Eastern Shore REPUBLICAN STAR OR General Advertiser.

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Terms of the Star

ARE TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per annum, payable half yearly IN ADVANCE: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

ADVERTISEMENTS,

ARE inserted *three weeks* for *ONE DOLLAR*, and continued *weekly*, for *TWENTY-FIVE CENTS* per square.

Public Sale.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the first day of July next, on the Court-House Green, in Easton,

ALL the personal property of Capt. *Hugh Martin*, late of Talbot county, deceased, consisting of a few valuable articles of household Furniture, and a large assortment of *Carpenter and Joiner's TOOLS*, a quantity of excellent Window Sash, and several articles too tedious to mention. A credit of six month will be given on all sums above six dollars, upon the purchaser's giving bond or note, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; and all sums of six dollars and under, the cash will be required before the removal of the property. The sale of the above property to begin at 11 o'clock, A. M.

On Monday, the 3d of July,

at 12 o'clock, will be offered for sale, at the Upper Hunting Creek Mill, in Caroline county, the patent of the whole county for the *Boring Machine*; and at New-Market, in Dorchester county, on the 4th of July, at 12 o'clock, will be offered at public sale, the patent right of the whole county as above; and at Princess-Ann, in Somerset county, on the 5th of July, at 3 o'clock, P. M. will be offered at public sale, the patent of the whole county, as aforesaid. Six months credit will be given on the sale of the patent rights, upon the purchasers giving bond or note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. Attendance will be given at each place, by

WILLIAM BERRIDGE, Jun.
Adm'r of Capt. Hugh Martin, dec'd.

June 20, 1809. 3

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of Captain *Hugh Martin*, late of Talbot county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate, are desired to bring them forward, legally authenticated, for settlement. W. B. jun.

Land for Sale.

Will be offered at public sale at the Trappe, on SATURDAY, *the 22d day of July, by the subscriber, agreeably to the last will and testament of Levin Stevens, dec'd.*

ALL his LANDS, supposed to contain about four hundred acres, adjoining the Trappe, in Talbot county; the repairs all in good order, to be sold on a credit of five years, bond and approved security, to be paid in four equal annual instalments, the first payment to be in one year after the sale, with interest on the whole, and so on till the whole is paid, with interest on the sum due. Possession will be given to the purchaser the first day of January next. Attendance given by

JOHN STEVENS, Ex'or of
Levin Stevens, dec'd.

June 6, 1809. 7

Public Sale.

Will be sold at public sale, on Wednesday, *the 2d of August next, on the premises; the terms of sale will be made known on that day,*

THAT beautiful situation on Choptank River, opposite the town of Cambridge, known by the name of Akers's Ferry, and now in the possession and occupancy of *James Saunders*. It consists of one hundred and thirty three acres and one third of an acre of LAND—thirty-three acres of which are in excellent wood and timber, the remaining one hundred acres are arable, and lie a long Choptank River and Bolingbrook creek, binding therewith, and contain the Ferry House, and all the other necessary out buildings, with garden, orchard &c. This is a most delightful situation for the residence of a private gentleman or would be a most lucrative stand for a Tavern and Ferry. This place is remarkably healthy, and abounds in all the delicacies desired from the salt rivers, viz. fish, oysters, wild fowl, &c. The sale to take place at 12 o'clock, and attendance given by the subscribers, who will give a deed for the same.

WM. & THOS. WELSH.

Talbot county, May 30, 1809. 10

Advertisement.

THE subscriber would be willing to join some person in grinding Merchant work at his Mill, provided they would purchase such a part of her as would run a pair of Burrs constantly.—Any one having a notion to try the business, will apply to

JOHN LUCAS, 3d.

Tuckahoe Neck, June 20, 1809. 5

WASHINGTON CITY, June 16.

The President of the United States this day communicated the following MESSAGE to the Senate:

To the Senate of the United States:

In compliance with the resolution of the Senate of the 13th instant, I transmit extracts from letters from Mr. Pinkney to the Secretary of State accompanied by letters and communications to him, from the British Secretary of State for the Foreign Department; all of which have been received here since the last session of Congress.

