THE REPUBLICAN STAR, AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1813.

Washington City, Feb. 24.

Letters have been received in this city from Black Rock, and Buffaloe, stating that the survivors of Gen. *Winchester's* little army, including himself and about 450 officers and men, have arrived opposite to those places on the Canada shore, and that about 250 of the men have been permitted to pass over on parole. It was doubtful whether or not the officers would be released on parole or sent to Quebec. The whole remainder of the army, excepting the few whom we know to have arrived at Gen. *Harrison's* quarters after the action, we learn were either killed in battle, or TOMAHAWKED AND SCALPED AFTERWARDS BY THE INDIANS, IN THE PRESENCE OF THE BRITISH OFFICERS; whose only excuse for permitting the base and horrible butchery was, that the Indians were so highly excited that they could not be restrained. Every person who had been wounded or maimed in battle, who was frost bitten, or sick, is said to have been massacred by these hell hounds attached to the British army. The names of Gen Winchester, Dr. Todd and Capt. B. W. Ballard are all the officers' names we have heard of among the prisoners. The unfortunate Americans were treated in the most inhuman manner; almost all without hats, some of the officers travelling over the Canada snows without any other clothing than their boots, pantaloons and shirts—the Indians having stripped them of every thing else.

We have not room for the details of yesterday's proceedings, in the House of Representatives, which were prepared for publication.

The bill to enforce the non importation law, and to lay an additional duty on foreign tonnage, was passed, after debate.

A bill was passed to the third reading granting to the officers and crew of the frigate Constitution $50,000 for the destruction of the British frigate Guerriere, and $50,000 for the destruction of the Java.

A bill to alter the time of the next session of Congress, was discussed in Committee of the whole. The proposed extra session in May is warmly opposed by those who wish the session to commence in October. No question was taken before the committee rose at a late hour, and obtained leave to sit again. The subject will be again discussed to day. [*Nat. Intel.*

In the Senate, a bill to appoint an additional number of general officers in the army of the United States was yesterday read a third time and passed

Mr. Campbell, of Ten. reported a bill better to provide for the supply of the army of the United States.

A bill is understood to be in preparation, by a committee, for the better organization of the staff of the army.

February 25

We have seen letters from American prisoners taken by the British at the battle on the 22d ult. which confirm the fact of the massacre of all the wounded Americans the day after the battle, in violation of a solemn pledge given by the British commander to guarantee their safety.

The prisoners on their march through Upper Canada met nearly all the British forces going from the lines to join the army marching against Gen. Harrison.

Many particulars are stated of this battle, which we refrain from stating, merely because the official account, if not received, may be hourly expected, and will no doubt be immediately laid before the public.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives, by a large majority, for an Extra Session of Congress, to commence on the 4th Monday in May.

COASTING TRADE.

In the course of the debate yesterday on the license bill, it was stated by Mr. Blackledge, that from a letter now before him it appeared that British licenses for *coasting voyages* from Newbern in N. Carolina to Boston, were actually selling at *three hundred dollars* each!

FROM THE BOSTON CHRONICLE.

ANOTHER VALUABLE PRIZE.

A letter from an officer on board the private armed brig Decatur, dated at sea, Jan 9, says, "We have captured the English ship Neptune, Joseph Oldham, commander, from London bound to Rio Janeiro, loaded with Brandies and Wines." Other very valuable articles taken on board the brig. The prize ship has arrived safe at Portland.

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE.

New Orleans, Jan 18, 1813.

"A report has been in circulation here of a landing intended by the British near this city. If they do, I precume they will be sorry for it, as we have a considerable body of regular troops here, and many volunteers, in high spirits. Yesterday arrived an English ship mounting 20 guns, a prize to the privateer Spy of this place, with a cargo of mahogany and logwood."

Extract of a letter from Little Egg Harbour, dated February 8.

"We have had a British 74 to pay us a visit for some time past. She came ashore at the beach. After throwing her guns overboard, and taking other articles from her on board another vessel lying off the coast, she made her escape. She fired signal guns all the first day she came on."

Portsmouth, Va. Feb. 20.

