acknowledgements for the confidence reposed in me; I am well aware that the duties annexed to the office of Governor are neither complicated nor numerous, and that no uncommon talents are necessary to discharge them. This, to be sure, is a consideration neither flattering to pride nor to ambition, but it is pleasing to me, in as much as it leads me to hope, that it is within the compass of my feeble abilities, to discharge them with fidelity, and with justice to the State. I am also well aware that in discharging my duties, I may incur the displeasure of some, and perhaps many prejudiced and interested persons; but as I firmly trust that in my conduct I shall be governed by the solemn oaths I have just taken in your presence, I shall hope in the approbation of all good men, and shall fearless meet the frowns of the wicked and designing.—It may not be improper at this time, to prevent misunderstanding, and perhaps misrepresentations, to make a declaration of my political tenets. If in this degression, I am in error, I must trust, gentlemen, to your liberality to pardon it. I profess myself to be a DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN, and in my present station, it shall be my pride and care, to advance the happiness and to protect inviolate the sovereignty of the *State* and *People.* That my political conduct in future will not be marked, as it heretofore has been, by occasional aberrations, from what some too zealous partizans, may consider the rule of party, I cannot nor will not promise. The principles of real Republicanism, and of course the principles of truth and justice, shall guide me in my conduct, nor can it be expected, when conscienciously discharging my duties under the injunctions of a solemn oath, that I should commit myself to the direction of any party or set of men, however respectable, however praise-worthy. It shall be my pride, gentlemen, with my limited powers, to unite with you and the other branches of the government, to advance the prosperity and harmony of the State, and may it be the lot of our happy country, to enjoy for ages to come the blessings and the comforts that it hath pleased Providence heretofore to bestow upon us.

SENATE OF MARYLAND.

On Monday the 5th inst. the Senate of this state appointed John Moores, Esquire, of Harford county, a member of that body, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of William Smithson, Esquire, and Robert Bowie, Esquire, of Prince-George's county, in the room of Leonard Covington, Esquire, appointed a lieutenant-colonel of dragoons in the army of the United States

A bill, passed by the senate, to repeal that part of the constitution, which requires a call of the legislature upon the resignation, removal, &c. of a governor. It constitutes the President of the Council the governor, in such cases, until the next regular meeting of the legislature.

The session closed on Saturday evening last, without appointing a Senator, in the United States Senate.

Baltimore, June 10.

Letters were received in town yesterday from Liverpool, of the 15th of April, by an arrival at Boston. They acknowledge the reception of the letters from this country by the Pacific, arrived at Dover in about 19 days or 20 days passage. Regarding this arrival, the Boston Gazette, (the only Boston paper received by yesterdays mail) is silent.

Washington, June 9.

The Sloop of War, the ENTERPRIZE, will sail without delay from the port of New-York for Holland, and will be stationed off the Texel, to afford information to the Commanders of the merchant vessels of the United States, as to the ports of Holland and of the North of Europe to which they may safely proceed with their cargoes.

When twenty millions of public money were to be voted to ministers for the carrying on war, scarcely FORTY members could be found to authorize the vote; but when Mrs. Clark was to be examined at the bar, there were about 500 members in their places!

Lon. pap.

Boston, June 5.

LATEST FROM LISBON.

Yesterday arrived brig Julian, captain Williams, 40 days from Lisbon. The French had not made any movements towards Lisbon—Sir David Baird had just arrived with 7000 troops from England, which encreased the British forces on that station, to 25,000—the Portuguese army was 30,000 strong, well equipped and in high spirits—The combined forces had got possession of all the heights and passes for 25 miles round, completely fortified, and were determined to make a stand against the French, if they approached.

Captain W. confirms the report of the capture of Vigo by the English. Also, the capture of Oporto by the French.—After the surrender of Oporto it was given up to the trooops for plunder during three days, wherein the most horrid excesses were committed.

The accounts from Spain were contradictory; and but little dependence relied on them.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated April 22, 1809.

"Our political situation seems to be strengthening daily, as reinforcements are arriving, and no means spared to defend this place; the enemy seems shy of making advances, which is descriptive of weakness in numbers on his part. The rise or fall in value of produce from your country materially depends upon the turn of the affairs."

Another extract of the same date.

"Trade promises assuming a great degree of activity in this port if the French are kept out of the country, which we now have great hopes of, as we have had reinforcements from England."

Extract of a letter from a gentlemen of high respectability to a member of Congress, dated St. Louis, (L. T.) May 10*th*, 1809.

"The tranquility of the people in this Territory has of late been disturbed from a fear of Indian hostilities.—Fort Madison, on the Mississippi and in the Indiana country, was threatened to be attacked. Two companies of militia marched to reinforce it, and three more of volunteers have made this place their head quarters for several days past, waiting marching orders. The general court opened, and adjourned *sine die*—no business was done.—But the danger is happily over, the militia are returning—the volunteers have returned, and the people are returning to their habitations and to their senses. The Governor deserves credit for his zeal and exertions to defend the country."

