THE REPUBLICAN STAR,
AND
GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1813.

Washington City, March 4.

This being the day which commences the new term of service of the present President of the United States, he will take the oath of office at the Capitol, at 12 o'clock, in the presence of the assembled People; and will, we presume, according to the usage of his predecessors, deliver an address on the occasion.

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The Twelfth Congress of the United States closed its session about 12 o'clock last night, that being the constitutional limit to its existence. In another part of the paper will be found a list of the laws passed during the session.

But little business of national import was transacted yesterday. The Senate of the United States by a mode of proceeding which has frequently on the door of the House been termed the *go by*, rejected the bills proposed by the House for prohibiting the use of foreign licenses, and the bill prohibiting exportation in foreign bottoms. This is the first time, we believe, that this course has been pursued by the Senate, whose proceedings are generally so decorous, of evading a question presented to their consideration by the House of Representatives—*evading*, we say, because it is well understood, that the time would have been so consumed by debate, had the bills been taken up, as to have precluded their constitutional passage.

The Senate also yesterday postponed to the next session the bill laying an additional duty on foreign tonnage, and forbidding the restoration of goods under adjudication.

For some time, perhaps two hours, before adjournment, there was not a quorum of the House present; in consequence of which several bills were lost *in transitu* between the two Houses; among which was the bill to amend the naturalization laws, the invalid pension bill, &c.

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ARMY APPOINTMENTS.

The following gentlemen have been appointed by the President and Senate, Major Generals of the Army of the U. States, viz.

JAMES WILKINSON,
WILLIAM H. HARRISON,
WILLIAM R. DAVIE,
WADE HAMPTON,
MORGAN LEWIS.

Letters have been received from Gen. Harrison, we understand, at the Department of War, of a date much later than the information we this day copy from a Chillicothe paper. It is said that he had advanced with his army to the River Raisin, and as late as the 20th had not met the enemy. *Nat. Intel.*

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From the Albany Gazette of Feb. 25.

We are indebted to the politeness Gen. Dearborn, to whom we tender our thanks, for the following extract of a letter, conveying the distressing intelligence of the capture of Ogdensburg, by the British, on the 22d inst.

Extract of a letter from Col. Macomb, commanding at Sackett's Harbor, to Gen. Dearborn.

Sackett's Harbor, 9 A. M. Feb. 23.

"I have this moment received an express from Capt. Forsyth, informing me of the enemy's having succeeded in driving him out of Ogdensburg, yesterday morning at nine o'clock. It was not done without a severe contest, in which the enemy suffered very considerably,—the enemy attacked in two columns, of about 600 men each, at about 8 o'clock in the morning. The captain reports 20 men killed and wounded; amongst the latter Lieut. Baird; and from the coolness with which his riflemen fired that the enemy must have lost three times that number. The captain retreated with all his force to Black Lake, about nine miles this side Ogdensburg."

N. B. The enemy had more than double the number under captain Forsyth.—There were no stores of any consequence at Ogdensburg.

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INTERESTING EXECUTIVE MESSAGE.

On Wednesday the President laid before Congress the following interesting message, accompanied by the documents it recites, which were published in this paper on Tuesday. We are truly gratified at the indignant tone of the message in relation to the detestable, corrupt and corrupting policy of the enemy. Congress will, it is earnestly hoped, exert themselves to arrest the pestilential evils with which that policy threatens to overwhelm this nation. *Balt. Amer.*

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

I lay before Congress copies of a Proclamation of the British Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Bermuda, which has appeared under circumstances leaving no doubt of its authenticity. It recites a British Order in Council of the 26th of Oct. last, providing for the supply of the British West Indies and other colonial possessions, by a trade under special licenses; and is accompanied by a circular instruction to the colonial governors, which confines licensed importations from ports of the U. States to the ports of the eastern states exclusively.

The government of G. Britain has already introduced into her commerce, during war, a system which, at once violating the rights of other nations, and resting on a mass of forgery and perjury, unknown to other times, was making an unfortunate progress in undermining those principles of morality and religion, which are the best foundation of national happiness.—The policy now proclaimed to the world introduces into her modes of warfare a system equally distinguished by the depravity of its features and the depravity of its character; having for its object to dissolve the ties of allegiance, and the sentiments of loyalty in the adversary nation, and to seduce and separate its component parts the one from the other. The general tendency of these demoralizing and disorganizing contrivances will be execrated by the civilized and christian world, and the insulting attempt to the virtue, the honor, the patriotism and the fidelity of our brethren of the eastern states, will not fail to call forth all their indignation and resentment; and to attach more and more all the states to that happy union and constitution, against which such insidious & malignant artifices are directed.