"I have just received information by F. Piatti and Jedediah Allen (of the Richmond Troop) being express to the commander of troops here, that two British frigates are blown ashore, and that it is expected that all will be driven by the strong wind of to day. We are now preparing to march this evening or to morrow. There are about 400 riflemen here to go with us."

MILITARY.

An article from Batavia gives us an instance of singular devotion to the cause of our country:—PATRICK O'FLING and four of his sons enlisted in one day in the U. States army for five years—Mr. O'Fling was a soldier in the revolutionary army. It is added that the recruiting there goes on briskly—25 having enlisted with a very short time.

The Boston Patriot informs us, that unexampled success attends the recruiting service in that town and vicinity. Seventeen men enlisted in one company in seven days—12 men in another in two days—and all the officers in the recruiting service have nearly the same success. The old companies already exceed their aggregate of 100 men, and the new will soon be completed.

In New Jersey, recruiting goes on well, notwithstanding the efforts of the enemies of government to impede it. And we presume the full quota of this State may be enlisted, by the time the next campaign opens. *T. T. Amer.*

It gives us pleasure to understand that the recruiting service is brisk and successful in & about Philadelphia. The artillery, cavalry and infantry officers are all busy; and with various, though considerable success. There are now at the depot on Province Island, at the Fort, & at the different rendezvous from 500 to 1000 recruits, most of them able bodied young men. *Dem. Press.*

PATRIOTIC CORRESPONDENCE.

Norfolk, Feb. 17

DEAR GENERAL,

I now report myself to your Excellency, I have left the Legislature, and now tender my service to you and my country in the field; and I will immediately report to any detachment or post, that your Excellency may please to assign me. And I beg that this tender of my services to my country may be considered as during the war.

Now, and on all occasions hereafter,
I am, dear General,
Your most ob'dt h'ble serv't,
WILLIAM POPE.

Gen. ROBERT B. TAYLOR, *Norfolk.*

Norfolk, Feb 17, 1813.

DEAR SIR,

I have received your letter of this date, informing, that you had left the Legislature, and tendering your services in any situation I might assign you in the field.

Accept, sir, my earnest thanks for this proof of your personal confidence. Your country will honor the patriotic zeal, which has induced you to abandon voluntarily the ease and security of domestic life, and court danger in her defence. Let the sentiment be universal, and the republic is invincible.

I must beg leave, however, to decline your offer for the present—the means with which the State has vested me, will, I trust, when organized, be adequate to all my purposes.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
Your most ob'dt serv't,
ROBERT B. TAYLOR.

WILLIAM POPE, Esq.

Norfolk, Feb. 20.

"An express has just reached town from the Bay shore, and states that one of the British frigates was drifting near the shore, and gives it as his opinion that it is impossible for her to be kept off. Two others have drifted two miles nearer the shore, and if the gale continues during this day, it is believed that three out of the four will be on shore. Two troops of horse are held in readiness to start at a moment's notice, and to take each a rifleman behind him; so that we have some hope to have a dash at them, for annoying us so much lately. Capt Stuart, is with the General, consulting the best mode of securing them, in case their vessels get on shore—which God grant."

Another letter from Petersburgh, of the 22d, says, "A few hours ago, I saw a letter from Norfolk, stating that two of the enemy's frigates were blown on shore in the gale on Saturday night."

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Feb. 16.

"The Blockading Squadron is still in the Bay, though not in such force by two 74's, and a frigate, as when we came down—they generally man their boats every day and skirmish within our militia who are stationed near them; for they dare not land many men, as desertion is the inevitable consequence. So much indeed do some of these fellows long for liberty, that I am told 6 of them leaped from their boats when within 30 yards of the shore; two only of whom made their escape, the rest were fired upon from the boats and killed." *Richmond Enquirer.*

Richmond, Feb. 16.

Extract of a letter, dated Norfolk, Feb. 13.

