either having gained any material advantage—On the 17th Oct. they prepared for the more important battle that was to take place on the next day.

Third battle—On the 18th the allies having collected and concentrated all their forces under the Crown Prince and Blucher, and the Prince of Schwartzenburg, attacked Bonaparte in all his positions—He fought with the discrimination, the desperation, that a man may be supposed to have, who feels that his Crown perhaps depends upon the issue of the conflict—But his obstinacy, his talents, his skill, were unavailing. He was defeated with the loss of forty thousand men, and nearly two hundred pieces of cannon.

Leipsic stormed, without giving the enemy a day's respite. The allies advanced to Leipsic the day after their glorious victory, and after a most bloody resistance took it by storm, with 30,000 prisoners, a great number of cannon, ammunition, &c. &c.

Thus in 4 days, Bonaparte's army was reduced one half, a more rapid and enormous loss than he sustained in the same space of time even in his calamitous campaign in Russia.

	MEN.
Loss on 16th, by Ney,	12,000
do. 18th, by Bonaparte,	40,000
do. 19th, storming Leipsic,	30,000
Total,	82,000

Driven from Leipsic, Bonaparte attempted to retreat by Erfurth, the direct road to the Rhine. He failed—the road was already occupied by his conquerors. His retreat to Erfurth was cut off. He then, with the wreck and remnant of his army, took the road towards Brunswick, thus removing further from his resources and his reinforcements. The allies are in pursuit of him, and he is destined, we trust, to experience fresh disasters and defeats.

The last dispatch from Sir Chas. Stuart, is dated at Leinsig, Oct. 19th, from which the following are extracts.

My Lord,

"Europe at length approach her deliverance, and England may triumphantly look forward to reap, in conjunction with her allies, that glory her unexampled and steady efforts in the common cause so justly entitles her to receive.

"I wish it had fallen to the lot of some abler pen to detail to your Lordships the splendid events of these two last days; but in endeavoring to relate the main facts, to send them off without a moments delay, I shall best do my duty, postponing more detailed accounts until a first opportunity."

"The victory of Gen. Blucher, upon the 16th, has been followed, on the 18th, by that of the whole of the combined forces over the army of Bonaparte in the neighborhood of Leipsic.

"The collective loss of above 100 pieces of cannon. 60,000 men, an immense number of prisoners, the destruction of the whole Saxon army, also the Bavarian and Wurtumburg troops, consisting of artillery, cavalry, and infantry, many generals, among whom are Regnier, Vallery, Brune, Bertrand and Laureston, are some of the first fruits of this glorious day."

"The capture, by assault of the town of of Leipsic, this morning, the magazines, artillery and stores, of the place, with the King of Saxony, and all his court, the garrison and rear guard of the French army, all the enemy's wounded (the number of which exceed 30,000 men,) the narrow escape of Buonaparte, who fled from Leipsic at 9 o'clock, the allies entering at 11 o'clock; the complete overthrow *(deroute)* of the French army, who are endeavoring to escape in all directions, and who are still surrounded, are the next objects of exultation.

"The further result your lordship can best arrive at from an account of our military positions.

Here follows an account of the situatiion of the allied armies.

P. S. To the above dispatch.

On the field of battle this day, an officer arrived from Gen. Tottornborn, bringing the information of the surrender of Bremen to the corps under his orders, and keys of the town, which were presented Royal to the Emperor of Russia."

Signed C. STEWART.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.

A Smack Fight.—By the smack Hornet, capt. Harris, from New London, we have the particulars of a gallant little combat off that port, with one of the enemy's barges, on Tuesday afternoon last. The smack Jefferson, capt. Mason, went from this place on Sunday afternoon, and carried back, as passangers, 10 or 12 men who had brought down the schooner Jonquille from that place, with two 3 pounders and a number of muskets. At the mouth of the harbor, and within gun shot of the British squadron, the wind died away, and the smackmen took to their oars, keeping their passengers below; when a barge with 25 men put off from the 74, and came within musket shot of the smack and ordered the Captain to heave too. At this moment capt. Mason stamping with his foot, the men rushed upon deck with lighted matches, the pieces being ready loaded, commenced a fire upon the barge, and succeeded in driving her off, without loss or injury to a man. Of the enemy it is understood 8 dead were buried on Fisher's Island the next day, and a considerable number were wounded. The man of war fired round shot at the smack, many of which passed her and lodged on the shore. The smack consequently arrived safe with her freight and cargo.

