Eastern Shore REPUBLICAN STAR OR General Advertiser.

EASTON—(MARYLAND) Printed and Published every *Tuesday Morning*, by THOMAS PERRIN SMITH, Printer of the LAWS of the UNITED STATES.

[VOL. 11.....14.] TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1812. [No. 5.....672.]

THE TERMS OF THE STAR,

Are *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* per annum, payable half yearly, in advance: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for *One Dollar*, and continued weekly for *Twenty-Five Cents* per square.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a Decree of the Court of Chancery.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, on THURSDAY the 8th day of October next, at the court house in the town of Centreville, Queen-Ann's county, all that tract of Land in said county, called "BRACCO," as the same was resurveyed previous to the 14th of September, 1767, containing the quantity of six hundred and twenty-three acres of land, and now it is supposed in the occupation of *James Booker*, of Queen Ann's county. This land is sold to satisfy the balance of a mortgage debt due to Gen. James Lloyd.—The deed of mortgage was executed by the late Mr. John Bracco to James Tilghman, dated September 14th, 1767. It will positively be sold to the highest bidder on the day of sale. The terms of sale are *Cash*—to be paid on the day of sale, to the subscriber. The sale will commence at 12 o'clock. JAMES SHAW, Trustee.

september 1——6

EASTON ACADEMY

The Principal and Assistant Teachers in this Seminary take occasion to inform the parents and guardians of boys intended for a liberal education, that, in addition to instruction in the Classical and Mathematical departments, they will teach the English Grammar, and the Sciences of Rhetorick, Arithmetick, and Geography. The scholars committed to their charge shall be treated with care and attention, and faithfully instructed in all the branches of education professed to be taught in the Academy. The terms of tuition are $20 per annum. Believing themselves well qualified to teach what they profess, they respectfully solicit the encouragement and patronage of a generous public.

JOHN BOYLE,
P. QUINN.

Easton, sept. 22——4

FOR SALE.

The Dublin Edition of the
ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA.

ALSO,

A GIG for sale, or hire—engagement being made for its safe treatment. Apply at Mr. Richard Harwood's.

NOTICE

The subscriber has removed from Baltimore to Centreville, and has brought with him materials and workmen suitable to furnish his former customers and the public with the following articles, viz—

Women's Misses' and Children's
MOROCCO, KID, & LEATHER SHOES,
OF EVERY QUALITY.
ALSO—MEN's BOOTS & SHOES,
Of the best quality, and every kind.

He has now on hand an assortment of the above articles. Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, at the Baltimore prices.

WILLIAM HARPER.

Centreville, sept. 22——3

N. B. Encouragement for Journeymen Shoe and Boot Makers, on every branch of the above business, such as steady, sober, industrious men, as I am giving the Baltimore wages.

WM. HARPER.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF MANUFACTORY,

No. 27, Calvert street, Baltimore.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers for sale on accommodating terms, a large stock in his line, consisting of the following articles, viz.

Sweet scent Tobacco, pound and half pound twists,
Small twist do. five to the pound,
Fine Pig-tailin kegs, eight to the pound,
Coarse do. in kegs, pound rolls,
Spanish and common Segars,
Macabau, Scotch and Rappee Snuff.

The above articles are warranted of the first quality, and may be returned at the expense of the subscriber if not approved of. His Macabau and Rappee Snuff is inferior to none in the U. States. The lovers of good Snuff are invited to call and judge for themselves.

HEZEKIAH STARR.

september 22——7*

EASTON RACES.

The Sweepstakes of $300—

Will be run for at Easton, over an elegant course, on WEDNESDAY the 7th day of October next—two miles and repeat. Published by authority.

On Thursday the 8th October—

A purse of $300, three miles and repeat—agreeably to the rules of the late Jocky Club of the Eastern Shore.

On Friday, 9th October—

A purse of $100, one mile and repeat—agreeably to said rules. By

THOMAS PEACOCK.

september 15——4

FOR SALE, OR RENT.

The House and Lot at present occupied by the subscriber, situate on the corner of West street and Miles River road, fronting about 80 feet on said st and running back about 300 feet, bounded by the said road. The house is large and commodious, built of brick and the best materials, completely finished, with two rooms and a passage on the first floor, three on the second, and two in the garret, with two rooms in the cellar.—Attached to the dwelling is a brick pantry and kitchen; on the lot are a brick smoke house and granery, an excellent pump of water in the yard, with a milk house attached, a large and spacious garden well enclosed, stables, carriage and cow houses, with a well in the stable yard. He will sell the above property for well secured paper—If not sold before the first of January next, it will be for rent. For further particulars apply to the subscriber. LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Easton, august 25——m

D. L. THOMAS, & Co.

SUGAR REFINERS, BALTIMORE.