The better to guard, nevertheless, against the effect of individual cupidity and treachery, and to turn the corrupt projects of the enemy against himself, I recommend to the consideration of Congress the expediency of an effectual prohibition of any trade whatever by citizens or inhabitants of the U. States under special licenses, whether relating to persons or ports; and, in aid thereof, a prohibition of all exportations from the U. States in foreign bottoms: few of which are actually employed, whilst multiplying counterfeits of their flags & papers are covering and encouraging the navigation of the enemy.

JAMES MADISON.

February 24, 1813.

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ONONDAGO SALT SPRINGS.

By the report of the superintendant, WILLIAM KIRKPATRICK, Esq. to the Legislature, it appears that the gross receipts for the last year have been $6630 33, and that the salary of the superintendant and other incidental expences have amounted to $1723 66—leaving a net income to the State of $4906 66. [*N. Y. Paper.*

LIST OF ACTS

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE TWELFTH CONGRESS.

An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage.

An act increasing the pay of non commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and others of the army, and for other purposes.

An act making an appropriation to defray the expences incurred under an act, entitled, "an act to authorise a detachment from the militia of the United States;" and the act, entitled "an act for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes, passed the 28th day of February, 1795."

An act concerning the district and territorial judges of the U. States.

An act directing the Secretary of the Treasury to remit fines, forfeitures and penalties, in certain cases.

An act to increase the Navy of the U. States.

An act approving of the report of the commissioners appointed by the Secretary at War, to ascertain and settle the exterior line of the public land at West Point, in the State of N. York.

An act authorising the President of the United States to establish post routes, in certain cases.

An act providing for navy pensions in certain cases.

An act making certain partial appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred & thirteen.

An act in addition to the act concerning letters of marque, prizes and prize goods.

An act supplementary to the act, entitled, "an act for the more perfect organization of the army of the U. States.

An act in addition to the act, entitled, "an act to raise an additional military force," & for other purposes.

An act authorizing the admission, under certain circumstances, of vessels owned by citizens of the U. States of America, with their cargoes, from British ports beyond the Cape of Good Hope.

An act regulating pensions to persons on board private armed ships.

An act concerning certain claims in the District of Vincennes.

An act to raise ten additional companies of Rangers.

An act for the relief of John Binnion.

An act for the relief of the Bible Society of Philadelphia.

An act giving the right of pre emption in the purchase of lands to certain settlers in the Illinois territory.

An act to authorise and empower the President and Managers of the Washington Turnpike Company of the State of Maryland, when organized, to extend and make their Turnpike to or from Georgetown in the District of Columbia, thro' the said district to the line thereof.

An act better to provide for the supplies of the Army of the U. States, and for the accountability of persons entrusted with the same.

An act giving further time to purchasers of public lands to complete their payments.

An act authorising the discharge of Daniel Updike from his imprisonment.

An act for the relief of Susannah Wiley.

An act for the regulation of seamen on board the private and public vessels of the U. States.

An act to continue in force, for a limited time, the first section of the act, entitled, "an act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the U. States, against the Barbary powers."

An act rewarding the officers and crew of the frigate Constitution, and the crew of the Wasp.

An act further to prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia.

An act giving a further time for registering claims to lands in the eastern & western districts of the Territory of Orleans, now State of Louisiana.

An act vesting in the President of the U. States the power of retaliation.

An act for the relief of John Dixon and John Murray.

An act for the relief of Reuben Atwater.

An act to impose a duty on the importation of iron wire.

An act to establish certain post roads in the State of Louisiana.

An act for the relief of Royal Converce.

An act authorising the issuing of Treasury notes, for the service of the year 1813.

An act to alter the time for the next meeting of Congress.

An act directing the Secretary of the Treasury to remit certain fines, penalties and forfeitures, therein mentioned.

An act authorising the appointment of additional officers in the respective territories of the U. States.

