90,000 dollars, and assigned as a reason for his not having drawn on the agents at Leghorn and Naples, that Degen, Purviance and Co. had, on the 9th November, 1805, informed him that "they were rather in advance."

That on the 20th of Nov. 1805, Degen, Purviance and Co. informed the Secretary of the Navy, that they had been drawn upon to an amount exceeding 60,000 dollars.

That of the 256,000 dollars remitted in bills to Degen, Purviance and Co. the sum of 166,000 dollars was remitted subsequently to the date of the information above referred to; from which fact it would appear, that upon that information the determination to extend the remittances of Leghorn was formed.

That in the year 1806, the commanding officer in the Mediterrenan was informed that considerable funds had been deposited in Leghorn, and was required to exercise a sound discretion in using them.

That notwithstanding such advice, and notwithstanding the communication conveyed in the paper No. 6, from which the Secretary of the Navy must have inferred, that after the year 1805 the drafts upon James Mackenzie and A. Glennie would have been considerably less than they had previously been; the said Mackenzie and Glennie were on the 4th Nov. 1806, overdrawn upon to an amount exceeding 15,600 pounds sterling, while, in the hands of the navy agents at Leghorn, upon whom it must have been expected the principal drafts would have been made, there were funds probably exceeding that amount: from which facts it would appear, that if the officers had drawn upon Leghorn, instead of drawing upon London, the U. States would not have sustained, if they are really to sustain, any loss by Degen, Purviance and Co. That Degen, Purviance and Co. would have paid such drafts is strongly to be inferred from the facts, that they were then in high commercial credit, and had always promptly and punctually paid the drafts of our officers upon them.

That the Secretary of the Navy did, on the 14th July, 1807, direct the then commanding officer in the Mediterranean, to draw out of the hands of the agents at Leghorn, prior to his leaving the Mediterranean, all the funds in their possession belonging to the navy department.

That in consequence of such order, the sum of about 60,000 dollars was drawn out of the hands of the said agents.

That the late Secretary of the Navy did not, at any time, directly or indirectly, officially or privately, give to the agent who procured the bills of exchange, any instruction or intimation as to the persons from whom he was to make the purchases of the said bills of exchange.

And the papers submitted further afford all the information, in the possession of the navy department, with respect to the sellers and drawers of the bills in question.

Every other information that occurs to me as in any manner tending to explain or elucidate the nature of the transactions, consistently with the expectations of the House, is also afforded by the papers. If, however, the information thus offered should be deemed imperfect, I shall be at all times ready to use my best exertions to meet the views of the House.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

PAUL HAMILTON.

Honorable Joseph B. Varnum, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(To be continued.)

LAW OF THE UNITED STATES.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

AN ACT

To fix the compensation of the additional assistant Post Master General.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the additional assistant Post Master General, authorised by the act "regulating the post office establishment," shall receive an annual salary of sixteen hundred dollars, payable quarter yearly at the Treasury of the United States, to be computed from the time at which he may have entered upon the execution of the duties of his office.

J. B. VARNUM,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO: CLINTON,
Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

January 17, 1811.

APPROVED——JAMES MADISON.

NOTICE.

CAME to the Nine Bridges, Caroline county, a stray *Sorrel Horse*, about five years old, fourteen and an half hands high, the left hind foot white. The owner is requested to come forward and prove his property, pay the expence and take him away.

JAMES M'GUIRE.

Nine Bridges, January 15, 1811——3q

I AM IN WANT OF AN OVERSEER.

JACOB GIBSON.

January 8, 1811——m

STAR. General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*, JANUARY 29, 1811.

The last accounts from Washington, which brings a sketch of proceedings of *Thursday*, says, that about five o'clock in the evening the bill for the renewal of the charter of the United States Bank having been discussed, the question for an *indifinite postponement* was carried—yeas 65—nays 64.

By a letter from Washington to the editors of the Whig, dated 18th instant, it is said that the wealthy and patriotic William Gray, of Salem, has offered to advance or procure a loan for government, if wanted, of fifteen or eighteen millions, *at five per cent.* interest.

