STAR.

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*, AUGUST 6, 1811.

BANK ELECTION.

Yesterday the following gentlemen were elected Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, for the Branch in this town.

For Talbot county——Nicholas Hammond, Samuel Harrison, Lambert W. Spencer, *Henry Hollyday*, John Bennett, *Robert H. Goldsborough*.

For Caroline—William Potter.
For Queen Ann's—*Edward Coursey*.
For Kent—*Isaac Spencer*.
For Cæcil—*George Gale*.
For Dorchester—Josiah Bayley.
For Somerset—*John C. Wilson, jun.*
For Worcester—*William Whittington*.

☞ Those in *Italic* are new members.

APPOINTMENT

By the Governor and Council of Maryland.

Richard Ridgely, esquire, Associate Judge of the second judicial district of Maryland, vice H. Ridgely, deceased.

NINIAN PINKNEY.

Washington City, July 27.

The PRESIDENT of the United States and family departed from this city for Virginia on Thursday. They were escorted midway to Alexandria by Capt. *Peters'* troop of Cavalry; when they were met by Captain Mandeville's Alexandria troop, who escorted the President through Alexandria and beyond the boundary of the district.

The Attorney General of the United States left this city on the same day for Delaware.

The *Secretary of State* left this city for his seat in Virginia on Saturday last.

JOEL BARLOW, Esq. our minister to France, we understand will take his departure for Annapolis this day; whence he is to proceed on his mission, on board the frigate Constitution, capt. Hull, now lying there.

Mr. *Warden*, our consul to Paris, and Mr. *Lee*, consul at Bordeaux, proceed to France in the same vessel.

The *President of the United States* and his family reached Fredericksburg, on their way to Montpelier, on Friday evening. The President was prevailed upon to remain in town the next day, for the purpose of partaking of a Public Dinner given to him by the citizens of that place.

A public dinner has been given at Petersburg to *Thomas B. Robertson*, esq. Secretary of Orleans Territory, now on a visit to his former place of residence.

New York, July 28.

Last evening arrived at this port the fast sailing pilot boat schooner Flash, capt. Minugh, 36 days from L'Orient; sailed on the 21st June, at which time no change had taken place in American affairs since the last accounts. *All the American vessels detained in the ports of France since November last were released and busily procuring cargoes*; as none were permitted to leave without.

Accounts from England had reached L'Orient to June 17; the King was still living.

The frigate John Adams had arrived at Cherbourg from England, and was soon to depart for the United States.

Battle in Mexico. Capt. Head of this brig Cosmopolite, arrived at this port yesterday, in 33 days from Campeachy, informs that there had been a hard fought battle in Mexico, between the government troops and the revolutionists, in which the former were defeated with great loss.

Capt. H. further states, that 600 volunteers had embarked on board two transports at Campeachy, which were to sail in a few days for Mexico, to join the king's forces. *Ibid.*

Boston, July 27.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

Capt. Endicott, arrived at Salem yesterday, in 49 days from Riga, (Russia.) We have not learnt that she brings much political intelligence; her marine news will be found in another part of this paper. Mr. Erving, our minister at the Court of Denmark, arrived at Copenhagen from France on the 1st of June. His arrival had been anxiously looked for by our suffering brethren in that quarter. It appears by the Sound List, that two or three American vessels which had been captured and sent into Denmark, *had been liberated* prior to his arrival. The talk of war between Russia and France had subsided in Russia.

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

The following is understood to be the substance of the late regulations in France, in consequence of the revocation of the Berlin decrees and also as respects the commerce of the U. States.

American vessels sequestered in the ports of France since the 2d of Nov. last are relased.

American vessels coming from the U. States and laden with the produce of the United States, will be admitted and received in all the ports of France, on payment of the legal duties. Their cargoes must be accompanied with certificates of origin delivered by the French consuls; and the vessels must in return take an equal value in French wines, silks and other manufactures, in certain fixed proportions.