"This morning came up to town, Mr. John Smith, late 2d lieut. of the schooner Cora, Capt Gould, of and bound to Baltimore from Nantz. He informs that they sailed from Nantz on the 25th Dec. On Thursday last off Cape Henry, they fell in with a pilot boat, which proved to be a tender to the British men of war. They had nearly succeeded in decoying the first lieutenant and boat's crew of the Cora, who were sent to her for the purpose of getting a pilot. When they got within hail of her they were ordered along side, which caused the lieutenant to suspect she was British—he immediately (it being almost calm) rowed from her, when they began to fire at the boat. They succeeded in getting on board the Cora, when an action commenced which lasted for half an hour. The tender was beat off. Two men were killed on board the Cora, and her bowsprit shot away. During this time a frigate and schooner hove in sight out-side—when three boats were manned from her, and the three frigates inside. Capt. Gould seeing it impossible to succeed in beating them off, or getting clear, struck his colors. The 2d lieut. and four men made their escape on shore in the Cora's boat; were pursued and fired at until they got into the woods. As the party that pursued were putting off from the shore, they were fired on by the militia stationed near the place—four of the enemy were killed—the others succeeded in getting on board.

"Since I began this letter, a vessel, the Rebecca of Boston, has arrived with about twenty American seamen, taken since the blockade.—The British took about 30 barrels of beef out of the Rebecca, and sent her as a cartel.

New York, Feb. 19.

It is a remarkable coincidence of circumstances that Com. Bainbridge captured the British frigate Java on the day which the citizens of New York selected for shewing their gratitude to the gallant Hull, Decatur and Jones, by a splendid Naval Dinner.

THE FRAME FOR AN ENGLISH SEVENTY FOUR,

Taken by an American Privateer!

Extract of a letter from Salem, dated on Tuesday.

"In the midst of a severe snow storm, a valuable store ship, loaded with sugar and rum, arrived at Marblehead, prize to Mr. Crowninshield's private armed ship America. She has captured another vessel, which has arrived at Kennebeck, with timber, comprising THE WHOLE FRAME OF A SEVENTY FOUR, of Quebec oak, from Quebec for London. Two more prizes to the America are hourly looked for at Salem."

The Hornet, we understand, arrived of St Salvador, before the Constitution sailed for Boston. It is said, that there was lying at the former port, a British sloop of war of 22 guns. Lieut. Lawrence of the Hornet sent in a challenge to the commander of the sloop of war; and commodore Bainbridge pledged his honor not to interfere in the combat. The challenge, however, was declined. The Hornet remained on the coast, with the hope of yet meeting the sloop of war. The latter has, it is said, one million of dollars on board.

We learn that the Essex frigate, capt Porter, was off the coast of Brazil, and had captured an English sloop of war and four merchantmen

Ogdensburg, (St. Lawrence county,) Feb 3.

Deserters from Canada cross almost every evening—the number since our last is not correctly ascertained. A detachment who came over last evening, informs that a party of about 50 Indians arrived at Prescott in the afternoon of yesterday—they are intended no doubt, for partisans, as the Canadian militia and regulars cannot be depended on—while picket guards having deserted.

Deserters disagree as to the force at Prescott, it is stated from 2 to 600 men.

For several days past, large and numerous trains of Canadian sleighs have passed Prescott, on their way to the Lakes—deserters say they contain powder and ball.

We understand that as late as last evening the Blockading Squadron in the Bay consisted of five frigates and a sloop of war.

Richmond, Feb. 16.

BE ON THE ALERT.

☞ This is our motto—Our country expects *every man to do his duty.*

Let the *executive*, and *military* and the *civil* authorities be on the alert! Vigilance and energy will work wonders—let us not sleep.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

The following letters were laid before the Virginia Legislature on Saturday last.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, Feb. 13, 1813.

SIR,

I lose no time in laying before the General Assembly a copy of a letter received this morning from James Monroe, Esq. Secretary of State, at this time superintending the Department of War, stating the amount and species of force contemplated to be furnished by the General Government, for the defence of Norfolk and its vicinity.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully, yours, &c.
CHARLES K. MALLORY.

The Hon. the Speaker of—

Department of State, Feb. 11, 1813.

SIR,

In my last letter I had the honor to state, that in the several augmentations of force which had been made, a provision for the defence of our seaport towns, and coast was a principal object. The disposition of the force authorised to be raised by a late act of Congress has been under consideration, and I have now the satisfaction to inform you that a regiment, consisting of about 1,000 men, of those to be raised for 12 months will be allotted to the port of Norfolk and its neighbourhood; and, in the mean time, that the recruits for the other regiments raised in Virginia, on the South side of James River, will be ordered there.