To these documents are added a communication just made by Mr. Erskine to the Secretary of State, and his answer.

JAMES MADISON.

June 15, 1809.

FROM MR. CANNING.

Foreign Office, 24th Dec. 1808.

SIR,

In my official note of the 23d of September, I stated to you the probability that some alterations might be made in the orders in council, with a view to adapt their operation more exactly to the altered state of Europe, and to combine all practicable relief to neutrals with a more severe pressure upon the enemy.

As this statement was however only incidental, and as I at the same time disclaimed any intention of taking advantage of such proposed alterations in the discussions then pending between us—seeing that if made, they would not be founded on the admission of any of the principles for which you were contending—it was perhaps not necessary that I should trouble you with any further communication upon this subject. But the order of which I have the honor to inclose a copy, having been passed by his Majesty in Council on Wednesday last, I am desirous previously to its actual publication, of explaining to you the grounds on which the more extended alterations, which were in contemplation, have been suspended.

It was intended to relax in a certain degree the regulations of the orders in council, with respect to such of the powers in hostility with his Majesty as were not, or should not place themselves, in a state of hostility with Spain; but at the same time that this relaxation was extended to other powers, to prohibit absolutely by strict, rigorous and unmitigated blockade, all intercourse whatever with France.

The adoption by those powers, who were to have been the objects of such relaxation, of the views and projects of France with respect to Spain, does away all assignable ground of distinction between France and those powers, and that part therefore of the intended alterations does not take place.

The alteration contained in the inclosed order in council stands upon a separate ground, and as I have more than once understood from you that the part of the orders in council which this order goes to mitigate is that which was felt most sorely in the United States, I have great pleasure in being authorized to communicate it to you.

I have the honor to be, with great consideration,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
Humble servant,

(Signed) GEORGE CANNING.

William Pinkney, Esq.

His majesty, in virtue of the powers reserved to him, by two certain acts passed in the 48th year of his Majesty's reign, the one entitled "An act for granting to his majesty, until the end of the next session of Parliament, duties of customs on the goods, wares and merchandizes therein enumerated, in furtherance of the provisions of certain orders in council." The other entitled "An act for granting to his Majesty, until the end of the next session of Parliament, certain duties on the exportation from Ireland, of goods, wares and merchandize therein enumerated." is pleased, by and with the advice of his privy council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the operation of the aforesaid acts be suspended as to any duties on the exportation, granted by the said acts, so far as relates to articles being the growth, produce or manufacture of any country, for the time being, in amity with his Majesty, and from the ports of which the British flag is not excluded, imported direct from such country into any port or place of the United Kingdom, either in British ships or in ships of the country of which such articles are the growth, produce or manufacture.

And his Majesty is further pleased, with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said duties on exportation be suspended, as to all goods, wares and merchandize, which have been, or may be condemned as prize until further order shall be made therein.

MR. PINKNEY TO MR. CANNING.

Great Cumberland Place.
Dec. 28th, 1808.

SIR,

I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 24th instant, communicating an order passed by his Majesty in Council on Wednesday last; and have transmitted copies of these papers to my government.

It is perfectly true, as the concluding paragraph of your letter supposes me to believe, that the United States have viewed with great sensibility, the pretention of this government (which, as a pretention the present order plainly reasserts, without much, if at all, modifying its practical effect) to levy imports upon their commerce, outward and inward, which the orders in council of the last year were to constrain to pass thro' British ports.

But it is equally true, that my government has constantly protested against the entire system with which that pretention was connected, and has in consequence required the repeal, not the modification, of the British orders in council.

I have the honor to be,
With great consideration,
Sir, your most obedient
humble servant,

(Signed) WM. PINKNEY.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Pinkney to the Secretary of State dated March 10, 1809.

"I have received from Mr. Canning a notification of Blockade of which a copy is enclosed."

MR. CANNING TO MR. PINKNEY.

