FROM THE AURORA.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

The public curiosity has been engaged for several months, by an invention which has been exhibited at Chesnut Hill, ten miles from the city. The large rewards which have been held forth by the governments of Europe for nearly a century past, for the discovery of a machine containing within it itself the power of *generating motion without cessation*, and the failure of many thousand efforts to accomplish it, had rendered the execution of such a work so hopeless, as to induce a general belief, that it was among the mysteries which inscrutable nature had reserved from human enquiry and rendered inaccessible to human reason or sagacity.

Our readers are accustomed to look to this paper for authentic information, on all subjects which appertain to the honor and interests of the nation; and they have not, it is presumed, been at any time deceived in this expectation; we are not accustomed to take information upon trust, where there is a possibility of obtaining with our own eyes, the opportunity of seeing and judging.

Aware of the importance of a discovery, which in its accomplishment, must be calculated to produce a greater revolution in society, than any since the discovery of *printing* or the *mariner's compass*, were jealous of giving implicit credit to the reported discovery in our neighborhood, but we were at the same time solicitous that this *fourth* great *trophy of genius* should be added to the glory of American science.

We could not but remember, that Pennsylvania, disparaged and insulted as it has been by wordy arrogance, had given to the world the demonstration of the identity of lightning and the electric fluid—that the *mariner's quadrant* was invented in Pennsylvania, that a native of Pennsylvania first powerfully applied the power of steam to navigation; we were so desirous that the discovery of a *perpetual motion* should be added to the number of the glories of science in America, that we thought it necessary to guard against the prepossession; and not to indulge in any discussion, or to give to the public any declaration of the fact, until we should be able by actual personal investigation to express a decided opinion; that opinion we are now prepared to give to our readers without any apprehension of misconception on our part. without, indeed, the possibility of being mistaken; we therefore state to the public the facts following, upon which they may repose the most entire confidence.

A plain country working millwright, a native of the neighborhood in which he at present resides, of the name of *Readhefer*, has for more than eleven years been employed in various efforts to construct machines containing within themselves the power of spontaneous and continued motion. All along satisfied of the practicability of the object which he wished to accomplish, he has not been discouraged by poverty nor by the frowns and sneers of opulent ignorance; he has persevered against scoffers and scorners, and against imputations of insanity; and has to his honor, and to the honor of his country, actually accomplished the construction of a machine simple in its appearance, obvious to its power and means of motion, easy of construction when the principle is once understood, and to appearance susceptible of application to any extent within the strength and power of wood or metal.

Among the effects of this important discovery, the expence of every species of labor saving machinery, may be reduced to the whole amount of the difference between the constitution of this machine, which works without any aid of *water* or *fire*, or *animal* force, it saves the labor of men, it saves the labor of animals, it saves the expence of fuel; it is to appearance, susceptible of application to all branches of carding, spinning, weaving, grinding of grain, or the rolling of metals; it may be erected in a garret or cellar, and unseen performs all the movements necessary to give motion to machinery in any other part of the house; as it may be applied to mill working, in countries in which there are no mill seats, even the highest mountains, may have all the advantages of the best watered countries; neither heat nor cold affects or retards its operation; and the expence of construction will be within every man's power—the miner may employ it in pumping out his mines—cities may employ it to convey water to suitable elevations—marshes may be drained—and meadows constantly irrigated by this happy discovery of mechanical power. It would be easy to extend the variety of uses to which it is susceptible of application. *The power of a perpetual motion then, we can assure our readers, is actually accomplished.*