Commodore Hardy, in the Ramilies, has taken command off New London, in place of the Valiant, Capt. Oliver, who has gone to port for repairs and recruits.

Columbian.

CONGRESS FRIGATE.

Boston, December 17.

The safe arrival of this Frigate, at Portsmouth, N. H. from a cruise of more than seven months, is another proof that John Bull has not entire command of the ocean. This frigate has travelled the wide seas in search of the enemy—crossed the Equator, sailed along the Brazil coast, then to the Eastward after Indiamen, as far as 18 W. from 6 S to 6 N—made the Island of St. Pauls, and until her return to Fernando-de Noronka, which was nearly three months never saw a vessel. What other proof is wanting than this that British commerce has been driven from the ocean by our privateers and cruizers. Give us 30 such frigates and 150 privateers, and England can no longer boast of her being a great commercial nation. We can ferret them out even in their very ports and harbors, sail round their 74's, and laugh at the leviathans of the ocean—and let the John Bulls know, that before they presume to command the seas, and collect toll there, they must erect turn-pike gates on the ocean, and every toll-gatherer must be an Admiral that will compel such men as *Rodgers, Hull, Decatur, Bainbridge*, and *Jones* to pay toll to John Bull, until they have fired every shot in the locker.

Yankee.

COMMODORE PORTER's FLEET.

We should like to see a carricature of the curious faces on the exchange in London, when they read capt. *Porter's* account of his cruize. We think John Bull will consider him a recruiting admiral for the American navy—and many a pot of *Porter* will be drank in London, before the *merchants* will have done talking of Porter's cruize. We have often heard of a fleet of ten sail leaving port, and but one returning; but who ever heard before of a single ship magnifying her number *one* to *ten* sail. What do you think of such naval tactics? This is a Yankee trick for you Mr. John Bull, to the tune of two million dollars.—*Ibid.*

CALENDAR FOR 1814.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
JANUARY							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
FEBRUARY			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28					
MARCH			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
APRIL						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
MAY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
JUNE				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
JULY						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
AUGUST	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
SEPTEMBER					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
OCTOBER							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
NOVEMBER		1	2	3	4	5	
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
DECEMBER					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

I DO CERTIFY,

That Richard Willoughby brought to me a stray Mare, about seven or eight years old, and about fourteen hands and one inch high; a bright sorrell, with a blaze in her face, and her left hind leg white nearly half way.

Wm. Haskins.

Caroline county, dec. 21——3

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from my rendezvous, on Monday the 23d August, a recruit by the name of *Edward Corner*, he was born in Talbot county, aged 25 years, about five feet 8 or 9 inches high, light complexion, light hair, blue eyes, of genteel appearance, and by profession a Silversmith.—Ten Dollars Reward will be given to any person who may apprehend the deserter and return him to me at Centreville, or deliver him to any officer in the United States army.

JOHN L. ELBERT,
Lieut. U. S. Lt. Dragoons.

August 31.——m

THE REPUBLICAN STAR,
AND
GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON:

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1814

GREAT NEWS REPORTED.

A gentleman passed through town yesterday from Annapolis, who stated, that so much of the contents of the despatches from England (via Annapolis) to our government, had transpired, by expresses to Baltimore, that the late speculaters were in great consternation;—and that between the *contents* and *non-contents*, the city was quite in motion, from the rapid fall in those articles in which speculation had been carried to such a pitch. Those mentioned being of moment to our readers, they are annexed, viz—Sugar had fallen 5 to 6 dollars in the hundred; Coffee down to 22 dollars, with other articles in proportion,—and that Wheat had got up to $1 50, and Flour to $8—All of which took place in a few hours.

It was also reported that the ship *Neptune* had arrived to the Eastward, with Mr. *Gallatin*, leaving Mr. Bayard in Russia.

This evening's mail will bring us the particulars of the above reports.

Washington City, Dec. 28.

Extract of a letter from Com. Stephen Decatur to the Secretary of the Navy, dated

New-London, Dec. 20, 1813.

