off Sandy Hook. The pilots supposed the frigate was the Belvedera, capt. Byron.—[If the frigate is the Belvedera, it is probable that the ship of the line is the Poictiers, com. Barreaford.]

Preparations for defence—A temporary breast work is erecting on the scite of the old battery, in front of our city; the workmen broke ground and commenced their operations yesterday morning; the work will be finished in a few days.

Captain Lawrence, of the Hornet, will we understand soon be ordered to take the command of the frigate Constitution, in the place of captain Bainbridge, who is to superintend the building of a 74.

THE REPUBLICAN STAR,
AND
GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1813.

The readers of the Star are this morning presented with some excellent extracts from British papers (not those in America) which will amply compensate a careful perusal.

Is there a federalist *out* of Talbot county, on whose mind doubt of the capture and destruction of the sloop of war *Peacock*, by the *Hornet*, remained, after reading the account published on Tuesday last? Yet, strange to tell, there is a party *in* it, so devoted to the 'British cause in America,' the remainder of the week was allowed to pass away in silent regret, while their deluded followers were left in doubtful uncertainty!—Will they believe Capt. Lawrence? ☞See opposite page.

While *Timothy Pickering*, in a series of numbers, is trying by every abuse and misrepresentation against the General Government, to prevent the LOAN authorised by law, which are taking the rounds in the British papers, the following may not be deemed out of date, leaving the readers of the Star to say what 'old' '*leaven*' still remains amongst us, and who it is pending the war, that 'will not join any *military* association, or *patriotic* loan, but discourage them as far as they dare;' and whether 'these men should be carefully WATCHED' or not?

TOLERATION.

Extract from the Federal Gazette of July 5, 1798.

I believe that some of the old *French leaven* still remains amongst us, and that some vile and degenerate wretches, whom I call *Frenchpartizans*, or *American jacobins*, will not join any *military* association, or *patriotic* loan, but discourage them as far as they dare; these men should be carefully WATCHED and if they should *artfully* attempt to form any *military corps* (and they will be known by the character of their officers and privates) notice should be given to our Federal and State GOVERNMENTS, *to prevent commissions issuing from want of information.*

[Under the general names of "French partizans or American Jacobins" it is almost unnecessary to mention, the *Federalists* of 1798 denominated the whole body of the Republicans.]

The government being in possession of a treasonable correspondence carried on by British agents in this country, and others, with people in Great Britain, and with British commanders in America; and being advised that many letters of that kind were sent to Annapolis, to be forwarded thence by the packet, ordered all the letters there to be examined, and such as merited animadversion to be detained. The result of this precautionary measure is not known, but it is generally understood that there was good reason at least for the investigation. It is surprising that any one should think of sending letters by the pocket, sealed. None would object to their being examined, whose correspondence would bear examination. Highly criminal would it be in the government to permit a single letter to pass to the enemy without knowing its contents, especially at the present time, when their forces infest our bays and rivers, blockade our ports, and menace our towns with devastation. We hope, and believe, that, in these and all other respects, our government and people will do their duty. [*Nat. Intel.*

We understand that major general Wilkinson is ordered on to the city of Washington with a view of giving him a *seperate* and *important command to the North.*

He is to be succeeded in the command on the Mississippi by brigadier general Flourney of Georgia—And general Wade Hampton is ordered to the command of the troops at Norfolk.

It is said that colonels Pike, Covington, Bard, Cass, Winder and M'Arthur, are to be the six brigadier generals, authorised to be appointed during the recess—by an act of the last session.

Adjutant general Cushing has been appointed brigadier general in the place of brigadier general Gansevoort, deceased, and will *shortly* take the *field.* [*Alex. Herald.*

We are indebtedd to the civility of the Editors of the Patriot, for the Norfolk Herald of Tuesday, from which the following paragraphs are copied. Five English sailors, who escaped from the Dragon, report the enemy's squadron to be on short allowance of water. It is supposed that Admiral Beauclere will shortly relieve Admiral Warren's squadron. *American.*

Norfolk, March 30.

