STAR

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*, AUGUST 28, 1810.

This morning's paper completes the *Eleventh Year* since the establishment of the Star—all those indebted for subscriptions, advertisements, &c. are desired to make payment, without delay.

HILLSBOROUGH, 25th AUGUST, 1810

This being the day appointed for the meeting of the deputies, from Talbot, Queen Ann's, and Caroline Counties, for the purpose of selecting a suitable person, to be supported by the Democratic Republicans of the 7th Congressional district, to represent said district, in the Congress of the United States—Some gentlemen appeared in behalf of Queen Ann's and Caroline Counties, when Colonel Robert Orrell was called to the Chair, and Thomas Culbreth appointed Secretary—No deputies appearing in behalf of Talbot, the meeting was on motion adjourned, until Wednesday, the 5th September, to meet again at this place at 11 o'clock, A. M. When it is hoped the deputation from each county, will be punctual in attendance, as the business will not admit of further adjournment or delay.

On motion—

RESOLVED, The aforegoing proceedings be signed by the Chairman, and attested by the Secretary—and published in the Republican Star.

Signed

ROBERT ORRELL, Chairman.

Test, THOMAS CULBRETH.

☞The republican citizens of Talbot county, are requested to meet at the Court house *this afternoon*, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a committee to meet at Hillsborough, agreeably to the above adjournment.

August 23, 1810.

## KENTUCKY ELECTION.

*Frankfort, Aug. 11.*

*Richard M. Johnson* is re elected from this district by a very large majority.

*Gen. Desha* is re-elected without opposition.

*S. M'Kee* is also re-elected without opposition.

Messrs. *Henry Clay* and *W. T. Barry*, are elected without opposition:—Mr. Clay to the 12th—and Mr Barry to supply the place of Mr. Howard in the 11th Congress.

A letter from Russelville, (Kty) of the 8th inst. gives the state of the polls in the district represented by *Matthew Lyon*, for member of Congress to be for

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|---|---|
| Col. New | 2675 |
| M. Lyon | 708 |

so far as have come in, and little doubt of the electon of Col New, is entertained.

*Willis Alston*, Esq. is re elected a member of Congress by a majority of 932 votes over his opponent, *J. H. Bryan*.

*North Carolina.*—This state sends twelve members to the House of Representatives of the United States, and is at present represented by *seven* republican and *five* federalists. If our information from that state be true, and we believe it is correct, the election of the present year will return from North Carolina *eleven* democrats and one federalist. Federal loss four.——*(Press.)*

*From the London Courier, June 29.*

The following is a translation of a new French decree of great commercial imporance:

*Paris, June 13, 1810.*

In consequence of the meeting of the council of commerce, which took place yesterday at St. Cloud, in the presence of his majesty, all colonial produce under sequestration at Antwerp and the adjoining provinces, as well as those of Holland, is placed at the disposal of the proprietors.

The are allowed to be imported into France on paying an advalorem duty of 50 per cent. The colonial produce in Holland is not liable to this impost, unless imorted into France.

Theorm of the new licences will be discussd on the 18th instant.

On the same day his majesty issued the following decree.

The exportation of wheat by the Schelde the Maese, the Rhine, or from any port of our frontiers to Holland, is prohibited.

Our minister of finance will transmit immeditely, by an extraordinary courier, the necessary orders for putting this decree in force.

If this decree be genuine, and from the manner of its appearance we have no reason to doubt it, it affords a hope that Bonparte has at length been influenced to mitigate, in some degree, his system towards American commerce.

The Big Growler arrived at Philadelphia, left Cadiz on the 17th of July, & brings information that the British have between eleven and ten thousand troops on the island of Leon. There is one Portuguese regiment, the 20th also there. The British are in possession of some of the advanced posts.—The battery across the causway leading from the outer walls of Cadiz to the island is nearly completed; it will mount 70 or 80 pieces of heavy cannon, 24 and 32 pounders the allies are busily employed in erecting batteries in different parts of the island. The French force in the vicinity of Cadiz is supposed not to exceed 15,000 men.

