STAR.

General Advertiser.

EASTON:—*TUESDAY MORNING*, SEPTEMBER 3, 1811.

## ELECTORAL ELECTION.

At the close of the polls last evening for Electors to elect the Senate of Maryland, for this county, the votes stood as follow:—

*DISTRICT No. I.—EASTON.*

| | |
|---|---|
| REPUBLICAN. | |
| Samuel Stevens, jun. | 260 |
| Perry Spencer | 254 |
| FEDERAL. | |
| Tristram Thomas | 148 |
| Walter L. Fountain | 133 |

*DISTRICT No. II.—St. MICHAELS*

| | |
|---|---|
| REPUBLICAN. | |
| Samuel Stevens, jun. | 200 |
| Perry Spencer | 196 |
| FEDERAL. | |
| Tristram Thomas | 137 |
| Walter L. Fountain | 133 |

*DISTRICT No. III.—TRAPPE.*

| | |
|---|---|
| REPUBLICAN. | |
| Samuel Stevens, jun. | 185 |
| Perry Spencer | 177 |
| FEDERAL. | |
| Tristram Thomas | 166 |
| Walter L. Fountain | 158 |

*DISTRICT No. IV.—CHAPEL.*

| | |
|---|---|
| REPUBLICAN. | |
| Samuel Stevens, jun. | 153 |
| Perry Spencer | 153 |
| FEDERAL. | |
| Tristram Thomas | 141 |
| Walter L. Fountain | 141 |
| TOTAL | |
| Samuel Stevens, jun. | 798 |
| Perry Spencer | 780 |
| Tristram Thomas | 592 |
| Walter L. Fountain | 565 |
| Democratic Majority | 188 |

Thus has terminated one of the warmest contended elections that has been held in this county for many years, by decided majorities in every district, on the side of liberty, to the great mortification of its enemies.

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Gen. WILKINSON left this city on Saturday last for Fredericktown, to attend the Court Martial summoned to meet there in a few days. It is doubted, we believe, whether or not a quorum will be present on the day assigned for opening the Couat; in which case it will, we presume, be adjourned from day to day until a quorum appears.—[Nat. Intel.

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The following is the effusion of the federal editor of the *Balance* printed in Albany, who, stripping off every vestige of an American character, openly avows hostility to our happy emancipation from Britain. It would be happy for this country, if all of the same class of British advocates would come out as plain, and shew their real character.

*Pub. Adv.*

"False patriotism produced the American revolution.—The mad caps, who were most instrumental in fomenting it, came off shabby enough at last. Some lost their lives, others their property, others their health and limbs, and are cripples and invalids to this day. Had they wisely remained in their chimney corners like myself and a few others that I could mention, they would have saved life, property and limbs; and would at this moment have found themselves in comfortable circumstances, instead of poverty, misery and rags."

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FEDERALISM ON SPARE DIET.

It has been justly remarked that the federalism of this country, ever since its connexion with the British faction, has risen and fallen with the pride and prosperity of England. British commerce and British guineas have worked their wonders in America. The non-importation law has cut the thousand cords that bound our enslaved debtors to their creditors in England. *British guineas* are out of the case.—The Jews and hoarders have undertaken to be the keepers of the public morals, and secured from the grasp of ministers that gold with which they were wont to corrupt the christian world.—The depreciated and depreciating state of bills that now glut our market, on that government, the credit of whose paper was the sheet anchor of the "fast anchored Isle," shakes at once the faith and the fidelity of the "advocates of the British cause in America." And the admirers of the mistress of the seas, who have heretofore *drank of the cup of her fornication*, are left to the abstract enjoyment of pure *platonic love*.

