tificates of origin, they can export to France every kind of produce of the United States, and, especially, cotton and tobacco.

In addition to the intelligence, communicated in your letter in relation to the certificates of origin, I have the honor of asking from you information upon the following questions.

1st. Have not the French Consuls been in the practice, under the authority of the French government, of delivering, in the ports of the United States, certificates of origin for American vessels bound to the ports of France, and of her allies, and laden with either colonial produce or the produce of the United States?

2d. Have the French Consuls in the United States lately received from the French government instructions not to deliver such certificates of origin for American vessels; and at what time did they receive such instructions?

3d. At what time did the French Consuls cease to issue certificates of origin to American vessels, in pursuance of instructions from their government, in cases of destination to ports of the allies of France?

These facts being connected with questions, interesting to our merchants in foreign tribunals, your goodness will pardon the resort to your aid in ascertaining them.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) R. SMITH.

(Translation.)

GENERAL TERREAU TO MR. SMITH.

Washington, Dec. 12th, 1810.

SIR—If I have not replied sooner to the letter which you did me the honor to write to me on the 28th of last month, it is because I have sought information from the consul general of his majesty, whether he had not received directly instructions more recent than those which I had transmitted to him, and also to enable me to give a positive answer to the questions contained in the letter referred to above.

I reply, sir, to the first of your questions, that M. M. the Consuls of his majesty to the United States have always delivered certificates of origin to American vessels for the ports of France: they did it in execution of a decree of his majesty of the first of Messidor, of the year eleven.

M. M. the French Consuls have also delivered them to vessels destined for neutral or allied ports, whenever they have been required of them. This measure was sanctioned and authorised by a circular despatch of his excellency the minister of foreign relations, under date of the 20th April, 1808. This despatch prescribes the formalities to be gone through for the certificates delivered in such cases.

I proceed now, sir, to reply to the second of your questions.

By a despatch of his Excellency the Duke of Cadore of the 30th of August last, received by the "Hornet," the 13th of last month, and of which information was given the same day to the Consuls and Vice-Consuls of his majesty, they are expressly prohibited from delivering certificates of origin for merchandize of any kind, or under any pretext whatever, if the vessels are not destined for France.

This reply to your second question, sir, furnishes you with a solution of the third. The Consuls and Vice Consuls of his majesty will have ceased to deliver certificates of origin to vessels for any other place than France, immediately on the receipt of this circular, which will reach them a few days sooner or later, according to the greater or less distance of the places of their residence.

Concerning cotton & tobacco: their importation into France is at this moment specially prohibited; but I have reasons to believe, (and I pray you meanwhile, to observe, sir, that they do not rest upon any facts) that some modifications will be given to this absolute exclusion. These modifications will not depend upon the chance of events; but will be the result of other measures, firm and pursued with perseverance, which the two governments will continue to adopt, to withdraw from the monopoly and from the vexations of the common enemy a commerce, loyal *(loyal)* and necessary to France as well as to the United States.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurance of my high consideration.

(Signed) TERREAU.

(To be continued.)

From a late London Paper.

GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS.—We are happy to state, that Gustavus Adolphus is under British protection. At Polangen the Prussian guard was dismissed, it not being permitted to encroach on the imperial territory.—Thence, a distance of about 40 miles, his majesty proceeded to Riga, and having arrived, sent a courier to the Emperor Alexander, who returned with a respectful message, intimating at the same time that the king must quit the Russian dominions. Soon afterwards Gustavus contrived to effect his escape by a vessel from the harbor, and entered on board a British ship of war.

STAR.

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING,* JANUARY 15, 1811.

About 12 o'clock on Sunday night last, a fire broke out in the smoke house of Mrs. Edmondson, of this town, which, from the exertions of the citizens, was happily prevented from further damage than the destruction of the building in which it broke out, though the adjacent building caught several times—We are informed that the fire originated from live ashes being deposited during the day in a box—this, with other instances, ought to be a solemn warning to housekeepers in the disposition of so dangerous an article, at this season.