The machine, which is a beautiful piece of workmanship, the work of the inventor's own hands, is at present exhibited at a house contiguous to *Cress's* tavern, on the right side of the high road from Philadelphia, and near the *ten mile* stone. It stands in a room of about 12 by 14 feet, square, and nine feet high. The machine rests on a square frame of about 6 feet sustained at the angles by four posts of about 8 feet high—and resembling in that respect a weaver's loom. In the centre stands an upright post, which serves as the axle to a horizontal wheel below—this upright post, or axle moves in an eye or socket on a transverse piece which crosses the top of the frame in the middle, and a gudgeon in its lower point, turns in a socket placed on another transverse piece, which passes across the frame at about 2¾ feet from the floor. The description beyond this is not easily given with clearness in any form of words, without the object being first seen and present—above the lower horizontal wheel, which is attached to the perpendicular axle, there is a wheel of double its diameter, but this wheel is perforated in the centre, and not there attached to the upright axle but it is suspended to an iron cap which is placed near the summit of the upright axle by four hooks and chains. Two vertical wheels of unequal dimensions are moved by the cogs of the horizontal wheels, and it is by the horizontal axle of these vertical wheels that exterior motion and power is to be communicated for all useful purposes.

The main and moving power is yet to be explained; and although very simple to the intelligent eye cannot be so satisfactorily described, from the peculiar simplicity and ingenuity with which the *power of gravitation is applied to produce a perpetual horizontal action*. This power, however, is produced by the pressure of the weight of two corresponding boxes, on a plane inclined in an angle of 45 degrees; the application of this power, and the means by which it is brought to act are evident to the senses, on a slight examination; and without the view, we could not expect to render it intelligible to our readers even with the drawing.

To obviate many calumnies, the fruit of vile passions, we think it proper to say something of the man; as it has been spread abroad that the machine is a deception, & the inventor, a cheat, who is making money by the public credulity. Mr. Readhefer, so far from being an artful or covetous man, is remarkable for the unaffected simplicity of his manners, and an obviour negligence of pecuniary profit; he has had considerable offers made him for rights, and has uniformly declined them, for reasons which do honor to *him and to human genius*; he is obliging, and eager to give every information that has been asked; but it must be said that he has been treated with extreme rudeness, in many instances, by men who had no other pretensions than their money, or empty heads which were covered by powdered hair.

In like manner, many persons, with a *petit larcenary* disposition, have, at the moment that they have been aspersing the man and denying the merit of the invention, been seeking to steal the principles and apply them to their own emolument; it is said that two different persons have gone from this country to England to claim the invention as their own, with drawings made by permission of the inventor. We shall to morrow publish a letter, copied literally from the original, which we have requested of Mr Readhefer to suffer us to publish in order that if possible the wretch who is the author of it may be by his own act exposed to public shame if he should possess any such sense.

"He that is born to be hung will never be shot"

This old adage I do not recollect of ever having seen applied in case of imminent dangers except in the following instance:

In the late battle at Brownstown, in the company under the command of capt Baker which was in front of the engagement, after the captain and nearly one half of his men were either killed or wounded, the command devolved on the non commissioned officers who it appeared felt all the importance of their situation. The shot from the English in their entrenchments, and from the Indians in ambush compelled the Americans to act for instant victory; and at this critical juncture one of the non commissioned officers with that ardor which deserves a better rank inspired his comrades by more than usual courage by exclaiming *Rush on! Rush on! The gallows will claim its rights!*

For less than this mark of cool and determined bravery, Junot, was raised from drummer to one of the finest Generals in the French army which even his enemies allow him to merit. The name of the American hero is NELT; he is now a prisoner of war at Quebec. *Plattsburg Pap.*

FROM THE HARRISBURG REPUBLICAN

Travelling Amusement!!!

The following is mentioned as fact, in a letter from a gentleman in Buffalo to another in this town:

A Dr. LORTON, of Philadelphia, travelling through that country for amusement, arrived at Lewiston at 9 o'clock the night before the battle of Queenston, volunteered his services, and fought in the ranks till captured. The butt of his musket was shot off—Major Mullany it is, said, speaks in the highest terms of his deliberate bravery in the battle. He was paroled and left at liberty to proceed on his diverting tour.

