France, the United States, Denmark, the King of Spain [Joseph] and the Conferated Princes. On the other, side are to be ministers from England, Prussia, the Spanish Cortes, and the allies of that belligerent mass PARIS MAY 25.

The Empress has this day received a report, that on 20th the Emperor had gained a fresh victory over the Russians and Prussians at Bautzin; the details of which are expected immediately.

LONDON, MAY 31.

As we suspected, the account of an armistice being concluded is not confirmed. Yet Bonaparte has offered to consent to one, provided a Congress shall be formed for a general peace. Whether the proposal be from Bonaparte or the Emperor of Austria, it is submitted in such a way that it cannot be acceded to by us or our allies. Bonaparte is however wonderfully changed. Though he recurs to the Treaty Utrecht, to establish inadmissable maritime principles, yet he says not a word about the Confederation of the Rhine, & omits also all allusion to the Continental system. He feels the necessity of peace, or a lengthed armistice.

The Heligoland mail announces the arrival of Bernadotte in Germany: & the entrance o 8000 Swedes in Hamburg.

Kotzebue's paper announces positively that Austria has joined the allies: and that the Emperor of Russia and King of Prussia had gone to Prague. The negociation news is corroborated by advices from Bordeaux

THE REPUBLICAN STAR,
AND
GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1813.

To make room for the highly important Report of the Secretary of State, with the accompanying documents, we are compelled to omit our usual details this morning; among which are some toasts drank near ROCK HALL, which shall be attended to.

FROM OUR NORFOLK CORRESPONDENT.

July 14.

SURCESSFUL SKIRMISH.

The Plantagenet, 74, has, for some days past, been lying off Cape Henry Light House, near enough in shore to protect the landing of her men, who were sent on shore to procure water. The enemy had sunk wells for this purpose on the Cape Point, where there is excellent water, and every day visited them in their barges, supplying themselves with water, and plundering the inhabitants. Yesterday detachments from the two companies of the Princess Ann Militia, amounting to about 50, under the command of Captain RICHARD LAWSON, marched down to the Cape and took a position behind some sand-hills about 40 yards in the rear of the wells.

At half past 5 this morning, a barge, full of men, from the ship, was seen rowing towards the shore. They landed about 6 o'clock, & all hands proceeded to the wells, where they received a full fire from the militia, who, until that moment were concealed from their view by the sand-hills —— The enemy were panic struck. They threw down their arms, and ran in confusion to their boat. Some were cut off in their running, and those who reached the boat immediately laid themselves down in her, and durst not show their heads. Capt. Lawson, to prevent an unnecessary effusion of blood, ordered his men to cease firing, and summoned the enemy to surrender, when they made the requisite tokens of submission, and were all taken prisoners. The enemy's force consisted of 2 Lieutenants, 16 Seamen, and 8 Marines; and they had 3 marines killed, and 1 lieut. 2 seamen, and 2 marines wounded.—— We had not a man injured. As the barge could not be moved without exposure to the guns of the 74, a piece of cannon which was in her bow, and whatever else that could be detached from her, was taken out, and she was scuttled.

The only vessels visible in Lynhaven this morning, are the Plantagenet, 74, the Ortolan sloop of war and a brig. JULY 15.

The prisoners taken at the Cape yesterday morning, were brought into town last evening. The wounded have been taken proper care of.— They had not the least suspicion of an attack, as they had so long remained in undisturbed possession of the shore, nor were they apprised of the fact, until it was too late to retreat, and useless to contend. Lieut. DICKINSON (who was wounded in the small of his thigh) was not on duty, but had obtained permission to come ashore for recreation; every attention which humanity required, has been shewn to this officer since his misfortune.

The following is a list of the Prisoners taken.

Robert Fassett, Lieutenant, commanding the party.

Frederick Dickinson, Lieutenant, supernumerary.

George Blakey, Cockswain.