Have removed to the corner of *Commerce and Pratt Streets*, where they offer for sale an extensive and general assortment of handsome Refined Sugars of different qualities and prices; also Muscovado Sugars in barrels, and Sugar House Molasses september 15——4

TROOPERS ATTENTION!

The Troopers of the Eastern Shore, that have *patriotism enough*, will assemble at the court house in Easton on TUESDAY, 28th inst. at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of Volunteering their services to the President of the United States.

A TROOPER OF TALBOT.

september 15——3

GROCERIES.

WILLIAM NORRIS, JUNIOR,
TEA-DEALER & GROCER,
No. 66, Market street, Baltimore—

Informs his Eastern Shore friends and customers that his stock of Teas, Wines, and Liquors, and other Groceries, are larger than usual, and has it in his power to serve them with Goods of choice qualities, either by wholesale or retail.

☞ Orders attended to with fidelity and promptitude, and the Goods sent on board the Packets, clear of expence—A good supply of Gunpowder both for large and small guns, and warranted to be of the best quality:—Also Patent Shot of all sizes.

september 15——7*

NOTICE.

The subscribers hath obtained letters of administration from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, on the personal estate of *William Everngam*, late of said county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers, to the subscribers, on or before the fifteenth day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate: And also those who bought property at the vendue are now become due—they are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, as there can be no indulgence given. Given under our hands this 15th day of Sept. 1812.

ELIZABETH EVERNGAM, } Adm's
DAN'L EVERTON, } of Wm. Everngam, dec'd.

september 22——3*

A SMART ACTIVE BOY,

From 14 to 16 years of age,

Will be taken to the Saddling Business, by early application to

WM. BROMWELL.

Easton, sept. 22——3

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained letters of administration from the orphans' court of Queen Ann's county, in the State of Maryland, on the personal estate of *Ann Seth*, late of said county, deceased: All persons indebted to said deceased, or to the subscriber for property purchased at his vendue, are requested to make immediate payment to John Browne, Esq. of Centreville, who I have authorised to receive and give receipts. Those who have claims against said deceased, are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, or to said Browne, at or before the first day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 3d day of September, anno domini 1812.

JAMES REYNOLDS, Adm'r
of Ann Seth.

september 8——5

IN CHANCERY,

September 9, 1812.

Ordered that the sale made by JAMES EARLE, trustee for the sale of the real estate of *Hugh Martin*, deceased, as stated in his report, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 15th day of November next—Provided a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the Star at Easton, before the 15th day of October next.

The report states the amount of sale to be $1435.

True copy. Test—

NICHOLAS BREWER, Reg. Cur. Can.

september 15——3

WANTED

TO HIRE BY THE YEAR,

A Negro Woman well recommended, and acquainted with cooking, washing, ironing, &c.—For such, liberal wages will be given. Apply to the Editor. august 11——m

TO THE VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Encouraged by a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next electoral period for Talbot county. If I am happy enough to obtain the situation, I trust the good opinion of my friends will not be changed by the manner in which I shall endeavour to fulfil the duties of the office. SAMUEL PADDISON.

june 23——m

TO THE FREE & INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

From the solicitation of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for SHERIFF of Talbot county.

Your obedient servant,
THOMAS STEVENS.

august 11——8

TO THE FREE & INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Gentlemen,

My services are offered as a candidate at the ensuing election, to represent you in the next Legislature of this State.

The public's obedient servant,
JOHN SETH.

august 18——7

TO THE FREE & INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Fellow-Citizens,

Having received a very liberal support at the election in October last, as a Delegate to the State Legislature, I am induced to offer myself a candidate at the ensuing election to represent you in the General Assembly of this State.

Your obedient servant,
ROBERT BANNING.

august 4——9

TO THE FREE & INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Gentlemen,

Grateful for the liberal support I received in October last, as a Delegate to the State Legislature, and encouraged by the solicitations of a respectable portion of my fellow citizens, I am induced again to offer my services as a Delegate to the next General Assembly of Maryland.

EDWARD N. HAMBLETON.

august 4——9

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Wants to purchase two house servants, a good Cook and Washer and Ironer.

He will dispose of his estate in Queen Ann's county, on a credit of 4 or 5 years—the personal property on a credit of 6 months—the negroes for a term of years only.

This valuable property is well worth the attention of a person disposed to vest his money in productive Lands. The most certain pledge *at this time* of yielding a handsome profit.

A House Keeper will hear of a good situation who can be well recommended.