*Bost. Pat.*

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Among the miserable arts practised by the federalists to influence the election in Maryland, is one which really exceeds any degree of profligacy that we have ever yet known the leaders of that party to descend to. We allude to the despicable forgery lately published in the Philadelphia True American, under the title of a "*Treaty of amity and commerce between his Majesty the Emperor of France, King of Italy, &c. &c. and the United States of America.*" To what a miserable state must a faction be reduced when it has recourse to such detestable proceedings. The practice of such weak and profligate villainy to impose upon the minds of an unsuspecting people, and thereby gain an ascendency in the state, shews the straits to which they are driven. We have no doubt but this mean artifice has been got up under the auspices of the Washington Society of Baltimore, and sent on to Philadelphia, in order to make its appearance in the True American, that they might by this means be the better enabled to palm it upon the public as a genuine treaty. Desperate indeed must be the cause which can hope for aid from such an imposition.

*Md. Repub.*

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*Washington City, Aug. 29.*

THE LATE CAPTURES.

The writer of the following sentence, which we find in a late federal print, or any of his friends, will confer a favor on us and his readers by translating it into English:—"*Our coasting vessels captured by British cruisers on our coast, is as unjustifiable as the government appear incompetent or unwilling to protect us!*" We do not mean to intimate that the writer could not write English, altho' he really does appear to *know more* about French than English; but it is evident the *delicacy* of the subject, combined, with the proximity of the Maryland election, have a little confused his senses. His friends should look to him; for any man who attempts to make credulous partizans swallow such a dose as the ridiculous fabrication of a *project* of a treaty with France, contained in the Baltimore Federal Gazette of the 24th, from which we extract the above sentence, must be either politically insane or politically dishonest. There is no escape from the one or the other of these alternatives; and charity requires that we should attribute the hallucination to insanity rather than knavery.

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A PROPHETIC SPIRIT—must certainly have dictated the article in the Virginia Patriot, from which we subjoin an extract. Those are true prophets, it is said, who fulfil their own prophecies. We may apply the saying to this article; for if the writer be not a Briton by birth and residence, his writings would certainly bespeak him so by adoption in principle and sentiment:—

"When the British see us thus tame-surrendering our property; when they see the government thus indirectly laying a tax on our merchants to support a war against them; in what other light can they consider us than as the allies of France? When they find all attempts to adjust their difficulties with us *frustrated by a predetermined resolution to continue the quarrel*, what hopes can they entertain of receiving any benefit from a state of peace consisting of *war altogether on our part?* That they should, on receiving dispatches from Mr. Foster, immediately *retaliate* by some effective *and to us ruinous* measure, without *not the least* surprize us: *our surprise* is that they have been *so long patient*, that they *have not retaliated* step by step, measure for measure, in *proportion to what we have meted* to them."

Shame, where is thy blush?

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The following article, extracted from the London Morning Chronicle of June 11, 1811, shews us how well the state of parties in this country is understood *over the water*:

"We had letters yesterday from the U. States as late as to the 9th ult.—The elections are not so generally in favor of the Federalists, OR BRITISH PARTY, as has been represented. Nothing is said of an extraordinary session of Congress in these journals, but such a measure is fully expected in the best informed circles at Washington."

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*Baltimore, August 28.*

Our relations with England bear a gloomy aspect. The federal prints, however, apologize for Britain still, and tell us these are events of our own seeking. Can any American read all the British orders in council which are in force, and say that we ought not to resort to war to procure their removal which negociation fails; yet federalists accuse the administration of the crime of seeking war. The same party made the same charges during the American revolution. Federalism is the cloak of many colors; yet it can neither hide itself nor cloak its variegations.

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The ship Archduke Charles from Lima arrived in the Thames the beginning of July, with between 3 and 4 millions in specie; the Mutine arrived from Rio Janeiro with about 2 millions, and the China fleet was shortly expected with 10 or 12 millions.

