STAR.

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*,

JANUARY 1, 1811.

The Editor of the Star most respectfully presents the compliments of the Season to its patrons.

The Legislature of this State closed their session on Tuesday last, having passed 172 laws—in the opposite page we have given a list of those of a public nature, or interesting to the readers of the Star.

CENSUS *OF TALBOT COUNTY.*

	Free persons.	Slaves.	Total
District No. 1.	2831	1870	4701
—— No. 2.	2212	1103	3315
—— No. 3.	2207	1025	3232
—— No. 4.	2102	880	2982
Total	9,352	4,878	14,230

HOME MANUFACTURES.

		Yards
Cloth made of Wool,	per year	21,746
Do. made of Cotton,	do.	9,734
Do. made of Flax,	do.	40,649
Total No. of yards,		71,125
No. of Gallons of Brandy distilled		8,635

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor and Council of Maryland.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE,

FOR TALBOT COUNTY.

William Thomas	Samuel Paddison
Peter Denny	Wm. G. Tilghman
Obadiah Garey	Wm. Harrison, jr.
William E. Seth	William Caulk
Robert Dodson	John Stevens
Solomon Dickinson	*(of Samuel)*
Peter Edmondson	John Gregory
James Clayland	Thos. L. Haddaway
Samuel Tennant	Edward Markland
Stephen Reyner	William Jordon
James Nabb	William Dunn
William Haddaway	William Roberts, &
William Jenkins	John Seth.

MANUFACTORIES IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.

4 Fulling Mills, at which are fulled annually, at an average 17,000 yards of Cloth; 11 Carding Machines, at which are carded 28,886 lbs. of Wool & Cotton; 3 Spining Machines; 1 paper mill, at which are manufactured 2,000 reams of paper, its value about $7,000; 92 Distilleries, 200,000 gallons of whiskey, value $100,000; 19 Tanneries, at which are tanned 11,100 hides & skins, value $48,840; 52 Merchant Mills, at which are manufactured 86,250 barrels of Flour, value $819,375; 8 Hat Manufactories, 4,150 fur, & 4,580 wool Hats, value $14,380; 132,817 yards of Linen, Cotton & Woollen Cloths manufactured by private families; value about $132,000: 29,530 pairs of Shoes and 880 pairs of Boots, value $50,759; 2 Furnaces, at which are manufactured 1,520 tons of Pig metal, value $45,333; 3 Forges, 720 tons Bar Iron; value $75,000; 1 Slitting Mill, 60 tons Cut and Roll'd Iron, value $8 400; 3 Oil Mills, 3,200 galls. of Oil, value $2,560; 4 Nail Factories, 80,000 lbs. nails, value $8,200; 3 Powder Mills, 5,200 lbs. Powder, value $3,900; and 3 Rope Walks.

12 Full blooded, and 60 3-4 and 1-2 blooded Merino Sheep.

Maryland Herald.

Washington City, Dec. 27.

OLD FRENCH SOLDIERS CLAIMS.

A report on the subject of the claims generally known by this name, was made in the House of Representatives a few days ago, and immediately agreed to without a dissenting voice. We have been induced to publish it as well to put an end to the unreasonable expectations of the real claimants, as to repress the speculations of those who banquet on the spoils of the credulous and ignorant. We are apprised that these alleged claims have been made the means of extensive imposition on persons of the latter description, by a knot of speculators who have gone about the country for the purpose. This fact was stated in the House of Representatives by Mr. Milnor and Mr. Pitkin at the time the petition was presented. Indeed the sense of the House was so decidedly in opposition to the claim, that nothing but a desire to obtain a conclusive report on the subject from the committee of Public Lands induced the House to consent to its reference. The question is now probably put to rest for ever. The claimants will perceive that they can never again urge their claim with the least prospect of success.

GEORGE W. ERVING, Esq has been appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, *Special Minister to the Court of Denmark.*

MR. ERVING is now in this city.

The Rev. JOHN ANDREWS, D. D. has been elected Provost, and ROBERT PATTERSON, Esq. Vice Provost of the University of Pennsylvania.

