the service, would be deemed malefactors and punishable as such; and it is not the practice of any country, particularly of G. Britain, to surrender malefactors without a stipulation, which is always reciprocal. In G. Britain, we know from experience, that no provision exists for restoring American seamen to our merchant vessels, even to the fulfilment of their voluntary engagements; and if deserters from American ships of war are ever restored, it is by the courtesy, not the legal duty, or perhaps authority, of British naval commanders, and from the policy of recommending a practice, which if mutual, must be evidently in favor of the British service, the desertion from it being so common, in comparison with that from the service of the U. S.

You observe that your government has charged you to state, that it will continue to give the most positive orders against the detention of American citizens on board British ships of war. If those orders were to prohibit the impressment of seamen from American vessels at sea the great source of the evil, they would have been a welcome proof of its disposition to do justice and promote a good understanding between the two countries. Nothing short of this can be an adequate remedy; and the U. States are known to be ready to substitute to practice the most liberal arrangements on the subject. But, suppose the orders to be given as signified, and in the latitude and form promising most efficacy, how could they restore that portion of the thousands of our citizens who have been impressed or passed into ships stationed or cruizing in remote parts of the globe? But it is signified only that your government will continue to give orders against the detention of American citizens on board British ships of war. It follows that they are to be detained as heretofore, until formal proof can be produced to the British admiralty, in each particular instance, that seaman is a native citizen of the U. S. the difficulty and delay in doing which are too obvious to need explanation. Nor is this the only cause of complaint. When such proof has been produced to the British admiralty, a direct refusal is made to the discharge of the seaman, if he has resided in Great Britain, shall have married there, or shall have accepted the bounty given to seamen voluntarily entering the service, although for the most part the American seamen, after having been forced into the service, have accepted the bounty either relieve their wants, or otherwise to alleviate their condition. I omit other causes of detention which might be mentioned. Add to the whole, that it is not sufficient to prove, that the seamen taken from American vessels are not subjects of G Britain, nor the subjects of her enemy. It has been the invariable practice of the British cruizers to include in their impressments from American vessels the citizens and subjects of every neutral nation, even where it was known that they were such; and no instance, it is believed, can be given of the success of an application for the restoration of such neutral aliens to the service of the U. S.

These observations cannot fail, as I presume, to satisfy you, sir, how little ground your government has for the complaints stated in your letter, and how much the United States have for those they have so long and so stremously, but at the same time so ineffectually presented, in behalf of their injured mariners.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect and consideration, Sir, your most obedient servant,
(Signed) JAMES MONROE.

Zanesville, Ohio, June 3.

HEAD QUARTERS.

Camp, on the banks of Mad River, May 25, 1812.

Officers and Soldiers of the first army of Ohio,

Collected suddenly and rapidly from various parts of the state, you have manifested a zeal worthy the character of a free people. You will soon be completely organized, and I trust that harmony will forever continue. Already you have made considerable advances in discipline—you will improve—it will soon become easy, familiar and agreeable. *Subordination* is the soul of discipline—order, safety and victory are its results. Honor consists in an honorable discharge of duty, whatever may be the task. Respect each other according to your stations. Officers, be to your men as parents to children. Men, regard your officers as fathers. You will soon march. My heart will always be with you. The prayers of all good citizens will attend you.

By direction of the President of the U. States, I have so far organized and marched you. In his name I thank you.

I feel great satisfaction in knowing, that you are to be placed under the command and guidance of Brigadier General HULL, a distinguished officer of revolutionary experience, who being superintendant of Indian affairs, and Chief Magistrate of the territory to which you are destined, was happily selected for the service. His influence and authority *there*, will enable him to provide for your convenience.

I pray that each may so conduct that when you return to the embraces of your friends and relatives, they may be proud to salute you, as *one* who had honorably belonged to the first army of Ohio. The second army is organizing and will follow if necessary.

Our frontiers *must* be protected from savage barbarity, our *rights* maintained, and our *wrongs* avenged.

Go then!—fear not!—be strong!—quit yourselves like men, and may the GOD of ARMIES be your shield and buckler.

R. J. MEIGS, *Gov. of Ohio.*

Portsmouth, June 5.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature convened at Concord on Wednesday last. We learnt last evening the Hon. Clement Storer was chosen speaker of the House—That there was no choice of Governor by the people, Mr. Gilman having 160 votes more than Mr. Plumer, not being sufficient to balance the scattering votes, both houses in convention, Mr. Plumer was chosen by a majority of 22. Every branch of the government is democratic.