I have the honor to be,
Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES MONROE.

His Excellency,
Governor of the
Commonwealth of Virginia,
Or, in his absence the Acting Governor.

TRIBUTE TO VALOR.

The Honorable Mr. *Crowninshield*, of Essex, yesterday in Senate, offered the following motion:—

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

IN SENATE, Feb. 19, 1813.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Senate be given to Com. WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE, and the Officers and Crew of the Frigate Constitution, under his command, for the brilliant achievement in capturing and destroying His Britannic Majesty's Frigate JAVA—and that the Commodore be requested to communicate the same to his Officers and Crew, with an assurance from this Branch of the Legislature, that they will hold in grateful remembrance those who fell in fighting for the essential and violated rights of their Country.

Resolved, That the President of the Senate cause an attested copy of this Resolution to be transmitted to Com. BAINBRIDGE.

SAMUEL DANA, *President.*

On the above being seconded, the Honorable Mr. Otis said the proposition was new, and he hoped a time would be assigned for its consideration; and he moved a time should be assigned.—The hon. Mr. Sprague said the news of this capture and all its details had been before the public some days, and none of the facts had been doubted or even questioned—to take time to consider such a question, was to doubt of the propriety of its adoption; he was, therefore, ready to express his opinion. Mr Otis then *withdrew his motion*, and thereupon the yeas and nays being required, were as follows;

YEAS—Dana, (President) Dillingham, Willis, Sprague, Bridge, Folger, Parker, Porter, Bemis, Moody, Spurr, Crowninshield, Webber, Read, Poor, Foote, Page—17——*Nays*—NONE!

All the federal members left their seats when the question was taken!!

TRIBUTE TO VALOR.

Yesterday, (February 16) in the House of Representatives of Massachusetts, Mr. *Holmes*, of Alfred, submitted the following motion:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Legislature be presented to Com. BAINBRIDGE, and the officers and crew of the U. States frigate CONSTITUTION, for their enterprize, courage, and skill, in capturing and destroying his Britannic majesty's frigate JAVA, and that we will hold in grateful remembrance the names of those brave men who fell in the action.

[As soon as the motion was read, Col. *Thatcher*, of Warren, (a federalist!) suggested doubts whether the victory was so complete, or so honorable as the nation supposed, and suggested that the sloop of war Hornet was in company; but being informed that the victory was achieved by the Constitution *alone*, and that it was very decisive and very honorable, Col T. withdrew his *doubts*, and the motion was committed. However opposed the federalists may be to the success of our navy, we do hope, for the honor of human nature, that Mr. Holme's resolution will have an unanimous vote.] *Bos. Patriot.*

SELF-DEFENCE.

On Saturday last, the House of Delegates passed a bill on this subject, after a long and arduous debates, ayes 76, nays 66. It proposes to raise 8 companies of Infantry, 2 of Artillery, 1 of Cavalry, 1 and of Riflemen, calculated to raise about 1000 men—to serve in the commonwealth alone—the field officers to be 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, and 1 Major—all the officers to be appointed and commissioned by the Governor and Council—bounty $20—pay $8 per month for the privates—to be enlisted during the war, and subject to the discretion and disposition of the Council of State. *Va. Arg.*

The bill also empowers and requires the Executive to purchase $50,000 worth of munitions—to be stored in two *depots*, one in this City, the other near or in Norfolk—each depot to be protected by guard; under the superintendance of the Executive.

Yesterday the above bill came before the Senate, and was *passed* at one sitting, without *any* amendment—this is an example of *promptitude* and *decision* which is worthy of the times, *Virginia at length acts*—it is a spirit of this description which will save the republic.

The House of Delegates were yesterday in committee of the whole on the revenue bill to *raise the wind* for this new appropriation—various new sources of taxation are proposed—taxes on lawyers, toll bridges, merchant mills, tanneries, tobacco factories, printers, &c.—besides a certain addition to the old taxes—The whole calculated to raise 135 or 150,000 dollars. *Agreed*, say we? *ib.*

New York, Feb. 18.