Anxious to lay before our readers, the Documents entire, that a correct opinion may be formed by every one, as to the differences between this country and the belligerents of Europe, we have for some weeks been obliged to devote a portion of the Star to them, keeping up at the same time that detail of passing events of importance, though slow, (correctly) that our limits would permit—the last mails having furnished such a variety of Foreign and Domestic occurrences, the interest of which precludes delay for detail, we therefore in as condense a manner as possible, present the following

SUMMARY.

A gentleman arrived at Portland, (Maine) on the 2d inst. from Nova Scotia, spoke on 27th of Dec. ship Hunter, bound to N. Scotia, then 27 days out from Liverpool, informed that the KING WAS DEAD!—that there had been a battle in Portugal between the left wing of Massena's army, and the combined army, in which 2000 of the French were killed, 450 English, and 200 Portuguese, including several English officers; a variety of accounts have been received from Lisbon, of previous dates, wearing different aspects as to the situation of the contending powers.——The taking possession of West Florida by the authority of the U. States, is said to have met with opposition by the inhabitants, but the report is believed to be without foundation, a few days will put us in possession of facts.—On the 21 inst. Mr Clay introduced the following resolution in the U. S. Senate: "*Resolved*, That Timothy Pickering, a Senator from the State of Massachusetts, having, on this day, whilst the Senate was in session with open doors, read from his place certain documents confidentially communicated by the President of the United States to the Senate, the injunction of secrecy not having been removed, has in so doing committed a violation of the rules of that body," which resolution was passed, yeas 20, nays 7.—On the 4th inst. Mr. Burwell reported the bill for continuing the charter of the U. S. Bank the principal features are, that on renewal, said Bank on a given day shall pay into the treasury of the U. S. for the use thereof, one million two hundred thousand dollars, and be bound to loan to the U. S. if required, a sum not exceeding 5,000, at any one time, reimbursable at pleasure, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. with certain other provisions, the blanks of which have not been filled up—said bill was made the order of the day in the house of representatives on Monday last, but had not been acted on at our last dates (Wednesday). Congress sit with closed doors during the early part of last week, on a confidential message from the President of the U. S.——LEVI LINCOLN, esq. late Attorney Gen. of the U. States, has been appointed by the President of the U. S with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Judge of the Circuit Court of the U. S vice Judge *Cushing*, deceased.—JOHN TYLER, esq. present governor of Virginia, has also been appointed a Judge for the Virginia district, vice Judge *Griffin*, deceased.—THOMAS B. DORSEY, esq. has been appointed Attorney of the U S. for the district of Maryland, vice *John Stephen*, esq. resigned.—Mr. Morier, the British charge des affaires, it is said has filed a bill of exceptions, or presented a memorial to our government, against the occupation of Florida.—The *Dey* of *Algiers* has declared all the ports of *Tunis* in a state of blockade—he allowed three months from the 8th of Sept 1810, as the period of notification.——WM. B. GILES, esq. is re-elected a Senator of the U. S. from the State of Virginia, for six years from the 4th of March next, by the Legislature of Virginia—for Mr. G. 123, scattering 15.—JOHN MONROE, esq. has been appointed Postmaster of the city of Annapolis, vice *Samuel Green*, esq. deceased.—The Legislature of Massachusetts convenes tomorrow, 16th inst.—The Legislature of New York meet on Monday 28th inst.—The frigate John Adams, is ordered to New York, to take on board *G. W. Erving*, esq. lately appointed special Minister to the Court of Denmark.—The Nautilus has been ordered from Norfolk to New York, where she is to receive her despatches, and go from thence to France & England.—SAMUEL WORTHINGTON is appointed Senator in Congress from Ohio, vice *Return J. Meigs*, esq. elected Gov. of that state.—The Cotton Factory at Sterling, Con. was consumed by fire on the 26th of Dec. the loss estimated at $20,000, 8000 dollars only were insured.—The population of Ohio in 1800, did not exceed 45,000, it is now supposed to contain 180,000, in which case they will be entitled to send six representatives to Congress, instead of one, JEREMIAH MORROW, recently elected.——A few days back a lady aged near 70, was burnt to death in N. York, by her cloths taking fire.—The Printing office and dwelling house of Mr. S Bragg jun. at Dover, N. H. has been consumed by fire.—Canine madness with the dogs prevails at an alarming degree in Charleston S. C. on the 20th ult. no less than 80 dogs found loose, were killed by order of the city council.—JOHN TAYLOR, esq. late Representative in Congress from South Carolina, has been by the Legislature elected Senator, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Gen. Sumpter in the Senate of the U. S. for the remainder of the present session, and for six years from the 4th of March next.