Thomas Franklin, Sergeant of Marines.

James Donahoe, George Jones, James Knott, John Dooling, Peter Higgins, Robert Spooner, Daniel M'Clellan, Pat. Rowe, Thomas Spurdie, Morris M'Carty, Pat. Doyle, Hugh Berkley, Jno. Osburn, James Daley, Joseph Cannon—*Seamen.* William Benton, Jo. Waller, Thomas Welsley—*Marines.* Total 22.

KILLED

William White, *Corporal*; Thos. Beasor, John Wheeler, *Marines.*

We should have mentioned, in our account of this affair, that Capt. LAWSON seeing the disparity of the enemy's force, previous to firing, called out to them to surrender; when one of the lieuts. levelled a carbine at him and fired—happily the ball missed its object. Capt. L. then ordered his men to fire.

NAVAL ACTION.

Capt. Borges, who arrived at Boston yesterday from St. Michaels, informs that on the 26th June, in lat. 41, 51, long. 33, 20, at 8 o'clock in the morning, saw a sail from aloft, in the S. E quarter. Calm. At 10 o'clock there was a light breeze, and at 11 heard a heavy, quick, and repeated firing, and saw smoke plainly from the deck, bearing E. S. E. The smoke first rose in columns, but at such a distance that the ships could not be seen. The firing lasted about thirty minutes, and ceased about twenty minutes— when it recommenced, and continued until 50 minutes after 12 o'clock: The whole firing being one hour and a half—The weather was clear, and the sea smooth.

Corroborative of the action —Capt. Decost, who arrived in New Bedford on Thursday from Lisbon, reports, that on the 27th June he was boarded by the Bellerophon 74, with a frigate in company; that on the next day, 28th, at 10 A. M. he heard a heavy cannonade which lasted an hour and a half. After the smoke cleared away saw a ship which he took to be the frigate which was in company with the Bellerophon; and that the 74 was the ship engaged, but with what he could not tell.

FOR THE STAR.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICANS OF QUEEN ANN'S COUNTY.

At this important crisis, when every effort is making to foment divisions in our ranks and promote disunion among us, we ought, fellow citizens, sedulously to guard against their operation, and by harmony and concert defeat the machinations of our opponents, who seek to divide, only that they may weaken us. The period is fast approaching, when we shall again be called on to exercise the important right of suffrage, (a right *guaranteed to us all*, without distinction, as long as the democrats maintain the ascendency in the councils of our State) and to decide who shall represent us in the next General Assembly.— While the power is in our hands, let us reflect on the importance of political union, and remember that, "Divided we fall—United we stand" an immovable pillar of strength, against which the storms of opposition may beat, but which they can never overthrow. At this juncture, would it not be prudent to rely on those gentlemen, to whom we last year committed our cause, and whose patriotism will again induce them to come forward, if consonant to the wishes of their republican brethren? Shall we not, then, most solicitously desire to see our tried and approved representatives, Samuel Burgess, Thomas Emory, Robert Stevens, and Thomas Wright, foregoing for a while the comforts and quiet of domestic scenes, and prompted only by an honorable zeal for the cause of republicanism, again offer themselves as candidates for our suffrages? The selection of those gentlemen, while it secures to us the efforts of our known and tried friends, will most effectually put a check to the hopes of the opposition, and will array us in an armor of impenetrable texture, which their most subtile shafts cannot pierce. They can, in fact, form no hopes or calculations, except we unfortunately, from motives of jealousy, disunite *ourselves*: their only possible chance of success is in our divisions—their discomfiture and defeat are the inevitable consequences of our union. Let us then cherish this sacred union, this rampart of our defence and security—for by it we are strong; without it we virtually and unconditionally surrender ourselves to the discretion of our political opponents.

A CITIZEN.

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Virginia Argus, dated

Washington City, July 17, 1813.