It was reported and credited at Cadiz, that the advanced corps of the British army in Portugal, the latter end of June, consisting of 6000 men, under general Crawford, had been cut off by a French division of 15,000 men under marshal Soult, and that only about 2000, with the general, had been able to rejoin the British army.

The Growler has performed her voyage out and home in 72 days—17 of which she lay at Cadiz.

*Capt. Boyce, of the Moselle.* This is the same *gentleman*, who, about three years and a half since, was in this city, and in return for Charleston hospitality, with his companions, officers like himself, *bravely* and *gallantly* attacked some ladies in the street, who were rescued from their *civilities* by a number of young gentlemen of the city, who gave his captainship and companions a severe drubbing; they were then, for their riotous behaviour, committed to the guard house, where they remained until the next day, when, having given sureties for their appearance to answer for the assaults they had committed, they were liberated; but as I never heard of their being brought to trial, I presume they paid the forfeiture. Boyce's conduct in attacking the Vixen is exactly of a piece with what he displayed when here, and, cannot better be described than in the following extract: "The insolence of the transaction is not more remarkable than the *meanness* displayed by captain Boyce in *forging excuses* for his conduct." Nothwithstanding which he has since been making a boast of it at Nassau!!! *Char. Gazette.*

*From the Vincennes paper.*

Mr. Dubois, who was sent by the governor on a mission to the prophet, returned on the 3d July. He was received by the prophet in a friendly manner, and he denied most positively any hostile intention against the United States. He was asked why he had been brought from the lakes, and why he rejected the salt, and ill treated the men who carried it. To the first question, he answered, that he had been directed by the Great Spirit to assemble all the Indians that he could collect, and that he would continue to do so. To the question relative to the salt, he would return no answer.

Mr. Dubois had some private conversation with some old friends of his, whom he met at the prophet's town, and from whom he learnt that the prophet had been preparing for war for a long time, but they could not tell whether it was against the United States or the Osage nation.

We understand the governor has received a communication from the Indian agent at Fort-Wayne, in which all the circumstances of the combination against the United States are particularly detailed, and exactly correspond with what we had heard through other channels.

## THE BRITISH PARTY.

Those few deluded individuals who are not yet convinced that the federal leaders are the tools and minions of the British ministry, had better read their own news papers with more attention;—and if they can produce one instance of British outrage which these papers have not justified—one instance in which they have not commended the motives of the aggressor, and gone farther than ever the London prints ventured to go in the support of every attack upon neutral rights—one instance in which they have not rejoiced with England in success and sympathized with her in defeat, we will concede that the existence of a British party in the United States, is as idle a surmise as any that Elliot's crazy imagination is alarmed with.—The present language of the federal papers is generally bolder than it ever has been. We will not pretend to decide whether this results from the desperation of their cause or from the hope of again browbeating a miserable assembly of panic struck representatives—but so it is the Citizen, a violent federal paper in New York, has actually advanced the assertion that "the ocean belongs exclusively to Great Britain," and that Americans have no right to navigate it without her license! and the New York Herald speaking of the old foolish tyrant upon the British throne, eulogizes him as "George the Good!" We do not wish to make any other comment, than merely to ask the duped federalists whether they are prepared for the doctrine of universal British dominion upon the high seas—Whether they are ready to surrender to any power upon earth our country's right of free commerce? Whether they are willing to join in shouting hosannas to a king, whose chains but thirty years ago, we broke at the expense of sixty thousand American lives?

The crisis is at hand when a separating line must be drawn between the friends and the enemies of our republican government, between true citizens and domestic traitors. We entertain no apprehensions but that the latter will be found as despicable in their numbers as they are detestable in their principles.

*N. Ægis.*

## PICTURE OF EUROPE.

Ten or fifteen years since, something like a republican or democratic spirit was prevalent not only in the official pretensions and varying constitutions of France; but in the political and literary character of the times. A great and rapid change has taken place. Despotism has gained twice what it lost by the French revolution. There is not a republic left in Europe. The very name of the people is buried in oblivion.