Some few nights since, the weather promised an opportunity for this squadron to get to sea, and it was said on shore that we intended to make the attempt. In the course of the evening two blue lights were burnt on both the points at the harbour's mouth, as signals to the enemy, and there is not a doubt, but that they have, by signals and otherwise, instantaneous information of our movements. Great but unsuccessful exertions have been made to detect those who communicate with the enemy by signal. The Editor of the New London Gazette, to alarm them and in the hope to prevent the repetition of these signals, stated in that newspaper, that they had been observed, and ventured to denounce those who had made them, in animated and indignant terms. The consequence is, that he has incurred the express censure of some of his neighbors. Notwithstanding these signals have been repeated, and have been seen by twenty persons at least in this squadron, there are men in New-London who have the hardihood to affect to disbelieve it, and the effrontery to avow their disbelief.

I am, Sir,
With the highest consi'eration & respect,
Your very obdt. and hble. serv't.
(Signed) STEPHEN DECATUR.

Honorable Wm. Jones,
Secretary of the Navy.

Washington, Dec. 31.

Extract of a letter from Gov. Tompkins to the Secretary of War.

"*Albany Dec. 24, 1813.*

"Upon my arrival at this place to-day, I was met by an express bringing despatches, of which I send you a copy.

"The express further informs, that on his arrival at Batavia he learned from major Allen (the contractor's agent at Niagara) and from Lieut. Loomis, who, with two or three others, had made their escape, that Fort Niagara had been taken by the British. The garrison was *surprized*.—Capt. Leonard (1st regiment of artillery) had the command; but it is rumored that he was not in the Fort at the time, but with his family some miles off. What became of the rest of the garrison, those who escaped do not know.

"In consequence of this information, Major Gen. Hall has been ordered to repair to that frontier with as many of his division as may be necessary to expel or destroy the invaders. The British have with them a number of Indians and continue to sanction their massacres."

Extract of a letter from Brig. Gen. T. Hopkins, of the N. York militia, to Daniel D. Tompkins, Commander in Chief, &c.

Head Quarters, Buffaloe, Dec. 20th, 1813.

SIR—I would respectfully represent to your excellency, that on the morning of yesterday, the enemy crossed over a little below Lewistown—they have burnt Lewistown, and every house from that place to within two miles and a half of Schlosser, the Tuscarora village is also burnt

The last express stated, that the enemy were fortifying on the mountain below Schlosser—The force of the enemy is differently represented—it is stated to be from four to eight hundred regulars, and six hundred Indians—it is further stated that the enemy are still crossing. The force the enemy can bring is not precisely known, it is probably from 1500 to 3000, including regulars, militia and Indians. Our force is about 200 regulars at Fort Niagara, and about 150 near this place. I have ordered out my brigade to repel the invasion. I am in hopes of success with the assistance of the militia of Gennessee.

I am, respectfully, &c.
TIMOTHY HOPKINS, Brig. Gen.

The committee of Foreign Relations in the House of Representatives, have at length reported two bills, in consonance to the message of the President recommending such measures; the one prohibiting the delivery of cargoes of libelled vessels on bonds, pending their trial, to those who claim a right to them; and the other, a bill to prohibit the practice of ransoming vessels from the enemy. These bills are made the order of the day for Monday next. [*Nat. Intel.*

The Editor of the Star most respectfully presents the compliments of the season to its Patrons, and hopes the *reported* contents of its columns this morning, may be the forerunner of glad tidings.

Married, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Bayne, Col. William King, of the U. S. army, to Miss Catharine Blair, of this town.

——, On Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Stoakes, Mr. John Work, to Miss Elizabeth Vickars, daughter of capt. Clement Vickars, Easton Point.

IN CHANCERY,

December 29th, 1813.

The creditors of William Draper, deceased, are hereby notified to produce their claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the Register, or leave them with the Trustee, before the 15th day of February, 1814.

By order—
James P. Heath,
Reg. Cur. Can.

jan. 4——3

PUBLIC SALE.