DEAR SIR,

"The National Intelligencer will inform you that the Secretaries of State, War and Navy, repaired to the Fort on the Potomac about 16 miles from this place, Fort Warburton, or Washington, on the first intelligence of the approach of the enemy. The Secretary of War still remained at, or in the vicinity of, the Fort yesterday, as I am informed by a gentleman who left there yesterday afternoon. The British squadron was said to be about 50 miles from Warburton, continuing by water communication. Apprehending that the enemy might land below the Fort, and attack it in the rear, a detachment has been ordered to take post at Piscataway; and the Secretary of State, with a corps of cavalry, has proceeded further down, to Port Tobacco, to reconnoitre.—— The foe will have to encounter much of skill and courage: Messrs. Monroe and Armstrong being on the spot, will be of great service. Col. Carberry, a veteran, will, by his example, inflame the valor of the troops, and there are, besides several other officers of approved intrepidity, and considerable experience. Pray contradict the assertion of that *lying vehicle* the Federal Republican, which says that there was great panic and confusion at the annunciation of the approach of the enemy. I can assure you, that news of danger was met with more firmness and less noise.— There was *activity* but not the least *confusion*; and if there was a single palpitation, it was in the heart of that villain who, traducing his countrymen, might fear their ultimate vengeance. No bells sounded, and hardly a drum was beat.—— Measures were adopted with promptness & vigor, but with the greatest good order. The volunteer corps defiled thro' our principal avenue with as much composure as if it had been only a Review Day. It was remarkable that on this occasion, the companies were uncommonly full.—— Such as could not get ready with their companies, followed in detail. Capt. Davidson's fine company marched with his band of music, as if to a banquet, under the command of Lieut. Boyd, who is the Marshal of the District. Captain Davidson, although suffering under a smart billious fever, joined his company next day, by water. What was very interesting, was, a troop of *boys* in *uniform*, with fusils, proceeding with the greatest regularity with a strong corps of riflemen. Fear not for us, my friend. We are competent to the exigency. If the vanguard of our force is defeated, they will find a rallying point in the additional military bands that are organizing in the rear. It is not to be wondered at that the women should be alarmed after the conduct of the *brutes* at Hampton. But even in this the Federal Republican *lies*. Our women are not "*flying*."— Some ladies who have country acquaintances, and to whom it is as convenient to be absent from the City as to remain in it, have gone or are about going. But all this is done without confusion.— The object of the Federal Republican must be, as it always has been, to aid the foe."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of the first respectability, to his friend in this place, dated

"*Armistead's near Hampton,* *July* 10*th*, 1813.

"The loss of the British as acknowledged by an officer to Lieut. Parish was 120 killed, and 90 or 95 wounded, among which was one Colonel and Capt. of Marines killed, and 3 Lieuts. wounded. They have since leaving Hampton taken possession of Old Point Comfort, pitched their tents, and sunk wells for the purpose of watering their shipping. I was at Fort Field's (Capt. Cooper's seat) on Wednesday last, and every thing is taken away or destroyed. To give you an idea of their littleness, they actually made a fire under my plough and burnt the stock up. My dear friend I am sorry to say that this county is nearly ruined. You among others will feel the loss materially, 5 of your negroes have joined them, and I have no doubt but nine tenths of them will abscond, unless the enemy can be driven from the Point. Mr. Carry has lost 11—Mr. Booker 2—Edward Rudd 1, and several more from Mill Creek. Powell at Newport News has lost 8—Old Mr. Skinner every one he owned, and others in like manner. They are going off every day —this is too bad—*There is a company of them formed, uniformed and trained to arms regularly*, they however, as well as their employers, are not to be dreaded. Three deserters state that they are about to sail for New London with a view of attacking that place, and that they can muster 4000 men in this fleet. Excuse this scrawl, it is now nearly 12 and all around me sleeping—Capt. Servants Riflemen and 17 of my troop forming a small detachment, under my command, are stationed at Capt. Armistead's house where I have to keep a vigilant lookout to prevent their catching me, as they say they want to lay their hands on Cooper of the Cavalry."