In England the great concerns upon which the passions of the nation concentrate themselves, are intrigues and cabals of princes and ministers to supplant one another, and the *prices of seats at the play-house.*

In France and the rest of Europe, king-making and king-breaking, orders of chivalry and dissolution of marriage; washer women princesses and jacobin-grubs bursting butterfly-princes, dukes and counts; conscriptions and contributions; oppression grinding people into soldiers; soldiers sprouting into sultans; upstart sultans wallowing in more than Asiatic luxury, and an iron harrow tearing up the bowels of the nations. This is the picture of modern Europe.

*Bost. Pat.*

The account of the firing upon the Vixen by the Moselle, is attributed to Mr. Poindexter by the federalists, and he abused by them for being supposed to have written it. They pretend that he is too partial to our countrymen in his statement, and condemn him for not justifying the British commander on the occasion. This is pure federalism: to condemn our own government rather than any other, and to justify the British in preference to our own or any other nation. And then we hear of *French influence*, from their very candid and impartial newsmongers!

*N. Y. Columbian.*

*A short answer is best for some folks.*

The *Post* of last evening, in its shrewd and sage comments on an article in the Columbian, repeats the stale federal story that "*France is the first aggressor*" in the present hostility of the European belligerents against neutral or American commerce. Let us for a moment look at *dates*—although *dates* are a species of knotty little matters that federal scribblers and British advocates dont like to have much to do with.

Date of

British blockade of coast from Elbe to Brest, May 16, 1806.

Do. of Venice, July 27, 1806.

(Both of these still in force)

French Berlin decree, November 21, 1806.

(And this a dead letter, until)

British orders in council, November 11, 1807.

(Followed, in retaliation, by)

French Milan decree, December 17, 1807.

Thus it appears, incontestibly, as the *Post* has so often asserted, that "the *French* are the *first* aggressors!"——*(N. Y. Columbian.)*

## WHEAT AND FLOUR

Must maintain high prices in England, as exportation of grain from France was prohibited. This prohibition took effect the 1st of July by a decree of the 22d of June—it embraces all the ports from L'Orient to Schowen. England must sensibly feel this decree,—as she had received from France and Holland 50,000 quarters of grain in *one week.*

Wheat was 17 shillings; cotton 15½ to 17½ pence. *Whig.*

*The following is to a gentleman in Boston.*

*Bordeaux, 4th June*, 1810.—Sir, the crews of the vessel instead of being discharged, have regular support allowed them by the French government.

Mr. Brown, the late collector of the customs at New Orleans, has been arrested in London, by the American minister. He had 10,000 pounds sterling in his possession, which the minister took and then released him.

Four thousand five hundred bales of Spanish Wool, weighing about 900,000 lbs. shared from the flock of Joseph Bonaparte in one year, were to be sold at Paris on the 18th of June, and would probably sell for a guinea a pound.

*William H. Marriot* is a candidate for the suffrages of the citizens of Anne Arundel at the next election for members of the House of Delegates.

Doctor *Archibald Dorsey* is a candidate for a seat in Congress from Anne Arundel and Prince George. *John Johnson* is solicited from various quarters, to become a candidate; and rumour says, that John Francis Mercer will be a candidate, without solicitation. Come what will,—be candidates who may,—we pray that the 12th Congress may bear no resemblance to the 11th.

[*Whig.*

Francis Perry, post rider between Staunton and Fauquier Court House, Virginia, was committed to the jail in Staunton on the 13th ult. upon the charge of robbing the mail.

WEST FLORIDA INDEPENDENT!

The Natchez mail last night brings the joyful news that the inhabitants of this desirable section of the continent, have nobly resolved to shake off their European allegiance, and join the United States, or establish a free government. The address, &c. will appear next week. The event is important to us—a free commerce on the Mobile, &c. may be expected. We wish them all the success they can merit.

*Clarion (Tenn. pap.) July 27.*

WINCHESTER, Aug. 10.

Appointment by the President of the United States.

Henry Dangerfield, esq. of this place, Secretary of the Mississippi Territory, vice Thomas H. Williams, Esq. appointed Collector of the Port of Orleans.

*New York, August 20.*

The Pacific, from Liverpool, at New York, brought above 1700 Letters.

