Eastern Shore General Advertiser.

[Vol. 12.....15.] EASTON, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16, 1813. [No. 11.....731.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED,
EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY
Thomas Perrin Smith,
(PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.)

THE TERMS

Are *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* per annum, payable half yearly, in advance: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for *One Dollar*, and continued weekly for *Twenty-five Cents* per square.

ATTENTION.

The "*Independent Light Dragoons*" are ordered to meet at Easton, on SATURDAY the 20th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. in full uniform, with equipments in ample order.

Per order—
Will. Harrison, Jr. Lieut.

nov. 9——2

SPORTSMEN AND FARMERS,
ATTENTION.

To avoid their being *stolen* by the *British*—Will be sold at public sale on THURSDAY, the 18th of November inst. at Blakeford by the subscriber, several full bred Mares, Colts, Geldings and Fillies, among which are two good matches of Colts, both full brothers, also some other horses, and a number of young Cattle of both genders, of the Milk breed, equal to any in America, a credit of nine months will be given on bond with security. The sale to begin at 11 o'Clock.

Robert Wright.

Blakeford, november 9——2

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold on THURSDAY, 25th of November, inst. by order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot County—

All the personal estate of JAMES BROWN, late of said county, deceased, near the Trappe—consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Corn, Corn-blades, Tops, Husks and Straw; Household and Kitchen Furniture, with a variety of other articles, which will be shewn on the day of sale. The above property will be sold on a credit of twelve months, on all sums over six dollars, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day; on all sums of and under six dollars, the cash will be required. The sale will commence at 9 o'clock.

Mary Brown, } Adm's
John Higgins, } of Jas. Brown, deceased.

nov. 9——3

NOTICE.
CITY BANK OF BALTIMORE.

September 20, 1813.

The Stockholders in this Institution will please take notice, that the second instalment of *Five Dollars*, on each share of the Capital Stock, is required to be paid in, on or before the 25th day of November next. Those who hold powers of attorney to transfer Stock, are requested to make the same before the payment of the above instalment.

By order of the Board—
J. Sterett, Cash'r.

sept. 28——10

FOR SALE,

That valuable parcel of land, commonly called "Peck's Point," beautifully situated on the west side of Third-Haven creek, in view of the town of Oxford, about five miles from Easton Point by water, and eight miles from Easton by land.—The advantages of this place are very remarkable, and such as to recommend it to all kinds of purchasers. To a ship-builder it presents a great object of speculation and profit, in the large quantity of heavy *ship timber* it contains; and to a man of fortune, desirous of establishing an elegant and healthy residence, the beauties of the situation and the luxuries of fish and fowl, which are abundant there in season, it holds out every temptation to secure the purchase of it by the offer of a fair and liberal price. The whole body of the land does not contain more than three hundred acres, and forms a neck which requires a very inconsiderable line of fences to enclose—a comfortable farm house has very lately been built on this land.—The particular terms of sale may be known by applying to John L. Kerr, Esq. in Easton. As the sole object of the sale is to convert the value of the land into a Stock fund, Stock of any of the State Banks will be taken in payment either for the whole or part of the purchase money.

Henrietta M. Chamberlaine,
Ex'x. of Sam'l Chamberlaine.

sept. 14——m

TAN YARD FOR SALE OR RENT.

The subscriber offers for sale his Tan Yard, and all the Land he holds near the Trappe, consisting of about 27 acres, on which is a two story brick house, a small house for a Tanner to live in, a large shop, beam house, and about 30 vats, supplied from a never failing spring. It is well planned to work in a stock in winter, with necessary tools for the Tanning and Currying business, and a complete marble slab. There is also a smoke house, stable, granary and carriage house, a paled garden, and nearly all the land inclosed, besides a small house and garden. All which I am desirous to sell at private sale—If the above property is not sold on or before the 1st of September next, it will be rented out for the ensuing year. I wish it to be understood, that if the property is not sold on or before the 1st of September, and is rented for the next year, it will be still for sale, and will be rented from year to year until it is sold. For terms apply to the subscriber, or to Mr. William Payne, living on the premises who will shew the same.