THE ENEMY.

Since our last the enemy's shipping in Hampton Roads, consisting of 3 sail of the line, and 2 frigates, have removed from that anchorage and taken up their former position in Lynhaven Bay This movement of the enemy from a position in which he could so effectually obstruct our navigation, has very naturally given rise to a number of conjectures; we are, however, inclined to think that it is only a temporary measure, probably a feint to decoy our vessels into their power, which may in consequence attempt the navigation of James River. While the blockade continues we may calculate that a force will occasionally, if not constantly be employed in Hampton Roads, sufficient to cut off all communication by water, between this place and the upper country.

We cannot state with certainty the number of the enemy's shipping at present employed in the blockading of the Chesapeake. Mr. Daws, of Hampton, who crossed the Roads yesterday, informs, that the Dragon 74, was at anchor about seven miles below Old Point Comfort, and that three 74's and two frigates were in Lynhaven.—These are all that he could see, but there is no doubt that several frigates were higher up the Bay.

Capt. Hummings & crew of the sloop Pemmy, of Edenton, came up from Willoughby's Point on Saturday, having been captured by one of the enemy's schr's near Cape Charles on the 21st inst. Capt. H. relates that he left Alexandria the 18th, and was bound to Edenton, his vessel in ballast The enemy after taking a quantity of rigging and other articles from the sloop, and $300 in specie from Capt. H. ordered him to proceed with his vessel to the Admiral's ship for adjudication.—Capt. H. however thought proper to save the Admiral any trouble on his account, by running the sloop aground on the spit at Willoughby's when he and his hands took to the boat and came ashore, leaving the sloop in possession of the militia on the beach.

Annapolis, April 3.

Suspicion—arrest—trial—conviction, and imprisonment.

The account which appeared in the Federal Gazette, with respect to certain recent events in this town as coming from "undoubted authority" is quite laughable, and deserves a conspicuous place amongst the rest of the war "rumours."—Those here who daily see the person spoken of, in that article, now moving to and fro without restraint, enquire who was Mr. Guinn's "undoubted authority."

CONSISTENCY.

The federalists in and out of the Legislature approved the conduct of Eastern Governors who refused upon the call of the Executive to call out the Militia, and expressly maintained the doctrine that the Governors discretion should controul in such cases; how then can they blame the general government for the militia being called out here? If the Governor and Council had tho't it not necessary according to *their own doctrine*, he might have refused. We pray you gentlemen have some decent regard for consistency.

The following are the orders issued by his Excellency the Governor, in compliance with the requisition of the President of the U. States, for a part of this State's quota, to be employed in the defence of the seat of government, and the public property of the State in this City.—The whole of the forces may shortly be expected, when we shall be in a formidable state of defence, and enabled to bid defiance to the public enemy, should an attack be contemplated. How small must the *Tories* feel, when his Excellency has thus given the *lie direct* to all their predictions in regard to his calling out the militia in case of a requisition from the proper authority? Altho' a federalist, we believe he is an American in principle, & will never shrink from a performance of his duty when the interests of his country, as in the present case, may require his concurrence with the views of the general government. Let the lugubrious howlings of faction cease; let *tories, spies* and *traitors* hie to their dens to drag out a miserable existence in contemptible oblivion, and the American federalists retrive a character so long disgraced and abused by such detestable emissaries.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Head Quarters, Annapolis, March 29, 1813.