APPOINTMENTS

BY THE GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL OF MARYLAND.

Justices of the Orphans' Court for Caroline County.

Solomon Brown, Seth Hill Evitts—& Fred'k. Hollbrook, Esquires

Justices of the Levy Court for Caroline County.

Alemby Jump	Henry Driver
Henry Coursey	Thos. Hardcastle,&
John Boon	James Keene,
Jacob Wright,	Esquires.

(of Lemuel)

Justices of the Peace for Caroline County

William Potter	Batchelder Chance
Alemby Jump	Elijah Satterfield
Henry Coursey	Sovren Dawson
James Byrn	James Houston
Peter Willis	Abel Gowtee
Nathan Whitby	Levin Charles
Robt. Hardcastle, jr.	Nathan Downes
Samuel Culbreth	Wm. A Cooper, &
Thomas Style	Levi Burtt,
Joseph Douglass	Esquires.

Washington City, January 8.

Very little has been done in either House of Congress these two or three days past, besides what has been done with closed doors

Reports were in circulation in the city on Saturday of the opposition of the Florida Conventionalists to the authority of the United States. We learn that there is every reason to believe that the report is without foundation, and that the authority of the United States, so far from being opposed, was acknowledged at Baton Rouge amid the acclamations of the people.

January 10.

The bill for admitting the territory of Orleans into the Union as a separate and independent state, has passed to a third reading in the House of Representatives, and will probably pass the House. The bill as amended does not include the territory in East Louisiana (or West Florida) but leaves that a subject of future legislation, either to be added to the Mississippi, or become a separate territory.

From the Natchez Weekly Chronicle, of December 10.

His Excellency Gov. Holmes, sat out from Washington for West Florida, on Tuesday last.

The militia of this county, held in readiness for actual service, will be reviewed this day at Washington.

On Monday last a company of light artillery, and three companies of the 2d infantry, under command of Col. Covington, embarked on board the gun boats, and other transports before our city, and proceeded down the river on Wednesday morning. Late in the evening of the day of their departure, commodore Shaw reached this place, and departed early next morning to join the squadron under command of Lieut. Patterson.

On Saturday last Col. Pike marched with about 900 men, in high health and spirits, from cantonment, Washington, for West Florida.

THE TEST OF REPUBLICANISM.

Bank of the U. States.—The Republicans in Congress may be assured, that the *Republicans* in Boston, Salem, Marblehead, Newburyport, the District of Maine, Bristol, Plymouth, New-Bedford, in short in every section of the *Commonwealth of Massachusetts, are opposed to a renewal of the Charter of the United States Bank*—And the Republicans in Congress may further be assured, that their votes on this question, will be the test of the *orthodoxy of political principles.* No equivocation will be indulged; no *time-serving* policy will be countenanced—For the Republicans, are convinced, that if a *monied aristocracy* is renewed through the medium of the Bank, it is but of little consequence who is *Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Senators* or *Representatives* in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Every individual who advocates the renewal of the Bank, must be considered an enemy to the *middling interest*, consisting of *merchants* who trade on their own capital; *farmers* who raise their own produce; and *tradesmen* who live by their own industry. For if this *political machine* is again set in motion, though it may help a few persons who may be *enticed* to use their *fallacious influence* to effect the purpose; yet the *injury to the community* (as it relates to the *middling interest*) will in a few months become evident. We now declare to the Republicans in Congress, that nothing short of their *unequivocal dissent to a renewal of the Bank of the United States, will be satisfactory to the Republicans of Massachusetts*—the private letters of *nominal Republicans* to the contrary notwithstanding.—*Bost. Chron.*

IMPORTANT FROM WEST FLORIDA.