JOSEPH MARTIN.

august 31——m

JAMES BURGESS,
Boot & Shoe Maker,

Takes the liberty of informing his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the *Boot and Shoe Making Business*, at the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Hugh Rice; and that he has just received from Baltimore, a handsome assortment of materials for carrying on the above business. He hopes from his particular attention, and being provided with the best workmen, to merit and receive a portion of public patronage.

Easton, october 5——m

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber having just received from Philadelphia,
AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF
GOODS,
Has now on hand a pretty general assortment suited to the present and approaching seasons.

Amongst the present supply are a few nice
Irish Linens,
Cambrick pocket handkerchiefs,
Superfine broad cloths,
Ladies' tippets and capes, of fur,
Do. capes and finishes of lambs-wool,
Children's caps of do.

ALSO—

A small quantity of nice Buck-wheat Flour and Firkin Butter.

Samuel Groome.

Easton, nov. 9——4

NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF
SEASONABLE GOODS,
which he will sell at the most reasonable prices for CASH.

J. B. RINGGOLD.

november 9——6

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Have just been opened by
Thomas & Groome.

Which they offer for sale on reasonable terms for CASH.

oct. 2——(26)——m

WILLIAM NORRIS, JUNIOR,
TEA DEALER & GROCER,
No. 66, MARKET STREET, BALTIMORE.

Informs his Eastern Shore friends and customers that he has on hand an assortment of the very best POWDER that is manufactured in the United States, suitable for all size guns. Also, PATENT SHOT of all sizes, very perfect & round, Gun Flints—a large and choice assortment of
OLD WINES AND LIQUORS,
and sold in their pure state. Also, a complete assortment of FRESH TEAS, both Green and Black, and in different size packages.

☞ All the above mentioned Goods are sold with the privilege of being returned if not found on trial as represented.

Baltimore, september 28——7*

TO BE RENTED,

The House and Lot at present occupied by the subscriber, in Bay-side about five miles below St Michael's—it has every convenient out house, and is an excellent stand for a Blacksmith, Shoemaker and Grocery store. For further particulars apply to

James M. M'Daniel.

november 9——3*

FOR HIRE,

Two young Negro MEN, for the ensuing year, good sawyers or farm hands—Also, a Negro WOMAN with two children, may be had immediately. For further particulars apply at the Star office.

nov. 9——3q

TALBOT COUNTY ORPHANS COURT,

29th day of October, A. D. 1813,

On application of ELIZABETH HATTON, administratrix of *Thomas Hatton*, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers at Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the orphans court of Talbot county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this fourteenth day of October, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(L. S.)

Test—
Ja: Price, Reg'r
Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order—

Notice is hereby given, That all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 5th day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 2d day of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirteen.

Elizabeth Hatton, Adm'x
of Thomas Hatton, dec'd.

november 2——3

MARYLAND:
KENT COUNTY ORPHAN'S COURT.
October 26, 1813.

Ordered, That Joseph Greenwood, executor of *Daniel Briscoe*, deceased, cause a notice according to law, to said deceased's creditors to produce their claims to be inserted for three successive weeks in the "Star" and "Monitor" published in Easton. Test,

Richd. Barroll, Reg'r.

This is to give notice—That the subscriber of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *Daniel Briscoe*, late of Kent county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 4th day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 23d day of October, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

Joseph Greenwood, Ex'or.

november 2——3

SEVENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber, on Saturday the 10th inst. a negro man who calls himself *Jacob Hawkins*, of a light complexion; no marks recollected, but one of his foreteeth broken. His clothing cannot be described, as he had several sorts of it, and may probably change them. I will give forty dollars if taken in the county; if out of the county and in the State, fifty dollars; and if out of the State, the above reward, with all reasonable charges if lodged in the jail at Easton, Maryland.

Mary Norris.

Near Easton, oct. 19——m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber intends to petition the next General Assembly of Maryland, at the next December session, for a special act of assembly to discharge him from debts he is unable to pay, or to entitle him to the benefit of the acts of assembly, relative to insolvent debtors.

Levi Kimmey.

Caroline county, nov. 9——4

KENT COUNTY COURT.
September Term, 1813.