OUR SOUTHERN FRONTIER.

The following is an extract of a letter from a gentleman of high respectability and intelligence in Mississippi territory, dated November 28. It has been calculated that Governor Claiborne would reach Natchez on the 29th; so that we may expect, at an early day, to receive information of the manner in which he has been able to execute his instructions in taking possession of the territory West of the Perdido.—*N. In.*

"Enclosed you will receive a copy of a letter from Don Vincent Folch, Gov. General of the Floridas, by which you will perceive, that our trade in this quarter is released from the burdens under which it has heretofore been oppressed.

"We are annoyed with another *Burr* project against the Spaniards. It is headed by a Mr. *Kemper* of Baton Rouge, and Mr. *Kennedy* a Lawyer of this place. They have inveigled many of our uninformed citizens across the National boundary, where they have, a few days since, raised their standard, and are preparing to attack the town of Mobille."

SIR,

In conformity to the wishes of the government of the United States, as expressed by their Secretary at War in his letter, a copy of which you have presented me, and in consequence of negociations which I have every reason to believe are now pending between his Catholic Majesty's and your government, which, I am fully persuaded, will speedily place the Floridas in the possession of the latter; I hereby declare, that from this date, no duties whatsoever shall be levied or collected at this place, or within this district, (including Pascagola) on any vessel, goods or merchandize, belonging to any citizen of the United States, or their territories, or any person residing in either, or passing to or from the Mississippi territory.

In consequence of this friendly step, which the Spanish government gives as an unequivocal proof of their desire to maintain a goood understanding with the United States, I hope that their government will employ its forces to dissipate the troubles fomented and protected by their citizens.

May God preserve you many years.

(Signed) V. FOLCH.

Mobille, November 25th, 1810.

Capt. E. P. GAINES.

From the New York Columbian.

WEST FLORIDA.

As the federal editors are beginning to express great anxiety in regard to the operations in this quarter, denying the title of the United States to any part of the Territory, and wishing that the President would retrace his steps in ordering Gen. Hampton (under governor Claiborne) to take possession of Mobile, &c. to the Perdido; we present them, from a numerous collection of similar extracts in the *Enquirer*, with a few specimens of their language and sentiments very recently declared. We hope the President will not now be charged with being "hindered from taking the ceded country by love or fear of Bonaparte." We agree with our fellow editors quoted below in the natural necessity for annexing Florida to the U. States, and the duty of a prompt and energetic government, on the occasion now presented, to seize the territory in question. But we judge they little dreamed that Mr. Madison had already decided on the very measure they recommended, at the time they were censuring him for not doing it.

From the New York Evening Post of November.

"The idea of an *independent* state in West Florida, is preposterous. And should Great Britain and France get a foothold in it, they would be very troublesome neighbors to the U. States."

From the Freeman's (Phil.) Journal of November.

"As the United States have a claim of jurisdiction over great part of West Florida, a claim that *would* assume a very serious aspect under an *energetic* government, the Declaration of Independence in that country may possibly violate vested rights of the U. States—rights *guaranteed* by that very Law of Nations to which the Floridians appeal for the support of their Independence. At all events, Florida must one day be a part of the United States. Nature has ordained the event."

From the Alexandria Daily Gazette of November.

"Though Florida, by the Louisiana Convention, was *ceded* to *us* as far as the river Perdido, the inhabitants of the Mississippi Territory are not the people of the U. States nor Congress. We imagine the principle *hindrance* to our taking possession of West Florida, is the President's *love or fear of Bonaparte.* If King Joseph's claims were out of the question, *the case would be different.* If the president thinks himself unauthorised to act, he *ought* to *recommend* the subject to congress.—A law passed many years ago, establishing a custom house at the Mobille; since which we have constantly been paying duties to the Spanish."

The Norfolk Ledger, is desirous of knowing (he says) why Mr. Jefferson did not take possession of West Florida during his administration; perhaps the Ledger may not be pleased when he is told the truth. The reason is, that peace was preferred to the hazard of war, which the object was not worth; an object which time without war would necessarily obtain; if this simple information be not enough, a case in point may illustrate it; why did not general Washington drive the British from the western posts, which they held for eight years after the peace of 1783—exactly for the same reasons as above. [*Aurora.*

New York, December 25.