The undersigned, his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, has received his majesty's commands to acquaint Mr. Pinkney that his majesty has judged it expedient to establish the most rigorous blockade of the Isles of Mauritius and Bourbon.—Mr. Pinkney is therefore requested to apprise the American Consuls and Merchants, residing in England, that the Isles above mentioned are, and must be considered as being in a state of blockade; and that from this time all the measures authorized by the law of nations, and the respective treaties between his majesty and the different neutral powers, will be adopted and executed with respect to all vessels attempting to violate the said blockade after this notice.

The undersigned requests Mr. Pinkney to accept the assurances of his high consideration.

(Signed)
GEORGE CANNING.

Foreign Office, March 8, 1809.

Extracts of a letter from Mr. Pinkney, to the Secretary of State, dated London, May 1, 1809.

"I had the honor to receive, on the 25th of March, the letter of your predecessor, of the 10th of February; and on the 15th of last month, Lieutenant Reed delivered to me your letter of the 15th of March."

"Upon the receipt of your letter of the 15th of March, it became my obvious duty to ask a conference with Mr. Canning. It took place accordingly on Monday, the 17th of April."

"At the close of the conference he told me that my communications were such as would require reflection, and would naturally make him anxious to see me again; and that he would fix as early a day as possible, and give me notice.

"Our next interview took place on the 27th of April."

"Mr. Canning read the new order in council, and then proceeded very briefly to suggest the practical alterations which it would introduce."

"I thought I should best discharge my duty by forbearing useless discussion—and by receiving as it was offered, but without making myself a party to it, an actual improvement, capable of future extension under the auspices of just and friendly sentiments and enlightened policy."

MR. CANNING TO MR. PINKNEY.

Foreign Office, April 30, 1809.

SIR,

When I had the honor to transmit to you on the 24th of December last, the orders in council passed on the 21st of that month, I referred to that passage of my official note of the 23d of September, 1808, in which I stated to you that, "It is not improbable indeed that some alterations may be made in the Orders in Council, as they are at present framed; alterations calculated not to abate their spirit or impair their principle, but to adapt them more exactly to the different state of things which has fortunately grown up in Europe, and to combine all practicable relief to neutrals with a more severe pressure upon the enemy,"—and I at the same time explained to you the grounds on which the design of the larger alterations which had been in contemplation in September was for the time laid aside. By the Order of Council which I have now the honor to inclose to you, that design, as explained in my official note of September 23d, is fully carried into execution.

I have the honor to be,
With the highest consideration,
Sir, your most obedient
Humble servant,

(Signed)
GEORGE CANNING.

William Pinkney, Esq. &c. &c. &c.

[Here follows the British order of the 26th of April, as given in our paper of the 20th inst.]

MR. ERSKINE TO MR. SMITH.

Washington, June 15, 1809.

SIR,

I have the honor to enclose the copy of an order of his Majesty in Council, issued on the 26th of April last.

In consequence of official communications sent to me from his Majesty's government since the adoption of that measure, I am enabled to assure you that it has no connection whatever with the overtures, which I have been authorised to make to the government of the United States, and that I am persuaded that the terms of the agreement, so happily concluded by the recent negociation, will be strictly fulfilled on the part of his Majesty.

The internal evidence of the order itself would fully justify the foregoing construction; and moreover, it will not have escaped your notice that the repeal has not thereby been made of the order of the 7th of January, 1807, which according to the engagement I have entered into, on the part of his Majesty, is to be abrogated with the other orders, in consequence of the adjustment of differences between the two countries, and the confidence entertained of a further conciliatory understanding.

I have the honor to be,
With the highest respect
And consideration,
Sir, your most obedient
Humble Servant,

(Signed) D. M. ERSKINE.

The hon. Robert Smith, &c. &c. &c.

MR. SMITH TO MR. ERSKINE.

Department of State, June 15, 1809.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of this day, communicating the Order in Council, issued by his Britannic Majesty on the 26th April last.