THE REPUBLICAN STAR, AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1812.

Washington City, June 11.

The Senate has been sitting with closed doors until four o'clock of each of the two last days.—It is generally understood that serious and solemn debate has occupied the time employed in their sittings; and that as yet they have come to no decision on the important question before them.

The House yesterday sat with closed doors from 12 to 4 o'clock, when they adjourned, after interesting debate, without having concluded the subject before them.

From Washington, June 11

To-day the doors of the House of Representatives were open; yesterday both houses sat with closed doors till a very late hour.——Report says the doors of the lower house were closed upon account of a message from the Senate; this is incorrect, it was distinct matter introduced incidentally by the committee of foreign relations.—The Senate are said not to have decided on the great question before them; and there is some doubt whether it will prevail in its present shape, or letters of marque and reprisal be substituted in its place; the latter inference *might* be inferred, as the Senate have by a message informed the House that they have postponed the bill for establishing the department of war till the first of October next.——[*Alex. Herald.*

Washington City, June 8.

At a meeting of the Republican Members of Congress, convened in the Senate Chamber this evening for the purpose of recommending a proper person to be supported for the office of Vice-President of the United States at the ensuing election, agreeably to notice given by the committee of arrangement appointed at the late meeting:

Mr. VARNUM stated the object of the meeting to be to fix on a candidate to be supported in lieu of John Langdon, resigned, for the office of Vice-President of the United States.

Mr. CRAWFORD, of Georgia, read the letter from Mr. Langdon to the general committee.

On motion of Mr. RINGGOLD,
Mr. VARNUM was appointed Chairman, and Mr. JOHNSON Secretary.

On motion of Mr. WRIGHT, the names of those present were noted, and are as follow:

SENATORS—Messrs. Cutts, Varnum, Howell, Smith of N. York, Condit, Brent, Giles, Turner, Franklin, Gaillard, Taylor, Tait, Crawford, Campbell of Ten.—14.

REPRESENTATIVES.—Messrs. Bartlett, Dinsmore, Harper, Cutts, Carr, Turner, Widgery, Richardson, Fisk, Shaw, Sage, Boyd, Condit, Maxwell, Morgan, Anderson, Bard, Brown, Crawford, Davis, Findley, Hyneman, Lacock, Lyle, Piper, Roberts, G. Smith, Ringgold, Wright, Basset, Burwell, M. Clay, Clopton, Dawson, Gholson, Goodwyn, Hawes, Taliaferro, Nelson, Newton, Pleasants, Roane, Alston, Blackledge, Franklin, King, Pickens, Butler, Calhoun, Earle, Moore, Winn, Bibb, B. Hall, Troup, Clay, (Speaker) Desha, Johnson, Ormsby, Grundy, Sevier, Morrow, Poindexter.—63.

On motion of Mr. Findley, the meeting then proceeded to ballot for a person to be supported for the office of VICE-PRESIDENT.

Messrs. Condit of Senate and Crawford of Pennsylvania being appointed tellers, on counting the ballots it appeared that there were,

For Elbridge Gerry	74
Scattering	3

Resolved, That Elbridge Gerry be recommended to the People of the United States as a proper person to fill the office of Vice-President of the U. States for four years from the fourth day of March next.

On motion of Mr. Clay, of Kentucky, a ballot was opened, for such persons as were not present at the former meeting, for a candidate for the Presidency, when the following persons voted, viz.

Messrs. Roane, Clopton, Cutts, Widgery, M. Franklin, J. Franklin, Carr, Crawford of Penn. Maxwell and Blackledge—10

All of whom voted for JAMES MADISON.

On motion of Mr. TALIAFERRO,
The same committee of arrangement, &c. was appointed as at the last meeting.

J. B. VARNUM, Chairman.
R. M. JOHNSON, Secretary.

JOHN LANGDON.

The following are copies of the letter of the General Republican committee to the venerable John Langdon, announcing the determination of the Republican party to support him as Vice-President, together with the Patriot's reply thereto;

To the hon. John Langdon, of N. Hampshire.

We are directed by the general committee of Correspondence appointed by the Republican members of congress, at their meeting held on the 18th May, for the purpose of recommending to their fellow citizens suitable persons to fill the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States for the term of four years from the third day of March next; to inform you that a large majority of that meeting have recommended you for the office of Vice-President of the United States.