A federalist was exulting mightily the other day at the success of his party, in this state, their getting the governor, &c.—A republican present observed, that he could compare *the federalists* to nothing but *the locusts*, which appeared in vast numbers once in twelve or seventeen years—made a great noise—destroyed every thing before them—and were soon swept away by some stiff breeze! *Tr. T. Am.*

THE LOAN.

The ELEVEN MILLION Loan it appears is obtained without the wealth of *Federalism*; and without a federal *Eight per cent interest*. Federalism that cannot borrow at *eight per cent*, is all wealth and all talents.—Republicanism, that borrows on an extraordinary occasion at *Six bankrupt*. This is not the way to reason in private life.

Amer Merc

LAND FOR SALE

The sale of the tract of Land called "Bracco," heretofore advertised to have taken place on the 14th ultimo, is POSTPONED until *Tuesday* the 24th inst. on which day it will positively be sold on the terms mentioned in the former notice of sale, at the court house in Centreville. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

JAMES SHAW, Trustee.

november 10——3

TO BE RENTED,

That eegant situation, opposite to the city of Annapois, adjoining Fort Madison. It contains upwards of 300 acres of exceent and, with oyster shell banks of manure, in each field; with three negro men. The advantage of keeping a Ferry Boat, having hands used to it, and the convenience to one of the best markets (for the seller) in the State, is very great. Any person wishing to rent, may apply to Mr. Clements, at Annapolis, or the subscriber at Easton.

DAVID KERR.

september 29——m

COME TRY,

AND PROVE FOR YOURSELVES.

The subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced the TANNING BUSINESS, at the tan yard formerly belonging to Dr. James Wilson, about nine miles from Easton, on the road leading to Centreville; and he is in hopes, from the experience he has of the business, to tan and curry his leather in a manner to please his customers.—He will either buy hides, tan them on shares, or exchange leather for them, as it may suit best, by delivering them at his tan-yard—or, if they have any worth while, if they will let him know, he will send for them.

JOHN REGESTER.

november 17——7

NEW GOODS.

The subscribers have just received a fresh supply of

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Which they will sell at the lowest rates for CASH.

JOSEPH & WILLIAM HASKINS.

Easton, october 27——m

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Which he will sell, on the most reasonable terms, for CASH.

J. B. RINGOLD.

Oct. 27——m

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber has just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore,

HIS FALL AND WINTER SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

Which he will sell at the most reduced prices for Cash or Country Produce.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Easton, november 3——m

NEW GOODS

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA,

HIS ASSORTMENT OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he is now opening in his New Building opposite the Bank—

CONSISTING OF

Superfine black cloth, Amer. manufacture
Yorkshire do. various colours & qualities
Double mill'd drab do.
Kersey moleskins
Col'd & grey coatings
Lyon skins
Rocking baizes
Forrest cloths & pains
D'ble mil'd cassimeres
Single do.
Imperial cords
Stockinets
Bedford cords
Republican do.
Swandowns
Toilanetts & vestuletts
Striped linseys
Rose blankets
Duffell do.
Scarlet, white, red and yellow flannels
Canton do.
Constitution cords
Black & olive velvets
Peleise do.
President's cords
Thicksets
Peleisse wadding
Black bombazetts
Scarlet do. figured and plain
Black bombazeene
Wellington's cords
Ratinett
Corded dimities
Cambric do.
Printed calicoes, dress'd and undress'd
Furniture do.
Cambric and corded ginghams
American chambray
Do. stripes
Cotton shirtings
Long cloths
Leno muslins
4-4 & 6-4 cambric do.
Twill'd do.
Seeded cambrics
Plain & sprig'd mull do.
Colour'd cambrics
Black do.
Sewhaws & lutestrings
Mantua and Florence
Plaid silks
Levantines
Black & col'd crapes
Cotton & silk hosiery
Worsted do.
Ticklenburgs
Teer and tow linens
Russia sheetings
Do. drilling
Ravens duck
Hessians
Russia diaper
Bedtickings
Apron checks
Blue, green, orange, scarlet and white cotton yarns, for warp & filing
Knitting, sewing, and working cotton
Ribbons & catgut
Ladies silk & kid gloves
Men's beaver & buckskin do.
4-4 5-4 & 6-4 plain col'd silk shawls
Black and white do.
Bandanna and Madrass handkerchiefs
Cotton & silk cords
Nelson trimmings
Silk & cotton Umbrellas
Ladies' parasols
Men's and boys' wool hats
Carriage lace
Paper hangings
Sacking bottoms
Ladies' tippets, various kinds & qualities
Philadelphia & Boston shoes, high and low heels
Cork soaled do.
Calf skin do
Mock & tortoise combs
Looking glasses
Dressing boxes
Cake & bread baskets
Tea trays, Almanacs, &c.