An act making provision for an additional number of general officers.

An act in addition to an act regulating the post office establishment.

An act for the relief of John Redfield, junior.

An act to encourage Vaccination.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "an act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions," and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes, and to increase the pay of Volunteer and Militia corps.

An act for the relief of Jared Shattuck.

An act authorising a loan for a sum not exceeding sixteen millions of dollars.

Resolution, relative to the brilliant achievements of captains Hull, Decatur, Jones, & Lieut. Elliot.

An act making appropriations for the support of the Navy of the U. States for 1813.

An act making appropriations for the support of the Army of the U. States for 1813.

An act giving further time for delivering the evidence in support of claims to land in the Missouri territory, &c.

An act declaring the consent of Congress to an act of the Legislature of Georgia, &c.

An act for the relief of Ingraham, Phoenix and Nixen.

An act authorising the Secretary of the Treasury to cause to be issued new certificates of registry.

An act to alter the time of holding the District Courts of N. York and Massachusetts.

Resolution authorising the President to cause to be prepared and laid before Congress a system of military discipline for the infantry of the army and militia of the U. States.

An act making appropriations for alterations and repairs in the Capitol.

An act supplementary to the act "for increasing the Navy of the U. States.

An act to encourage the destruction of armed vessels of the enemy in the waters of the United States.

Resolution of thanks to the officers and crew of the Constitution for the victory over the Java.

An act for the organization of the staff of the army of the U. States.

An act for the relief of Louis Chachere.

An act for the relief of the heirs of Samuel Lapsley, deceased.

An act for the relief of Washington Lee.

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We have received late London papers, but they contain nothing of an important nature; they are principally occupied in estimating and calculating the loss of the French in the last campaign in Russia—accounting for the *accidents* which have befallen their *frigates*—and building hopes upon the *speedy revolt* of their "*friends in New England*," which will, they say, restore all that they lost by the ignominious peace of 1783! *Aurora.*

At a meeting of the St. Michael's Patriotic Blues on the 22d February, at Richard Harrington's, in the town of St. Michael's, in honour of the day, *William Harrison* was appointed President, and *Samuel Harrison* Secretary.——The following Toasts were given:

1. The day we commemorate.
2. The memory of the illustrious Washington, once our beloved President, in whom were united the talents of a conquering General, an honest Patriot and an enlightened Statesman.
3. Hull, Jones, and Decatur.
4. A navy supported by commerce, and commerce protected by a navy.
5. May the time speedily commence when the people of the United States may be united.
6. The 22d of February—May it by marked in the calendar of time, and hallowed as worthy of the celebration of the American people.
7. May the great family of the people of America never be separated.
8. The memory of Washington.
9. The American Eagle—May the ship that wears it, float or sink together.
10. The first President of the United States—So near Perfection's height he stood, as on the boundary line between finite and infinite good.
11. The Constitution of the United States—May it be preserved inviolate.
12. May the name of Washington be remembered to the latest posterity.
13. May the American people be again united as in '76.
14. Perpetual union to the United States, and perpetual infamy to the wretch that wishes to dissolve them.
15. Our little Navy—than which a braver never sailed.
16. United we stand, divided we fall—therefore palsey to the brain and leprosy to the hand that would plot to dismember the Union.
17. The people of the United States—their own legitimate sovereign.
18. The American Fair.

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On Thursday last, the 4th inst. a number of the Democratic Republicans of St. Michael's and its vicinity, assembled for the purpose of celebrating that auspicious day; *Samuel Tenant*, Esq. was called to the Chair, *Thomas L. Haddaway*, Esq. as Vice President, and Mr. *James Dooris*, as Secretary;—and after partaking of an excellent dinner prepared for the purpose, the cloth being removed, the following Toasts were drank, and followed by 3, 6, 9, or 12 cheers.