This recommendation is the result of a deep conviction, that unanimity, not only in our councils, but in the nation, it is indispensible to the success of the measures which the government has adopted, and intends to adopt, for the vindication of the national rights and interests against the lawless aggressions of foreign nations.

In this awful period of arms and calamities, when the whole system of nature appears to be convulsed, the republic has a right to the service of its citizens. When the nation is imperiously called upon to exchange the garments of peace for the habiliaments of war, there is a peculiar fitness in your presiding over the deliberations of the Senate of the United States.

Having felt the throes which preceded our national existence—ministered to the wants and weakness of our national infancy—and participated largely in forming our national constitution which is the admiration of the wise and good in other nations, and the object of the most ardent attachment in this; you will, we confidently trust, attend to the call of your countrymen, and your exertions secure to the remotest posterity the blessings which that constitution faithfully administered is calculated to confer.

We cannot but hope that the motives which influenced your fellow citizens to require your services at this time, will furnish you with additional inducements to comply with their wishes.

With sentiments of the highest respect, we subscribe ourselves your fellow citizens.

(Signed by the Sub-Committee.)

MR. LANGDON'S ANSWER.

Portsmouth, May 23, 1812.

GENTLEMEN,

By the mail last evening I had the honor of receiving your letter of the 22d inst. which informs me that at a meeting of the Republican Members of Congress I was recommended for the office of Vice-President of the United States. This mark of attention and confidence shewn me by honorable gentlemen demands my most grateful acknowledgments. I wrote the honorable Mr. Ringgold the day before yesterday, giving some farther reasons why I could not consent to be brought forward as a candidate for Vice-President of the United States, to which I beg leave to add, that I am now 71 years of age, my faculties blunted, have lived the last forty years of my life in the whirlwind of politics, and am longing for the sweets of retirement. I am therefore under the painful necessity of declining the honorable offer of my friends of being brought forward as a candidate for the office of Vice-President of the United States. My advanced age forbids my undertaking long journies, and renders me incapable of performing the duties of the important station of Vice-President with any advantage to our beloved country, or honor to myself. To launch again into the ocean of politics at my time of life, appears to me highly improper, I therefore am assured that my honorable friends will forgive me for declining to accept their kind offer.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obliged humble servant,
JOHN LANGDON.

Honorable
JOHN SMITH,
WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD,
CHARLES CUTTS.

New York, June 6.

Yesterday morning, whilst the officers of the British schooner Mackerel were breakfasting on board the President, a messenger came on board and informed the British officers that five men of the Mackerel's had made their escape with the boat. The British officers requested Commodore Rogers to grant him his boat, to go in pursuit; which was complied with. The pursuers (Americans) made a great splashing in the water with the oars, as if they were in great haste, but did not gain an inch on the runaways. They soon had the satisfaction to see them land in safety on Staten Island. We likewise learn that last night and this morning nine more of the Mackerel's crew have made their escape. And the British Consul has declared he fully expected all the crew would escape. *Columbian.*

We understand that the greater part of the crew of the British schooner Mackarel, have deserted. *Merc. Adv.*

It is said that Mrs. General Moreau, who had taken state-rooms in the British Packet for the purpose of visiting France, has given them up. *Ib.*

JOHN LANGDON.—It will be seen by a recurrence to another part of this paper, that the ever-to-be-venerated Patriot *John Langdon*, our present Governor, is to be the next republican candidate for Vice President of the United States. This selection, while it is an honorable testimony to the sterling integrity and undeviating republicanism of one of the first and best heroes of the revolution, proves the falsity of the charge so often reiterated by the federalists, that the southern states are jealous of the northern states; that they are determined to engross all the honors and all the emoluments of office in the general government. We know that but very little influence was made by the northern members for Governor Langdon—as the Massachusetts delegation thought only of *Gov. Gerry;* it was the spontaneous gratitude of *southern* men for long and unwearied services to the country——for undeviating firmness and attachment to the cause of liberty—that induced them to select the *Washington of New Hamshire.* Gov. Langdon had long been in the National Legislature—he was as well known at Washington as in his own native state: and the republicans of New Hampshire will ever be grateful to the republicans of the south for selecting the man to fill the second office in the Union, whom we have ever "delighted to honor." *N. H. Patriot.*

Defence of New York.