In conformity to a requisition of the general government, signified in communications of the Secretary of War of the 20th and 24th instant, to the Executive of Maryland, to detach a body of drafted militia to be stationed at Annapolis for the defence thereof:

ORDERED, That the 40th and 42d regiment, and extra battalion, (commanded by Major M'Causlin) of the 1st brigade, commanded by Brig. Gen. Foreman, furnish 2 captains, 6 lieutenants, 3 ensigns and 188 men, including non commissioned officers and music.—The 3d and 44th regiments of the 7th brigade, commanded by Gen. Barrick, will furnish 1 captain, 3 lieutenants, 1 ensign and 94 men, including non commissioned officers and music.—The 22d and 32d regiments of the 8th brigade, commanded by Gen. O. Williams, will furnish 2 captains, 6 lieutenants, 3 ensigns and 188 men, including non commissioned officers and music—Col. Gassaway Watkins will command this detachment.—Major Wood of the 42d regiment will take command of that part of the detachment from the 1st brigade, and as soon as they are ready to march, will conduct them to to Annapolis and report himself to Colonel Watkins.

The brigadiers or commanding officers of the 1st, 7th and 8th brigades, will immediately give the necessary orders for carrying the above into effect as speedy as possible, hasten their march, and report to the Commander in Chief of the Militia of Maryland, the progress made in the execution thereof.

By order of the Commander in Chief,
JOHN GASSAWAY, Adj. Gen.

SIR,

Inclosed I send you an order of the Commander in Chief of the Militia of Maryland, and I am directed by him to express his confidence, that you will as speedy as possible, carry it into effect, and that as soon as the detachment from your brigade is ready to march, you will give the necessary orders to facilitate their movement to this place. For any expence which may be incurred in their transportation, or for provision on their march, you will direct drafts on the Executive of Maryland, accompanied with the necessary vouchers. Arms and accoutrements will be furnished here on their arrival.

By Order,
JOHN GASSAWAY, Adj. Gen.

Norfolk, March 26.

Admiral Sir J. B Warren, in the St. Domingo, with another ship of the line and a frigate, arrived in Lynhaven Bay on Tuesday morning, and on the following day sent up a flag of Truce with dispatches for Gen. Taylor, to which an answer was returned by the same conveyance. Though the purport of these communications has not been promulged, yet there is good reason for *guessing* that it refers to the mission of Mr. Swershkoff, mentioned in our last. That gentleman took his departure in a flag for Baltimore on Wednesday, but would first proceed on a visit to Adm'l. Warren. [He has returned to this City.]—*Nat. Intel.*

A letter from Norfolk of the 29th of March, says, "yesterday all the English vessels sailed from Hampton Roads, report says, to Lynhaven Bay. A boat has this moment arrived from Hampton, with information that not a frigate is to be seen. Thirty six of the English-men ran away, and got safe to Hampton yesterday in a tender.

New York, March 27.

IMPRESSED AMERICAN SEAMEN.

Capt. Lawrence, of the U. States sloop of war Hornet, has authorised us to state, that there were two impressed American seamen on board the late British sloop of war Peacock, one a native of this State, (N. York) and the other a native of Norfolk One of them was pressed two years and an half ago, and the other about 18 months since, neither of whom entered, and both were compelled to fight during the engagement with the Hornet.

Before the engagement commenced, the above mentioned American seamen left their station, went to the Capt. of the Peacock, and asked his permission to go below with the crew of the brig Hunter of Portland, as they could not fight against their country. This request was peremptorily refused by the late capt. Peake, and the two Americans were forced to their station, & compelled to fight.

[We give the above information upon authority which we are confident will not be questioned.]

Capt. Lawrence further states, that another impressed American was reported to have been on board the Peacock, & that he was killed during the action.

The two first mentioned seamen, have arrived in the Hornet, and were not wounded.

Since we have brought this most important subject before our country, we cannot omit giving publicity to the fact, that 2 impressed American seamen, were on board the Macedonian, during her engagement with the frigate U. States, Commodore Decatur, and were compelled to fight. Neither of them had entered, and one of them was killed. The names of these men were, John Card, a native of the District of Maine, killed; and Peter Johnson, a native of this city, who is now on board the John Adams, or Alert—Johnson, after the action was about half over, left his station and refused to do duty any longer, telling cast. Carden he would prefer death, by his order, rather than be compelled to fight against his countrymen.