The British packet Lord Chesterfield went to sea yesterday morning.

Commodore Shaw, it is understood, is to take the naval command on the New Orleans station, lately under the command of Commodore Porter.

## ENGLISH LIBERTY.

A London paper of July 2d, says:—"Five Quakers were last week committed to the house of correction at Wakefield, for one month, for refusing to serve in the local militia or pay a fine." This is *rather* worse than they are used here. In this country we don't pretend to do more than levy on their property, or commit them to the debtor's prison—we don't put them in the house of correction, alias the *Bridewell.*

Departed this life, on Saturday the 18th inst. after a lingering illness, which he bore with christian fortitude, Mr. *William Summers*, of Caroline county; a man highly respected whilst living, and whose death is greatly lamented by relatives and friends.

## PUBLIC SALE.

*On THURSDAY, 13th of September next, if fair, if not, the first fair day*—

WILL be sold, on the premises, at the late residence of *William B. Harrison*, dec'd. all the personal property of said Harrison, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, horses, cattle, sheep and hogs—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over six dollars, the purchaser giving bond or note, with approved security—for all sums of and under six dollars, the cash will be required on delivery of the property. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

JAMES NABB, *Administrator* of Wm. B. Harrison, dec'd.

ALL persons having claims against the said *William B. Harrison*, late of Talbot county, dec'd, are hereby warned to produce them legally authenticated to the subscriber, without delay; and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment to

JAMES NABB, *Adm'r.*

August 28, 1810——3

## MERINO SHEEP.

ON the 14th day of September next, at 1 o'clock P M. I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, without reserve, at Georgetown Cross Roads, Kent county, Maryland, upwards of twenty Ram Lambs of various grades of blood of the Merino breed of Sheep. For all sums exceeding twenty dollars, a credit of two years—for all sums exceeding ten dollars, a credit of one year—for all sums exceeding five dollars, a credit of six months, and for all sums not exceeding five dollars, cash.

T. M. FORMAN.

Rose Hill, August 28, 1810.——3

## GREAT BARGAINS.

THE subscriber offers for sale his present stock of Merchandize, together with all his Household and Kitchen Furniture. (new and elegant)—also a second handed Gig. The above will be offered at private sale from day to day, until the last day of October next; those remaining on hand the first Saturday in November will then be sold at public sale for cash.—Attendance given by

J. W. PRICE.

St. Michael's, August 28, 1810.——m

## ADVERTISEMENT.

THE subscriber offers for sale or rent, his present DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, in the town of Easton, situated on Aurora street, with every convenient out house, including a good ice house.—Also, for sale or rent, a good two story brick dwelling house on Washington street.—Likewise, for sale, several hundred acres of LAND in Caroline county, not far distant from Dover Ferry.—The subscriber wishes to purchase two hundred shares of stock in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, for which a liberal advance in Cash will be given.

DAVID KERR, Junior.

Easton, August 28, 1810. m

## TO BE RENTED,

*THE ENSUING YEAR,*

THE two Houses now occupied by Mr. *Gibbs* and Mr. *John Kennard* These two houses are as well situated as any in the town of Easton, for Mercantile Business.—For terms apply to

ROBERT LLOYD NICOLS.

August 28, 1810.——m

## MONEY DETAINED.

SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN STOLEN—

THE owner, by proving his property, and paying the cost of this advertisement, may obtain it by applying to the Editor of the Star. August 21, 1810—3

## FOR SALE.

*A valuable Tract of LAND, situated on Miles River, in Talbot county, known by the name of* Maiden-Point, *containing 444½ acres.*

THE Farm consists of about 250 acres, a considerable part of which is strong enough for the growth of Tobacco; the rest, which is only of an ordinary quality, produces good crops of Wheat and Indian corn, and is capable of an high state of improvement—It is confidently believed there are accumulations of oyster shell manure, on different parts of the farm, sufficient to enrich the whole of it. The other part of the tract is clothed with an abundance of excellent fire wood, and timber for ship-building and the usual purposes of the farm.—The advantages of Maiden Point, in many respects, are inferior to none on the river. It is about nine miles from Easton and three from St. Michael's, the post-road from the former place to Haddaway's Ferry running directly by the farm. It's situation is high and salubrious, commanding an extensive view up and down the river, which, at the proper seasons, abounds in a great variety of fish and wild fowl. It is deemed unnecessary to descend to farther particulars, as any person desiring to purchase, it is presumed, would previously take a view of the premises—For terms apply to

LEVIN H. CAMPBELL.