From the daily accessions of strength to the fortifications of this harbour, we feel more reconciled to the approach of war, than the state of our defences heretofore has warranted. On Governor's Island, we understand, there are upwards of 1000 effective troops, and several hundreds on the other fortresses in the vicinity; and their numbers are increasing every day by the arrival of detachments of recruits from different parts of the country. Of cannon and ammunition there is undoubtedly a great abundance. And when the force under Gen. Bloomfield is completed, independent of the fine body of *volunteer artillerists* of this city, we shall be under no apprehension for the security of New York against any disposable force in Europe which may be expected to come against it.——[*N. Y. paper.*

ARMY MOVEMENTS.

A detachment of 137 men of the old sixth regiment, passed the bridge of Brunswick yesterday morning, and are expected at Fort Columbus this evening.

Col. Simonds is ordered to rendezvous with the sixth regiment.

Col. Swift, some time since, marched from Canandaigua with 609 men for Niagara. An additional detachment was, we understand, collected at that place on the 13th ult. and are ordered to join Col. Swift.

Last Saturday the quota of the *sixteen hundred men*, recently detached from this brigade commenced their march from Sackett's Harbor, under the command of col. Christopher P. Bellinger. *Herk. Adver.*

The frigate President, Com. Rogers, came up yesterday from the watering place, and anchored off Castle Williams.

The Essex frigate, capt. Porter, also came up & anchored at the Navy Yard.

We believe the Hornet is ordered to get on board three months provisions, and to be ready for sea by Tuesday.

A FINE HAUL!!!

On Thursday evening, the fishing schooner DRONO, of Salisbury, was seized, together with her cargo, of English Dry Goods, said to be worth about $15,000!——[*Bost. Pat.*

We are authorised to state that a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of America, last evening, Oliver Wolcott, Esq. was unanimously chosen President, and Jonathan Burrall, Esq. Cashier of the said Bank. *N. Y. Pap.*

Departed this life, on Tuesday evening, the 9th day of June, Mrs. LECOMPTE, wife of Mr. Samuel Lecompte, of Cambridge, Dorchester county. Her illness, which was long and excruciating, she bore with exemplary piety, fortitude and christian resignation. Newspaper panegyric is so frequently resorted to, and indiscriminately upon all characters, that of late it is of little avail to the character of the deceased.—But it would be injustice to virtue itself, were it omitted in the present instance. Possessed of those interesting qualities and amiable virtues, which so rarely smile upon mankind, she conciliated the affections and friendship of all in the extensive sphere of her acquaintance. Blessed, in an eminent degree, with those moral and social virtues, which redound honour to her sex, and ensure peace and happiness in this world, she sought to enhance that serenity of mind, by a strict adherence to her religious tenets, and a due performance of its duties, which afforded her a bright and consolatory prospect of eternal happiness, in a world more worthy of her virtues. She has left an affectionate husband and two children; beside a great number of acquaintances, friends and relations, bereaved of that happiness she so liberally imparted to all, to lament and regret her loss.

Such is the fate of mortality—such the stern decree of Heaven. We behold those who yesterday were rejoicing like the mid-day sun, fresh with youth, vigor and activity, to-day faded like the winter rose, or the ephemeral splendor of a lilly—the victims of relentless death. We daily witness this occurrence, which should penetrate our very souls, and make it shrink back with horror at beholding those who were valued, the ornaments of society, promiscuously with the idle and the gay, the votaries of pleasure and of this world, press forward to the silent tomb. Yet we remain listless and indifferent to the sad and mournful spectacle. The cloudless prospect of better days, and that heart-conseling peace, derived from the full and implicit belief of a Saviour, yielded her consolation and repose in her last sad struggle. So pleasing and well founded a reflection will doubtless infuse drops of sweetest comfort into the agonized hearts of her bereaved friends, and shorten the bewailing days of affliction. It is not mere conjecture, (for she expressed herself,) and to declare a truth so solemn was the last effort of expiring nature. This just tribute to departed worth is from a female friend of the deceased.

NOTICE.

The members of the EASTON LIGHT INFANTRY BLUES are hereby notified to appear on parade at their usual place, at 2 o'clock, P. M. on FRIDAY, the 19th inst. with uniform and arms complete. By order

LAMBERT REARDON, Lieut.

Easton, june 16——1

PUBLIC SALE FOR CASH.

This day, and continued on Saturday and Tuesday, until all is sold—

OPPOSITE THE MARKET HOUSE.

The subscriber offers the following articles, viz. teas, coffee, soap, candles, tobacco and snuff, common and Spanish segars, good blacking ball, half pint tumblers, whiskey and rum, cotton yarn and thread of home manufacture.

Household and kitchen furniture, one large ten plate stove and pipe, some stove plates for chimneys, one young mare, well broke to the saddle and harness.