[We received this information from an authority which will effectually silence all doubt. Com. Decatur is our author.]

The specie taken from the English brig Resolution by Captain Lawrence was $25,000, and not 34, as erroneously mentioned in this paper of yesterday.

THE FIFTH NAVAL VICTORY

Will excite afresh the wonder of the world!—The sinking the British brig of war *Peacock* by the United States brig the *Hornet* in *fifteen* minutes, will fill England with amazement and dismay! The Peacock was a *larger* vessel than the Hornet; and carried a greater number of guns. To cut this ship to pieces, to kill and wound between 30 and 40 of her men, while the American ship lost but *one killed and two wounded*, is a circumstance so extraordinary that it impresses the minds of our countrymen with an exultation mixed with solemnity! Is it merely our prowess? or is it the finger of Heaven pointing to the path of our future glory? These successes fill not the mind with a noisy and giddy joy, but with a solemn and grateful sentiment towards that power which controls the world, and giveth us the victory, by "teaching our hands to war, and our fingers to fight!" *Boston Patriot.*

Charleston, March 20.

VALUABLE PRIZES.

It gives us great pleasure to state, that a passenger in the sloop Union, arrived here yesterday from New Orleans, brings certain accounts of the arrival at that port of the privateer schooner *Saucy Jack*, of this port, with her prize, the ship *Mentor*, of London, with a cargo invoiced at £60,000 sterling. The Saucy Jack was preparing to continue her cruize.

Also, the ship *Lord Nelson*, (said to be the finest ship belonging to the port of Liverpool) of 650 tons, had arrived at New Orleans with a valuable cargo, prize to the privateer *Saratoga*, of New York.

SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.

From a late London Evening Star.

To show the perfect concert between the *hired British prints* in London and America, we quote the following insolent paragraphs from the *London Evening Star.*

"There is only another way, therefore, in which the intellects of this Sophist can be kept within their original humble sphere, & G. Britain alone possesses the salutary medicament. THE AMERICAN NAVY MUST BE ANNIHILATED—*her arsenals and dock yards must be consumed;* and the TURBULENT INHABITANTS OF BALTIMORE *must be tamed with the weapons, which shook the wooden turrets of Copenhagen!!!*"

The American merchant vessels ought perhaps to be permitted to arm against the pirates of Mediterranean or the Ladrones of China; but, like certain places of entertainment in England, they ought to be compelled to exhibit in large letters, on their mainsails, "LICENSED TO CARRY GUNS, PURSUANT TO A BRITISH ACT OF PARLIAMENT!!!"

No. 1.

From the Federal Republican of March 15.

"We state *upon authority*, that has seldom if ever misled us, that *the intention* of Admiral Warren *has been ascertained* to penetrate and scour all the navigable rivers of the South, and destroy the shipping. This is to be done as a RETALIATION upon us *for letting loose privateers* upon British commerce. Upon *the same authority*, we mention the MEDITATED DESTRUCTION OF THE SHIPPING IN THE PORT OF BALTIMORE.—After knocking down the Fort, all the wharves were to be burnt, and such shipping as could not be carried off, *consigned to the flames.*"

No. 2.

From the same paper of March 22.

"He [Adm. Warren] may go up to BALTIMORE, as he no doubt intends, and DISPOSE OF ITS FATE ACCORDING TO THE DEGREES OF VENGEANCE *or clemency by which he is actuated.* He may even come up to Washington, & reduce the Navy Yard and stores to a heap of ashes and ruins."

"Perhaps at this very moment *Norfolk, the Constellation and the Navy Yard at Gosport are illuminating the course of Sir John Warren up to* ANNAPOLIS AND BALTIMORE. If he relies upon the sudden interposition of the militia, he will be more conspicuously disappointed than ever.—They are without arms as well as discipline, and they possessed both, they would be of no avail against the British navy, whilst any thing like adequate fortifications are not to be fonnd."