Office of "the Spirit of '76,"

SATURDAY, January 5th, 1811.

We have just received a letter from a gentleman of high respectability at Natchez, Mississippi Territory, from which we extract the following important intelligence:

"NATCHEZ, 12th Dec. 1810.

"SIR,

"We have just received unpleasant intelligence from Florida. The people refuse to come under the American government, and bloodshed it is apprehended will ensue.—The reports that have reached us, are in substance, that Gov. Claiborne landed at the mouth of Bayou Sara, and went up to the town of St. Francisville, half a mile distant, where he raised the American flag, and made a speech to the people. As soon as he had ceased speaking, General Thomas replied, and after a long harangue, in which he said the protection of the United States had been refused them until it was found they did not need it—denied any right by treaty—and declared the Proclamation of the President a Declaration of War. He closed by saying he would go into the Fort of Baton Rouge, and before he would surrender it, he would bury himself in its ruins. He then mounted his horse and departed. A day or two after, Governor Claiborne went to Baton Rouge, with a company of regular troops, and raised the American Flag. The people tore it down, and raised on the staff the Flag of Independence. This was the state of things three days ago.—We anxiously await the mail for further intelligence."

PAPER BLOCKADES.

The administration is admirably fortified on the doctrine of blockades, and the federal yelpers for recent British innovations, have got all their teeth knocked out by their own leading men. Let us arrange the authorities on the subject *pro* and *con*, and see where *reason* and *respectability* preponderate.

AGAINST PAPER BLOCKADES.

1. The British government in 1804 See Mr. Merry's letter to Mr. Madison

2 Rufus King. See his letter to the honorable Timothy Pickering.

3. Judge Marshall (of Virginia.) See his official letter to Mr. King, wherein he allows the reasonableness of even the French diffinition of a blockade as stated by Champagny, but which the present administration does not require from Great Britain.

4. Thomas Jefferson. See his principles clearly developed in the letter from Mr. Smith, the present secretary of state, when secretary of the navy.

5. Madison. See his letter to Mr Pinkney, our minister at Madrid.

6. Mr Secretary Smith, in his letter to commodore Preble, in his official correspondence with our ministers in France and England subsequently.

7. To these we may add lord Grenville, and many other enlightened English statesmen; as well as the law of nations, if the law of nations were of any account in the present day.

☞ The reader will remark that we put the *highest* FEDERAL *authority* FIRST.

FOR PAPER BLOCKADES.

1. Dr. Park, editor of the Boston Repertory.

2, The Boston Palladium, Gazette, and Centinel.

3 The Gazette of the United States published at Philadelphia.

4. Jacob Wagner, scribbler for a newspaper at Baltimore.

5. The Alexandria Gazette, a very *intelligent* paper indeed.

6. The Richmond Patriot.

7. With various other authorities of *equal* weight.

*** We do not wish to influence public opinion on the subject but leave every one to judge for himself.—*Vir. Arg*

From the Boston Exchange Coffee House Books.

An officer belonging to a French privateer, who left France the 30th Sept. informs that they had an order on board, signed by the Emperor, not to capture any American vessels bound to England, after the 2d November.—He also adds, that he understood all the vessels of war had the same orders.

Departed this life on Sunday morning last, Mrs. *Sarah Sangston*, consort of Mr. *James Sangston*, of Car line county, in the 28th year of her age

Died, on 6th inst. after a short but affecting illness, *Samuel Greene*, Esq Post Master of the City of Annapolis, and one of the Editors of the Maryland Gazette

——, On the 5th inst *Vachel Stevens*, esq. Examiner General of the Western Shore of this State.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of Queen Ann's county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *John E. Spencer*, late of said county, deceased—All persons having any claims against said deceased, are requested to present them to the subscriber, legally authenticated; and those indebted to said estate, are also requested to make immediate payment to

CHARLOTTE SPENCER, Ex'trx.