On application of *William J. Kendall*, of Kent county, by petition in writing to the honorable Judges of said county court, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors passed at November session eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto on the terms mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition; and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that he the said William J. Kendall has resided in the State of Maryland for two years next preceding his said application, and having been brought before the said court by the sheriff of Kent county, upon a commitment in execution against him, and having taken the oath required by the act of assembly aforesaid—It was ordered and directed by the said court, that the said William J. Kendall be discharged from imprisonment, and that he make his personal appearance before the Judges of Kent county court, at Chester-Town, on the third Monday in March next, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made to him by his creditors; and the said day is hereby appointed to appear before the court to shew cause (if any they have) why the said William J. Kendall should not have the benefit of his application: And it was further ordered by the said court, that the said William J. Kendall give notice thereof to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the public newspapers printed in Easton, four weeks successively, three months before the day appointed as aforesaid, and also by setting up a like notice at the Court House door of said county, and one other notice thereof at one tavern door in Chester-Town.

Test—
Benj. Chambers, Clk.
of Kent county court, Md.

november 9——4

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber, on the 27th ult a bright mulatto bound servant called *DANIEL*, about seventeen or eighteen years of age, of a slender form, near five feet high; his hair is long and straight, of a light colour and very fine, no resemblance of a negro's wool; the features of his face regular and fine, except his under lip which is large and drops so as to show his under teeth.—Had on and took with him one pair of nankeen pantaloons, one pair cross-barred do, one red spotted vest, one striped coatee, one new pair of shoes, one half worn fur hat, and two half worn muslin shirts, besides a number of other articles, of winter cloathing. The above reward will be given, if secured in any goal so that I get him again, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

All masters of vessels and others are forwarned harboring him at their peril.

JAMES WAINWRIGHT.

Easton, Md. june 1——m

☞ The Editors of the Wilmington Watchman and Philadelphia Aurora will please to insert the above three times, and send their accounts to this office.

J. W.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from my rendezvous, on Monday the 23d August, a recruit by the name of *Edward Conner*, he was born in Talbot county, aged 25 years, about five feet 8 or 9 inches high, light complexion, light hair, blue eyes, of genteel appearance, and by profession a Silversmith.—Ten Dollars Reward will be given to any person who may apprehend the deserter and return him to meat Centreville, or deliver him to any officer in the United States army.

JOHN L. ELBERT,
Lieut. U. S. Lt. Dragoons.

August 31.——m

NOTICE.

Was committed to the gaol of Frederick county, Maryland, on the 18th day of October last, as a runaway, a mulatto man who calls himself *Frank*. He is about 25 years of age, five feet one inch high—His clothing, when committed, were a blue cloth coatee, an oznaburg shirt, home-made yellow cotton plaid pantaloons, an old black hat very much torn; has a scar above the left eye, pretty much knock-knee'd—Says he belongs to Gen. Hugh Douglass, about four miles from Leesburg, Virginia. The owner is hereby requested to come and release him, otherwise he will be sold for his imprisonment fees, as the law directs.

Morris Jones, Sheriff
of Fred'k county, Md.

nov. 2, 1813—(9)—8

NOTICE.

Was committed to the gaol of Frederick county, Maryland, on the 8th day of September, inst. as a runaway a negro man who calls himself SAM. He is about 25 years of age, stout and well made, 5 feet, 8 and a half inches high, his clothing when committed were a homespun linsey roundabout, homespun striped waistcoat, an oznaburg shirt, tow linen pantaloons, and a chip hat covered with black velvet has a scar on his right thigh, says it proceeded from the discharge of a gun, says he belongs to Mr. James Rawlings, of Montgomery county, Maryland.—The owner is hereby requested to come and release him otherwise he will be sold for his imprisonment fees as the law directs.

Morris Jones, Sheriff
Frederick county, Maryland.

sept. 24, (oct. 5) 1813——8

NOTICE.

Was committed to the gaol of Frederick county, Maryland, on the 23d of September last, as a runaway, a dark mulatto boy, who calls himself *JOSEPH*, supposed to be about 18 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. His clothing when committed were so indifferent as to baffle description. Has a small scar on his right cheek; says he belongs to Mr. Benjamin Perry, near Georgetown, in the District of Columbia. The owner is hereby desired to come and release him, otherwise he will be sold for his imprisonment fees as the law directs.