Tobacco is not prohibited; but that article being under special direction, it must on its arrival be deposited, and if greater quantities arrive than the direction (regie) can purchase, the transit through France to Germany and other European countries will be permitted.

Sugar, coffee, cocoa, and other *colonial products*, are admitted only in vessels having permission for that purpose.

A list of the American articles thus admissible, and said to be taken verbatim from our annual statement of exports in preceding the embargo, has been prepared for the use of the French custom-houses.

In reply to a very singular article from a correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, which accuses of "unblushing misrepresentation of the conduct of France towards the U. States," adverting to the quarter in which we suppose it to have originated, to the motives which prompted it, or even to the delusion of mind which led to the insinuation of our partiality to France; we challenge the erudite writer, or any one else, to produce an instance of a condemnation in France of an American vessel seized under the Berlin and Milan decrees subsequently to the first of November last. Out of all the vessels provisionally sequestered since the 1st November, and lately released, we know of one only, viz. the Orleans Packet, the circumstances of whose voyage might have subjected to it the operation of these decrees, it having touched at Gibraltar; and this vessel has been released with all the others. We pity the infatuation of those who endeavor to mislead the public mind on this subject; it is not the first time, that the pride of opinion has impelled a man to support doctrines which his cooler reason condemned, nor will it be the last.

—— *Nat. Intel.*

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.

It has been a question whether our Gun Boats could ascend the Mobile river to Fort Stoddert, without coming immediately under the guns of Mobile fort. They can pass up the Eastern Branch of the Mobile river, which is the best and nearest channel to Fort Stoddert, without coming within three miles of Mobile fort. July 6.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Mobile, dated the 30th of June.

A letter from Gov. Claiborne, addressed to Gov. Folch, the commandant of Mobile, was received this afternoon. It intimated that the commandant of the *gun-boats* was instructed, "to be as careful not to commit aggression as prompt to repel any insult that might be offered him." That the right of the United States to the free and uninterrupted use of the waters of Mobile was indubitable, and he, Gov. Claiborne, felt it to be his duty to maintain those rights.

Gov. Folch, and of course our commandant, have received positive orders from the Captain General of Havana, to permit the passage of no armed force or military stores by this place; this order was, I am well informed some time since communicated to Gov. Claiborne, of course he has come with his eyes open, and undoubtedly with the authority of his government"

The bearer of the foregoing letter, passed our fleet of gun vessels on Monday afternoon at Dauphin Island in the Mobile Bay, distance 16 leagues from Mobile Fort, and adds, that when he sailed, the Spanish militia and regulars were employed in erecting water batteries. *Louisiana Gaz.*

The United States, it is said, will send out 220,000 dollars in SPECIE, by the frigate Constitution, to pay the interest on the debt due in Holland. Individuals, it is also said, will send specie by the same vessel. The confiscation of American property in Holland has left nothing to be drawn for by bills of exchange, and therefore specie is sent. Government once sent a cargo, which was seized!—*Palladum.*

One would imagine, from such paragraphs as the above, that the writers of them were afraid that the United States should too scrupulously fulfil their engagements. In the present deranged state of commerce, it is not for the U. States to trust to contingencies and chance for the payment of the Public Debt. A remittance therefore is made in specie to pay the interest due in Holland. We notice the above paragraph, however, to contradict the assertion contained in the last sentence of it. *Government* never "sent a cargo to Holland," or any where else, "which was seized." Government made a contract, last summer we believe, with certain merchants in this country, to furnish them with funds here, which they were to replace at Amsterdam by the proceeds of certain produce or merchandize which they proposed sending to the continent. The vessel (or vessels) was cleared out for Tonningen, but went to Amsterdam, and was seized for contravening the municipal regulations which forbids the importation of certain articles. We heard of the transaction at that time; and it was well understood that it was entirely an individual speculation, those concerned having no document from any one connected with the administration except perhaps a certificate of the Americanism of the property. After such experience in contracts with the merchants, it was not to be expected that the government would again take the risque of delay and disappointment, and jeopardize its credit, by a similar mode of remittance. It is therefore, doubtless, that the remittance is made in specie.——*Nat. Intel.*