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A London paper of July 6, states that for "these two years past most of the English ships which have gone to the North of Europe, have assumed the American flags, and taken simulated (forged) papers, by which they have been permitted to an entry. The general prevalence of this practice, produced the seizure of all the ships under American colors; so that in many instances, the neutral American merchants suffered. It was a subject of remonstrance by Russia, Sweden and Denmark, to the Consuls there, that their neutral flag was thus unfairly assumed by one of the belligerents. In these instances, we have no right to charge the Americans with bad faith, as the adventures were commenced and concluded by English merchants in England."—Here is an open confession by an English print of the abuse, by forged papers, of the American flag, by English merchants, on English account—which has in a great measure occluded the honest American trader from the commerce of continental Europe; and here we find a *clue* to the outcry of the federal prints against French enormities. The honest man loses, the Feds cares not.

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Under the head of "*French bribery*," the last *Repertory* has the following:—"Mr. Goldsmith has published to the world that he is in possession of a list of the names of those wretches in the United States, who received the wages of iniquity and corruption from France. Would, that the application which has been made for a copy of this list, may procure it for our readers.

It has always been the policy of the federalists to charge upon their opponents the very crimes which they themselves commit. Being pledged sole and body to support the cause of England against this country, they endeavor to make the public believe there is a party in this country devoted to France—that our administration are under French influence, and that we are sold to Napoleon. The falsehood of these intemperate ravings has been fully proved by every act of government, and by the law which still holds out to Great Britain the proffer of our friendship. But to come to the point—if such a *list* as is referred to by the Repertory exists, we challenge the paper to publish it. Nay more—we *demand*, on behalf of the American people, that it immediately appear. It is not produced, we shall set it down among the numberless attempts which have lately been made to *trick* the American people. *Boston Centinel.*

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## ANOTHER ROBBERY.

The brig Milo, Johnson, from Bordeaux to Baltimore, with a very valuable cargo, WAS CAPTURED by the British frigate Belvidere, in thirteen fathoms Water, off the Capes of Delaware. As John Adams once said "The finger of Heaven points to war." British Editors in America, begin to look towards Nova-Scotia.

By a letter from the seat of government, we learn, that it is expected that an embargo on all vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, would be issued by the President of the United States, in consequence of advices received by late dispatches from the United States charge des affairs in London. *Aurora.*

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*Progress of Manufactures.*—A few weeks since a gentleman in this city purchased twenty bales of merino wool, at auction, at 90 days credit. The wool was sent to Poughkeepsie, and has been manufactured by Mr. Booth. The cloth is returned to this city, and is now selling at $ 10 per yard, being considered equal to the Dutch cloth at 14——And the noters for the wool are not yet due.

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The loss sustained at Newburyport by the late fire, is estimated at about $ 600,000—& it is supposed the sums received, and to be received, will amount to about 130,000. The citizens of Boston alone contributed the liberal sum of $24,305 55 cents.

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*To Printers—To excite emulation.*

A young man, an apprentice in this office, who is only between 16 and 17 years of age, composed on Wednesday last, by the usual time of quitting work, 14,152 m's, of the matter contained in the first & second pages of this paper: If this has ever been exceeded, or equalled, by a compositor of his age, it is what we are ignorant of—and indeed, we are of the opinion, that the same quantity of solid matter in so short a measure, has seldom been composed, in one day, by any of the most expert and practised workmen.

*Franklin Repository.*

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BALLSTON, (N. Y.) Aug. 14.

*Extraordinary day's work.* On Thursday the 8th inst. between the rising and setting of the sun, Mr. JACOB DELAMONTE FELTHOUSEN, Foreman in the office of the *Saratoga Advertiser*, actually composed, correctly, 14,883 m's of Long Primer Type—being 6 columes 42 lines of the matter of this paper; he in the mean time partook of the necessary refreshment. In November last Mr. F. set in 10 hours rising 12,000 m's of the same type—which at the time was considered by many professional printers as impracticable——5000 m's is a day's work!

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## CAVALRY ORDERS.

☞ THE "*Talbot Patriot Troop*," will meet at Easton, on *Saturday*, the 7th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in full uniform, each member with ten blank cartridges—A punctual attendance is requested for the purpose of balloting for new members. Per order,

WILL. HARRISON, jr. Lieut.

september 3——1

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## LAND FOR SALE.