EDWARD HARRIS,
now at Bloomingdale, Queen Ann's county.

september 15——10

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Sherwood & Jefferis*, is this day dissolved in consequence of the death of *Matthew Jefferis*. All persons having claims against the late firm, are requested to bring in their accounts for settlement: And all persons indebted as above, are requested to make payment to the surviving partner.

JOHN W. SHERWOOD.

8th mo. 18th, 1812.

P. S. The subscriber takes the liberty to inform the public, that he still continues to carry on the Hatting Business at the old stand, having a large stock of Furs on hand—he solicits the continuance of the favors of his friends and the public.

J. W. S.

8th mo. (august) 25——m

TAKE NOTICE.

That the subscriber, of Queen Ann's county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Queen Ann's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Clark*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2d day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this second day of September, 1812.

ESTHER CLARK, Adm'rx.

september 8——4

BRITISH ACCOUNTS.

From the Montreal Gazette, Extra, September 3.

We are happy to gratify our subscribers with a few official details of the capture of Detroit and Gen. Hull, by our little army under Major General Brock. The remaining details will be given in their order, in the Gazette which will be published as early as possible this week.

We have also been favored by a friend with a letter dated at Sandwich the 6th August, giving an account of the movements and depredations of the American army in and about that neighbourhood, the whole of which will appear in our next.

The American colors were brought down here by Major Gregg, aid de camp to Gen. Brock.

We hourly expect to see here Gen. Hull and the prisoners.

Head Quarters,
Sandwich, Aug. 15.

SIR—The force at my disposal authorises me to require of you the immediate surrender of Fort Detroit. It is far from my inclination to join in a war of extermination, but you must be aware that the numerous body of Indians who have attached themselves to my troops will be beyond my control the moment the contest commences. You will find me disposed to enter into such conditions as will satisfy the most scrupulous sense of honor. Lieut. Col. M'Donnell & Major Gregg are fully authorised to conclude any arrangement that may lead to prevent the unnecessary effusion of blood.

I have the honor to be, sir, your most obedient servant,

(Signed) ISAAC BROCK,
Major General.

His Excellency Brig. Gen. Hull,
Commanding at Fort Detroit.

Head Quarters,
Detroit, August 15.

SIR—I have received your letter of this date—I have no other reply to make than to inform you that I am prepared to meet any force which may be at your disposal, and any consequences which may result from any exertion of it you may think proper to make.

I avail myself of this opportunity to inform you that the flag of truce, under the direction of Capt. Brown, proceeded contrary to the orders, and without the knowledge of Col. Cass, who commanded the troops which attacked your picket, near the River Granard Bridge.

I likewise take this occasion to inform you that Cowie's house was set on fire contrary to my orders, and it did not take place until after the evacuation of the Fort. From the best information I have been able to obtain on the subject, it was set on fire by some of the inhabitants of the other side of the river.

I am very respectfully, your excellency's most ob't servant,

(Signed) W. HULL, *Brig. Gen.*
Commanding the N. W. Army of the U. S.

His Excellency Major Gen. Brock,
Commanding H. B. M.'s forces,
Sandwich, Upper Canada.

[*CAPITULATION as before published.*]

An article supplemental to the articles of capitulation concluded at Detroit, 16th August, 1812.

It is agreed that the officers and soldiers of the Ohio militia and volunteers shall be permitted to proceed to their respective homes on this condition, that they are not to serve during the present war, unless they are exchanged.

(Signed) W. HULL, *Brig. Gen.*
Commanding N. W. army U. S.
ISAAC BROCK, *Major Gen.*

An article in addition to the supplemental article of the Capitulation concluded at Detroit, 16th August, 1812.

It is further agreed that the officers and soldiers of the Michigan militia and volunteers, under the command of Major Wetherell, shall be placed on the same principles as the Ohio volunteers and militia are placed by the supplemental article of the 16th inst.

(Signed) W. HULL, *Brig. Gen.*
Commanding N. W. army U. S.
ISAAC BROCK, *Major Gen.*

British account of Ordnance taken in the Fort and Batteries at Detroit, August 16, 1812.

IRON—9 24 pounders, 8 twelve do. 5 nine do. 3 six do.—Total 25.

BRASS—3 six pounders, 2 four do. 1 three do one howitzer, one 5 1-2 inch—Total 8.

RECAPITULATION.

Iron pieces of ordnance	25
Brass do.	8
Grand Total	33

(Signed) FELIX TROUGHTON, *Lieut.*
Commanding Royal Artillery.
Major Gen. BROCK,
Commanding the forces, Upper Canada.

☞ THE TEST!