☞ The account of the engagement between the British sloop of war Atalanta and a French frigate, off our coast, and as published under the New York head, proves to be a *hoax?* We have conversed with an officer of the Tartarus, who declares that the *bloody battle* in question was nothing more than a *sham fight* between his ship and the Attalanta. The Lieut. of the Attalanta, like *Tony Lumpkin*, delighting in "tricks of mischief," invented the story which he told Captain Bulkley, no doubt promising himself and his mess mates a vast deal of *fun* when they should see it formally announced in the American newspapers, as a *fact!* But, Mr. *lying* officer, you may rest assured *Jonathan* will not be much longer gulled by British babblers.

Norfolk Herald.

Ship Rapid, capt. Dorr, of and from Boston, with 80,000 dollars in specie, has been totally lost on the coast of New Holland, captain and crew saved. Capt. Dorr and part of the crew of the Rapid navigated to this port the General Green she having lost her captain and most of her crew at Batavia ——[Phil. Am.]

The Governor of Trinadad has issued a proclamation, appointing a person to have a shilling cut out of each of 25,000 dollars, and making the dollar thus cut current at nine shillings. This regulation was occasioned by the scarcity of change.

ROBERT SMITH is about to appear before the public again. The Baltimore American of the 25th, promises the next day an Address from him "to the People of the United States." If Robert had any wits or friends left he would know or be told that he might as well attempt to turn a river back to its source, as to change the direction of public opinion, which is universally against him. —— *T. T. Amer.*

Lancaster, July 10.

The Season. The season has for one month past been unusually dry; the rising crops of Indian corn, wear a very unfavorable appearance at this time, and unless a change takes place soon they will be blastered. The crops of wheat and rye in this country are extremely good. ——

A new mode of travelling. Adam Deads and wife, arrived a few weeks since in the neighbourhood of Lancaster, from Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, a journey of upwards of 400 miles, which he performed with a common wheel-barrow, loaded with 140 pounds of baggage, in 32 days. He is upwards of sixty years of age. *Ohio pap.*

Boston, July 23.

THE OLD SERPENT DEAD.—Last Thursday was killed, by Col. Dudley in Dudley Woods, a Mammoth Rattle Snake, six feet long, and had 17 Rattles, of course he was 20 years old.

General Moreau, (says the Northern Whig) is now on a tour through the northern states, accompanied by two gentlemen as his secretaries or companions.

Died, on Wednesday morning last, after a lingering illness, Mrs. *Margaret Martin*, consort of Mr. Edward Martin, of this county.

CAVALRY ORDERS.

☞ THE "*Talbot Patriot Troop*" will meet at Easton, at their usual place of parade, on *Saturday*, the 10th August, completely equipped in summer uniform, and with ten blank cartridges.

Robert H. Goldsborough, Capt.

august 6——1

ELECTION.

The Voters of Talbot County will take notice,

THAT, on MONDAY, the 2d day of September next, an Election (at the several and usual places for holding Elections in this county,) will be held for the purpose of choosing two Electors to elect the next Senate of Maryland.

J. BENNETT, Sh'ff of Talbot county.

august 6——4

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has begun his collection for the present year, and will meet at Easton on *Tuesdays*, for the purpose of making his collection—He earnestly solicits all persons to make immediate payment—for all those who do not pay him on or before the first day of September next, may expect no further indulgence.