Capt. Dacres, of the Guerriere, was very much dejected by the idea of the singularity and consequent odium of his calamity, in striking his Britannic majesty's flag to a vessel of the same rank. Capt. Carden, of the Macedonian divided his burthen with him; capt. Whinyeates of the Frolic, also taking a slice of the firm. And now the brave Lambert, of the Java, sinks into rest with a portion of the misfortune on his head.—We sympathise so sincerely with capt Dacres, that we cannot but wish him many more companions to lighten his disaster by sharing it with him. *Gazette.*

FROM THE ALBANY ARGUS.

☞ The Editor tenders his acknowledgements to Gen. DEARBORN, for politely furnishing him with the following official information.

SHOCKING BARBARITY.

Extract of a letter from Col. Porter, commanding at Niagara, to Gen. Dearborn.

"The arrival of several of Gen. Winchester's officers at Buffaloe, last evening, confirms the late reports of the General and his little army having been killed or captured. Those officers state, that such was the hellish ferocity of the Savages after the battle, that EVERY PERSON WHO BY WOUND OR OTHERWISE WAS INCAPABLE OF MARCHING, WAS INSTANTLY AND INDISCRIMINATELY BUTCHERED by them! The General and the remainder of his troops are now crossing at Fort Niagara. The field officers are refused their parole."

Newport, Feb. 18.

Yesterday about 40 seamen, under the command of sailing master Almy, proceeded from this harbor for the Lakes. We understand a boat 100 more, under the command of capt. Perry, will follow in a few days.

Norfolk, Feb 15.

Yesterday his Excellency the Governor, and Gen. Taylor, escorted by the Richmond Troop of Cavalry, went down to the Bay Shore, for the purpose of reconnoitering. They returned in the evening. [*Herald.*

The following companies have arrived and reported to the commanding officer, since our last: Capt. Heath's Cavalry from Chesterfield; Capt. Taylor's light infantry from Petersburg; Capt. Will's light infantry and Capt. Shield's rifle company from Isle of Wight. The whole in excellent health and spirits and eager to encounter the enemy. [*Ibid.*

☞ We are credibly informed, that the "NORFOLK HERALD," of Wednesday last, was on board the Statira frigate on Saturday. *Query.*—How did it get there? Perhaps some of "*our friends*" in this place can answer the question—*Beware Macbeth!* [*Ibid.*

Four frigates and a sloop of war remain in the bay. They are said to be only half manned and might easily be taken by three of our frigates; but divided as our naval force is, and the impracticability of concentrating it, the situation of this small force is secure as it is every way adequate for the blockade of the Chesapeake and the annihilation of our trade. [*Ibid*

Capt. Gould, late commander of the Cora, Letter of Marque (whose capture is mentioned under our marine head) states that he was in Paris a short time previous to sailing, and that Bonaparte was then there "in good health and well conditioned." [*Ibid.*

Those who have joined heart and hand with Britain in her struggle for universal monopoly, will be sadly in the dumps to hear that that spoiler of her sport, that eternal thwarter of her ambitious schemes, *Bonaparte*, is not "cooped up in an iron cage, and handled about for the entertainment of the populace in Russia," nor made some inches shorter by the head as they most piously wished, but that he is in *propria personæ*, now in his good city of Paris. [*Ibid.*

The news of Bonaparte's *safe* arrival at Paris has occasioned a considerable fall of *chops—somewhere!* though they were unusually high but a few days ago, owing to a cock-and-bull story that he was killed and afterwards taken prisoner! *Ib.*

Boston, Feb. 19.

HONOR TO VALOR.

Yesterday at 12 o'clock, Com. BAINBRIDGE, landed at the Long wharf from the frigate *Constitution*, amidst salutes from the North End Artillery Company, at Hancock's wharf, & the Washington Artillery at the Long wharf. He was received at the landing place by Commodore ROGERS, Capt. HULL, Gen. WELLES, and other gentlemen of distinction, and escorted to the Exchange Coffee House by the New England Guards. On his quitting his barge, and at short intervals, till he reached the Coffee House, the assembled citizens greeted him with repeated huzzas. The concourse of people occupied nearly the whole space from the end of the wharf to the Coffee House, and it was with difficulty the escort penetrated. On the vessels in the harbor, across the wharf and street, and from many stores, &c. were exhibited the flag which his services have contributed to honor. On one ensign which was extended across State street, was inscribed the names of HULL, JONES, DECATUR and BAINBRIDGE.