No. 3.

From the same paper of March 24.

"The spade and pick axe are the proper implements for the MOB-MEN to work with, *and as it is what they ought long since have been bro't to*, very few will *censure* Admiral Warren for setting them to hard labor these dull times. The penitentiary or public roads, would be a more suitable scene of action for a majority of the VAGABONDS AND BLOOD HOUNDS, upon which the DEVOTED CITY depends for defence."

Within a few months past the Government of Russia has been the subject of the highest federal eulogy. How long has this violent partiality been entertained by the opposition for Russia? We well recollect, when Mr. Smith, late Secretary of State, was designated as Minister to Russia, the importance of the friendship of that country to the U. States was much deprecated by the enemies of administration. Russia was described as a sterile inhospitable region, whose friendship was of no value to us. The best appellation given by the factious prints to that mission, was, that it was "an Exile *to Siberia.*" What canso suddenly have changed their antipathy, or at best indifference, into affection? Let intervening history decide the question. For ourselves, two years ago we expressed our admiration & esteem for the personal character of the Emperor of Russia, and for the deportment of that government to the U. States: we may add, we had also a most favorable opinion of the judgment & intelligence of the sovereign who sways that realm. Those opinions are essentially unchanged. The only circumstance which has materially weakened our confidence in his judgment, is, his having confided his fleet to *the care* of the British government. Whether this is the charm which has wrought a change in his favor in the sentiments of the conductors of the factious prints, we know not; and our readers are as competent to conjecture as ourselves. But even this error is that of a good man and virtuous prince, void of guile himself and not suspecting it in others. Our former respect for the government of Russia has certainly been much strengthened by the amity and good will which its Emperor has displayed in his mediation between the U. States & G. Britain, which we doubt not has proceeded from the most laudable motives. As he won the affections of opposition before this offer was known, it is to be hoped—we say, it is to be *hoped*, that this act of friendship to our government will not rob him of their esteem. *Nat. Intel.*

LIBERALITY OF AMERICAN TARS.

It is a fact worthy of note and in the highest degree honorable to our brave tars, that on the day succeeding the destruction of his Britannic majesty's brig Peacock, the crew of the Hornet made a subscription and supplied the prisoners (who had lost almost every thing) with 2 shirts, a blue jacket and trowsers each.

Lancaster, (Pa.) March 27.

A MONSTER DESTROYED.

With great pleasure, we learn, that on Wednesday last, in the House of Representatives of this State, the famous *Banking System* was reconsidered, and rejected; only 38 voting in the affirmative, and 50 in the negative.

We understand that a letter has been received in town this morning from Mr. Moore, the British consul, contradicting the account of his having been arrested, and stating that he hopes he shall have the prudence to keep himself out of difficulty. [*Com. Adv.*

☞American Prize List for the last two weeks, crouded out this morning.

Attention!

The Easton Light Infantry Blues are requested to meet at their usual place of parade on *FRIDAY* the 9th inst. at 3 o'clock P. M. with arms in good order and uniform complete—and those who have any of the old muskets will bring them forward and exchange them for new ones; and all those who got out muskets at the alarm on Sunday evening the 28th March, will come forward and give their receipt for the same.

By order,
SAMUEL HOLMES, Sec'ry.

april 6——1

Dividend.

FARMERS' BANK OF MARYLAND,
EASTON, April 1, 1813.

The President and Directors have this day declared a Dividend of 4 per cent. for the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their representatives, on or after the 5th instant.

JOHN HARWOOD, Cash'r.

april 6——3

The City Bank of Baltimore,
MARCH 26, 1813.