SAMUEL B. DARDEN, Collector of Talbot county Tax.

august 6——3

LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at public sale, on Thursday *22d of August, inst. at Denton,*

A SMALL FARM, lying in Caroline county, within three miles of Denton, adjoining the lands of Levin Hicks, on Tuckahoe creek, containing one hundred and sixty acres of land, to which is attached a good fishery called Shadville. The above lands are well known, therefore a further description is deemed unnecessary. The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale, by VINCENT CLEMENS.

august 6——3*

VALUABLE LANDS

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell that highly valuable FARM, commonly called and known by the name of BARKER'S LANDING. This farm is situated in Talbot, up on the waters of Choptank river, and it is deemed by judges equal in point of fertility and facility of cultivation to any in the county—A description of it is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed that all persons disposed to purchase will view the premises, to which they are hereby invited. Should not the above mentioned property be disposed of at private sale before the 26th day of September next, it will upon that day be offered at public sale upon the premises, agreeable to such terms as will then be made known. Attendance will be given by William Hayward, Jun. my agent.

ELIZABETH NICOLS.

august 6——8

THE LADIES & GENTLEMEN, INHABITANTS of Easton, and residents in the neighbourhood, are informed, that a choice and elegant selection of BOOKS, in modern and polite literature are now, and will remain a short time for sale, with the Philadelphia and Baltimore prices only affixed, at Mr. *Thomas Peacock's* large room, Easton—to which they are invited.——august 6——3

FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND within a quarter of a mile from *Cratchet's Ferry*, containing six acres, whereon is a good dwelling house, 16 by 24, completely finished, together with a piazza and every other out house necessarily wanting. There is also on the premises a new Store House, 18 by 16; the whole binding with the public road that leads to Milford in Delaware, and on the other side of said ferry, within eight miles to New Market, and same distance to Vienna, which renders the foregoing premises sentrically for trade. For terms apply on the premises, to

MOSES PASSAPA.

august 6——3*

TO LET,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

THE FARM where *Philemon Sherwood* now lives—ALSO—a House and Lot in St. Michael's: The house has four rooms on the lower floor, and two above, and cellar; one of the rooms on the first floor is well fitted for a Store. For further particulars apply to

THOS. L. HADDAWAY.

St. Michael's, august 6——m

TWO OVERSEERS WANTED.

AN OVERSEER will be wanted for the ensuing year, on Mrs. Ennalls's Farm on Transquaken river, in Dorchester county, and also on my Farm at Horn's Point. Liberal wages will be given to persons every way qualified for the above mentioned employments. But no person need apply without bringing the most satisfactory testimonials of his being so qualified. In my absence applications may be made to Thomas Chapman, at Shoal Creek, near Cambridge.

C. GOLDSBOROUGH.

august 6——8

TO BE SOLD,

The following LANDS in Appoquinimink Hundred, the county of New Castle, and State of Delaware:—

A PLANTATION or tract of Land called *Camden*, containing about 350 acres, situate on the south side of Appoquinimink river, half a mile above the village called *Cantwell's Bridge*, where a considerable trade is carried on. It is bounded by the river near a mile—about 140 acres are arable, 120 wood, the residue marsh and cripple; the state road runs through it.

Also—A tract of Land of about 430 acres, near three miles west of the state road, where it crosses Blackbird creek; about a third part is arable, the rest well timbered, and above 50 acres of meadow may be made. There is a quantity of *iron bog-ore* on this land. It lies 5 miles from the public landings on the navigable waters of Delaware Bay, and the same distance from those of the Chesapeake. The two above mentioned tracts will be divided, each into two or more farms, if desired.

Likewise—A Plantation, containing 150 acres, situate on the northeast branch of Duck creek, and near to a landing; it lies about three miles to the east of the state road, where it crosses Blackbird creek.

The terms of sale will be reasonable; a fourth part of the purchase money cash—the residue will be received in annual instalments for three or more years, and a bond and mortgage from the purchaser accepted as security. For further particulars apply to Mr. John Cummins, merchant at Smyrna, in the county of Kent; Mr. Wm. F. Corbit, merchant at Cantwell's bridge, in the county of New Castle; or to the subscriber in the city of Philadelphia—who will also sell or let, on improving leases, divers tracts of land in Beaver, Alleghany, and Centre counties in Pennsylvania, in well settled neighbourhoods.

