Eastern Shore Republican Star or General Advertiser.

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PRINTED AND PUBLISHED,
EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY
Thomas Perrin Smith,
(PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.)

THE TERMS

Are Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum, payable half yearly, in advance: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for *One Dollar*, and continued weekly for *Twenty-Five Cents* per square.

VALUABLE MILL AND FARM FOR SALE.

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of John Brooke, deceased—

WILL be sold by public vendue, on the first day of June next at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, if a fair day, if not, at the same hour on the next fair day, on the premises, that

Valuable Grist and Saw Mill,

Situate at Church Hill, Queen Ann's county, Eastern Shore of Maryland, on the waters of Southeast, together with the Farm attached thereto, containing about 112 acres of good Land — On the premises, in addition to the Mill, there are erected a fine dwelling house, out houses, stables, &c.

The situation of this estate renders it worthy of the attention of farmers and millers; the stand being one of the best for a Mill, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and the land of the best quality.

Conditions, which will be easy, will be made known at the time and place of sale.

Mary Brooke, *Ex'x.*
Robert Brooke, Owen Evans, James Evans, } *Ex'rs.*

april 5 9

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been prevented the sale of his land and property on which he resides, by the declaration of war, and still wishing to leave the county, does at this time, as prospects indicate a speedy peace, renew the offer of the sale thereof

A description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as no person would wish to purchase, without viewing it.

There are about 450 acres of land—The price will be moderate, and the terms easy and accommodating If the property is not sold at private sale before the 16th day of June next, it will on that day, between the hours of 12 & 3 o'clock, be offered at public sale.

Henry Driver,
Caroline County.

P. S. I shall leave home on the 12th inst. for Philadelphia, and shall not be back until the 20th of the month. All persons wishing to view the property in my absence, will call on either of my brothers, (Joshua or Matthew Driver,) and they will show the property and make known the terms.

may 10 3

FOR SALE,

THE Farm at Banbury, about 12 miles from the town of Easton, containing about 550 acres of Land, more or less, now in the tenure of Mr. Nicholas Small. Possession to be given on the first day of January, 1815—For terms apply to Thomas Perrin Smith, Esq. at Easton, or Mr. Hugh Birckhead, Baltimore.

march 22 24 Sept 1)

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, a FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining the farm of Messrs. Joseph and Solomon Martin This farm contains about one hundred and sixty three acres, a proportionable part thereof plentifully timbered. This farm is situated on the waters of Dividing Creek, and the soil well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, and clover. It is expected those who wish to purchase will view the land —— Terms will be made known by application to

Thomas Martin,
Near Abbott's Mill

Talbot county, april 26

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL sell my Farm situated two miles from Chester Town, on the Rock Hall road, containing about 200 acres: Or I will exchange it for land of suitable value in Talbot county. Its soil is genial and productive, and well adapted to the Plaster of Paris. The terms of sale may be known by application either to William Barroll, Esq. or Bedingfield Hands, Esq. in Chester Town, or to the subscriber, at Dover Bridge, in Talbot county.

Alex. Hands.

april 5

LAND FOR SALE.

A FARM beautifully situated on Great Choptank river, in Talbot county, twelve miles from the town of Easton, and adjoining the lands of Mr. Stephen Reyner and Major William Hughlett. It contains two hundred and thirty four acres, of which about one hundred and thirty acres are cleared, and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, &c —the remainder is valuable timber land. The improvements are a dwelling house, corn house, smoke house and barn — The terms will be accommodating, and may be known by application to the subscriber, living near Easton.

John Kennard.

may 3 6

SIX HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE,

LYING in Dorchester county, beautifully situated on Great Choptank river, within nine miles of the town of Cambridge, and adjoining the lands of the Rev. James Kemp. This land is susceptible of being divided into two or three farms, with a proportion of woodland to each—The soil is well adapted to the growth of wheat, corn and tobacco. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed persons inclined to purchase any or the whole, will view the premises, to which they are invited. The terms, which will be accommodating, may be known by application to Josiah Bailey, Esq in Cambridge, or the subscriber, in Talbot county

EDWARD LLOYD.