Centreville, January 15, 1811——3

NOTICE.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has just opened a *Public House* in the village of Denton, opposite the Court House, in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Benjamin Denny, where he will at all times keep proper entertainment for man and horse, and a sufficient number of servants to render complete satisfaction to all those that may see proper to favor him with their custom—Travellers at all times shall be accommodated without any interruption. Also he has just opened a general assortment of *Dry Goods & Groceries*, next door to his tavern, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash or country produce.

ISAAC HYATT.

Denton, January 15, 1811——3q

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, are requested to make immediate payment—such as cannot discharge their accounts, it is expected will close the same by note, without delay.

WM HADDAWAY, Jun.

Haddaway's Ferry Jan 15 1811——3

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office, Chestertown, Md. January 1, 1811

JOHN ASHLEY; William Briscoe; Richard Blackiston; James Brooke; Jeremiah Browning; William Brown; Benjamin Bowers; Cornelius Comegys (4) Zacharieh Covington, & Co James Crikshanks; Mrs. Rebecca Cource; John Owen; John Davidson; James Bianchi; Thos. Dowling (2) James Eagle; Colin Ferguson; M Frisbey; Jacob Fortner; Robert S Gamble; Thomas Gale, Stillpond (2) Thomas Granger; Madam George; Henry Grindage; The hon. Cuthbert Hall (3) William Hamer, Thomas Hynson; John Haynes; Robert Hall; James Jacobs, Elisha Jester; Benjamin Kelly (2) John Lamb; Ann Maslin; Thomas Maslin; John Mansfield (2) Margaret Milton; Dr. John Maxwell; Thomas Morgan; Robert G. Maxwell; Levin Rolison; Mrs. Martha Reason; Philip Reed, esq. Josias Ringgold; Nicholas Stoops; John Shanar, sen. Thomas Selovy; George Smith; Miss Mary Stevens; Philip Taylor; Sarah Turner; John A. Woodland; James Welch, esq. William Wilson; Frederick Wilson (2) Mrs Eliza Wickes (2) James Wilmer; Abram Wilson; David Vickers; Mrs. Yeardsley

FOR SALE,

Two valuable Negro Men;

ONE of them has been accustomed to going by water and working on a farm—he is a very ingenious fellow, and an excellent rough carpenter, about 25 years of age, and would be sold for ten years—The other has been brought up to the farming business entirely, about 21 years of age, and would be sold for fifteen years—Enquire of the editor ——m

NOTICE.

CAME to the Nine Bridges, Caroline county, a stray *Sorrel Horse*, about five years old, fourteen and an half hands high, the left hind foot white. The owner is requested to come forward and prove his property, pay the expence and take him away.

JAMES M'GUIRE.

Nine Bridges, January 15, 1811——3q

WORCESTER COUNTY COURT,

November Term, 1810.

ON application to the Judges of Worcester county, by *John Riggan, jun.* of the county aforesaid, by petition in writing, praying the benefit of the Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts, being annexed to his petition, and the said court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said John Riggan, jun. has resided the two preceding years within the State of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said John Riggan, jun. is now in actual confinement for debt, and the said petitioner having entered into bond with security for his appearance in this court on the first Saturday of May Term next, then and there to answer such allegations as may be exhibited against him by his creditors, it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said John Riggan, jun. be discharged from imprisonment, and the said first Saturday of May Term next, is appointed for the said petitioner to deliver up his property, and to have a Trustee appointed for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered that the said John Riggan, jun. by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once a week for three months successively, in one of the newspapers published in Easton, and also by setting up like notice at the Court House Door, and at the door of one of the Taverns in Princess Anne three months before the said first Saturday of May Term next, give notice to his creditors to be and appear before this Court on the said day to recommend a Trustee for their benefit.

Test, JOHN C. HANDY, Cl. W. C. C.

January 15 1811——3m——$2q

WILLIAM M. MAYNADIER,

Has just received his assortment of

GROCERIES,

And also Russia floor matts, patent and common lamps, spermaceti and common oil, glass and Queen's ware, castings nails &c. All of which he will sell on the lowest terms for Cash.

Easton, January 1, 1811——3

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN and her two Children. Apply to the Editor.

Easton, December 25, 1810——m