We understand that Lieut. Gen. HISLOP, taken in the JAVA, presented to Com. BAINBRIDGE with a very elegant sword on parting with him, as a compliment for his magnanimity towards the prisoners.

The Officers of the Java, while on board the Constitution, mentioned that their frigate was formerly the French ship *La Renommee*, taken off Madagascar, May 20, 1811, in company with *La Nereide*, after a severe action, by the Phœbe, Astrea and Galatea. At the time of capture the *Renommee* mounted 44 guns. The British added 5 guns. On board the Java was a Steel's list which rated her at 38.

The Federal Committee of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts have rejected the proposition of the Republican Senate of that State, to authorise the building of a seventy four gun ship, for the purpose of presenting it to the general government. The House will no doubt concur with its committee. The northern people may then be enabled to see very plainly, that the federalists supported an increase of the navy with zeal, *only* as long as such a measure was in opposition to the policy of administration; and that their leaders at least were not in principle more friendly to a navy than the republicans.—They would, in fact, support *any* measure against the government, and oppose *every* act of the government. *Balt. Amer.*

Why does no federal paper publish the account from the London Pilot, of the arrival at England of a vessel from Quebec with FIVE HUNDRED AMERICAN SCALPS on board? How can they overlook so strong a proof of their favorite position that G. Britain is *the Bulwark of our Religion!!!* *T. T. Amer.*

Why does no federal printer publish any of the repeated and authentic accounts we have of the cruel treatment and long detention of impressed Americans?—It would certainly shed great light on the boasted *humanity* and *friendship* of "*the world's last hope!!!*" *ib.*

The Council of Appointment, on Saturday last, re-appointed Abraham Van Vetchen, Esq. of this City, Attorney General of this State, (from which office he was removed by a former council) in place of Thomas A. Emmet, Esq. superceded.

By the Adjutant General's annual return of the militia, laid before the Legislature on the 10th ult. it appears that we now have "present," and "absent,"—Infantry, 89,017; Artillery, 2,619; Cavalry, 3,493—total 93,129. *Col.*

We understand that the President of the United States has annulled the powers of ANDREW ALLEN, Jr. Esq. late British Consul for the Eastern States; and that he has been directed to repair to and remain at Worcester, until otherwise ordered by the Department of State. *Nat. Intel.*

The annual expence of the British government is 500,000,000 of dollars—about 10,000,000 of dollars a week. A man of £500 a year pays £[illegible] a year in taxes. There are about 3,000,000 of paupers. Lord Wellington rubs the Spaniards for subsistence, and the whole financial arrangement indicates the consummation or crisis which its admirers have always for seen. *Dem. Press.*

Died, on Tuesday morning last, after a short illness, Mr. *William Blake*, of this county, in the 55th year of his age.

—, On the 23d ult. Mr. *Francis Selier*, of this county, in the 22d year of his age, a young man highly respected.

—, Saturday night last, *Thomas Wood*, jun of this town.

BANK STOCK

A few shares of the Farmer's Bank of Maryland is wanted. Enquire at this office.
march 2——3

WILLIAM NORRIS, JUNIOR.

WHOLESALE TEA-DEALER AND GROCER,

No. 65, MARKET STREET, BALTIMORE,

Respectfully informs his friends and the inhabitants of Easton and the Eastern Shore generally, that he has now on hand a large and well selected assortment of Teas, Wines and Liquors, and Groceries generally—all of which will be sold in their pure state, and at small advances for cash or acceptances in town at short dates.

W. N. Jr. is happy to have it in his power to say, that he can now sell choice Cogniac Brandy at much less price than heretofore; and has a large supply of fine rectified old Rye Whiskey, fit for present use.