Pursuant *to the Act of Incorporation, notice is hereby given* to the Stockholders of this Institution, that an election will be held at their Banking House, on the 1st Monday of June next, *from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M for sixteen Directors* to manage the affairs of the Bank for the ensuing year. In the first election for Directors *all ballots are to be directed to the Treasurer and lodged at the Bank before the day of election.*

By order of the Commissioners.
J. STERRETT, Treasurer to the Commissioners

The following extract from the Act of Incorporation is published for the information of the Stockholders:—

"All Stockholders, except females, living in the city of Baltimore, or within five miles thereof, shall vote in the choice of Directors by ballot, in person; but every Stockholder living more than five miles from said city, and every female Stockholder, may vote in person, or by written ballot by him or her subscribed with his or her name. and said ballot shall be sealed up and addressed to the cashier of the Bank, and being transmitted before the time of the election, shall be received and counted in the election. *No person who is not a citizen of the United States shall be entitled to vote in any election of this corporation.*

"None but a Stockholder shall be eligible as a Director, except in the case of Directors chosen by the State.

"No Director of any other Bank, nor any person who is a partner in trade with a Director of any Bank, shall be a Director in this Bank"

april 6——3

Public Sale.

Will be sold on THURSDAY, the 15th inst. at his late residence,

All the personal estate of *William Price*, dec'd. On all sums of and above eight dollars (for which a note with approved security will be required) a credit of six months will be given, the cash must be paid at the time of sale on all sums under eight dollars. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

J. BENNETT, Adm'r.

april 6——2

Notice.

Will most positively be sold at public sale, on FRIDAY the 23d inst.

At the Beaver-Dam-Causeway, Queen Ann's county, between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock, on a credit of six and twelve months, a small tract or parcel of LAND, lying near the Causeway, and now in the occupation of Robert S. Gamble, Esq. This tract runs entirely across the late Dr. Longstreet's farm on the Long Marsh, and divides the woodland from the arable land, and adjoins the lands of Messrs. Robert S Gamble and Joseph Pippin. The title to the above land is indisputable.

DEKAR THOMPSON.

april 6——3

Easton Hotel.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened his HOTEL, at the house formerly occupied as the BANK, where he hopes to merit a continuance of the custom he was so fortunate as to receive in that elegant establishment that was lately consumed by Fire.

THOMAS HENRIX.

april 6——m

Greensborough Tavern.

The subscriber has the pleasure of informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened a house for the accommodation of travellers, in the large brick building, formerly occupied by him as a Tavern, well calculated for the business, with good stabling; added to which his own personal exertions to please, flatters himself to be able to give general satisfaction, and to receive a share of public patronage.

NEHEMIAH TOWNSEND.

Greensborough, Caroline county, april 6 ——m

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership of *Valiant & Willis* is this day dissolved by mutual consent—all persons indebted to said firm are desired to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers; & those having claims against them, are requested to bring them in for settlement.

NICHOLAS VALIANT,
HENRY WILLIS.

april 6——3

New Shoes.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM BALTIMORE,
A large and extensive assortment of
SHOES;
Which he will sell low at the late shop of Valiant & Willis, with an excellent supply of materials, to execute all orders in his line with punctuality and dispatch.

NICHOLAS VALIANT.

april 6——3

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY the 27th inst. will be sold at public sale on the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

All that Farm and Tract of Land lying near the Beaver Dam Causeway, in Queen Ann's county, of which *Samuel Carman*, late of the said county, died seized. The same consists of parts of the tracts called "Tristram Ridge," "Hollingsworth's Confusion," "Tom's Fancy enlarged," and "Henry's Luck"—and containing two hundred and sixty acres, more or less. Persons inclined to purchase to review the premises, which will be sold by Mr WILLIAM CECIL, who resides thereon. It will be sold under a decree of the Chancellor. For cash only.

WALTER I. CLAYTON, Trustee.

april 6——4

Spring Goods.

The subscriber has just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore,
AND IS NOW OPENING A SUPPLY OF
GOODS.
Suited to the present and approaching seasons, consisting of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, China, &c.
Amongst the former are some excellent
HOME MADE & GERMAN BROWN
LINENS.
He has also a great variety of PAPER HANGINGS and BORDERING.—All which will be sold at a small advance.