ALSO,

Nice Buckwheat flower, Firkin butter, Philadelphia, Chocolate No. 1 and 2, salt petre best Spanish Segars, Brandywine Powder, Shot, of every size, Hamilton's Snuff, Brushes of every description, Paints of every kind, Sperma. and Lintseed Oil &c.

TOGETHER WITH

China Glass and Queen's Ware,

All which will be sold at a small advance for cash.

SAMUEL GROOME.

november 3—— 4

NEW SADDLERY.

WILLIAM BROMWELL,

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a large and general assortment of Saddlery, from the best American and foreign manufactories, and has workmen equal to any in the State—which, together with his personal attendance, will enable him to supply any orders in his line, of the best materials, at the shortest notice, and on such terms as cannot fail to please. He returns thanks to his friends and a generous public, for the liberal encouragement he has received, and solicits that continuance which his undeviating exertions to please may entitle him to.

He has also the following Saddlery for sale on reasonable terms for Cash:

Skirting
Bridle
Harness
Hog skins
Bear skins
Buck skins
Morocco Leather, of various colours
Saddle trees
Snake globe bitts, well assorted
Bell stirrup irons, various patterns
Trunk locks
Curry combs
Mouthing bitts
Cut and wrought tacks of every size,

And sundry other articles of Hardware well assorted, in his line. Trunks manufactured at his shop, of various sizes and qualities, at the shortest notice.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange for work.

Easton, november 10——3

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A negro woman who is a good cook, washer, &c.—Also, a negro girl about 13 or 14 years of age. For such, of a good character, I will give a generous price.

WM. CLARK.

november 17——3

TAKE NOTICE.

Those persons who bought property at the sale of *William Brown*, deceased, in January last, that their notes are now due, and payment is expected immediately; persons indebted to the said estate by bond, note, or open account, will please make payment without delay to

WILLIAM BROWN, Ex'tor. of William Brown, deceased.

november 17——3

TO BE RENTED OR SOLD,

A handsome and pleasant situation within a few hundred yards of the town of Easton: The dwelling house and out houses are in good repair.—There are about 10 acres of Land in grass, and a large and productive garden. ALSO, TO RENT, a small brick house on Washington Street, in Easton, in a good situation for business.

JACOB LOCKERMAN.

november 10——3

NEW MARKET RACES.

Will be run for over a handsome course on Wednesday, the 25th day of November, inst at New Market, a purse of 150 dollars three miles and repeat, agreeably to the rules of the Eastern Shore Jockey Club—On Thursday, the 26th, a purse of 100 dollars, two miles and repeat—On Friday, a purse not yet ascertained, one mile and repeat. Each day to be subjected to the rules of racing. ALEXANDER TARLTON.

Dorchester county, November 3——4

FOR SALE, OR RENT.

The House and Lot at present occupied by the subscriber, situate on the corner of West street and Miles River road, fronting about 80 feet on said st and running back about 300 feet, bounded by the said road. The house is large and commodious, built of brick and the best materials, completely finished, with two rooms and a passage on the first floor, three on the second, and two in the garret, with two rooms in the cellar.—Attached to the dwelling is a brick pantry and kitchen; on the lot are a brick smoke house and granery, an excellent pump of water in the yard, with a milk house attached, a large and spacious garden well enclosed, stables, carriage and cow houses, with a well in the stable yard. He will sell the above property for well secured paper—If not sold before the first of January next, it will be for rent. For further particulars apply to the subscriber. LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Easton, august 25——m

WANTED TO HIRE,

A negro man who is a good hand on a farm—To one who can come well recommended, liberal wages will be given.