1. The day we celebrate—the anniversary of the Constitution of the United States.
2. The Constitution of the United States—may it be respected, supported, uncontaminated and unbroken.
3. The constituted authorities—dismay and disgrace to all who oppose them.
4. The first officer known by the Constitution, (the President)—with willing confident pleasure, we congratulate him on renewing his seat this day.
5. The second officer known by the Constitution, (the Vice President) the constant uniform republican, Elbridge Gerry.
6. A democratic representative government—emanating only from the People.
7. The war in which we are engaged—not of choice but of necessity; supported therefore, by every true friend to his country.
8. The victims of the present war—may providence and philanthrophy alleviate their sufferings.
9. The frigate Constitution—her brave officers and crew, the honor, pride and glory of the U. States exciting the wonder of the world.
10. The brave, the intrepid Jones, his officers and crew—may they always inflict on their enemies, the sting of the Wasp.
11. The U. States and the Frigate so called, honor and success to their officers and crew—may they make all their opponents Macedonians.
12. The army of the U. States—may their courage and zeal not be abated by small and partial discomfitures.
13. A free trade and sailor's rights, upon the highway of nations—until this be obtained, may a spirited resentment be enkindled in the American people against the pirates of perfidious Britain.
14. The tories in the U. States—a stormy passage for them to Bombay.
15. The brave spirit of Volunteers—the meed of praise to those whose actions exhibit proofs of it.
16. The State of Maryland—may she speedily be heal'd of her leprosy.
17. The Lieutenant Colonel of the 9th cavalry district—a man whose public worth and solid merit, recommend him to the people.
18. The fair sex—may their favours be the reward of true bravery.

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LEGISLATURE OF MASSSACHUSETTS.

IN SENATE, Feb. 22, 1813.

The following answer to the vote of thanks passed by the Senate to Commodore *Bainbridge*, the Officers and Crew of the Constitution, for the capture of the Java was received, and on motion of the Honorable Mr. *Otis*, entered on the journal.

U. S. frigate Constitution,
Harbor of BOSTON, *Feb.* 20, 1813.

SIR,

I have had the honor, through you, to receive the vote of thanks from the Senate of the Commonwealth of *Massachusetts*, to myself, Officers and Crew, for capturing & destroying the British frigate Java.

To merit and receive the approbation of our country, ever has, and ever will be our highest ambition.

I am, Sir,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE.

The Hon. SAMUEL DANA, *President of the Senate of the State of Massachusetts.*

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WESTERN PATRIOTISM.

In his speech on the new army bill, Mr. Macon declared that the patriotism of the western people was never surpassed by Greece and Rome, in their best days. The declaration will be responded by faithful history and impartial posterity.—We may challenge the production of a parallel to a people voluntarily forgoing the comforts & luxuries of civil life, and taking up arms to march hundreds of miles into a foreign territory, to chastize the insults and aggressions of an enemy upon the honor and interests of their country. No law, no positive duty demanded this noble & disinterested sacrifice. The impulse of patriotism alone led to it. A series of disasters, numerous friends and connexions immolated and mangled by the tomahawk, or slain in open battle, have not chilled the patriotic spirit of that people.—No! they still cleave to their country's standard with cheerfulness and ardor. And yet, shame to the base and dastardly wretches, there are men, and Americans too, who openly ridicule & abuse the gallant volunteers of the west, who will not allow them to possess either virtue or patriotism, and who secretly triumph at the slaughter of the flower of their youth. Indignant history will consign these vile and ignoble citizens to everlasting infamy and detestation, in the same page in which it will raise an eternal monument of unfading glory to the brave spirits whose reputation they asperse, and whose exalted virtues they are incapable of imitating. *Balt. Amer.*

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Boston, Feb. 24.

DEVELOPEMENT.

The public for several days past, have been considerably agitated with certain reports respecting persons and papers being arrested and detected, of a *treasonable nature*. The subject being still under examination, we shall forbear to mention the names of persons who are supposed to be implicated; but the following are the circumstances relating to the arrests and seizure of persons and papers alluded to.

On Saturday last, as a vessel under Swedish colors cleared at the Custom House for Fayal, and went down to the lower harbor, Mr. LEE, an intrepid and vigilant officer, had obtained information that led him to suspect some fraud or deception in the voyage, went down with other officers, and about ten o'clock (same evening she went below) overtook her and boarded her. The crew and most of the persons on board were safe moored in their hammocks. Mr. LEE demanded their papers, part of which were delivered to him by the person calling himself the *Swedish Captain*. Mr. LEE also found sewed up in the sleeve of one of the passengers' coats, several papers; and a close examination found secreted in a JUG, inside a keg of TRIPE, another parcel of papers, many of which purporting to be the necessary papers for a voyage to Fayal, but in fact destined to *Halifax*. Amongst the papers was found a British License to import bread stuffs, provisions, &c. to Halifax. Many letters were found on board, directed to merchants at Fayal, when in fact the merchants the letters were directed to are known residents and merchants at *Halifax*. Some of the letters were directed to *William K. Reynolds, & Co.* and some to *William Allison*. The Court of Inquiry adjourned to ten o'clock this morning for further examination.—Eight or ten persons are now under arrest.