SAMUEL GROOME.

april 6——4

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office, Easton, (Md.) April 1st, 1813.

A—
Isaac Atkinson—3
John Applegarth
Thomas Atkinson
Wm. Arrington
B—
Henry Buckley
John Boil
Miss Eliza. Bowman
Lewis Bush
Freeborn Banning
Richard T. Barrow
Capt. Barnet
Lucretia Barrow
Levin Blades
Thomas Bullen
Miss Mary H. Blake
Hannah Bartlett
Elijah Bauchamp
Joseph Bland
Charles Berry
C—
Alice Celston
Richard Chase
Ann Catrup
Richard Costin
John Caulk
William Collins
Levin Cox
Beacham Causey
John Councill
D—
Joseph Davis
Nicholas Dawson
Thomas Dudley
James Denna
Peter Delany
George Denny
Rachel Davis—2
Thomas Deaver
E—
Adam Edgar
F—
Samuel T. Fairbank
Capt Thomas Frazier
H M. Frazier
Rebecca Fleming
G—
F. M. G Goldsborough
Sinah Gusta
Sarah Gill
Dr Joseph N. Gordon
H—
Prudence Harrison
Wm. Hovington
Thomas Hopkins
Charles Harrison
J—
John Jump
K—
Philip Ketty
Cloudsbury Kirby
L—
Mr. Lowe
Richard Linthicum
Patience Loockerman
Lucretia Littleton
M—
Ann Mullikin
James Martin
James Mansfield
N—
David Nice
P—
Joel Page
Rebecca Parrott
R—
Margaret Rage
Edward Ringgold
Milly Roberts
Wm. P. Ridgaway
S—
Mrs. Doctor Seth
Thomas Sissell
Mrs. Elizabeth Skinner
John Seney—3
Leven T. Spedden
Peter Sins
Southey Smith
T—
John Tucker
V—
James Vickers
W—
Thomas Wayman
Samuel Wright
Isaac Wickersham—3
John Willis
Miss Martha B. Watts
Edward Wood, sen.
Y—
Susan Yarnall—2

april 6——3

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office at Chester Town, 1st April, 1813.

B.
Barnes James
C.
Corse William
Crane Philip
Conlay William
Causey Beacham
Carmichael William
Copper Samuel
Copper Elizabeth
E.
Eaddes John
Everett Tem.
F.
Frisby James
Farrer Susanna
G.
Gleaves F. William
H.
Harlock Henry
J.
Johnson Miss Lydia
Jackson Mrs.
L.
Lynch John
M.
Moffitt William
Merrett Samuel
Mequean Mary
P.
Pearce Gideon
Pennington Bennidick
Page John
R.
Ricaud Thomas
Roads Joseph
Ridgely Mrs.
S.
Simmon Joseph
Smith Thomas—2
Spencer Charlotte
Scot James
Sutton Samuel
T.
Turner H. Samuel
Termant Henry
U
Usselton Aquilla
V.
Vandering Elizabeth
W.
Wilkins Edward
Wroth Peregrine
Wesenthall Thomas
Wright Edward
Welch James—2.

april 6——3

This is to give notice.

That the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estates of *John Roach* and *Nehemiah Whitington*, late of Caroline county, deceased—also, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estates of *Rovanna Blades* and *Thomas Wing*, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased's, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 24th day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estates. Given under my hand this 6th day of April, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

FREDERICK HOLBROOK.

april 6——3

This is to give notice,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Ezekiel Willis*, late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 24th day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1813.

ESTHER WILLIS, Admr'x.
of Ezekiel, Willis, deceased.

april 6——3

Wanted to Purchase,

A good MILCH COW. Apply at the Star Office. april 6——3

WRITING PAPER, SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.
For sale at the Star Office.