The subscriber wishes all accounts due by him, sent in for settlement, and desires immediate payment of all out standing debts, as he will move in a few days, and will let the house and store to the 1st January next, and give a preference to one who would purchase a part of the goods.

JAMES FLETCHER.

june 16——3

PUBLIC SALE.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, will be sold on Saturday, 27th inst. on a credit of 6 months, the purchaser giving bond or note with good security—

ONE NEGRO MAN.

Late the property of Adam Camper, deceased—The sale will take place at the residence of the subscriber, at 12 o'clock on the above day; and attendance given by

THOMAS CAMPER, Adm'r of A. Camper, deceased.

june 16——2*

THE REV. JOSEPH JACKSON

Having removed from St. Peter's Parish, in Talbot county, State of Maryland, to the Western Shore—The VESTRY deem it their duty to fill this vacancy with a suitable Rector, without delay; they therefore take this method of notifying the Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, that they are desirous of employing a Rector for the Parish aforesaid, as soon as possible. The Glebe and Pew rents afford a decent support. Per order—

JAS. LL. CHAMBERLAINE, Reg.

Easton, Md. june 16——3

WILLIAM HARRIS,

Has lately returned from Philadelphia, and now offers to the Public, a very complete assortment of

BRITISH DRY GOODS,

(Suitable to the season)

A CONSIDERABLE PART OF WHICH HE BOUGHT FOR CASH.

The following are a part of the late purchase:

Dimities, fine, narrow, and other stripes	Grandurells
Ginghams, elegant	Cotton cassimeres
Calicoes do. and new paterns	Bedtickings
Mourning calicoes	Mantua & sattin ribbons
Regencys	Galoon bindings, assorted colours
Crapes, black, blue and pink	Hat band crape
Twilled cambrick muslin, black, olive, lead, blue, pink, salmon	Black Barcelonia and love handkerchiefs
Cashmere cambrick muslin, black, blue, &c. &c.	India silk do.
White cambrick muslins, 1-4 & 6-4 assorted	Women's cotton stockings, white and coloured
India and jaconett do.	Men's white cotton stockings
Ditto book do. very fine	Ladies gloves, kid, extra long white & color'd
Shirting muslins	Ladies' gloves, short white and coloured
Ditto imperial	Misses' short gloves
India Pouguy silks for ladies' dresses	Men's buckskin do.
	Superfine cloths
	Scythe blades, grass & wheat

WITH OTHER

HARDWARE,

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF

CHINA & QUEENS WARE.

Chestertown, june 16——4

HARVEST GOODS.

The Subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, WITH AN EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF

GROCERIES,

OF ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Those persons who may wish to purchase for harvest, might do well to give him a call, as he intends selling at a very small advance.

SAMUEL GROOME.

june 16——4

FOR SALE,

On a credit of twelve months, or for secure paper, a fashionable JERSEY COACH, with glasses behind and at the sides, and plated Harness of the best quality. Enquire at the Star Office.

june 16——3

NOTICE.

The subscriber being unable to discharge the several debts due from him, intends to apply to the Judges of Kent county court, on the third Monday of September next, for the benefit of the several acts of assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors. THOMAS TAYLOR.

Chestertown, june 16——3

THE VACCINE LOTTERY,

SECOND CLASS,

NOW DRAWING,

CONTAINS FOUR CAPITAL PRIZES OF

20,000 DOLLARS,

THREE OF

5,000 DOLLARS,

TEN OF

1,000 DOLLARS, &c. &c.

And not near two Blanks to a Prize.

This Lottery is now drawing at the corner of South and Market streets, Baltimore, and will be completed before any other Lottery that will be drawn in the State of Maryland.

TICKETS,

Warranted undrawn, for sale by

THOMAS P. SMITH, *Easton,*

At the same rate as they can be purchased from the Managers.

june 16——4

NEW EDINBURG ENCYCLOPÆDIA,

FIRST AND SECOND HALF-VOLUMES,

On delivery at the Star office—where a few subscribers will be taken.

TO RENT,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

The House at present in the tenure of Doct. JOHN STEVENS, in the town of Easton. For terms apply to the subscriber, living at the Trappe.

WM. BERRIDGE.

june 16——m

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber of Chester Town, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Queen Ann's county, in *Maryland*, letters of administration on the personal estate of Dr. *John T. Longstreet*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at or before the ninth day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this twelfth day of June, eighteen hundred and twelve.

