STAR

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*, OCTOBER 2, 1810.

Yesterday came on the annual election for Delegates to the General Assembly, and Congressman for the Seventh Congressional District of this State—the returns as received late last night, were as follows :—

DISTRICTS	*Representative to Congress*	*Delegates to the General Assembly.* FOR TALBOT COUNTY.				
No.	John Brown,	Samuel Stevens, jun.	Perry Spencer,	James Wainwright,	James Nabb,	*Edward Martin*.*
I.	256	231	230	239	190	111
II.	185	166	158	142	117	107
III.	173	143	142	140	121	144
IV.	161	132	118	118	122	73
Total	775	672	648	639	550	435

* *The only federal opposition.*

We refer our readers to the following articles for interesting Intelligence on the subject of our relations with FRANCE. *See opposite page.*

Taking into consideration the manner in which former communications to our Minister in France have been made public through the medium of the newspapers soon after their transmission to him, the letter of the Minister of Foreign Relations to Mr. Armstrong may be considered as genuine.

The following is the section of the act of the 1st of May, referred to by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, which we insert to enable our readers to form a judgment of the motive and effect of the new attitude taken by France :

"*And be it further enacted*, that in case either Great Britain or France shall, before the third day of March next, so revoke or modify her edicts as that they shall cease to violate the neutral commerce of the United States, which fact the President of the United States shall declare by proclamation, and if the other nation shall not within three months thereafter so revoke or modify her edicts in like manner, then the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, 7th, 8th ninth, and eighteenth sections of the "act, to interdict the commercial intercourse between the U.S. & G. Britain & France & their dependencies, and for other purposes," shall, from and after the expiration of three months from the date of the proclamation aforesaid, be revived and have full force and effect, so far as relates to the dominions, colonies and dependencies, and to the articles the growth, produce or manufacture of the dominions, colonies and dependencies of the nation thus refusing or neglecting to revoke or modify her edicts in the manner aforesaid. And the restrictions imposed by this act shall from the date of such proclamation, cease and be discontinued in relation to the nation revoking or modifying her decrees in the manner aforesaid."

As much in relation to this subject will depend upon the decision of the Executive under the act of Congress, it will be gratifying to our readers to learn that the President is expected at the seat of government in a very few days, where also all the Heads of Department are daily expected.

The Secretary of State arrived last evening. *Nat. Intel.*

Washington City, September 28.

We understand that no information of the late decree, &c. of the Emperor of France has reached the seat of government, other than that received through the medium of the British papers.

New-York, Sept. 26.

From London papers by the Remittance.

PARIS, AUGUST 12.

IMPERIAL CUSTOMS.—An error of the press in the decree of the 5th inst. must be corrected as follows :

"Levant cotton, imported by sea, 400 francs. The same imported by land, through the offices at Colonge, Coblentz, Ments and Strasburg, 200 fr."

WEST FLORIDA.—The following extract of a letter from Pinckneyville to a gentleman in Pittsburg, dated 14th August, 1810, extracted from the American Daily Advertiser, shews that the crisis of the fate of the people of that territory rapidly approaches :

"You will soon have in the papers the progress of the revolution in West Florida. The convention meets again to day on St. John's plains. It will doubtless take some decisive steps towards self government—having heard since the last meeting, that five hundred men have left the Havanna for Baton Rouge, to support the old governor and and government. Should those troops get into the Fort, Ferdinand the VIIth will have the strongest party—and those who have been active in promoting a change of government would have to account for their conduct, at Pensacola or the Havanna. It is therefore supposed and expected that the inhabitants will have the wisdom and courage to take possession of the Fort, and shake off the yoke."

FEDERAL VERACITY.

The ultimate majority in New Hampshire for Representatives to Congress, prove to be 713 for the Federal Ticket.

[*Con. Mirror.*

PROOF.

REPUBLICANISM TRIUMPHANT IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

AFTER ALL!

By a gentleman from Portsmouth last evening, we have the pleasing intelligence that the official returns of votes for members of Congress are canvassed, and that two *Republicans are elected and not a single Federalist!*

The following is the official statement of the votes from the Secretary of the Commonwealth :—

Republican Ticket.