The following is an extract of a letter from Christopher Greenup, Esq. late Governor of Kentucky, to a gentleman in this city, dated May 25:

"I am happy to inform you that by letters lately received from Kaskaskias, we learn that the alarm of Indian war has subsided.

FOR THE STAR.

The appointment of RICHARD T. EARLE, chief judge of the second judicial district of this state, by the Governor and Council, on the 20th ult. must, I presume, meet with general satisfaction. The legal acquirements of this gentleman has been sufficiently tested by the distinguished rank which he has held at the bar for a long time. The sanctity of his private character, the foul breather of slander never dared to attack—His inflexible integrity as a democratic republican has bid defiance to the shafts of envy, and to the envenomed arrows of calumny. The appointment was a judicious one, and much may be expected from it. It has placed at the head of the court a learned and upright man. The same industrious habits which characterised him at the bar, it is confidently expected will be displayed on the bench, if not redoubled. He will doubtless endeavour to evince to the public that he is worthy of succeeding his virtuous and much lamented predecessor. It is most sincerely hoped he will, with the joint effort of his associates, dispatch business with that promptitude and celerity which is so necessary for the attainment of justice, and which has so deservedly rendered the chief judge of the sixth judicial district the most popular judge in the state. He must well know how precious time is, during the session of every court, and will therefore duly appreciate it, and prevent that useless consumption of it by the members of the bar; which has been heretofore too often the case with them, by the goodness of dispositon in the late chief judge. He must well know the importance of being decisive, and not to permit a case to be re-argued after an opinion has been once given on it, without it is where from a sudden determination there may be every probability of an error having been committed. By persuing this course the augean stable will be cleaned—complete redress will be given to every suitor, by the speedy administration of justice. What has been thus said, sprung from having the highest opinion of the legal talents of the newly appointed judge, of his stern integrity, and of his strict principles of honour.

QUEEN-ANN'S FORESTER.

BEWARE OF FALSE REPORTS.

The Federalists will exert every nerve to divide. They pursue this course in their endeavors to shew a change of conduct in the present administration—they quote the dinner given to the President by the Alexandrians, and the sending letters by Mr. Lee to London, as proof of Mr. Madison's respect for Federalists. What are the facts? It has been the uniform practice of the people of Alexandria, *of all parties*, to unite and compliment every President with a public dinner. To General Washington they gave a public dinner, on his retiring from office. To Mr. Adams, on his arrival at the seat of Government. To Mr. Jefferson, immediately after his inauguration—and in consequence of those *precedents*, Mr. Madison accepted the dinner lately given. Mr. Lee is not a public messenger, but as a private gentleman has taken charge of copies of dispatches for Mr. Pinkney.

Several federal papers have spoken very warmly in praise of Mr. Madison. In the days of Grecian degeneracy and corruption, PHOCION, (who was at once the wisest Statesman and best General of Athens, but whose salutary counsels were disregarded, as his splendid victories were unimproved) was addressing the Athenians from the rostrum, when, observing he was generally applauded by the People, he turned to the friend next him and enquired,—"DID YOU OBSERVE THAT I COMMITTED ANY EGREGIOUS BLUNDER?"——The same distrust which the applause of the rotten hearted Athenians excited in the breast of PHOCION, the approbation of the wrong-headed Federalists ought to raise in the bosom of Mr. MADISON.

(Trenton True American.)

We have a copy of a letter from the secretary of the treasury, transmitting a statement of the balances charged on the books of the treasury for advances made prior to the 30th of June, 1808'—among a quantity of items are the following:—

☞ '*Timothy Pickering*, formerly an agent for paying contingent expences of government (accounts *suspended* in the comptroller's office.)	$ 8,986 67
☞ '*Timothy Pickering*, formerly secretary of state his account for expenditures (accounts *suspended* in the comptroller's office.)	383,945 76
☞ '*Timothy Pickering*, in relation to prize causes, (accounts *suspended* in the comptroller's office.)	54,003 76
In all	$ 446,035 59

About *nine years* have elapsed since the man Timothy was kicked out of office by Mr. Adams—his accounts are yet '*suspended in the comptroller's office*,' and, the probability is, will never be settled. 'The American Aristides,' *by an apt disposal of documents*, has doubtless placed it out of the power of government to sue him, while the amount of the monies drawn from the treasury cannot be admitted as justly applied. [*Balt. Ev. Post.*

Grand Invention.

Charles Cooper, of Lebanon, Pennsylvania, has invented a new DOUBLE LOOM. It is constructed in such a manner, that one person can weave TWO pieces of cloth, of any size usual in common looms, and equally as good, and makes a border on all sides of the cloth. Forty yards of linen have been woven at it in twelve hours.

GOLD.

Two lumps of pure virgin gold have been lately found in ploughing up a a cornfield near Spottsylvania Court House, in the state of Virginia, which together weighed 9 *oz.* 4 *dwt.*—when melted, 8 *oz.* 15 *dwt.*—the deficiency is owing to the dirt only—no other material, &c. being in its composition.

[*Phil. pap.*

Beverly, May 27, 1809.