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Prepared for publication in the Democratic Press.

EXPORTS FOR 1812.

A Summary of the Value of the Exports from the United States for the year ending on the 30th September, 1812, shewing the amount exported from each State and Territory. Extracted from the Official Documents laid before Congress.

States & Territories.	*Domestic*	*Foreign.*	*Total.*
N. Hampshire	194,37	9,029	203,491
Vermont	131,40	7,244	138,647
Massachusetts	3,945,22	2,648,109	6,588,338
Rhode Island	604,891	150,246	755,137
Connecticut	720,805		720,805
New York	6,603,508	2,358,414	8,961,922
New Jersey	4,186		4,186
Pennsylvania	4,660,457	1,313,293	5,973,750
Delaware	29,744		29,744
Maryland	3,956,083	1,929,886	5,885,979
D. Columbia	1,593,413	12,996	1,606,409
Virginia	2,983,493	17,619	3,001,112
N. Carolina	489,219		489,219
S. Carolina	2,024,834	11,361	2,036,195
Georgia	1,066,703		1,066,703
*Territories	1,033,759	36,930	1,070,689
Total Dolls.	30,032,109	8,495,127	38,527,236
*Michigan	5,650	2,061	
Mississippi	3,107		
N. Orleans	1,025,002	34,869	
	1,033,759	36,930	1,070,689

A Summary description of the Domestic Exports for the year ending the 30th of September, 1812.

From the Sea, there were		$ 935,000
From the Forest		2,701,000
From Agriculture there were of the		
Produce of Animals	$1,657,000	
Vegetable Food	17,797,000	
Tobacco	1,514,000	
Cotton	3,080,000	
All other Agricultural products	507,000	
		24,555,000
From Manufactures there were of domestice materials	1,135,000	
of foreign do.	220,000	
		1,355,000
Uncertain		
Manufactured	300,000	
Raw produce	186,000	
		486,000
Total		Dolls. 30,032,000

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We are happy to state that Lieut. LARABEE, of the fourth regiment, who lost his arm at the battle of Brownstown, has been promoted to captain. *Boston Patriot.*

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Lord AMELIUS BEAUCLERK takes out the squadron about to sail for America. *London Paper.*

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Married, on the 3d inst. by the Rev'd. James Laird, Mr. *Benson Lowes*, to the amiable Miss *Elizabeth D. Allen*, all of Somerset county.

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Died, on Monday last, Mr. *William Arringdale*, an old and respectable inhabitant of this county, but here the awful scene did not stop! his *wife*, and a young woman of the family, soon followed, so that three by a corpse at the same time in one house—the Saturday before he had attended the burial of a *son!*—Since which two others of the family have gone to "*that bourne whence no traveller returns.*"

——, On the 4th instant, in this town, *George Sewell*, a respectable Member of the Methodist Church.

——, On Saturday last, Mrs. *Susan Jones*, consort of Mr. Thomas Jones, jun. of this town.

——, On Saturday last, Mr. *William Freeland*, a respectable inhabitant of this county.

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LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

(*BY AUTHORITY.*)