BARTLETT	(chosen)	11546
DINSMORE	(chosen)	11523
*Hall		11388
*Harper		11302
Morrill		11166

Federal Ticket.

*Sullivan		11446
*Hale		11426
*Vose		11396
*Blaisdell		11384
Wilson		11179
Scattering	1035	
Necessary for a choice	11480	

Those marked thus [*] will be the candidates at the ensuing election.

N. B. The three remaining candidates on the Republican Ticket would have been chosen, but from a mistake in the Baptismal names on the returns from several towns.

LAUS DEO! So much for Federal boasting, and false statements.

Salem Reg.

TORPEDOES.

On Friday morning the 21st instant, the following Gentlemen, appointed by the Secretary of the Navy to examine and report on the principles and utility of Mr. Fulton's Torpedoes, met at the City Hotel, in this city—

Rob't R. Livingston,	Morgan Lewis,
Oliver Wolcott,	C. D. Bolden,
Col. Williams,	Mr. Garret,
Dr. Kemp,	Com. Rodgers,
and	Capt. Chauncey.

We understand that the principal object of these gentlemen is to minutely examine and test by experiment, if necessary, the various modes which Mr. Fulton has to propose for placing his Torpedoes under the vessel while at anchor or under sail; for, from the experiments he has already made by blowing up two brigs, it appears to be admitted by all parties, that if the torpedoes can be sent under a ship, and there explode, she will be destroyed. This point acknowledged, the question appears to be, whether a well organized number of row-boats, and combinations added to courage, can place or send torpedoes under a ship of war in defiance of her courage and fire, or any combination of obstructions or resistance which she can make.

It having been rumoured that the experiments expected to commence yesterday, have detained many persons in town, under the expectation of seeing a vessel blown up, we think proper to state, that no such thing is to take place. The investigation will be in private, at the navy yard, principally in a room, on models prepared for that purpose. On the meeting of Congress, the experiments are to be repeated at Washington, on the large scale, when an essay will be made to blow up a ship. Therefore, nothing is to be seen at this time to gratify curiosity.

We have deemed an enquiry and this statement necessary, individuals may not be disappointed in the expectations they may have formed from the notice of the course of experiments which has been published. *Columbian.*

The Baltimore Federal Republican, says'

"It is a truth as apparent as the light of day Great Britain has submitted to more wrongs and insults from America, than the people of England would have permitted a ministry to brook from any other nation. It is upon the knowledge of this fact, that administration *presums*; whilst every base art, and every species of misrepresentation and imposition is used, to make the people believe, that England is our deadly foe, and is seeking for a plausible excuse to commence hostilities."

That paper is edited by Mr. Wagner, the gentleman who is declared by Mr. Pickering to be fit for a secretary of state! Pickering says we have received no essential injury from England, and Wagner (like master like man) goes farther, and says we injure and insult England! Did not Mr. Wagner, when chief clerk in the office of secretary of state, know officially that England retained thousands of our seamen in her navy by force; and was such a wrong ever submitted to by an independent nation before? Did not the British attack and destroy a French ship literally on our shore? and is this no insult to neutral territory? Are the memories of Philips, of Baron, & of Trippe, so soon forgotten?

Merciful Heaven! What men we have in our country, calling themselves patriots, defending England in her aggressions, justifying robbery, murder, and national outrage, and even charging our own government with heaping wrongs and insults upon Great Britain?

The text we have quoted, however, will find ample comment in the honest indignation of every uncontaminated American. *N Y. Columbian.*

The infamous and profligate abuse of the people and institutions of this country, by Cobbett, in his Porcupine's Gazette, must be fresh in the recollection of our readers. For this he has generally been considered as in the pay of the British ministry. The fact, however, has not hitherto been substantiated. That an attempt was made to bribe him is now put beyond doubt by the confession, which we lay before the public in his own words, from an address from the Newgate Jail, to the readers of his *Political Register.*

"From my outset as a writer, to the present hour, I have always preferred principle to gain. In America, the king's minister made, and not at all improperly, offers of service to me, on the part of the ministry at home. The offer was put, as of service to any relations that I might have in England, and my answer was, that if I could earn any thing myself wherewith to assist my relations I should assist them, but that I would not be the cause of their receiving any thing out of the public purse.—Mr. Liston, then our minister in America, can bear testimony to the truth of this statement."