MR. SMITH,

Having seen a number of publications with respect to sheep-shearing, I send you a list of five fleeces I sheared on the 25th inst.—The sheep I purchased of major William B. Smith, of Talbot county, and were last year's lambs. No. 1, 10¼ lbs.—No. 2, 9 lbs.—No. 3, 8¾ lbs.—No. 4, 8¼ lbs.—No. 5, 8 lbs.

I am, Sir, respectfully,

ALEXANDER STUART.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscribers hath obtained from the orphan's court of Talbot county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *James Ridgaway*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers; and all those indebted to the same, either by bond, note or open account, are desired to come forward and discharge the same immediately. Given under our hands this 13th day of June, 1809. 3

James & Joseph Ridgeway, Ex'rs.

To Let,

The ensuing year, with liberty of seeding Wheat next Fall,

THAT excellent FARM, near Easton, where Mrs. *Ann Applegarth* now lives, the property of Master *John M. Callum*—ALSO—*the House, Lot and Wind-Mill*, the property of the subscriber, adjoining the said FARM: the last mentioned may be entered into immediately. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, in Easton

CHARLES EMORY.

June 13, 1809.

In Chancery, June 9, 1809.

Joshua Duer, vs. *Spencer Owens, Jonathan Owens, Eli Smullen, and Sarah, his wife, Patty Owens, Jas. Owens, Huldah Owens, and Eben Owens.*

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of *Peter Owens*, deceased. The bill states that the said Peter Owens died intestate, leaving the following children his heirs at law: Spencer Owens, Jonathan Owens, Sarah Smullen, Patty Owens, James Owens, Huldah Owens, and Eben Owens; and that the said Peter Owens hath not left personal estate sufficient for the payment of his debts. The bill also states, that Spencer Owens and Jonathan Owens, two of the said heirs, reside out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon, on motion of the complainant, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted three weeks before the 12th day of July next, in Smith's paper at Easton, to the end that the said Spencer Owens, and Jonathan Owens, the absent defendants, may have notice of this application and of the object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in person, or by a solicitor in this court, on or before the 13th day of November next, to shew cause, if any there be, wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy. Test,

NICHS. BREWER, *Reg. Cur. Can.*

In Chancery, June 5, 1809.

ORDERED, That the sale made by *Peter Waters*, trustee for the sale of the real estate of *Patrick Waters*, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the fifth day of August next—Provided a copy of this order be inserted in Smith's paper at Easton, three weeks, before the fifth day of July next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $2698: 53.

True copy. Test,

NICHS. BREWER, *Reg. Cur. Can.*

A List of Letters

Remaining in the Post-Office at Georgetown Cross Roads, June 3, 1809.

A. EDWARD ANDERSON. B.—James Blackiston (2) Furman Black, Benjamin Barger, Charles Barrie, Sophia Beck, Wm. Briscoe (2) Joseph Brooks, John Bozart, Richard Barnaby. C. Thos. Cooper, Jas. Calder, Jno. Comegys, Benjamin Cohee, Clemt. Carty, Gilbert Crisfield, Wm. Copper. D. Jno. Dawson, H. L. Davis, Priscilla Denning, David Davis, Lewis Duvall. E. Thomas Etherington (1) F. John Fisher. G. John Griffin, George Grater, Jos. N. Gordon (2) Juliet Geddis, Burroughs Gibb, Wm. Garnett (2) John Glenn, Mary Green. H. Jno. Hull, John Henry, James Hair and Thomas Ridle. J. Jacob Jones, Saml. Johnson. K. Wm. Keating, Mary Knock. L. Thos, Lusby (2) Thos. Laws, Hannah Learmonth, Corbin Lee. M. David Morris, Elizabeth Moffett, Rachel Moffett, Jane H. Miller, John Maslin, Joseph Medford (2) Benjamin Massey, Joseph Mann (1) John Money, Margaret Milton. P. Richard Priest, Bartus Piner. R. Joshua D. Robinson, Wm. Ruth, Wm. Redgrave. S. Saml. Starkey, John Savin (2) Wm. Stuart, Thos. Sewell, Ann Smith, Jas. Stoops. T. Joseph Turner, Charles C. Thompson, Joseph Thompson, Eliza Thomas. V. Edward Veazey (2) W. John Williamson (6) John Ward, jun. Elizabeth Wilson, Woolman Warner, Edward Wilkins, Jacob Woodland, Jno. Woodall.

Advertisement.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he intends to petition to the judges of Somerset county court, or to some one of them, after two months from the date hereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly passed at November session 1805, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the supplements thereto, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

RICHARD CAREW.

Somerset county, June 13, 1809.—4

Forty dollars reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on Miles River, Talbot county, Maryland, on Friday evening the 20th ultimo, a negro man by the name of *Aaron*, about thirty years of age, (and looks well for that age,) black, well made and active, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high—Had on when he went away, country kersey clothing, and took others with him; shoes and stockinge, with a good hat. It is supposed he has made for the Delaware state.

Thirty dollars will be paid for said negro if taken up in this state and secured, so that the subscriber gets him, with reasonable charges if brought home—or the above reward if taken up out of this state, and secured or returned, with like charges.

CHARLES BARROW.

Miles River, Talbot county, Md. June 13, 1809 } tf.