*Will be offered at public sale, at the* Union Tavern, *in Easton, on the 17th day of September, at three o'clock in the afternoon,*

A FARM, situated on Wye River, near Skipton Landing, and adjoining the land of Major William Dunn. The title papers of the land are lodged in the hands of Mr. James Price, who will give any information required, by persons wishing to purchase. JAS. KEMP.

september 3——3

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## GREAT BARGAINS

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, on *Thursday*, the 26th day of this instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the subscriber's, in Caroline county, near Denton, on a credit till the first day of April next, a large personal property, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture; stock of almost every kind, amongst which are Four Horses, well broke to the carriage, two full bred Fillies, a number of cattle & sheep fit for slaughter—an excellent yoke of oxen; carts, ploughs, harrows, &c. &c. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, and attendance given by

DEKAR THOMPSON.

september 3——4

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## NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has just received from Philadelphia, a supply of *Goods* suited to the present season, also a considerable part of his *FALL SUPPLY*,

—AMONGST WHICH ARE—

WOOD'S best London cloths
Yorkshire do of various qualities
Double and single mill'd cassimeres
Imperial cords
Plush cord
Bennett's cord
Stockinett
Cords and velvets
Black silk moleskin
Toilanetts, marseilles & other waistcoating
Flannels
Furniture and other prints
Cotton shirtings
Long cloths
Irish linens well assorted
Long lawns
Black, colour'd and white cambric muslins
Hail and seeded do
India & British book do
Figur'd & plain leno
Twill'd cambrics
Corded and striped do
Long shawls
Damask silk do
Cotton & silk hosiery
Silk, kid and beaver gloves
Satins, mantuas, lutestrings & plaid silks
Bed tickings
Russia linens
Coarse muslins, &c.

ALSO,

*Queen's-Ware, China, Glass, &c. &c.*

All which he offers at the lowest prices for Cash. SAMUEL GROOME.

september 3——m

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## NEW GOODS.

The Subscribers have returned from Philadelphia, with a supply of

*FALL GOODS,*

CONSISTING OF

BEST London and Common broadcloths
Cassimeres
Flannels
Cords and velvets
Fine and common prints
Cotton shirtings
4-4 and 6-4 cambric muslins
4-4 Irish linens
Long lawns
India muslins
Furniture prints
Fancy shawls
Fancy muslins
Madras and other handkerchiefs
Lutestrings and satins of various colours
Men and boy's wool hats
Morocco do &c. &c.

ALSO—a parcel of very nice Teas—China, Glass, Queen's ware and Cutlery—All of which they offer as usual.

THOMAS & GROOME.

Easton, september 3——3

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## BALTIMORE & EASTON PACKET.

THE FAST SAILING SCHOONER *NANCY AND JANE*,

Will leave Easton on *Wednesdays* at nine o'clock, and on *Saturdays* leave Baltimore about the same hour, wind and weather permitting.——This schooner lies in Smith's dock, opposite Ely Balderton's, where a letter bag is left for the reception and delivery of letters. The vessel is new and strong, and in nice order for passengers or freight

SAMUEL THOMAS.

september 3——m

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## BAR-IRON AND STEEL,

*For sale at the Shop of the Subscriber, on Dover street.*

JUST received from Baltimore, a large assortment of Bar-Iron, Country and Crowley Steel, Cart Boxes, Carriage Tyer and Axel-Tree Moulds—all which will be sold low for Cash.

WILLIAM BARTON.

september 3——m

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## NOTICE TO PURCHASERS

AT the sale of the personal property of the late *William W. Haddaway*, deceased, made by the subscriber, that the Notes taken at said sale are now due, payment of which is desired immediately, or steps to enforce it must be resorted to, by

WRIGHTSON LOWE, adm'r of Wm. W. Haddaway, dec'd.

september 3——3


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## IN CHANCERY.