march 22 13

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

To incorporate a company for the purpose of supplying Georgetown with water.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That a company shall be incorporated for the purpose of introducing a copious supply of pure water into Georgetown, District of Columbia, and that the capital stock of said company shall consist of five thousand shares of ten dollars each, and that subscriptions for the same be opened in Georgetown on the third Monday in May next, under the direction of Henry Foxall, Daniel Bussard, Clement Smith, John Gossler, John Eliason, William Marbury, Thomas Cocoran, Washington Bowie, Thomas Robertson, Ninian Magruder, Joel Brown and William Crawford, commissioners, or a majority of them.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the said commissioners, after giving ten days' previous notice in two newspapers published in the District of Columbia, shall, on the day before mentioned, proceed to receive such subscriptions, but no person or persons, bodies corporate, or otherwise, shall be permitted to subscribe on the first day for more than ten shares; and if the whole amount be not subscribed on the first day, the books shall remain open on the second day, when individuals or bodies corporate, or otherwise, shall subscribe for double the number allowed on the first day, and if on the end of the second day the whole amount of shares are not subscribed for, the books are to be closed, and the said commissioners may at any time receive subscriptions for such number of shares as remain unsubscribed for: *Provided always,* That if the subscriptions shall, on the first day, exceed the number of shares herein before allowed, then, and in such case, the said commissioners are hereby authorised and directed so to apportion the shares subscribed among the several subscribers, by such proportional reduction as may reduce the whole to the number allotted.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to conduct every operation of the said institution until they shall be superseded by the appointment of directors.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That the sum of one dollar shall be paid to the said commissioners on each share at the time of subscribing, and the remaining nine dollars by instalments not exceeding two dollars at each instalment, as may be required by the president and directors to be appointed in the mode hereinafter prescribed, on giving twenty days' notice in two newspapers printed in the District of Columbia; and in case of failure in the payment of all or any part of said instalments for the space of ten days after the same shall have become payable, every share on which such failure shall have taken place, shall be forfeited to the company.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the subscribers for the said stock and their successors, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be a body politic and corporate, by the name and style of The Georgetown Water Company, and by that name shall have perpetual succession, and shall be capable in law to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered, defend and be defended, in all courts of judicature or elsewhere, and to make use of the common seal, and the same to alter or renew at their pleasure, and generally to do and perform all things relative to the object of the institution which now is or shall be lawful for any individual or body politic or corporate to do.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted,* That as soon as three thousand shares shall be subscribed, the commissioners hereby authorised to receive subscriptions may call a meeting of the stockholders, after giving not less than four weeks' notice in two newspapers published in the District of Columbia; and the stockholders who shall so assemble in consequence of such notice, or appear by proxy, shall choose by ballot from among the stockholders, by a plurality of votes, twelve directors, who shall continue in office until the first Monday in April, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, which day every succeeding year thereafter an election shall be held for twelve directors as aforesaid, who shall continue in office for one year from the time of their election, and until others be chosen in their stead; and the said directors, at their first meeting, shall choose from amongst the stockholders a president, and allow him a reasonable compensation for his services, who shall also continue in office for one year from the time of his election and until another be chosen in his stead; and in case of death, removal, resignation or disqualification in any way of the president or any of the directors, the board may elect others to supply their places.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That in choosing the directors all persons or bodies politic, holding stock in the said company, shall vote agreeably to the number of shares they may hold, in the following proportion, that is to say: for one share and not exceeding five shares, one vote each; for every two shares above five and not exceeding twenty five, one vote; for every five shares above twenty five and not exceeding fifty, one vote; but no person shall be entitled to vote more than twenty votes.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted,* That the president and directors shall have full power and authority to make all by-laws, rules and regulations, for the well-ordering and conducting of the business of the company, and such by-laws, rules and regulations, to alter, change and annul at their pleasure; but every such by-law, rule or regulation may be altered or repealed by the stockholders at a general meeting, to be called for that purpose by any ten or more stockholders; *Provided,* That there be present at such meeting, stockholders holding more than one half of the said stock, or their proxies, and that four weeks' previous notice be given in two newspapers printed in the District of Columbia, of such meeting, and of the alteration or repeal intended to be proposed thereat.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted,* That the said president and directors shall have power to appoint and remove at their pleasure, all clerks, superintendants, agents, or other officers, necessary for carrying on the business of the said company, to dispose of its funds or property in the manner hereinafter directed, and out of the funds of the said company to pay the compensation of all such agents, superintendants, clerks, or officers, to make such contracts, purchases, or agreements of all such matters and things, in behalf of the said company, and of all such privileges, permissions, rights and advantages of every kind and nature whatever, as they shall judge necessary for completing in an effectual and proper manner the introduction, distribution and supply of water to Georgetown, District of Columbia, with any individual companies, firms, or corporations, and to use and dispose of any surplus water to the best interest and advantage of the said company, and all other contracts to rescind, alter, abridge and enlarge, with consent of the parties thereto respectively, and to lease, sell, convey, transfer, and bind, by their contracts, deeds and writings under the hand of the president and the seal of the company, all the property, estate, common stock, subject to the ratification of the stockholders, or a majority of them, at some general meeting, if the value of the matter in question shall exceed fifteen hundred dollars, but not the persons or separate property of themselves, or any of the stockholders.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted,* That the said corporation may purchase and hold in fee simple or otherwise, all such lands and real estates suitable for the erection of the necessary works, and that may be necessary in whole or in part, for the proper accomplishment of their undertaking, as they shall judge proper, and for that purpose may direct from the usual course, at such place or places as they shall think fit, any stream or streams of water which they may think suitable for the purpose, or any part or parts thereof on the said corporation's first obtaining the consent of all persons having any right or interest in the stream or streams so to be diverted in whole or in part, or in the lands thro' which such stream or streams may be intented to pass, after being so diverted; and the said corporation shall have full power and authority to make and lay conduits or tunnels for the conveyance of the said water, under and along any public highway, or any street of streets, lane or lanes, alley or alleys, of Georgetown, District of Columbia, for the purpose of conveying and distributing the said water, and the said conduits or tunnels, from time to time to renew and repair, and, for such purposes, to dig, break up, and open, at their own expense, all or any part of such highway, streets, lanes, and alleys, or of the middle or side pavements thereof, leaving at all times a sufficient passage-way for carriages, horse and foot passengers, and restoring forthwith to their former condition all such highways, streets, lanes, and alleys, and the pavements thereof, as may be at any time so dug, opened, or taken up.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted,* That the corporation shall have full power and authority to establish reservoirs and public fountains in such parts of the streets and squares of the said town as they may think proper, and to grant to all persons whomsoever, and to all bodies politic and corporate, the privilege of using the said water so to be introduced, in such manner, and on such terms and conditions, and in such quantities respectively, as they shall think fit; and the said water so to be introduced, together with all reservoirs, canals, tunnels, engines, buildings, and machines, whatever, to be by them made and used for the purpose of introducing, raising, and distributing the said water, to hold to them, their successors, and grantees, forever, as their sole and exclusive property.