AN ACT

Authorising a loan for a sum not exceeding sixteen millions of dollars.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to borrow, on the credit of the U. States, a sum not exceeding 16 millions of dollars, to be applied, in addition to the monies now in the Treasury, or which may be received from other sources, to defray any of the expences which have been, or during the present session of Congress, may be authorized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or, during the present session of Congress, may be made by law; *Provided*, That no engagement nor contract shall be entered into which shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum, or sums, thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of twelve years, from the first day of January next: *And it is hereby further declared*, That it shall be deemed a good execution of the said power to borrow, for the President of the United States to cause to be sold the whole or any part of the certificates of stock issued for the sums to be borrowed by virtue of this act.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States do cause to be laid before Congress, on the first Monday in February, eighteen hundred and fourteen, or as soon thereafter, as Congress may be in session, an account of all the monies obtained by the sale of the certificates of stock, by virtue of the power given him by the preceding section, together with a statement of the rate at which the same may have been sold.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorised to employ, with the approbation of the President of the United States, an agent or agents, for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorised by this act, or of selling any stock created by virtue thereof. A commission not exceeding one quarter of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, or for which subscriptions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum not exceeding forty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any monies in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying the amount of such commission, or commissions, as may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expences of printing and issuing the subscription certificates of stock and other expences incident to the receiving of subscriptions, and completing the loan authorised by this act.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest, and such part of the principal of said debt, as the United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act: It shall accordingly be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund, to cause to be applied and paid out of the said fund yearly, such sum and sums, as may be annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal as the same shall become due, and may be discharged in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorised to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith of the United States is hereby pledged, to establish sufficient revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said interest, and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for any of the banks in the district of Columbia, to lend any part of the sum authorised to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any thing in any of their charters of incorporation to the contrary notwithstanding.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM H. CRAWFORD,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

February 8, 1813.

Approved, JAMES MADISON.

NOTICE

Will be sold on fourth day, (*Wednesday*) the 17th inst. if fair, if not, the next fair day, on a credit of 6 months—All the personal estate of the late *Mary Stevens*, dec'd. adjoining Mary Hardcastle's, consisting of valuable Household and Kitchen Furniture; also some valuable Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, and Farming Utensils; also from three to four hundred bushels of Corn will be offered, of a superior quality, and sixty-four bushels of nice wheat now seeded, with a quantity of nice salted pork, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention. All sums above 6 dollars the purchaser must give bond or note, before the removal of the property, with approved security, with interest from the day of sale; and all sums under 6 dollars the cash must be paid. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

WILLIAM WILSON, Adm'r
Joint with
ELIZABETH & ANN STEVENS.

march 9——2

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold on SATURDAY, the 20th day of March, at the subscribers dwelling in Easton, a variety of Household and Kitchen furniture, on a credit of 60 days, on all sums above $5, with note and approved security, all sums under, and to the amount of five dollars, the cash will be required, viz: consisting of beds and furniture, one cupboard, and a variety of articles to furnish the same, half a dozen chairs, two tables, a parcel of books, and-irons, shovel and tongs, two pots, dutchoven, tea kettle, potatoes, and a number of other articles in the line of house-keeping, too tedious to mention. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, and attendance given by

THOMAS JONES, Jun.

march 9——2

PUBLIC SALE

The Vestry of St. Michael's Parish will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on the first Tuesday in May next, at Mr. Peacock's tavern at Easton (12 o'clock)—all that Land belonging to the said Vestry, on the road from Easton to Potts's Mill, called "Mill Road" and "Mill Road Addition." The quantity of Land not exactly known at this time; supposed about sixty acres. It is situated two miles from Easton, and will be a great object as a source of wood and timber.

march 9——9

WANTED TO PURCHASE OR HIRE

A likely *Negro Girl*, about 14 or 15 years old, that has been accustomed to nursing children.—Apply to the Editor.

march 9——m

APPRENTICES

Wanted to the Earthen Ware business.

Two boys of 14 or 15 years of age, of good dispositions and steady habits, would be taken at the above business on pleasing terms to parents if early application is made to the subscriber.

NICHS. S. JONES, *Baltimore.*

march 9——12

P. S. Any letters relative to the above, left with Mr. Edward Markland, Mr. Wm. Cox, or Mr. Caleb Brown, Easton, will meet with attention. N. S. J.

TALBOT COUNTY ORPHAN'S COURT,

4th day of March, A. D. 1813.

On application of Langford Higgins, administrator of *Andrew Giles*, late of Talbot county, deceased. It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers at Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of proceeding of the Orphan's Court of the County aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 4th day of March, A. D. 1813.

L. S.

Test, JA: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

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In compliance with the above Order.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber, of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of said County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Andrew Giles*, late of Talbot county, deceased.—All persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to him; and all those having claims against said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, properly authenticated for settlement, on or before the 10th day of September next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of March, 1813.

LANGFORD HIGGINS, Adm'r
of Andrew Giles, deceased.

march 9——3