"There can be no better *test* of the character of a citizen, (says a judicious writer) than the sentiments of our enemies. If *THEY admire his acts*, it is a decided proof that such conduct is *more beneficial to our enemies* than to our country."

In the *British* account of the surrender of Hull, from the *Niagara Rec*, after servilely imitating the slang of the federal papers by styling the American Government "*a base offspring of the mad revolutionary French faction*," they proceed to say—"But whilst we yet perceive such men as *Randolph, Pickering, Quincy* and *Strong*, taking *an active part to SAVE* their country, we yet must continue to *expect them*." Then follows a panegyric upon Gov. STRONG's proclamation, where in he styles ENGLAND the "*bulwark of our Religion*," and prays that our government would "*enlighten*, and not *exterminate* the savages."—The British Editor tells us, that the Interpreters have been instructed to take great pains to explain this proclamation to the Indians! It thus appears that the proclamation of Gov. STRONG is to be used as an additional excitement to whet up the savage ferocity of the '*bloodhound*' allies of England! Heaven defend our *frontier inhabitants*; and by some kindly interposition, turn from their guiltless heads the bloody TOMAHAWK, raised by the *allies* of the "*world's last hope*," the "*bulwark of our Religion!*" The "*interpreters*" will doubtless succeed in causing the Indians to believe, that Gov. *Strong* is *their* friend, as well as the friend of England; that he has refused to co-operate with the Government of the country, *by keeping back the militia*—that he is an enemy to the *American* government, a friend to that of England, *and wishes the British cause to triumph over that of America!!!* And will it be a *difficult* thing to make them believe so? Is not the ground *given them to work upon*, extensive, *Strong*, and efficient.

"*Enlighten* and not *exterminate* the Indians," says Gov. *Strong*. We ask, who has done so much towards enlightening the savages, as the late President JEFFERSON? And as to Mr. MADISON, what has been *his uniform course* towards them?—Has it not been to render them *neutral?* "Remain *peaceably* at home; (says he) neither raise the hatchet *for*, nor *against* us." And this, Gov. *Strong* styles, "EXTERMINATING" them! The British *interpreters* will doubtless *harp* upon the word "*exterminate*," and convert it to *their peculiar service*. They will tell the Indians, (to whet up their infernal passions) that Gov. *Strong* declares, that the American government intend to "EXTERMINATE" them!! ☞ Sober, honest AMERICAN FEDERALISTS—what think you of SUCH leaders? Are they entitled to your *future* support? Will you continue to place men in office, whose conduct is thus made subservient to the enemy, *and to increase the ferocity of the merciless Savage!!* *Bost. Chron.*

☞ A SECRET OUT!

Or, the Cloven Foot of Federalism exposed.

A member of the "*Washington Benevolent Society*" and an *influential federalist* of Boston lately advanced, in company, the following sentiments, which were written down at the time in the very words used by the gentleman and can be proved if required.

"I believe the present Government of the United States to be a disgraceful and pusillanimous government; and while it continues the country will never be successful or gain respect either at home or abroad. *I hope a Monarchy will be established*, and I would vote for a King to morrow, provided the candidate should not be a democrat, but some such man as the Honorable Christopher Gore!!!"

Thus, notwithstanding the frequent injunctions of the more prudent Federalists of the *Essex Junto* upon their followers of the "*Washington Benevolent Society*" the "*Friends of Peace*," &c. to conceal from the people their *real* designs, and the ultimate object of their opposition to the Government and of their *their combinations in support of the British cause*; some few of the faction, less wary than their leaders, do, in their unguarded moment, let out the important secret that the ultimate and most ardent hope and expectation of the leading Federalists, long has been, and now is, the destruction of our Federal Constitution & the establishment of a Monarchical Government in the U. States.

Let the people reflect seriously and pass judgment upon this faction. Let them consider with themselves whether they are prepared to give up their republican institutions, and surrender their Liberties with their Constitution, first to a Faction, and then to a Monarch? If not? Let them watch with care these *domestic foes*, & guard from rapacious and traitorous hands the sacred rights derived from their fathers. And be not *deluded* by any pretended adherents to "*constitutional form!*" and the affectation of love to the Republic; that specious garb—that *cloak of hypocrisy*, under which, (as a neighboring clergyman sufficiently notorious, has lately from his pulpit, told his parishoners,) the *Federal leaders yet find it prudent and necessary to conceal their operations.*

Boston Patriot.

It is singular, how clamor and perseverance impose upon the community!

Who would believe that the federalists of 1812, are the same part of federalists that existed when Mr. Jefferson came into office as President?—Who would believe it, if the contents of the Federal Gazettes were the only criterions we had to judge by?