JOSEPH MARTIN, Edward Needles, John Singleton, William Alexander, Robert Sparks, Henry Johnson, Robert Dawson and William D. Thomas, Baynard Willson and Henry Johnson, Greenbury Goldsborough, James Baynard, John Nabb, Perry Benson, Jacob Gibson, Joseph Haskins, John Harwood, James Price, Joshua Tagart and Samuel Baldwin—

VERSUS

Stephen Stewart Johns.

The complainants and their representatives, and the defendant in the above cause, will please to take notice, that agreeably to a commission from the High Court of Chancery to me directed, to examine witnesses in the above cause, I, on the second day of this present month (September) at the court house, in the town of Easton, agreeable to previous notice, proceeded in the execution of the said commission, but not having closed the same, have caused an adjournment to take place until the 9th day of this present month (September) at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day. The complainants and their representatives and the defendant, will please to take notice, that in pursuance of the authority vested in me by the said commission, I shall on the 9th day of this instant, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, at the court house, in the town of Easton, proceed to execute the said commission, at which time and place the complainants and their representatives, and the defendent will attend in person, or by attorney, if they think proper. JOHN STEVENS, Jun.

Commissioner.

Easton, september 3——1

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## TO THE FRIENDS OF *CAMP MEETINGS.*

A CAMP-MEETING will commence on *Thursday*, 19th September, and continue till Monday, 23d, near *Dividing Creek Bridge*, Worcester county, Md. on the county road—where there is a large and accommodating ground prepared after the best manner. Every thing necessary to make it safe and convenient for friends at a distance to attend it, will be punctually attended to.—We solicit the pleasure of the company of our friends, as a meeting of *this description* has never been held near this place.——septemper 3


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## MARCH TERM, 1811.

THE creditors of *Joshua Polk*, of Dorchester county, are hereby required to take notice, that on the petition of the said Joshua Polk, to the judges of Dorchester county court, for relief as an insolvent debtor, under the act of assembly passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and the several supplements thereto—and he having complied with the directions of the said acts, and given bond with sufficient security to appear before the judges of Dorchester county court, at the town of Cambridge, on Saturday next after the third Monday in March, to answer any allegations against him relative to his said application, the same time and place are appointed for his creditors to attend for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, or to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Joshua Polk should not have the benefit of the said acts of assembly. Signed by order,

E. RICHARDSON, Clk.

september 3, 1811——6

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## MARE STOLEN,

ON Thursday night the 11th of July, from the enclosure of the farm called *St. Joseph*, Talbot county, a small dark bay MARE, about 13 hands high, slender made, star in her forehead and snip on her nose; a scar on her left shoulder, wound not quite well, (from a kick) one hind foot white, long tail—she is in good order, and moves well under the saddle or in harness. Five dollars reward will be paid for delivering said mare to the subscriber.

LAMBERT SHIELDS, Overseer.

september 3——m

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## 20 DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen from the neighborhood of Greensborough, on Sunday the 18th of August, a small sorrel mare, thin in flesh, one hind foot white, and a small white strip on her nose—five years old, trots and canters, is about fourteen hands high. Whoever will take up said mare, and deliver her to the subscriber, in Denton, shall receive ten dollars, and for the thief (with her) the above reward.

JOSEPH ANTHONY, Jr.

september 3——3*

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## JUST RECEIVED,

*And for sale at the Star office,*

A FEW COPIES OF

*PIKE's EXPEDITIONS*

To the source of the Mississippi, and thro' the Western parts of Louisiana, &c. &c. illustrated by Maps and Charts.——sept 3.

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## RUNAWAY NEGRO.

WAS committed to the gaol of Washington county, on the 7th instant, negro *John Collins*, about 26 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, very black—Had on when committed a linsey jacket and roundabout, tow shirt and trowsers, and an old wool hat. He says he belonged to Mr. Richard Hamsley, of St. Mary's county, Maryland, who sold him to a Mr. Turner, of Virginia, who was taking him to Carolina. If his owner does not release him, he will be sold for his gaol fees, &c. according to law.

MATTHIAS SHAFFNER, Sheriff of Washington county, Md.

august 20 (sept. 3)——3