CENSUS OF MARYLAND.

The following is the census of each county in Maryland, as certified by the Marshal of the district:

Allegany county	6,909
Ann Arundel do.	26,668
Baltimore do.	29,255
City of Baltimore	35,583
Eastern Precinct of Baltimore	4,050
Western do.	6,922
Cæcil county	13,066
Calvert do.	8,005
Caroline do.	9,453
Charles do.	20,243
Dorset do.	18,108
Fred'ck do.	34,437
Harford do.	21,258
Kent do.	11,450
Montgomery do.	17,980
Prince George do.	20,589
Queen Anne do.	16 618
Saint Mary do.	12,794
Somerset do.	17,195
Talbot do.	14,230
Washington do.	18,730
Worcester do.	16,971

The following are the numbers of each description of persons forming the above aggregate:

Free white males.	
Under ten years	40,433
Of ten and under sixteen	18,489
Of sixteen and under twenty-six, including heads of families	22,688
Of twenty six and under forty-five, including heads of families	23,174
Of forty five and upwards, including heads of families	15,165
Free white females.	
Undor ten years of age	36,137
Of ten and under sixteen	17,833
Of sixteen and under twenty six, including heads of families	23,876
Of twenty six and under forty five, including heads of families	22,908
Of forty five and upwards, including heads of families	14,154
All other free persons except Indians, not taxed	33,927
Slaves, male and female	111,502
Total,	380,546

JAMES MONROE, Esq. is chosen Governor of the state of Virginia for the ensuing term, in the place of JOHN TYLER, Esq. appointed a Judge of the United States. The votes were as follow:

James Monroe	129
G. W. Smith	58
Scattering	10

Washington City, Jan. 24.

From the news under the head of New York, it will be seen, that an opinion prevails that immediately on the appointment of a regency, which was expected to have taken place on the 29th November, or on the death of the king, which was anticipated at an early day, the British orders in council will have been repealed. The same rumor circulated in this city yesterday, upon what authority we cannot say. If ever there was a crisis at which it might be expected that a sense of justice and her own interests would rule the conduct of England, the appointment of a regency, or the decease of the monarch, would afford her the opportunity of making an honorable advance. But we have so often been amused with speculative projects of accommodation; so often been disappointed by delusive overtures; that we cease to hope any thing from justice, or from any other arbiter than force. If a change of sentiment and policy should be experienced in the cabinet of Great Britain, we should be inclined to ascribe it rather to the stagnation of her trade, from the the rigorous exclusion of her products from the continent, and to the fear of total bankruptcy of her manufacturers and merchants by a non-intercourse with us, than to that sentiment which ought long ago to have dictated a reparation of the injuries we have experienced.

From our southern frontier, the last accounts state that Fulvar Skipwith, perceiving the futility of any resistance which he would have it in his power to oppose to the arms of the United States, and probably finding an indisposition in his followers to engage in so rash an enterprize, had withdrawn from the fort of Baton Rouge, which had accordingly been occupied by the American troops.

The Conventionalists therefore have yielded possession to the U. States.

From Mobille we have not lately heard; but it is probable that the Spanish authorities will be glad to relieve themselves of their late apprehensions from the conventionalists and others, by delivering possession to the U. States. If so, we shall have acquired peaceable possession from both parties.

New York, Jan. 19.

Mr. M'Crea came up last night in the pilot boat Governor Tomkins, from on board the ship Pallas, in 53 days from Liverpool. We are informed that he has important dispatches from Mr. Pinkney, our minister at London, which it is said afford a well grounded belief that the orders in council will have been removed on the appointment of a regency, which was expected to take place on the meeting of Parliament on the 29th of November.

FROM THE MISSISSIPPIAN.

Natchez, December 17.

Just as our paper was going to press, we were informed of the arrival at this place, of captain Patterson, of the navy, from Baton Rouge—he brings, we are informed, certain intelligence of the Western part of Florida having been peaceably given up to the United States; that the proper authorities on the part of our government, now at Baton Rouge, had received certain assurances that the town and fort of Mobille would be evacuated without opposition, and that possession of the whole country, as far as the Perdido, would be given the United States on demand.