What the British ministry volunteered doing when Cobbett was in America they would not hesitate to do now. Is there not strong reason to believe that the very gold that was proffered him is at this moment in the pockets of some of those whose vocation consists in decrying every thing American, in traducing the character, of every eminent man who resists the tyranny and injustice of England? Is there any other mode of accounting for their systematic contempt of all that ought to be held sacred in this country?

Extract of a letter, dated Baton Rouge, August 26.

"The convention met at this place on Wednesday last the 22d instant, and waited on the Governor, who accepted in toto the code prepared by them for the government of the colony.

"Thus has terminated the revolution in West Florida—a reform effected without tumult and without bloodshed. Perhaps so complete a triumph was never gained by a people over their prejudices, without disorder. The province is yet governed in the name of the Spanish monarchy.—Governor De Lassus is continued governor, with a salary of $3000 per annum. Courts of justice are established as nearly similar to those of the United States as the nature of the Spanish law will permit. A military system is established—a land office opened—the admission of aliens regulated—deserters from the service of the states in amity with this province, prohibited from settling; and when taken, to be delivered on demand to any officer of the country from which they have deserted. A printing press authorised, to be under the direction of the superior court.—These form the principal features of the reform effected by the convention.

"The convention will adjourn in a few days to meet again on the 2d Monday in November."

[*Orleans Gazette.*

Vermont Election.—There appears to be a strong probability, but not yet a certainty, that all the Representatives to Congress from Vermont in the Twelfth Congress will be republican.

MATTHIAS RICHARDS, Esq has declined a re-election to Congress from the state of Pennsylvania.

On the 26th ult. the Convention of Florida gave the Governor a splendid dinner, which was considered a dinner of union.

A dinner was given on the 29th ult. at the town of Washington, Mississippi Territory, by the Republicans of the vicinity, to George Poindexter, esq. their delegate in Congress, in testimony of their approbation of his public conduct.

Alexandria, Sept. 26.

DISTRESSING FIRE!

The evening before, last, about ten o'clock, the inhabitants of this town were alarmed with the cry of fire. It began in a cooper's shop near the wharves adjoining Union street. A workman, leaving a candle burning in the shop, went out for a handfull of staves. On his return he discovered that the candle had fallen among some shavings. The cry of fire was immediately circulated, but the adjacent materials were of so combustible a nature, it was impossible to stop the progress of the fire; which raged till near 2 o'clock, before the inhabitants were able to controul it. Every building was burnt in the square lying on Union st. and extending from Duke to Prince streets, bordering on the river. The houses west of Union street several times caught fire, but by great and imminently dangerous exertions, of several inhabitants, it was extinguished, and the destruction of perhaps an hundred houses prevented. There was no wind till after 12 o'clock, when a breeze sprang up, bearing the flames to the river.

We pretend not to exactness. The loss is little short of 200,000 dollars—24 houses. Very little of the property was insured.

A report that one of the stores contained a large quantity of power, tho' erroneous prevented the saving of considerable property, and considerably checked the exertions of the citizens for some time. No lives were lost, and little personal injury received.

In the Congressional district in Kentucky represented by Mr. Lyon, there were given, at the late election, the extraordinary number of *nine thousand seven hundred* votes, of which Col. New obtained 6,400, and Col. Lyon 3,300.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor and Council of Maryland, September, 1810.

Joseph Swearingen, brigadier general of the 9th brigade, Frederick county, vice the honorable Roger Nelson, resigned;—Hugh Auld, lieutenant colonel of the 26th reg. Talbot county;—William Merryman, captain, Robert Kent, lieutenant, and Joseph T. Ford, ensign, of a company, 5th reg. city of Baltimore;—Bennett Stewart, captain, John Barnes, lieut. and Samuel Everist, ensign, of a company, 42d reg. Harford county;—James Laws, junior, major of the extra battalion, Worcester county;—Winbert Tschudy, adjutant to the 5th reg. Queen Ann's county;—John M. G. Emory, examiner general Eastern Shore, vice C. Emory, resigned. NINIAN PINKNEY.