Morris Jones, Sheriff
Frederick county, Maryland.

october 5, (19) 1813——8

FROM THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

CIRCUIT COURT of the UNITED STATES

PENNSYLVANIA DISTRICT.
OCTOBER 7, 1813.

On Saturday the Grand Jury returned a true bill against *William Prior*, a citizen of Massachusetts, for treason against the U. States, by *adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort*.—William Prior was accordingly bound in a recognizance, with two sureties, to take his trial at the next April term; Judge Washington's absence, on account of severe indisposition, rendering a postponement of the trial necessary.

Judge Peters, at the opening of the session, delivered a charge to the grand jury, expounding the law of treason, in a clear & forcible manner. We hope to obtain a copy of the charge for publication, in the mean time we cannot forbear presenting the following extracts, by way of solemn admonition, to citizens resident every where, as well as to aliens resident within the jurisdiction of the United States.

"The wise and virtuous framers of our constitution, were aware of the evils attendant on multiplied items of charges, which might be construed into treason. They knew the agitations into which free governments are liable to be thrown; and they endeavored to guard, as far as human systems will permit, against the consequences of such agitations. In establishing a happy improvement of the system of government, they remained conscious, that they could not change the nature of man; prone, in the vicissitudes of power, to use, for his own purposes, the means, which he reprobated while employed by other hands.

By our constitution, then, it is declared that "treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort."

The law, in regard to the point which I have deemed it necessary, at this time, to discuss, appears to be:—

"1. *Joining with enemies*, in acts of hostility, by sea or land, will make a man a traitor, within both the clauses, of our constitution; relating to *levying* war, and *adhering to enemies*. But if this be done through fear of death (not single apprehension) & while the party is under actual force; and he takes the first opportunity of escaping; he is excused. But the mere apprehension of having houses burned, or property destroyed, furnishes no ground of excuse.

"2. *Furnishing enemies with money, arms, ammunition*, or other necessaries, will be *prima facia* evidence of treason. But if enemies come with a superior force, and exact contributions, submission is not criminal.

As to remuneration, made and received, for *plunder* or any acts of violence, it must be left to the jury, as a fact of intention and precedent; exciting suspicion, but not absolutely conclusive

"3. The *bare sending money*, or *provisions*, (except under the circumstance before stated) or, worst of all, *sending intelligence* to enemies engaged in hostile operations, will amount to *treason* in giving *aid and comfort*; though the *money, provisions or intelligence*, be intercepted. The act was complete on the part of the traitor, tho' it had not the intended effect.

Supplying with provisions or refreshments, hostile *ships, fleets, or troops*, blockading our ports, and beleaguering and ravaging our coasts, is a most aggravated offence. It tends, *immediately and directly*, to promote and assist hostile operations; and is a species of *aid and comfort*, peculiarly deserving condign punishment. *Intelligence* given to such ships, fleets, or troops, is doubly reprehensible, for evident reasons.

The merchants of an European nation, who, in times long passed, supplied their enemy with gunpowder, to batter down the walls of their own cities, are hung up, by history, to everlasting infamy. Yet their cupidity and defection were not more base, than are the conduct and motives of those who are now guilty of the offences I have just mentioned.

Writing letters, containing intelligence *of a hostile nature*, and only putting them into the Post office, where they were stopped, has been adjudged to be *treason*, under the words "*giving aid or comfort*." But merely expressing opinions, tho' they may be adverse to public measures, (unless done with a view to influence and direct the enemy in hostile enterprises) is not the kind of intelligence considered thus criminal; though it were better omitted.

Necessary correspondence with an enemy is not treasonable, nor unlawful. The subject matter alone, gives it a character. In our situation, epistolary correspondence, and other innocent intercourse, are indispensable to the business and affairs of those whose lawful pursuits and connexions, have been, suddenly and unexpectedly, cut off by the war.

"4. *Enlisting*, or procuring persons to enlist, in the service of the enemy, is *treason*, though no actual hostility be committed, but *marching* or some other *overt act*, must be shewn.