It is conjectured that governor Folch has received orders from the Havanna, as to the relinquishment of Florida to the United States, according to the treaty of cession; this corresponds with the report from Pensacola, of an arrangement having been made, by authority of the regency of Spain, for delivering this country to the United States.

The detachment of troops which marched under the command of lieutenant colonel Pike, we understand, did not reach Baton Rouge, being met on their way by an express, with orders for their return, they are accordingly, we learn, on their march back to Camp Dearborn, near this place.

Baltimore, Jan. 21.

The Tennessee Gazette, of Dec. 28, informs us that Governor Claiborne has taken possession of Baton Rouge and New Felicinia, without opposition.—But at Mobille it was expected Col. Cushing would have "warm work."

A letter from Port Gibson (M. T.) to a gentleman in Wilmington (D.) states that "Governor Holmes, with a considerable force, on his way to Baton Rouge, has been taken prisoner by the conventionalists, and confined."

Philadelphia, Jan. 21.

LATEST FROM LISBON.

Extract of a letter from Newburyport, January 14.

Schooner Washington, capt. Noyes, arrived last evening in 40 days from Lisbon, which he left on the 4th of Dec.—His accounts are confirmatory of the recent advice. He further informs, that the whole of Massena's army had crossed the Tagus on the 22d of November, and gone into cantonments, about 60 miles from Lisbon. His army had been considerably weakened by sickness, famine, and death. Lord Wellington had dispatched General Hill, with his division, to watch the French. Despatches were received at Lisbon about the 26th of Nov. from Lord Wellington, which stated that the position of Massena was such that he did not think it prudent to attack him; that he had been advised that a large French reinforcement was approaching to join Massena. It was somewhat sickly in the Portuguese army, and there were many in the hospitals;—but they were well supplied. A free communication was opened with the country, and the herds which had been driven within the English lines were ordered to be driven back. The markets at Lisbon were good, and likely to continue so—Flour 20 dollars, corn 3 per bushel, beans 3, beef 16 per barrel.

THE PRESIDENT's WARRANT,

For taking possession of West Florida.

[Extract from Mr. Pope's Speech in the Senate]

I find that Congress, by *an act passed on the 24th day of February*, 1804, have solemnly asserted our right to this territory, and *authorised the President to take possession of it*, and to establish a port of entry, &c. on the Mobile, *whenever he should deem it expedient*. The time when, & circumstances, under which this step should be taken, *were submitted to the discretion of the Executive*. I may be permitted to ask why, if we had no title to this territory, the PRESIDENT *was urged to take possession by force, and censured for not doing it*. If my recollection is accurate, *all parties agreed we ought to have the country*; they only differed as to the mode of acquiring it. The President influenced by that policy which has hitherto guided the present administration of avoiding making this nation a party in the present European war, in the exercise of the discretionary power vested in him by that act, did not think proper to seize upon it by force, but to wait for the occurrence of events to throw it into our hands without a struggle"

APPOINTMENTS

By the Governor and Council of Maryland,

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—FOR 1811.

QUEEN ANNN'S COUNTY.

Jacob Ringgold, John Dames, Thomas Roberts, Stephen Myers, William Clayton, Samuel Burgess, Philemon Green, Wm. E M'Conekin, Robert Gamble, Tristram Thomas, Benjamin Walters, Nathan Betton, Edward Clayton, George Palmer, Robert Emory, Thomas Wright of Solomon, Solomon Scott, Nathan Baynard, James Clow, George Little, Philip Fiddeman, Edward Tilden, Samuel Sturges, Moses Ruth, Robert Stephens, James Hall, Charles Hobbs, Arthur Holt, John Duhammel, Thomas B. Tuysin, Benjamin Hutchison, Joseph Thompson, James Britton, John R. Downes, Joseph Sparks, Winbert Tschudy.

Levy Court.

Thomas Roberts, Thomas Harris, Stephen Lowry, Edward Clayton, Thomas Emory (Spaniels Neck) Benjamin Walter (Kent Island) James Brown.