Departed this life, on Saturday morning, about one o'clock, Mrs. *Mary Gordon*, relict of the late Rev. John Gordon, in the 72d year of her age.

Eulogy often loses its value because it is too indiscriminate, but if there are occasions when it would be injustice to withhold it, this is preeminently one. A very extensive and respectable circle of friends and acquaintances will unhesitatingly award to the memory of this valuable Lady, every tribute of respect to which a long life, marked with so many virtues, so justly entitle her. Firm in the Christian faith, she diligently discharged the obligations it enforced. Eminently conspicuous for the exercise of all the social virtues, her character was frank, guileless and sincere.—Withdrawn from this earthly scene, she has obeyed the summons which called her before the awful tribunal of her God; and if the numerous objects of her bounty could attend her there, they would retribute her goodness by pleading in her behalf.

Charity, with her train of Orphans, bewails her worthiest patron, and Hospitality has lost one of her most eminent practitioners.

On Sunday last her remains were deposited in the family burial ground, attended by a large collection of friends and acquaintances.

Died, on Wednesday the 19th ult. at Bloomingdale, near New York, of a typhus fever, JAMES CHEETHAM, Editor of the American Citizen, in the 38th year of his age

——, On the 19th ult. at the house of Mrs. Benoist, in Natchez, Mississippi Territory, in the twelth year of his age, after a short illness, CAESAR RODNEY, the eldest son of Cæsar A. Rodney, Esq. Attorney General of the United States

CORRESPONDENT.

The concluding part of "VOTER" is laid over to make room for a press of Foreign News.

ATTENTION!

THE "*Easton Light Infantry Blues*" will meet on Friday next, the 5th instant, at their usual place of parade, precisely at 3 o'clock. P M ——Per order,

SAML HOLMES, Sec'ry.

Easton, October 2, 1810 1

CAVALRY ORDERS.

THE "*Talbot Patriot Troop*" will meet at their usual place of parade on Saturday, the 6th instant, provided with 10 blank cartridges. It is requested that the members will be punctual in their attendance, as a Court Martial will be held for the trial of all absentees.——Per order,

WM. HARRISON, jr. Lieut.

October 2, 1810 1

ATTENTION!

THE Members of the Mechanic Company of Easton—You are hereby notified to meet on Saturday next, the 6th instant, at your usual place of parade in the Landing Woods, with arms in complete order at 2 o'clock, the roll will be called at 3 precisely, and all absentees fined agreeable to law. THOMAS HARPER.

October 2, 1810. 1

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND,

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON.

THE President and Directors having declared a dividend of 4 per cent for the last six months, ending the 3d of October, the same will be payable to the Stockholders, or their legal Representatives, on or after the 8th of October, inst.

JOHN KENNARD, Cashier.

October 2. 1810 4

FOR SALE.

A Healthy Negro Man,

ABOUT twenty-four years of age; he has been accustomed to farming work, and going by water; he is also a good rough Carpenter——ALSO—*A Likely Negro Woman*, about twenty years of age, who has been used to cooking and house work generally. Enquire of the Editor.——Oct. 2, 1810—m

UNION MANUFACTURING

COMPANY OF MARYLAND.

THE Stockholders in this Institution are informed, that a further instalment of FIVE DOLLARS on each share of stock of the said Company is called in, and required to be paid at the Bank of Maryland on or before Thursday, the 29th day of November next.

ROBERT M'KIM.

October 2, 1810 2

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, the agent of Mrs. Elizabeth Nicols, begs leave respectfully to represent to all persons indebted to her that a discharge of the several claims existing aginst them is earnestly requested on or before the 20th of the present month.—A further indulgence consistent with her engagements cannot possibly be given.—And unless they are discharged agreeable to the above mentioned time—legal steps will be taken to enforce payment.

WILLIAM HAYWARD, junr.

Agent for Elizabeth Nicols.

October 2, 1810. 3

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA

THE *Medical Lectures* will commence on the *First Monday* in November.

Philadelphia, Sept. 18, (Oct. 2,) 1810.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscribers have obtained from the orphan's court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *Sarah Morsell*, late of Talbot county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at or before the first day of April next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

All persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, otherwise legal measures will be taken after the 25th day of next month to compel payment. Given under our hands this 27th September, 1810.