"5. *Taking a Commission* to cruise in an enemy's ship against the United States *is treason*; if the party go on board the ship, which is an act of hostility, although he commit no other. So is it with an engagement in enemy service, in any capacity, if there be any advance, or *overt act* in execution of the agreement.

"6. *A conspiracy*, with intent *to aid and comfort*, is not an *overt act* of *adherence*; unless *aid and comfort* be afterwards given. And then it is *treason*, in every one of the conspirators; for there are no accessaries in *treason*, all are principals, according to English authorities adopted here, though some respectable opinions are otherwise.

"7. *Words or writings* are not *overt acts*; but if such acts be afterwards actually committed by party, they may be evidence of *intention*, upon which the jury must decide. *Acts*, and not *words*, are the ingredients. Writings never promulgated, are less than all, evidence of *treason*. *Algernon Sidney's* case is well known—His sacrifice continues to excite unqualified detestation.

"8. *Mere residence*, in a state at war, is not, of itself, an act of *adherence*.

"9. There can be, now, no doubt of the meaning of the term *enemies*, however it might have been, heretofore, disputable."

AN EXCELLENT STAND FOR BUSINESS.

The subscriber offers for sale or rent a lot of ground at the Head of Sassafras, Kent county, Maryland—on which there is a large comfortable dwelling house, with a front room finished in the best manner as a store room, a good kitchen, granery, corn house, stable, carriage house, meat house, &c. For terms apply on the premises to

John Smyth.

Head of Sassafras, october 26——7*

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

To provide for the widows and orphans of militia slain, and for militia disabled in the service of the United States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That if any commissioned officer of the militia, or of any volunteer corps, shall while in the service of the United States die by reason of any wound received in actual service of the United States, and leave a widow, or if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years of age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years; but in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said term of five years, the half pay for the remainder of the time shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer:—*Provided always*, That such half pay shall cease on the death of such child or children.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if any officer, non commissioned officer, musician or private of the militia, or of any volunteer corps, shall be disabled by known wounds received in the actual service of the United States, while in the line of his duty, he shall upon substantiating his claim in the manner described by an act entitled "an act to provide for persons who were disabled by known wounds received in the revolutionary war," passed the tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension, and under such regulations as are provided by the said act, or as may hereafter be provided by law: *Provided always*, That the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commissioned officer shall not exceed for the highest rate of disability half the monthly pay of such officer at the time of his being wounded or disabled, and that no officer shall receive more than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel; and that the rate of compensation to non-commissioned officers, musicians & privates shall not exceed five dollars per month: *And provided also*, That all inferior disabilities shall entitle the persons so disabled, to receive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the provisions of this act shall be construed to have effect from and after the eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the sixth section of an act entitled "an act authorising the President of the United States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps," passed the sixth of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

H. CLAY, *speaker of the House of Representatives.*
E. GERRY,
Vice President of the United states, and President of the senate.

August 2, 1813.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

To authorise the transportation of certain Documents free of Postage.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the members of Congress, the Secretary of the Senate, and Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and they are hereby respectively authorised to transmit, free of postage, the message of the President of the United States, of the 12th day of July, eighteen hundred and thirteen, and the Documents accompanying the same, printed by order of the Senate and by order of the House of Representatives, and the Report of the Committee of Foreign Relations on the same, printed by order of the House of Representatives, to any Post Office within the United States and the Territories thereof to which they may direct, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

July 28, 1813.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

For the relief of David Henley.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to liquidate and settle the accounts subsisting between the United States and David Henley, late general agent of the United States in Tennessee, and in the Indian country south west of the Ohio, upon equitable principles, and make him such allowance and grant him such discharge as may be deemed reasonable, according to the circumstances of his case, under the direction of the Secretary of the Department of War.

H. CLAY, *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
E. GERRY,
Vice President of the United states and President of the senate.

August 2, 1813.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

Explanatory of an act, entitled "an act to raise ten additional companies of Rangers.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each of the ten companies authorised by the act, entitled "an act to raise ten additional companies of Rangers," shall consist of one captain, one first, one second, one third lieutenant, one ensign, five sergeants, six corporals, and ninety privates.

H. CLAY, *speaker of the House of Representatives.*
E. GERRY,
Vice-President of the United states and President of the senate.

August 2, 1813.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.