HAMPTON!

"*Proofs rise on proofs, and still the last the strongest!*"

We copy from the Enquirer, the following extract of a letter to the Editor of that paper. We almost shrink from the task of recording such atrocities; but our public duty and the present circumstances of this district require it. It may soon be our turn to encounter this band of blood-hounds, whose course is marked by fire and sword, and brutal violence. Let every man remember the sad fate of Hampton, and prepare to take a signal revenge on the ruthless despoilers of female innocence.

"I conversed with a lady whose name is mentioned in Capt. Cooper's letter, in company with Parson Hobson, Dr. Colton and Capt. Wills.— Her story was too shocking in its details to meet the public eye. When I had convinced her of the object I had in view in visiting her—that it was directed by no impertinent curiosity, but a desire to know the whole truth—to enable me on the one hand, to do justice even to an enemy—or on the other, to electrify my countrymen with the recital of her sufferings—she discovered every thing which her convulsive struggles between shame and a desire to expose her brutal assailants, would permit. This lady was seized by 5 or 6 ruffians—some of them *dressed in red and speaking correctly the English language*—— and *stripped naked*. Her cries and her prayers were disregarded, and her body became the subject of the most abominable indecencies. She at one time made her escape and run into a Creek hard by, followed by a young daughter; whence she was dragged by the monsters in human shape to experience new and aggravated suffering. In this situation she was kept the whole night, whilst her screams were heard at intervals by some of the Americans in town, who could only clasp their hands in hopeless agony.

"Virginian! American! Friend or enemy of the administration, or of the war! go as I have done to this woman's house and hear and see her. See too her young daughter on the bed of sickness in consequence of the abuses of that night! & your heart, if it be made of "penetrable stuff," will throb with indignation and thirst for revenge, and your hand instinctively grasp the weapon for inflicting it.

A Mrs Briggs, related to us, that a woman who had come to Hampton to visit her husband, who was in the militia, was taken forcibly from her side by 4 soldiers in green, & with her young child, which one of them snatched from her arms, borne to the hospital in spite of her screams.— They had previously robbed them of their rings, and attempted to tear open their bosoms. A Mrs. Hopkins who was in town when I was there, obtained the assurance of an officer, and rescued the woman from her ravishers—but not until one of them had gratified his abominable desires

I was told by the gentleman who accompanied me, that Mrs. Hopkins confirmed this statement, and would swear to at least two other cases of a similar kind, without however giving up the names of the *young and respectable* women who suffered.

Dr. Cotton and Capt. Mills, assisted by an officer, rescued another lady from the greatest of all calamities.

Old Mr. Hope, aged as he told Major Crutchfield (in my psesence) 64 or 65 years, was seized by these wretches and stripped of all his cloathing, even of his shoes and his shirt. A bayonet was run a little way into his arm behind, as if in his cruel sport: while several were held to his breast In this situation he was kept for a considerable time and would probably have been another victim of their rage, if their attention had not been diverted to a woman, who had sought refuge in his house. They followed her into the kitchen, whither she had ran for safety. Mr. Hope made off amidst her agonizing screams, and when he returned to his house, he was told by his domestics that their horrid purposes were accomplished. This I had from him.

How far this violation extended, will never be known. Women will not publish what they consider their own shame; & the men in town were carefully watched and guarded.—— But enough is known to induce the belief of the existence of many other cases, and enough to fire every manly bosom with the irrepressible desire of revenge

I am not disposed to tire the public patience, or I could tell of enormities little inferior to the above But the enemy are convicted of robbery, rape and murder—and it is unnecessary to add to the catalogue of their crimes."

NOTICE.

The "Easton Light Infantry Blues" are hereby notified to attend at the Court House on THURSDAY next, at 10 o'clock, to receive their pay for the time they were in service as Militia.