JOSEPH HOPKINS } Ex'ors.—3
WM. LAMBDIN. }

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public generally that he intends to act as an AUCTIONEER, and will be ready at all times to accommodate every person who may favour him with a call. He flatters himself that from his knowledge of the above business, that he will give general satisfaction.

HENRY PARROTT.

Talbot county, October 2, 1810 3

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post Office, Easton, (Md.) October 1st, 1810.

A.—MAJOR HUGH AULD, Isaac Atkinson, Governor Adams. B—Henry Banning (2) Allen Bowie (2) Henry Bullen, jr. Lewis Bush, Major Benny, James Ball, jr. Ann Blades, Mary Browning, Elizabeth Bailey, Lewis Bicanchi, Rebecca Black. C.—Henry Colston (2) Rev. John M'Claskey (2) Daniel E. Cain, Edw. Collison, John Councell, Mary Cain, Sheriff of Talbot county. D.—Wm Dunn, Jno. Dodd. E.—Mary Emory. F.—Thos Frazier. G—Abel Grace, Richard Gibbs, Rachel Goldsborough, Zebediah Gregory. H.—Michael W. Hopkins, Jas. H. Hopkins, Mr. Hopkins. J.—Wm. Jenkins, Stephen T. Johnson, John Johnston. K.—Sally Keene, Cloudsbury Kirby. L.—Nich. Loveday, Jos. Ledenham, John B Logan, Levi Lewis, Thos. S. Loveday. M.—Wm Meluv (2) John Meredith, Geo Martin, Robert Moore. N.—Thomas C. Nichols. P—Richd Philips, Peter Parris, Isaac Poits. R—Isaac Robinson, Anna Maria Robinson. S—Samuel Stevens, Phil. Sherwood, Hugh Sherwood, Robert Spedden, Rev James Smith. T—Maria Tilghman, Tench Tilghman, Sol. Turpin, Rachel T. Thomas (2) John L. Tilghman, Samuel W. Thomas (2) Aley Thomas, Lucretia Thomas, Robert Tate, jr. W—John Willis, Peter Willis, William Walker, William Wilks, Dr. B. Willson.——Oct 2.——3

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office at Centreville, 30th Sept 1810.

JOHN S. BLUNT (3) Philemon C. B. Blake, jun. Henrietta M. Blake, Nathan Bailey, Daniel Brown, Charles Baker, John Baggs, Edward Brown. C Edwd. Clayton, Wm. Cather (2) John Cather.—D. John Davis, near I. B. James Dawson. E. Thomas A. Elliott, John Elbert. F. Solomon Fiddeman, Zebulon Fleatingbaff, Henry Field. Peter Foster. G. Jas. H. Gist, Thos. Graves, Henry Gilbert, Saml. C. Griffing H. John Hessey (2) Jona. Harrison, Elisha Harrison (3) James Holliday. Anu Hebb, Henrietta M. Hall, Martha N. Hall. K. Samuel Keene (of M.) L. Mary Longfellow, Samuel Legg, jun. Stephen Lowry (2) Washington or Corbin Lee, Richard Legg, jun. M. John Meree, Thos. Murphy, Aaron Merchant, Geo. Meginniss. N. Wm Nelson. O. Ann O'Bryan. P. Lemuel Purnell (2) Ann Parsons R. Thos. Reynolds, Wm. S. Richardson, Richard Ridgeway. S. James Scott (4) Thomas Stinson, Solomon Sparks, Jonathan Spencer-Widow Smith, Wm R. Stewart, Joseph Story, James Smith, Thos. Seegar, Nathan Starkey, Elizabeth Sudler. T. Wimbert Tschudy (3) Margaret Thompson, Robert Tate, Mary Thompson, John I. Troup, Edward Tilghman 3d. V. Eliza. Venderren. W. Joseph Webb, John T. Watson, John Watson, Ann S. Warfield, Rebecca Woolters.——Oct 2, 1810. 3

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *William Jacobs*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers; and those who have claims to present them for settlement.

ELIZABETH JACOBS, adm'rx &
WILLIAM JACOBS, adm'r.

Chestertown, Sept. 18, 1810. 4