Capt. Marschalk, of the ship Ceres, from London, was informed on the 4th of November, at Gravesend, that the Princess Amelia was dead.

Extract of a letter from a respectable commercial house in London to another in this city, dated Oct. 31st.

"We think it of importance to inform you, that we have this advice from the Continent, that, in consequence of a late decree of the French Government the particulars of which they do not inform us, it is become a very dangerous responsibility in them to indorse bills payable in this country, which if carried farther may preclude the possibility of our receiving any further remittances from the continent.

"P. S. *November 1st.* From circumstances like to take place, we are induced to hope that alterations in our commercial regulations may probably occur in the course of the winter."

The Ceres, Marschalk, arrived from London, brings dates to November 2. We copy the following extracts from the N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser. The British Parliament met on the 1st Nov. and on account of the King's indisposition, the Houses of Lords and Commons adjourned to meet on the 15th of said month.

The French head-quarters in the North of Europe, have been transferred to Hamburg.

London, Nov. 1.

The last official account of the melancholy state of his Majesty's health was received in London at about 3 o'clock yesterday, and is as follows:

Windsor Castle, Oct. 31, 1810.

Nine o'clock, A. M.

The king has passed a restless night, but his Majesty's fever is not increased.

HENRY HALFORD,
W. HEBERDEN,
M. BAILLIE.

The Bulletin of Nov. 1 says, "His Majesty has passed a better night and is much the same to day as yesterday.

Several vessels were wrecked in the gales last week off South Wales, one an American vessel of 600 tons—crew saved.

November 2.

We have received upon authority in common cases, we should entertain no doubt, a commercial decree of Bonaparte, of a most singular nature. The reason assigned for this decree is, that some English goods had been smuggled into Nieuport, by hiding them between the planks of a ship, the captain of which was sent to Paris. The following is the substance of the decree:—

Paris, Oct. 19.

Art. 1. All merchandizes of whatever description, the produce of the English manufactories, which are at present in France, or in any country (without exception) where French troops are stationed, shall be publicly burnt.

Art. 2. There shall every where be established special Courts of Judicature to detect Smugglers, and persons concerned in illicit traffic; and to inflict punishment by imprisonment, for a term not less than three nor more than ten years.

In addition to the above articles, there is another, which specifies the punishment on the merchant, or smuggler, viz. to be branded on the forehead with the letters V. D.

The *Dublin Evening Post*, of Saturday last contains the following paragraph:

"Several letters have been received in this City since our last, which would lead us to take a different view of the state of the French army. One from Colonel Ponsonby states, that the force of Massena is, at least, 100,000 men. It does not allude to the want of bread or other provisions as reported.

A private letter has been received from Portugal, which states, that after the battle of Busaco, Lord Wellington finding it necessary to retreat immediately dispatched orders to Figueras, at the mouth of the river Mondego, where a magazine of importance was established, to remove it with all possible speed to the other side of the river; but unfortunately, and to the great astonishment of the bearer of the dispatch, on his arrival at Figueras he found the place already occupied by a large corps of the enemy.

From the Orleans Gaz. of Nov. 28.

THE BATTURE—Edward Livingston, Esq. gave public notice a few days since, of his having peaceably resumed the actual possession of the property which he claims, fronting the suburb St. Mary, commonly called *the batture.*

Yesterday's Courier informs us that the marshal, by virtue of an order from the district attorney, took possession of the said property on the 20th inst. in the name of the United States, and expelled Mr. Livingston from the same.

Department of State, Dec. 21, 1810

Persons interested in American property, captured by Danish cruizers, and detained in the ports of Denmark and Norway, are requested to transmit to this Department, without delay, the proofs necessary to establish the validity of their respective claims.

Married, on Thursday last, Mr. *James Davis*, to Miss *Maria Tar*, both of this county.

——, On Thursday evening last, Mr. *Worrell Carson*, of this place, to Miss *Elizabeth Wilson*, of Lewis Town, Talbot county, Md.