G. W. SMITH, Capt.

july 27——1

VOTERS OF CAROLINE COUNTY—

Fellow-Citizens,

After knowing the result of the election in this county in October last, for Delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland, I then did declare myself a candidate for Delegate at the ensuing election, and solicit your suffrages for the same.

JOHN BOON.

july 27——6

TO THE VOTERS OF CAROLINE COUNTY.

Fellow-Citizens,

Being encouraged by a number of my friends, I solicit your suffrages at the next election for Delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland. Should I be amongst the favorite candidates, every endeavor shall be used to give general satisfaction.

T. SAULSBURY.

july 27——m

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Gentlemen,

At the request of a large and respectable portion of my fellow citizens I am induced again to Solicit your suffrages at the ensuing Election for delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland.

Your ob't. serv't.

EDWARD N. HAMBLETON.

july 27——10

TO THE

FREEMEN OF TALBOT.

I offer myself a Candidate for the next General Assembly of Maryland: should I be elected, he assured that every exertion will be used to promote the liberty and happiness of my fellow citizens.

JONATHAN SPENCER.

june 29——m

VOTERS OF TALBOT,

I solicit your suffrages at the next election for Delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland.

DANIEL MARTIN.

june 29——m

NOTICE.

By virtue of an order of Caroline County Court—

Will be offered at public sale on the premises, adjoining the mansion farm of Isaac Purnell, Esq. on Thursday the fifth day of August next, between the hours 2 and 4 o'clock in the evening, all the real estate of *Purnell Sylvester*, late of Caroline county, deceased, consisting of a small plantation containing about one hundred and twenty eight acres of land—on a credit of twelve and eighteen months and two years, with the payment of fifty dollars at the time of sale. A plot of the land may be seen at the time of sale—by

JOHN BOON,
JOSEPH BOON,
WILLIAM CHITTON,
WILLIAM PARROTT, & } Commissioners.
SAMUEL TALBOT,

july 27——2

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold on FRIDAY, the 13th of August next, at his late residence—All the personal estate of *John Melony*, dec'd. All sums of and above 5 dollars, (for which a note with approved security will be required) a credit of six months will be given: the cash must be paid at the time of sale, on all sums under 5 dollars. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the next fair day.

ELEANOR MELONY, Ex'x.

july 27——3

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK OF BALTIMORE.

July 14*th*, 1813.

The Stockholders of this Institution are hereby requested to meet at the Banking House on MONDAY, the 20th of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. to take into consideration the terms proposed by a late law of the Legislature for renewing the charters of the several Banks therein mentioned.

By order of the Board—

JOHN DUER, Cashier.

july 27——3

TAKE NOTICE.

The subscriber having sold out his stock of Goods on hand, to Messrs. *Stewart & Whiteley*, takes the liberty to request all those indebted to him, to call and settle their accounts immediately, either by paying the money or giving a note with security, as he intends leaving this shore in a short time—He is in hopes that the above notice will be attended to, or otherwise the accounts will be put into the hands of officers for collection, without respect to persons.

SAMUEL HOLMES.

july 27——m

NOTICE.

The subscribers take this method of informing their friends, and the public in general, that they have bought out *Samuel Holmes's* stock of GOODS —consisting of

Hardware, Ironmongery, Cuttlery, &c.

which in addition to a general assortment of

GROCERIES,

will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce, at the same stand occupied by Samuel Holmes. The former customers of Samuel Holmes and others are requested to call and see the present proprietors, who flatter themselves that from the attention they are determined to pay to the business, they will give general satisfaction.

STEWART & WHITELEY.

july 27——m

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has for rent, a House and Lot, with a good Blacksmith's shop, for the ensuing year, in the village of Boonsborough, which is an excellent stand for a good smith.