Orphan's Court.

Philip Fiddeman, Robert Emory, Thos. Wright of Thomas.

During the last season, it is said that cordage to the amount of one and a half million of dollars, has been forwarded through Pittsburgh from the waters east of the Kentucky river, to the Baltimore and Philadelphia markets.

A Chain Bridge has lately been erected by Mr. John Templeman, of Georgetown, Ca. consisting of an arch 244 feet long, with passage ways on each side covered, ten chains of 516 feet each passing over covered uprights of framed work which rest on stone abutments 47 feet long and 37 feet high.

Mr. M'Kenzie, who has been so long in France as an agent from Great Britain, for effecting an exchange of prisoners, has returned to England without accomplishing the object of his journey.

The United States' schooner Enterprize, Lieut. Perry, is lost in Long Island Sound, near Fisher's Island. The crew and guns saved by the boats from the frigate President.

GEORGE M. BIBB, Esq. is elected a Senator of the United States from the state of Kentucky for six years from the 4th of March next.

MR. JEFFERSON is re-elected President of the American Philosophical Society.

JAMES A. BAYARD, Esq. is re-elected a senator of the United States for six years ensuing the 4th March next.

Married, on Tuesday last, Mr. *Robert Browne*, of Queen Ann's, to Miss *Ann Tilghman*, of Springwood, of this county.

Married, on Thursday evening 17th inst. by the rev. Thomas Sewell, Mr. *John C. M'Gregor*, to Mrs. *Elizabeth Murphey*, both of the vicinity of George-Town Cross Roads, Kent county, Maryland.

Died on the 12th instant, at Annapolis, Mr. *Frederick Green*, Printer to the State, and brother to Samuel Green, late Post Master—Thus in one week were united in death, two brothers who were inseparable in life.

——, Lately, Mrs. *Sarah Wrightson*, of this county.

By the Agricultural Society of

POTTER'S TOWN.

BELIEVING that it would be of great advantage to the Farmers of the Eastern Shore to establish an *Annual Fair* at some convenient place, for the sale and exchange of all kinds of Stock and Domestic Manufactures. The object the society has in view, is to promote the growth of useful stock, and to encourage domestic manufactory as the surest and best means of obtaining happiness and wealth: at this annual meeting the farmer would have it in his power to procure the best breed of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, that the country afford, and by crossing and mixing of them, the growth would be much promoted—This may be done with little expence to the farmer, for the pigs might be exchanged for the lambs, and the cattle for the horses, and each farmer might be suited with little expence to himself—there the farmer would find a ready sale for any surplus stock he may have, and the manufacturer a ready market for his cloth, linen, linsey, stockings, hats, leather, &c. &c.—Therefore,

Resolved, That the secretary of this society cause the following scheme of an annual Farmer's Fair, to be published in each of the Easton newspapers 3 successive weeks

JOHN STANTON, Presdt.

WM. POTTER, Secry.

January 29, 1811——3

A Scheme of an Annual Farmer's Fair.

THE Farmers of Talbot, Queen Ann's and Caroline counties will meet at Hillsborough annually, on the third Monday in August, for the sale and exchange of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs; domestic manufactures, grain, grass seeds, &c. &c.

If the gentlemen farmers of Talbot and Queen Ann's should approve of the above scheme, they are requested to appoint for each county, three farmers, to meet at Hillsborough on the first Monday in May next, as managers of the above proposed fair.

BEAU MONDE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a BALL will take place at Mr. SOLOMON LOWE'S INN, (whose Ball Room will be in complete order) on *FRIDAY, 22d of February next*, at 6 o'Clock, P. M.—Military Gentlemen are requested to appear in full uniform on the occasion. ☞ Gentlemen from the adjacent counties are invited to participate——January 29, 1811.

I WANT AN OVERSEER *IMMEDIATELY*:—

NONE need apply but such as comes well recommended.

JAMES RIDGAWAY.

Talbot county, Jan. 29, 1811——3

NEGROES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has one or two Negro Men for sale.