*** Orders from merchants particularly attended to. Also, private families and keepers of public houses attended to with fidelity and promptitude, and their goods packed up securely, and sent on board the vessels clear of expense—and all goods sold with the privilege of being returned, if not found on trial as represented.
march 2——7*

IN CHANCERY.

February 17, 1813.

Ordered, That the sale of the real estate of John Black, made and reported by *James Salisbury*, a trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 25th day of April, 1813; provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Easton Star, at least once in each of three successive weeks, before the 25th day of March, 1813.

The report states the amount of the sale to be $6356 83.

The creditors are notified to bring in their claims, with the vouchers, before the said 25th day of April.

True copy. Test—
NICH'S BREWER, Reg. Cur. Can.
march 3——3

NOTICE.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
February 23, 1813.

Alien enemies residing or being within forty miles of tide water, are required forthwith to apply to the Marshals of the States or Territories in which they respectively are, for passports to retire to such places beyond that distance from tide water as may be designated by the marshals.—This regulation, however, is not to be put in force without special notice against such alien enemies not engaged in commerce as were settled previously to the declaration of war in the present abode or are there pursuing some regular and lawful occupation unconnected with commerce, and who obtain, monthly, from the marshal of the district in which they reside, permission to remain where they are.

☞ Printers authorised to publish the laws of the United States are requested to insert the preceding notice three times in their respective papers
march 2——3

LAW SCHOOL.

A course of Law Lectures will commence (at Mr. Henrix's Hotel) in Easton to morrow evening at 6 o'clock, delivered by FREDERICK BEES, Esq. founded on English precedents and the Laws of the State. Gentlemen are invited to attend and those who wish to become members of said School will each be admitted three evenings each week for the first month $2 50 a month.
march 2——3q

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF POTTERSTOWN,

To the Farmers and Manufacturers of Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Ann's and Caroline Counties.

Believing that it would promote Agriculture, Manufactories and the growth of useful Stocks, to establish at Easton an Annual Fair, to be held on the day of August, for the sale and exchange of all kinds of Stock, Domestic Manufactures, Grass Seeds, &c. We therefore propose that each of the above mentioned counties send each three delegates to meet at Easton, on the third Tuesday in May next, for the purpose of considering on the propriety of carrying the above project into effect, and to draw up rules and regulations for the government of the same.—This Society cannot but be of opinion, that a Farmer's Fair of this kind under proper regulations, would soon become useful to the citizens of the Eastern Shore, as there are many articles of domestic growth, that are sold much below their real value. An establishment of this kind would furnish a good market for all the surplus raw materials that the farmer has for sale, and offer him the best choice of Domestic Manufactures that could be had from the neighboring states.

ROSS THOMSON, Sec'ry.

February 13, 1813.

The Agricultural Society of Potterstown will give Twenty Dollars to the person who will produce to them at their first meeting in October next, the best piece of deep blue cloth died in the United States, provided the person offering the same, shall give a satisfactory account in writing of said dye, of the process and of all its parts.

ROSS THOMSON, Sec'ry.

February 13, 1813.

For Sale, by the Agricultural Society of Potterstown, a large collection of choice *Garden Seeds*, on moderate terms. They may be had any day in the week at the School House in said town (Saturdays and Sundays excepted) from 12 to 2 o'clock, where they will give a liberal price in cash for all kinds of Garden Seeds of good quality. ROSS THOMSON, Sec'ry.

February 13, 1813.

The Celebrated Running Horse,

R A T.

Will stand this season for mares at *Easton, Wye Mill* and *Centreville*, he will commence his season on Monday, the 22d day of March, at Easton, where he will remain until Friday, from thence to Wye Mill, on Monday he will be at Centreville; he will leave Centreville on Friday the same, rout back to Easton, and alternately at each of the above named places until the 22d of June. Rat's blood and performances, will be published as soon as it comes to hand; he is so well known to gentlemen of the turf, they cannot have any doubt but what he stands as high as any horse in America. Rat will stand at twelve dollars the season, and twenty five cents to the groom, every gentleman that puts a mare to Rat must send his note of hand payable the 22d day of June, sent with the mares.

DANIEL SULLIVANE.

march 2——3