JOHN BOON.

july 27——3

FOR SALE,

The residue of the time of service of a negro lad, now thirteen years old, bound by the orphans court, to learn the farming business, till twenty one years of age. Enquire at this office.

july 27——m

FOR RENT FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

My late dwelling on Aurora street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mr. Peter Harris—also a two story brick house, occupied by Mr. Henry Parrott, Washington street. Likewise two farms in Caroline county.

DAVID KERR, Junior.

Easton, july 27——m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Levy Court for Talbot county will meet at Easton on the first TUESDAY in August next, to appoint a Collector of the County Tax. By order—

J. LOOCKERMAN, Clerk.

july 13——3

CENTREVILLE ACADEMY.

The Trustees have employed masters of ability, and of the most exemplary conduct, to teach in this Institution. It is under the best discipline, and the most rigid regard paid to the morals of the pupils. The Reverend DANIEL STEPHENS is Professor of the Latin, Greek, and French languages—Mr. SIMON CANTWELL Professor of the English language, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Geography, &c. As the youth of Queen Ann's and the adjoining counties can recieve as liberal an education at this Seminary as at any other, and the funds allowed by the State enabling the trustees to fix the rate of tuition at the most moderate terms, offers every inducement to parents and guardians to give it a preference The situation of this place is well known for its healthiness— and board may be had in private families, on very reasonable terms.

KENSEY HARRISON, Sec'ry, to the Board of Trustees.

june 29——9

NOTICE.

The subscriber being desirous of bringing his mercantile concerns to a final and speedy close, earnestly solicits those who are indebted to him, in any way, to make immediate payment. He trusts that the circumstance of his late losses by the enemy will be a sufficient inducement to bring them forward, without further persuasives —coercion he hopes will not be necessary.—— His stock of goods on hand, he will sell on advantageous terms.

JOHN MEREDITH.

Easton, june 21——6

QUEEN ANN'S COUNTY, Set.

On application of *Abraham Nice*, of Talbot county, by petition in writing to me, in the recess of Talbot county court, as associate judge of the second judicial district of the State of Maryland, praying the benefit of an act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto; the said Abraham Nice having on oath declared that he had no property, agreeable to the provisions of the said act, and having handed in a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, which is annexed to his said petition—and being satisfied by competent testimony that he has resided in the State of Maryland, the two preceding years prior to his application, and having been brought before me by the Sheriff of the said county, under arrest upon an execution against the body of the said Abraham Nice: I do hereby order and direct that the body of the said Abraham Nice be discharged from confinement, and he having taken the oath prescribed by the said act, I do therefore adjudge and order that the said Abraham Nice appear before the county court to be held at Easton, in Talbot county, on the first Saturday in next November term, to answer such interrogatories as may be proposed to him by his creditors—and the said day is hereby appointed for his creditors to appear and recommend a trustee for their benefit. And I do further order that the said Abraham Nice give them notice, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Easton Star once every two weeks, for three months successively, before the first Saturday in next November term, in Talbot county. Given under my hand this 15th day of July, 1813.

LEMUEL PURNELL.

True copy. Test—

J. LOOCKERMAN, Clk.

july 27——1e2w3m: j27:A10,24:s7,21:o5,19:N2.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber has obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of *Charles M'Callister*, late of Queen Ann's county, deceased— All persons having claims against the said dec'd are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the first day of February next ensuing; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of July, 1813.

HARRIET PALMER, Ex'trix of Charles M'Callister, dec'd.

july 27——3q

WORCESTER COUNTY, S.