JOHN L. BOZMAN.

January 29, 1811——3

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

ALL persons are forbid hauling with waggon or cart through the farm of the subscriber, except those who have that privilege, as the law will be put in force against those trespassing after this date.

ISAAC JENKINSON.

Talbot county, Jan. 29, 1811——3

TANNERY FOR SALE.

THAT valuable LOT, late the property of *James Millis*, deceased, on Dover Creek, near the town of Dover, Delaware, consisting of fourteen acres, more or less, on which are erected a commodious brick dwelling, smoke house and stable, together with a brick tan house about 70 feet by 40, in which are contained an excellent bark mill and currying shop, with a variety of other accommodations for the tanning business. The above property may be bought cheap, and on a long credit, by application to Doctor Sykes, at Dover, or to

JAMES TILTON, Jun.

Talbot county, (Md.)

January 29, 1811——m

MARYLAND,

Kent County Orphan's Court, Jan. 12, 1811.

ORDERED, On application of Benjamin Chew, Jun. Esq. adm'r de bonis non of JOHN CHEW, late of Kent county, deceased, that he cause the following notice to the said deceased's creditors, to be inserted for three successive weeks, in the "Star," published at Easton. Test,

RICHARD BARROLL, Reg'r.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber, of the City of Philadelphia, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Kent county, in the state of Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non administratis, on the personal estate of *John Chew*, late of Kent county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at Philadelphia, or to William Barroll, Esq. at Chester-Town, in Kent county and state of Maryland, at or before the first day of August next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 17th day of January, in the year 1811.

BENJAMIN CHEW, Jun.

Adm'r D. B. N. of John Chew, dec'd.

IN QUEEN ANN'S COUNTY COURT—*October Term* 1810.

ON application of *James Gafford*, of Queen Ann's county, by petition in writing, to the judges of Queen Ann's county court, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain therein, being annexed to his said petition, as directed by the said acts; the said James Gafford having also stated in his said petition, that he is now in actual confinement, and not on account of any breach of the peace, or for the non payment of any fine or penalty for the breach of the laws of this state, or of the United States, and having produced the certificate of the Sheriff of Queen Ann's county to that effect, and having prayed to be discharged from confinement on the terms prescribed in the said acts—and the said James Gafford being brought into court here by the sheriff by order of the said court for that purpose; and having satisfied the said court by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application; and he having also given bond, with sufficient security, approved of by the said court, as directed by the said act of assembly, for his personal appearance in Queen Ann's county court, before the judges thereof, at Centreville, on the first Saturday next after the first Monday of May next, and at such other time or times as the said court shall appoint, to answer such allegations as may be made against him by his creditors relative to his said application; and he having taken in open court the oath directed by the said act, to deliver up all his property for the benefit of his creditors, &c.—It is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said James Gafford be discharged from his confinement aforesaid, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Easton Star, three months before the said first Saturday next after the first Monday of May next, being the day appointed by the said court, and continued four successive weeks; and also by causing a copy hereof to be set up at the court house door of the said county, three months before the said day, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the time and place aforesaid, between the hours of ten in the morning and two in the afternoon of the same day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, or to shew cause, if any they have, why the said James Gafford should not have the benefit of the said acts. A true copy. Attest,

JOHN BROWNE Clk. of Queen Ann's County Court.

Centreville, January 29, 1811——4 $2q

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *James R. Delehay*, late of Dorchester county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscriber; and all those having claims against said estate, are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM DELEHAY, adm'r of J. R. Delehay, dec'd.

Dorchester county, Jan. 29, 1811——3q

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

WAS stolen from the stable of the subscriber on the night of the 29th of December last, a small dark bay Mare, about 13 hands high, her ears are foxed, and has white spots on her back occasioned by the saddle—she is very completely made, a small mane and tail, and trots and canters. Any person bringing said mare to the subscriber, living near Roe's Cross Roads, Queen Ann's county, shall receive a reward of Ten Dollars, and reasonable charges paid by

SARAH WRIGHT,
Widow of Joseph Wright.

January 29, 1811——3q