In 1801, the first clamor set up was concerning the abolition of the internal taxes and the abrogation of the midnight judiciary system. Destruction was to overwhelm the republic if those things were done away.—They were annihilated, and no destruction ensued.

About the same time a French fleet appeared in the American Seas. Robert Goodloe Harper immediately raised a riotous uproar in the *Anti-Democrat* at Baltimore, that the French were about to invade the country. Yet no invasion took place.

When Louisiana was purchased, that was to ruin the nation. But the nation is not yet ruined.

Next Mr. Jeffersons red breeches were to burn up the country. And we have seen nobody scorched.

The British under a pretended rule of '56, swept the ocean in 1805-6 of our ships and merchandize. The federalists were up in arms, and insisted on vengeance.

The republicans proceeded to retaliate; and the federalists directly chopped about, and began to justify the British, whom they had before condemned.

Thus changing, and thus wheeling from right to left, for ten years, the federalists have started afresh as the friend of—*peace!* They are the *only* friends of peace, if you believe them. Friends of peace, and friends of *Commerce!* You hear not one word from them concerning the *rights* of commerce, or the *rights* of the nation.

If, in charity, we believe these brawlers, what are we to think of them?

They are for peace, *at all events*. Therefore, they are the friends of *Submission*.

They are for free commerce, without war.—But, without war, there is no free commerce.—What is the conclusion? Why, as the federalists are not for war, and are for commerce, and at any rate, they are in favor of accepting commerce by *Submission* to British outrages.

Look at their arguments which way you will, the federalists acknowledge themselves the friends of *Submission* to British power.—And notwithstanding we hear nothing from them now but *peace* and *commerce*, they are notoriously *the same old party* that opposed the republicans in the year 1801. All their former predictions have been falsified. Then, who will believe them?

Virginia Argus.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 19.

Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Lieut. Anderson, of the United States army, reached this City, bearer of dispatches from Brigadier General Hull, to the Department of War, of which the following copies have been obtained for publication:

Montreal, 8th Sept. 1812.

SIR,

The enclosed dispatch was prepared on my arrival at Fort George, and it was my intention to have forwarded it from that place by Major Witherall, of the Michigan volunteers. I made application to the commanding officer at that post, and was refused; he stated that he was not authorised, and Gen. Brock was then at York. We were immediately embarked for this place, and Major Witherall obtained liberty at Kingston to go home on parole.

This is the first opportunity I have had to forward the dispatches.

The fourth United States regiment is destined for Quebec, with a part of the first. The whole consist of a little over three hundred.

Sir George Prevost, without any request on my part, has offered to take my parole, and permit me to proceed to the states.

Lieut. Anderson, of the 8th regiment, is the bearer of my dispatches. He was formerly a lieutenant in the artillery, and has resigned his commission on account of being appointed Marshal of the Territory of Michigan. During the campaign he has had a command in the artillery; and I recommend him to you as a valuable officer.

He is particularly acquainted with the state of things previous and at the time when the Capitulation took place. He will be able to give you correct information on any points, about which you may think proper to enquire.

I am very respectfully,
Your most obedient servant,
W. HULL.

Hon. W. Eustis, Secretary of the Department of War.

Fort George, August 26, 1812.

SIR,

Enclosed are the articles of Capitulation, by which the Fort of Detroit has been surrendered to Major Gen Brock, commanding his Britannic Majesty's forces in Upper Canada, and by which the troops have become prisoners of war. My situation at present forbids me from detailing the particular causes which have led to this unfortunate event. I will, however, generally observe, that after the surrender of Michilimackinac, almost every tribe and nation of Indians, excepting a part of the Miamies and Delawares, north from beyond Lake Superior, west from beyond the Mississippi, south from the Ohio and Wabash, and east from every part of Upper Canada, and from all the intermediate country, joined in open hostility, under the British standard, against the army I commanded, contrary to the most solemn assurances of a large portion of them to remain neutral; even the Ottaway Chiefs and Arbecrotch, who formed the delegation to Washington the last summer, in whose friendship I know you had great confidence, are among the hostile tribes, and several of them distinguished leaders. Among the vast number of Chiefs who led the hostile bands, Tecumseh, Marpot, Logan, Walk in the Water, Split Log, &c. are considered the principles. This numerous assemblage of savages, under the entire influence and direction of the British commander, enabled him totally to obstruct the only communication which I had with my country. This communication had been opened from the settlements in the State of Ohio, two hundred miles through a wilderness, by the fatigues of the army, which I marched to the frontier of the River Detroit. The body of the Lake being commanded by the British armed ships, and the shores and rivers by gun boats, the army was totally deprived