THOS. WHITTINGTON, adm'r.

june 16--3

N. B. Application on the subject of this estate may be made in case of my absence to E. F. Chambers, Esq. of Chester Town, who is fully authorised to adjust and settle all claims and accounts. T. W.

FOR SALE.

Will be sold at public sale, at Denton, on *Tuesday* the 23d inst. that elegant horse FARMERS DELIGHT, on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

JOHN LUCAS, 3d.

june 5——3

IN CHANCERY, JUNE 5, 1812

John H. Ward, and William Long, adm'rs of Thomas Miles, vs. *John Attalanta, Milcha, Levin and Edward Miles, George Robertson, William Waters, senr. and John Ball.*

The object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the sale of the real estate of LEVIN MILES, dec'd. for the payment of his debts. The bill states that the said Levin Miles, deceased, died not leaving personal estate sufficient to pay his debts; that he devised his real estate to his children, the five defendants first mentioned; under two of whom the three other defendants claim an interest in a part of the said estate: It also states that Edward and Milcah Miles reside out of the State of Maryland. It is therefore on the complainants' application, ordered that they cause a copy of this order to be inserted for three successive weeks before the 10th day of July next, in the STAR, printed at Easton, to the end that the absent defendants may have notice of the subject and object of the bill and may be warned to appear, in person or by solicitor, in that court, on or before the 10th day of November next, to shew cause (if any there be) wherefore a decree as prayed should not pass.

W. KILTY, Ch'r.

True copy——Test—
NICH'S BREWER, Reg. Cur. Can.

june 16——3

IN THE RECESS OF SOMERSET COUNTY COURT—

It was ordered by the Honorable JOHN DONE, one of the associate judges of the fourth judicial district of the State of Maryland, that *John Hammond, Elliot Kirwan, Thomas Venables, Matthew Armstrong, William Porter, David M'Grath,* and *James Paden*, petitioners for relief under the insolvent law, give notice to their creditors in some newspaper published at Easton, three months prior to the first Saturday in September term 1812, to be continued successively for five weeks.

Agreeable to the above order,

WE the subscribers do hereby give notice to our creditors to appear before the court to be held in Princess-Anne town, Somerset county, on the first Saturday in September term 1812, to shew cause (if any) why we may not have the benefit of the insolvent law, agreeable to our petitions.

JOHN HAMMOND,
ELLIOTT KIRWAN,
THOMAS VENABLES,
MATTHEW ARMSTRONG,
WILLIAM PORTER,
DAVID M'GRATH,
JAMES PADEN.

june 16——5

SOMERSET COUNTY, Sc.

On application to the subscriber in the recess of the court, as chief judge of the fourth judicial district of the State of Maryland, by petition in writing of PETER TULL, of Somerset county, stating that he is in actual confinement, and praying the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland, entitled "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property; a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition—and the said Peter Tull having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the State of Maryland immedietely preceding the time of his application; and the said Peter Tull having taken the oath by the said act prescribed, for delivering up his property, and giving sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Somerset county, to answer such allegations as may be made against him. I do therefore order and adjudge, that the said Peter Tull be discharged from imprisonment, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one paper at Easton, once a week for three months successively before the first Saturday in September term next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said court, at the court house of said county, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter Tull should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements. Given under my hand this 14th day of January, anno domini 1812. And I also order that the said Peter Tull give further notice, by having a copy of this order set up at the court house door of the county aforesaid, and at one tavern in the town of Princess-Anne, three months previous to the first Saturday in September term next.

WILLIAM POLK.

True copy——Test—
WM. DONE, Clk.

june 16——13

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

And all necessary expences, will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of *Nathan Lecompte*, a deserter from the Army of the United States.—Lecompte is a native of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, about 24 or 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, blue eyes, light hair, fair complexion, and by occupation a labourer.

WILL. KING, Lieut.
5th U. S. Regt. Infantry.

june 16——4

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Strayed or stolen, last night from the subscriber's waggon, Stine's yard, Howard street, Baltimore, a *Bright bay Mare*, three years old last spring, sixteen hands high, left hind leg white, short neck, heavy jawl, with a small scar on the nose; has a cut on the left side of her neck, short docked, shod all round. THIRTY DOLLARS reward will be paid for the recovery of the mare, and 30 dollars for the mare and thief, on conviction. Any person taking up said mare, will please to inform the subscriber by letter directed to him, near Woodsbury's Mills, Frederick county Maryland.

MOSES GRABLE.

june 11 (16)——5*