Agreeably to the last Will and Testament of John Tillotson, *Esq. late of Hillsborough, in Caroline County, deceased*—

Will be exposed to public sale, at his late dwelling, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 26th and 27th of January, all the personal property of the deceased, (negroes excepted, comprising some valuable Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, Farming Utensils, Wheat, Wheat in the ground, Corn and Corn Blades: And at the same time, at private sale, two *NEGRO BOYS*, for a term of years—All which property will be sold on six months credit, for the purchasers' note bearing interest from the day of sale, with approved security; except for sums under ten dollars, when the money will be required.

Henry D. Sellers, Ex'r.

Hillsborough, jan. 4——4

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That on the first day of February next, or immediately thereafter, the Assistant Assessors within this district, will proceed throughout the same, for the purpose of taking lists of Lands, Lots of Ground with their improvements, Dwelling-Houses, and Slaves, subject to the United States direct tax, and for valuing and assessing the same. All persons owning, possessing, or having the care or management of such property, are required by law to deliver to the Assistant Assessors, written lists containing a true and accurate description of the same; and are hereby notified and warned to be prepared on said first day of February next, or immediately thereafter, to deliver the same, under the penalty provided by law, for neglect or refusal in this respect.

William Dickinson, Principal Assessor of the second district of the State of Maryland.

jan. 4, 1814——4

ROBERT SPENCER,

Informs the public that he has removed his Store to the Store formerly occupied by Mr. L. W Spencer, the second door above his old stand and the second below the Bank, where he continues to sell *GOODS* at small advance.

Easton, jan. 4, 1814——3

EASTON HOTEL.

The subscriber informs his friends and customers that he has removed to the House formerly occupied by Mr. Solomon Lowe, where from his arrangements, every attention will be paid to those who may favor him with a call.

Thomas Henrix.

january 4, 1814——m

UNION TAVERN.

The subscriber having taken the Inn lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Henrix, and formerly by Mr. Thomas Peacock, directly opposite the Bank and Post Office, respectfully informs his former customers, and strangers, that he is determined to keep the best fare that can possibly be procured. Private rooms, and the best accommodation in respect of eating, drinking, and attentive servants, can be had at all times, as well as good hostlers, and the best provender; and every reasonable attention paid to all who may call upon him.

Solomon Lowe.

jan. 4——m

REMOVAL.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his Shop to the room lately occupied by Major John Meredith as a store-room, opposite the Court House, where he has just received from Philadelphia, and is now opening, an extensive assortment of SADDLERY—and where he will continue to execute work in his line with neatness and dispatch.

William Bromwell.

Jan. 4——m

N. B. Orders by mail or otherwise, will be punctually attended to. W. B.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

The subscriber has removed the above business to the house formerly occupied by Mr. George Sewell, and opposite Mr. James Wainwright's Cabinet maker's shop, where he hopes from his serious attention to the business, to merit a generous portion of public patronage.

Charles Blake.

Easton, jan. 4——m

BOARDING HOUSE.

The subscriber informs her friends, and the public generally, that she continues to keep accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, by the day, week, month, or year. As it is presumed that private lodgings are preferred by travelling ladies, she hopes to be favoured with their company particularly. She is well assured that more genteel entertainment cannot be had in this place.

Susan. Trippe.

N. B. She has a vacancy at this time for 6 or 8 boys or girls.

Easton, Washington st. opposite the Bank, } jan. 4——m

By order of the Orphans Court of Queen Ann's county—

This is to give notice that the subscriber of Queen Ann's county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Williamson*, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 20th day of June, 1814, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Given under my hand this 14th day of December, 1813.

Elizabeth Williamson, Adm'rx.

january 4, 1814——3q

NOTICE.

Having already sustained much injury on my wheat sowed on Royston's Island, by persons gunning thereon—to prevent like injury, I am constrained to give this public notice, forwarning all persons from hunting, with dog or gun, on said Island, or on any property now rented by me. A violation of this caution will be treated according to law by me.

Robert Dawson.

jan. 4——3

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the orphans' court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Thomas Willcox*, late of Dorchester county, deceased—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the third Monday in June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 14th day of December, Anno Domini 1813.

Levin Smith, Adm'r of Thomas Willcox, dec'd.

dec. 21——3q

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, at Easton, (Md.) December 31st, 1813.