THOMAS M'KEAN.

july 29 (august 6) 1811——6m

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

EDWARD LLOYD, ESQUIRE,

GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been satisfactorily represented to me, that a certain *JOHN BADGER*, who was condemned seven years to the Public Roads, by the honorable Judges of the first Judicial District of Maryland, for House Burning and Horse Stealing—has made his escape from punishment, and is now lurking about Elkton, committing many crimes, and alarming the people by his nocturnal plunderings. *And whereas*, it is obviously the duty of the Executive, in the execution of the laws, to endeavor to bring all malefactors to justice: I have thought proper to issue this my Proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, offer ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD, to any person or persons, who shall apprehend and bring to justice, the said JOHN BADGER.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State of Maryland, this thirtieth day of July, in the year of (L. S.) our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the thirty-sixth.

EDWARD LLOYD.

By his Excellency's command.

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Clerk of the Council.

august 1 (6)——12

☞ The above Proclamation to be published twice in each week for the space of six weeks, in the Whig, Sun, and Federal Gazette, at Baltimore; Maryland Gazette and Maryland Republican, at Annapolis; and the Star, at Easton.

TO BE RENTED,

THE Houses, Lots and Blacksmith's Shop now occupied by *John Craw*. This establishment is commodious and convenient, and is supposed to be the most lucrative country stand for business in the county.

ROBT. H. GOLDSBOROUGH.

august 6——m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A YOUNG LAD, about 15 or 16 years of age, of a good connexion and well disposed, who can write a good hand and understands the arithmetic, to stand in a Store, that would be free to continue until he arrived at the age of twenty one, after trial for a short time.

GERALD COURSEY.

Queen's Town, auguss 6——3*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all those who put mares to *Bucephalus* this season, that they are authorised to discharge the claim by paying five dollars for each mare, and twenty five cents to the groom, on or before the first of September—Mr Lambert W. Spencer will receive the money from those in Talbot county, and Mr. William H. Coursey from those in Queen Ann's. Those persons who put mares to the above mentioned horse in 1810, and have not paid, are requested to pay the same to Wm. H. Coursey, otherwise a list will shortly be put into the hands of an Officer for collection. E. COURSEY.

august 6——3

TALBOT COUNTY, *to wit:*

I HEREBY certify, that *James Benny*, of said county, brought before me as a stray trespassing on his inclosure, a bay gelding about twelve years old, 14 hands 2 1-2 inches high, with two small white spots on the back, branded on the left shoulder F. and on the left thigh F. trots, paces and canters. Given under hand of me, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said county, this second day of August, 1811.

JOHN GREGORY.

To the Clerk of Talbot county Court.

The owner of the above horse is requested to prove the property, pay charges, and take him away. JAS. BENNY.

Head of Wye, Talbot county, aug 6——3

WORCESTER COUNTY, Ss.

ON application to the subscriber, in the recess of the court, as an associate judge of the fourth judicial district of the state of Maryland, by petition in writing of *Parker Purnell*, of Worcester county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying the benefit of the act of the general assembly of the state of Maryland, entitled "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session, 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition; and the said Parker Purnell having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland, immediately preceding the time of his application—and the said Parker Purnell having taken the oath prescribed for delivering up his property, and giving sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Worcester county, to answer such allegations as may be made against him. I do therefore order and adjudge that the said Parker Purnell be discharged from imprisonment, and he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once a week for three months successively in one of the newspapers printed at Easton, and by causing a like notice to be set up at the court house door, and at the door of one of the taverns in New Town, before the first Saturday in November term next, to appear before the said court at the court house of said county, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Parker Purnell should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 25th day of June, 1811

JAMES B. ROBBINS.

august 6, 1811——3m