On application to the subscriber, in the recess of the court, as associate judge of the fourth judicial district of the State of Maryland, by petition in writing of *Ralph Hinman, Levi Davis*, and *Evan D. Yates*, of Worcester county, stating that they are in actual confinement for debt, and praying for the benefit of an act of the general assembly of Maryland, for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of their property and a list of their creditors, on oath, as far as they can ascertain them, being annexed to their petition; and the said Ralph Hinman, Levi Davis, and Evan D. Yates, having satisfied me by competent testimony that they have resided two years immediately preceding the time of their application, within the State of Maryland—and the said Ralph Hinman, Levi Davis, and Evan D. Yates, having taken the oath as by the said act prescribed, for delivering up their property, and given bond with sufficient security for their personal appearance at the county court of Worcester, on the first Saturday in November term next, to answer such allegations as may be made against them; and having appointed Jesse Sturgis trustee for the said Ralph Hinman, and Lemuel Purnell trustee for the said Levi Davis, and Robert Smith trustee for Evan D. Yates, for the benefit of their creditors—I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Ralph Hinman, Levi Davis, and Evan D. Yates, be discharged from their confinement, and that they give notice to their creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three months before the 2d first Saturday of November term next, in one of the newspapers published in Easton, and also by setting up like notice at the court house door, and at the door of one of the taverns in Snow Hill; and the said Ralph Hinman a further notice at the door of one of the taverns in New Town, to appear before the said county court on the said first Saturday in November term next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Ralph Hinman, Levi Davis, and Evan D. Yates, should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this sixteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

WILLIAM WHITTINGTON.

july 27——13

IN QUEEN ANN'S COUNTY COURT.

May Term, 1813.

On application of *William Hackett*, of Queen Ann's county, in writing to the judges of Queen Ann's county court, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplementary acts thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said acts, being annexed to his petition; and the said William Hackett being brought into court by the Sheriff, and having satisfied the said court, by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the State of Maryland, immediately preceding the time of his application—having also stated in his said petition, that he is now in actual confinement, and not on account of any breach of the peace, or for the non payment of any fine or penalty for the breach of the laws of this State or of the United States; and having produced the certificate of the Sheriff of Queen Ann's county, to that effect— and having prayed to be discharged from confinement on the terms prescribed in the said acts —and he having also given bond, with security approved by the said court, as directed by the said acts of assembly, for his personal appearance in Queen Ann's county court, before the judges thereof, in Centreville, on the Saturday next after the third Monday in October next, and at such other time or times as the said court shall appoint, to answer such allegations as may be made against him by his creditors, relative to his said application; and he having taken the oath directed by the said act, to deliver up all his property for the benefit of his creditors. It is therefore hereby adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said William Hackett be discharged from his confinement aforesaid, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Easton Star, once a week for four weeks successively, give three months notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the time and place aforesaid, between the hours of ten in the morning and two in the afternoon of the same day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, or to shew cause, if any they why the said William Hackett should not have the benefit of the said acts.

Attest— *JOHN BROWNE*, Clerk of Queen Ann's county court.

july 27——4

NOTICE.

Upon application made to me the subscriber, chief judge of the fourth judicial district, in the recess of Dorchester county court, by *Thomas H. Hooper*, of the said county, in actual confinement under executions for debt, by his petition in writing, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, entitled an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplements thereto —a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition; the said Thomas H. Hooper having been brought before me by the Sheriff of the said county, and having been satisfied by competent testimony that the said Thomas H Hooper has resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland; and he having taken the oath required by the act of assembly aforesaid, and given bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Dorchester county court, before the judges thereof, on the Saturday next after the fourth Monday in October next, to answer such allegations as may be made against him relative to his said application. I do therefore order and adjudge, that the said Thomas H. Hooper be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed at Easton three months before the time appointed for his appearance, and continued for four successive weeks, and also setting up a copy thereof at the court house door, and a copy at one of the taverns in Cambridge, three months before the said day, thereby to give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court at the time and place aforesaid, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Thomas H Hooper should not have the benefit of the acts of assembly aforesaid, according to his petition, and that such proceedings may be had thereon as the law directs. Given under my hand this 10th day of June, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirteen.

JOHN DONE.

True copy—

E. RICHARDSON, Clk.

july 27——4

☞ Advertisements crowded out this morning, shall appear in our next.