Died, in this town, on Friday morning last, after a long illness, Mrs. *Elizabeth Thomas*, aged 72.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the orphan's court of Caroline county to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on *Saturday*, the 5th day of January, inst at the late dwelling house of John Hardcastle, esq. deceased, part of the personal estate of the said deceased, amongst which are some valuable Farm horses and several colts, a good yoke of oxen, and sundry other cattle and sheep—A variety of farming utensils, household and kitchen furniture, too tedious particularly to enumerate. A credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving a bond, bill or note with approved security. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

POLLY HARDCASTLE, Ex'rx.

with letters, ad-collegendum emtile, &c.

January 1, 1811.——1

P. S. The above property was advertised to be sold on the 20th ultimo, but the sale was deferred, with a view to obtain a more extensive order (which has been done) and to give more adequate notice. The sale will therefore *absolutely* and *peremptorily* take place agreeable to the above notice.—P. H.

WILLIAM M. MAYNADIER,

Has just received his assortment of

GROCERIES,

And also Russia floor matts, patent and common lamps, spermaceti and common oil, glass and Queen's ware, castings, nails &c. All of which he will sell on the lowest terms for Cash.

Easton, January 1, 1811——3

THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers for Sale his Valuable Farm,

LYING in Talbot county, & handsomely situated on Miles River, adjoining the town of St. Michaels. This farm has on it a small dwelling house, a new barn, and other out houses: on the premises are two thriving apple orchards, and other fruit trees in abundance: likewise a large quantity of oyster shells, sufficient to manure the farm. This property contains upwards of 200 acres of land, about one half of which is wood and the other half arable land. This property is so well known that it needs no further description. The terms of sale are, one third of the purchase money to be paid when possession is given, the remaining two thirds are to be paid in two different instalments, one at twelve months, and the other at eighteen months, from the day of sale, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

There will be a reserve made of the Wind Mill, now standing on the farm: also the Wheat in the ground.

Should this property not be sold before *Thursday*, the 31st of January, at Private Sale, it will on that day be offered at *Public Sale*, on the premises. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

ROBERT R. RICHARDSON.

January 1, 1811.——5

ADVERTISEMENT.

ALL those who put mares to the Stud Horse FREDERICK, kept by me last spring, will please to pay their respective accounts to Mr. John Kennard, as he is the proper person to receive the same

THOS. S. LOVEDAY.

January 1, 1811——3

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Thomas Bell*, late of Talbot county, deceased, are hereby noticed to appear in the court house of Talbot county, on *Wednesday*, the third day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, with their claims legally authenticated, in order to receive their proportionate dividends of the money received, and held in hand—otherwise they may be excluded from all benefit of said dividend by law.

ROBERT BELL, Adm'r.

January 1, 1811.——3

IN CHANCERY, Dec. 29, 1810.

ORDERED, That the sale made by Littleton R. Purnell, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Doctor *John Purnell*, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 10th day of March, 1811, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Star, printed at Easton, before the 10th day of February, 1811. The report states that all that part of the tract of land called Spaldon, Father's Care, No. 1, and Fraternity, sold for $2,212—a house and lot in Snow Hill, for £350—two small lots, being part of a tract called Snow Hill, for £78.

True copy. Test.

NICHS. BREWER, Reg Cur. Can.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, Easton, Md. January 1, 1811.