BENJ. DENNY, Jun.

november 17——m

NOTICE

The subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, letters de bonis non on the personal estate of *Thomas S. Denny*, late of said county, deceased, requests all persons having claims against said estate to bring them in properly authenticated for settlement. All those indebted to said estate either by bond, note or open account, are requested to come forward without delay, and settle the same, otherwise they will be dealt with according to law. Given under my hand this 17th of 11th month, 1812.

JOHN KEMP.

november 17——3

TALBOT COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,

Wednesday the 11th day of Nov. A. D. 1812.

On application of William Brown, executor of *William Brown*, late of Talbot county, deceased: It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers at Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 11th day of Nov. A. D. 1812.

Test— JA: PRICE, Reg'r of Wills for Talbot county

In compliance with the above Order—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of May next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 17th day of November, 1812.

WILLIAM BROWN, Ex'or of William Brown, dec'd.

november 17——3

TALBOT COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,

Wednesday, Nov. the 4th, A. D. 1812.

On application of Elizabeth Garey, administratrix de bonis non of *David D. Barrow*, late of Talbot county, dec'd—It is ordered, that she give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers at Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 4th day of Nov A. D. 1812.

Test— JA: PRICE, Reg'r of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above Order—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That all persons having claims against the said dec'd. are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 12th day of May next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of Nov. 1812.

ELIZABETH GAREY, Adm'x De bonis non of D. D. Barrow, dec'd.

november 10——3

A RUNAWAY.

Was committed to my custody as a runaway, on the 8th of October inst. a negro man who calls himself *Nathan*, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, of a dark complexion, had on when he was committed, a blue broad cloth jacket, formerly a coat, with yellow buttons, and osnaburg shirt and trowsers. He is straight and spare made, has three small scars on his forehead, and one on his left cheek bone, right opposite his eye, which he says were occasioned by the flash of gun powder. He says he formerly belonged to a Mr. John Benson, living on the Eastern Shore, near Pocomoke River, by whom he was sold to a Mr. Christopher, from Georgia, some time in the month of August last, from whom he made his escape at the Blue Ridge Mountains. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

SOLOMON GROVES, Sh'ff. of Anne Arundel county.

Annapolis, october 27—— 8

BLANK BOOKS.

Just received and for sale at the Star Office,

Full bound Ledgers and Day Books, (broad and long folio)
Half bound do. do. (long and broad folio)
} of superior paper.
Memorandum books, receipt do. cyphering do. copy do.

TAKE NOTICE,

That the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of *Henry Bowdle*, late of Caroline county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of May next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 3d of November, 1812.

ANDREW BANNING, Adm'r of H. Bowdle, dec'd.

november 10——3*

EDUCATION.

The Newark Academy will be opened for the reception of Scholars on Monday, the 12th inst. The Latin and Greek Languages, Grammar, History, Mathematics, Geography, the use of the Globes, &c. will be attentively taught in this Institution. The Rev. Andrew K. Russel has had charge of the Academy for the last year, and will continue his superintendance; and from the proficiency evinced by the students at their late examinations, which was equally honorable to themselves and their teachers, the Trustees are warranted in assuring the public that Mr. Russel and the gentleman employed as an assistant are fully qualified for the performance of all those duties that are demanded by their situations. The morality and healthiness of Newark and the very reasonable price of boarding, in connexion with the character and qualifications of the Professor in the Academy must furnish strong inducements to parents and guardians to select this place as one of the most eligible for the Education and moral improvement of their children and wards.