A.
Rev. James Aikers, 2

B.
Howell Bowers
Mary Berridge
Lieut. Daniel Bartling
William Bryan
Charles Berry, 2
John W. Bordley
Levin Blades
Mary Benny
Henry Buckley
Isaac Bowdle
N. Beckwith

C.
Edward M'Cree
Sarah Clark
Margaret Cox
Richard Cray
Mary Catrup
Henry Casson
William Cooper
Maj. Jabez Caldwell
Rev. John M'Claker, 2
Lt. Cornelius Comegys

D.
Nicholas Dawson
William Dobson
John Dudley
Stephen Dawley
John Delehay
Daniel Dickinson, 2

E.
Joseph Edmondson

F.
Capt. Joseph Farland
F. Fogle
Thomas Frazier
William H Fitzhugh
Nathan Frantom

G.
Elizabeth Gipson
James Goldsborough

H.
John Holmes
Capt. Wm. Hunings, 3
Thomas Harrison
Sarah Hambleton
George Higgins

J.
James Jester

K.
Sarah Keene
Seley Kenneman

L.
Joseph Ledenham

M.
William Meluy, 4
James Martin
John C. Mullikin
Edward P. Mullikin
John Merrick
Thos. Martin, jun. 2
Rev. Thos D. Monnelly

N.
Wm. Nelson
Thos. C. Nicols

P.
Sarah Price, 2
Joel Page
James Pursley
Rebecca Parrott

R.
Benjamin Roberts
F. Rolle
Joshua Richardson
R. B. Ruth
John Ruth
Anthony Ross, jun. 2
Elizabeth Rathel

S.
Wm. Seymour, 2
Robert R. Smith
Alexander Stuart
Jonathan Spencer
Ann Sharpless

T.
John Tillotson
N Thomas
Robert Tubman
Mary Talbott

U.
Sarah M. Ute

V.
N. Valiant, 2

W.
Henry Willis
William White
Hannah Webley
Luther Williams, 2

january 4, 1814——3

NOTICE.

Upon application made to me the subscriber Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, in the recess of Somerset county court, by Robert Coulbourn, of the said County, he being in actual confinement in the gaol of the said county, under execution for debt, by his petition in writing praying the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, the said Robert Coulbourn having been brought before me by the Sheriff of said county; and I having been satisfied by competent testimony that he has resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland; and he having taken the oath required by the act of Assembly aforesaid, and given bond with sufficient security for his appearance in Somerset county court before the Judges thereof, before the Saturday next after the second Monday in April next, to answer such allegations as may be made against him relative to his said application. I do therefore order and adjudge that the said Robert Coulbourn be discharged from imprisonment, and that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed at Easton, and one printed at Baltimore, three months before the day appointed as aforesaid, and to be continued for four successives weeks, and also that a copy thereof be set up at the Court House door in Princess Anne town, and one copy at the most public place in the Election District in which the said Robert Coulbourn resides, thereby to give notice to his creditors to appear before the said County Court at the time and place aforesaid to shew cause (if any they have) why the said Robert Coulbourn should not have the benefit of the acts of Assembly aforesaid, according to his petition. Given under my hand this 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

John Done.

True copy, Test—
Josiah Polk, Clerk
Somerset county court.

january 4, 1814——4

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
TO CREDITORS,

That in obedience to the law and order of the orphans' court, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the orphans' court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Samuel Burn*, late of Dorchester county, deceased—All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the third Monday in June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of December, Anno Domini 1813.

Henry Burn, Adm'r of Samuel Burn, dec'd.

dec. 21——3q

CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS COURT,

December the 14th 1813.

On application of Sovren Dawson, administrator of *James Jones*, late of Caroline county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate; and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in a news paper printed in Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the orphans court of the county aforesaid, I hereto set my hand, and affix the public seal of my office, this fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1813.

L. S.

Test—
J. Richardson, Reg'r
Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order—

Notice is hereby given, That the subscriber, of Caroline county, hath obtained from the orphans court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *James Jones*, late of Caroline county, deceased—All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to him; and all those having claims against said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, properly authenticated for settlement, on or before the 14th day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of December, 1813.

Sovren Dawson, Adm'r of James Jones, dec'd.

dec. 21——3

A BLACK SMITH

Wanted the ensuing year—generous wages will be given for one that can do good country work. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in Caroline county, near Hunting Creek.

Daniel Leverton.

dec. 21——3