WILLIAM BRUFF; capt. Robt. B. Bennett; Rebecca E. Bartlett; Saml B. Beach; J. W. Bordley. C. Thos. Cooper; Dr. Jabez Caldwell; Eliza Colscott; John Council. D Harriot Downes; Rebecca Dixonel; Benj Denny; Sol Dickinson; Henry Dickinson; Sarah Dawson; John P. Dormer. E. Miss Mary Emory; rev. T. A. Elliott. F Isaac Fisher; Jno. Ferguson; Miss Ann Fontleroy; Nancy Fountain. G. John Giffin; Nicholas Goldsborough: Jere. Garey. H. Thos. L Haddaway; Francis Hazard; William Hemsley; Philemon Hamilton; Michael W. Hopkins. J. Wm. Jenkins; Robt. Jones. K. Ann Kinniss; David Kerr, jun. Cloudsberry Kirby. L. William Lowe; Thos. S. Loveday; Abraham Lawer. M. Mary M'Clayland; William Meluy; Rachel Matthews; rev Avery Melvin; Mr. Matthews. N. Edward Needles (5) Bernard Nadel, Clerk of orphan's court. P. Mary Patterson; Marcus B. Parmlee; Sarah Pritchard; E. Pamphilion; S. Pamphilion; Thos. Parrot; Thos. Prince. R. Patty Rhodes; Nancy Roberts; rev. S Redman; John Redgrave; Isaac Robinson. S. John Singleton (2) Andrew Skinner; Sophus Staples; John R. Sherwood; Elizabeth Spencer; Miss D. Spencer; Jessey Scott (2) Lam W. Spencer; Mary Sail; Eliza Sherwood; John Seney (2) T. Lloyd Tilghman; Miss L. Tilton; Anna Thomas; rev Jas Thomas. V. Jeremiah Valiant; Wm Valiant. W. Anthony Wheatley; Hugh Work; James Willson, jun. Ann Wilson (3)

In Queen-Ann's County Court.

MAY TERM, 1810

ON application of *William Scrivener*, of Queen Ann's county by petition in writing to the judges of Queen-Ann's county court, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his said petition, as directed by the said acts; the said William Scrivener having also stated in his said petition, that he is now in actual confinement, and not on account of any breach of the peace, or for the non payment of any fine or penalty for the breach of the laws of this state, or of the United States, and having produced the certificate of the sheriff of Queen Ann's county to that effect, and having prayed to be discharged from confinement on the terms prescribed in the said acts—and the said William Scrivener being brought into court here by the sheriff on a writ of Habeas Corpus, issued at his instance by order of the said court for that purpose, and having satisfied the said court by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland, immediately preceding the time of his application—and he having also given bond with sufficient security, approved of by the said court, as directed by the said act of assembly, for his personal appearance in Queen Ann's county court, before the judges thereof, at Centreville, on the first Saturday next after the third Monday of October next, and at such other time or times as the said court shall appoint, to answer such allegations as may be made against him by his creditors relative to his said application; and he having taken in open court the oath directed by the said act, to deliver up all his property for the benefit of his creditors, &c.—It is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said William Scrivener be discharged from his confinement aforesaid, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Baltimore Evening Post, and in the Easton Star, three months before the said first Saturday next after the third Monday of October next, being the day appointed by the said court, and continued four successive weeks; and also by causing a copy hereof to be set up at the court house door of the said county, three months before the said day, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the time and place aforesaid, between the hours of ten in the morning and two in the afternoon of the same day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, or to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Scrivener should not have the benefit of the said acts.

A true copy Attest,

JOHN BROWN, Clk Q. A. C. C.

Centreville, January 1, 1811——4

In Queen Ann's County Court,

October Term, 1810.

WILLIAM SCRIVENER, the petitioner aforesaid, appeared in court agreeably to the tenor of the bond.—Ordered by the court, that the above orders be duly advertised prior to the next May term; it appearing to the court that the said orders had not been duly published previous to this term.

True copy. Test,

JOHN BROWN, Clk.

January 1, 1811——4

A RUNAWAY.

WAS committed to my custody on the 21st inst. a mulatto man by the name of *Charles Myers*: says he is the property of Mr. Badger, of New York. Said fellow is about 24 or 25 years of age; about 5 feet 9 inches high, very pleasant countenance, and appears to be a very rational, intelligent fellow—Had on when committed, a drab surtout coat, striped cloth trowsers, and common striped jacket, but says they were not the clothing he left home with, having a snuff colored cloth coat and blue cloth pantalets. Unless said fellow is released, he will be sold for his prison fees, agreeably to law. JOHN KEAN, Jun. Sh'ff of Harford county.

Belle Air, 29th Nov. '10 (Jan. 1, 1811)—8

MAGISTRATES BLANKS, *Assorted*, FOR SALE AT THE STAR OFFICE.