By order of the Board of Trustees,

J. R. BLACK.

New Castle, october 6, (20)——7*

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

ROBERT BOWIE, ESQUIRE,

Governor of Maryland,

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the General Assembly of Maryland, did by an act passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts of Assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections," direct that the Governor and Council after having received the returns of elections of the members to represent the State in the Congress of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each and every person voted for as a member for Congress aforesaid, respectively, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, signed by the Governor, the name of the person or persons duly elected in each respective district. We in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do by this our proclamation, declare that by the returns made to us, it appears that Philip Stewart, Esq. was elected for the first district; Joseph Kent, Esq. was elected for the second district; Alexander Contee Hanson, Esq. was elected for the third district; Samuel Ringgold, Esq. was elected for the fourth district; Alexander M'Kim and Nicholas Roxton Moore, Esq's were elected for the fifth district; Stevenson Archer, Esq. was elected for the sixth district; Robert Wright, Esq. was elected for the seventh district; Charles Goldsborough, Esq. was elected for the eighth district.

Given in Council, at the City of Annapolis, under the great seal of the State of Maryland, this twenty third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the thirty-seventh.

§SEAL§

ROBERT BOWIE.

By the Governor—

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the Council.

Ordered, that the foregoing proclamation be published twice in each week, for the space of four weeks, in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, of Annapolis; in the Whig, Sun, American and Federal Gazette, of Baltimore; in the National Intelligencer, at Washington; in Bartgis's paper, at Frederick Town; in the Maryland Herald, at Hagers Town; and in the Star, at Easton. By Order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the Council.

november 10——8

CAROLINE COUNTY COURT,

October Term, 1812.

THE creditors of *Jacob Gordon*, of Caroline county, are hereby requested to take notice, that on the petition of the said Jacob Gordon, to the Judges of Caroline county court, in Court judicially sitting for relief as an insolvent debtor, under the act of assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, entitled, "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and the several acts supplementary thereto, and he having complied with the terms of the said acts, and given bond with sufficient security to appear before the Judges of Caroline county court, to be held at Denton, on the Tuesday after the first Monday of March next, to answer any allegations that may be made against him, relative to his said application. The same time and place are appointed for his creditors to attend for the purpose of recommending a Trustee for their benefit or to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Jacob Gordon should not have the relief prayed for.

By order of the Court,

THO. RICHARDSON, Clerk.

november 17——3

NOTICE.

Was committed to the gaol of Frederick county, Maryland, on the 22d October last, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself *George*, supposed to be about 26 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high—his cloathing, when committed, were a linen shirt, a swansdown waistcoat, a pair of negro cotton pantaloons, a pair of old shoes, and a wool hat; he likewise had a small bundle of cloathing with him. He has a small wart on the right side of his nose, and has lost the third finger on his left hand—he has a few small scars on his forehead, says he belongs to a Mr. James Brown, near Staunton, Virginia. The owner is requested to come and release him, otherwise he will be sold for his prison fees as the law directs.

MORRIS JONES, Sheriff of Frederick county, Md.

november 5, (17)—— 8

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Ran away from the subscriber, living in Somerset county, near Salisbury, on Easter Sunday, March 29th, 1812, a mulatto man named *Moses*, about 36 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of thin visage, bushy head of hair; a very sensible fellow to talk with, shuts one eye in conversation. Took with him a suit of home made striped Virginia cloth, old great coat drab colour, new fet hat; but it is likely he has changed his clothing, as he is an artful fellow. He was raised in Dorchester county, and likely is most of his time there, as he has a mother in that county, if not lately deceased. He was purchased of Mr. Harry Smith, (in Dorchester county, living on Nanticoke river, below Vienna,) nearly two years ago. Whoever takes up the said fellow and brings him home to his owner, or secures him in any jail so that I get him, shall be entitled to the above reward, if taken up out of the county where he belongs, or twenty dollars if taken up in Somerset county, and brought home to his master.

THOMAS BYRD, Sen'r.

june 5——m