However well persuaded the President may, at all times, have been that the arrangement, so happily effected by the late negociation, would be strictly fulfilled on the part of His Britannic Majesty, he has, nevertheless, received with satisfaction your renewed assurance to that effect, with the further assurance, founded on official communications to you from your government since the adoption of the Order in Council of the 26th April, that, that order was not intended to have any connection whatever with the overtures, which you had been authorised to make to the government of the United States.

I have the honor to be,
With the highest respect,
Your most obedient servant,

(Signed) R. SMITH.

Hon. David M. Erskine, &c. &c. &c.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Queen Ann's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of ROBERT DAWSON, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit them to the subscriber, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the first day of January next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of June, 1809.

EDWARD TURNER, Adm'r of
Robert Dawson, dec'd.

June 6, 1809. 6

Eleventh Congress.

HOUSE of REPRESENTATIVES.

Wednesday, June 7.

Erastus Root, a member from New York, appeared and took his seat.

Mr. *Bibb* presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of the state of Georgia, who were employed as cavalry in the expedition to the Sabine in 1806, praying compensation for their services in this expedition—Referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. *Southard* made a farther report of unfinished business; which was ordered to lie on the table.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. *Love*, having made some observations on the uncertainty with which any committee would now present business to the House until some decision was had as to the time at which Congress should adjourn, moved the following resolution, with a view to regulate the conduct of a committee of the House in preparing business;—"*Resolved*, that the committee on the District of Columbia be instructed to report what subjects referred to them it will be necessary to act on during the present session."—After some opposition from Messrs. Pitkin, Smilie, Bibb, Dana and Basset, on the ground of the propriety of shortening the session, instead of extending it, and reply by Messrs. Love and Van Horn, the motion was negatived.

Mr. *Burwell* reported a bill making further appropriations to complete the fortifications already commenced, and to erect such fortifications as may be judged necessary for the security of the northern and western frontiers of the United States.—Twice read and referred.

Mr. *Dana* reported a bill for the benefit of the seamen of the United States, [This bill requires the mate, and at least a majority of the mariners on board any vessel, to be citizens of the United States, in order to entitle the vessel to the benefits of a vessel of the United States; and prescribes various amendments to the navigation laws of the United States so as to accommodate them to the proposed regulation.]—Twice read and committed.

Mr. *Lewis* asked (the fourth time) for the consideration of the resolution for appointing a committee to enquire into the propriety of removing the military academy from West Point to Washington.—On the question for considering it, 32 gentlemen only rose in the affirmative.

Mr. *Livermore*, with a view of limiting the business to be done during the session, moved "that no petition of a private nature shall be received by this House after Monday next, during the present session of Congress."—This motion was opposed by Mr. J. G. Jackson on the ground of inexpediency as well as unconstitutionality; for he contended that the constitution, securing the right of the people peaceably to petition for a redress of grievances, prohibited the House from refusing to receive their petitions. It was replied by Messrs. Livermore and Gold that it might as well be urged, from the constitution, that Congress should never adjourn whilst a petition or grievance could be offered to the House; that the petitions would be in fact merely laid on the table, which was the ordinary course of every day. The motion was negatived by yeas and nays—Yeas 17, Nays 104.

Mr. *Eppes*, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill making an appropriation for defraying the expences of stationary, printing, &c. for the two Houses of Congress during the present session.—Twice read and committed.

Mr. *Sawyer* called for the consideration of his resolution, laid on the table yesterday, for appointing a standing committee to be called the Committee of Manufactures.—The House refused to consider it—Ayes 35.

The bill authorizing the appointment of an agent for the land-office at Kaskaskias, and making compensation to the commissioners and clerk; the bill supplementary to the act, entitled, "An act for carrying into effect a treaty with the Chickasaw Indians, and for establishing a land-office in the Mississippi territory;" and the bill continuing in force the act declaring the assent of Congress to an act of the legislature of South-Carolina, passed in 1804—were severally read a third time and passed.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Mr. *Bacon* called for the considera-