Cambridge, August 28, 1810.——m

## SAMUEL GROOME,

*HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA,*

A SMALL SUPPLY OF GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

4-4 white and black crape
Black mantua and black mode
White and pink sarcenett
Plai and figured leno muslins
Black and white cambric do.
Ladies long and extra long white kid gloves
Do. short white and coloured do.
Do. short coloured and white silk do.
Do. extra long do. do.
Men's white kid, beaver & buckskin do.
Cotton spider net sleeves
Black & white mantua and satin ribbons
Black love do.
Ladies cotton & silk hosiery, well assorted
Gentlemen's do. do.
Ball trimmings, white cord and ridicules
Gentlemen's cross barr'd cravats
Russia diapers and India nankeens
Morocco slippers
Fine linen cambric
Ravins duck and Russia sheeting
Fine shirting and other flannels
Silk and cotton umbrellas
Black gauze for handkerchiefs, &c.
Knitting cotton in hanks
Sewing do. by the box, ball or skein
Ladies and gentlemen's tortoise and mock shell combs
Silver thimbles, &c.

*ALSO ON HAND,*

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

*Dry Goods, Groceries, Castings, China and Queen's Ware.*

August 28, 1810.——3

## NOTICE.

I WILL give to an OVERSEER, of the first rate standing in his profession, immediately, or for the ensuing year, three hundred dollars, who is capable of managing in a complete manner my dwelling plantation, without my aid or direction, as I am unable to devote my usual attention to it, or bear the fatigues of the concern any longer—out of which sum he must pay a young man (if he has not a son that will answer) to aid or assist him in the business, and to work as occasion may require with the hands. I will also lay in the usual accommodations for both, with other privileges for the family's use, &c.

JACOB GIBSON.

Marengo, August 28, 1810——m

N. B. I want an Overseer immediately, for the remainder of this present year, and will give good wages if he is active, enterprising, and a good seeder, and will not get drunk when on my business. J. G.

## NOTICE ONCE MORE.

ALL those persons who have neglected to bring in their claims against *Amasa Robinson*, dec'd are once more requested to bring them in to me legally and properly authenticated, on or before the 15th day of October, to receive their dividend, otherwise they will be barred forever, as the subscriber wishes to close the administration, and pay away the balance of the estate in hands as administrator. All those indebted to him on his own account, are also requested to come forward and discharge the same by the first day of November next, as no indulgence can or will be given to any person after that day.

THOS. COWARD.

Oxford Neck, August 28, 1810——m

## INDIAN QUEEN TAVERN,

*(WYE-MILL.)*

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he constantly keeps a supply of excellent LIQUORS, viz. French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirit, Peach Brandy, Whiskey, and Bounce; with Sherry and Port Wines. There is a *Camp-Meeting* to be held within one and an half miles of my house, to commence on the 23d instant. During the time of said encampment, there will be cold victuals in readiness at a moment's notice, and a hot dinner served up at 2 o'clock every day.—I have and am much favored with good hostlers, and abundantly supplied with good horse feed, viz. Corn, Oats, Hay and Straw, with the further accommodation of a well enclosed grass lot, with two springs and a running stream of water through it—excellent for a horse to rest and get refreshed.

THOMAS REYNOLDS.

N. B. Good bottled PORTER.

Head of Wye, August 21, 1810. 3q

## TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away on the 1st day of July, from *Stephen Dishardons*, a mulatto negro woman about 30 years old, by the name of AGNES—She is of the middle size. If taken up in the county the above reward, and if out of the county twenty dollars will be given by me.

ROBERT JONES.

Princess Anne, August 28, 1810.——eo3