Sec. 12. *And be it further enacted,* That the corporation aforesaid shall insert, or grant permission to the corporation of Georgetown, District of Columbia, to insert and repair, at the expense of the town, such a number of fire plugs as to them shall appear necessary, into the pipes used to convey the water thro' the streets thereof, to be used only in case of fire, but free from any charge for supply of water.

Sec. 13. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall and may be lawful for the said president and directors to call and demand from the said subscribers respectively, all such sums of money by them subscribed in instalments, not exceeding two dollars each, under pain of forfeiture of their shares, and of all previous payments thereon, to the said president, directors and company: *Provided,* That no such demand shall be made without twenty days previous notice being given in two newspapers of the District of Columbia: *And provided also,* That not more than one such payment shall be called for or required in any term of three months.

Sec. 14. *And be it further enacted,* That any suit, action, or complaint, by the said corporation, against any person or persons whomsoever, on account of, or grounded on, a trespass or injury done to the said works, or any tunnels, conduits, canals, water courses, mound, plug, cock, reservoir, dyke, engine, machine, or thing, appertaining to the same, shall, in every instance, be held and deemed as transitory in its nature, and may be brought, sustained and tried, in any court in this district, having jurisdiction in such like cases.

Sec. 15. *And be it further enacted,* That if any person shall wilfully poliute the said water, between the pumping-house of said company and Georgetown, district of Columbia, by throwing any dead animals or other impure substances into the same, or by swimming, bathing, or washing themselves, or by washing clothes, or skins of any dead animals, or other impure things therein, or by erecting any necessary or other nuisance so near the said water as to pollute the same, the person or persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay to the said company a sum not exceeding twenty dollars for every such offence, to be recovered by warrant, before any magistrate of the District or County of Washington, and shall be obliged to remove the said nuisance or forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for every day the same shall continue, to the use of the corporation of Georgetown, district of Columbia, to be recovered by action of debt at the suit of the United States.

Sec. 16. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall not be lawful for the said corporation to enter into any negociation on bills or notes, nor to deal in exchange, discount, or other commercial or banking operation, or other business in their corporate capacity other than to vest their capital in stocks of chartered companies, or in public securities, or to borrow money as may be found necessary for the carrying on the works proposed: and dividends of the profits of the stock shall be annually made, reserving only, at the discretion of the directors, such proportion as they, or a majority of stockholders shall deem sufficient and necessary to promote or attain the object of this incorporation; and if the said corporations shall not carry into effect the intentions of this act within two years from the passage thereof, in that case all the powers hereby vested in them shall cease and determine.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

April 13, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

For the relief of George Hamilton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That George Hamilton who is confined in prison in the County of Washington, State of Pennsylvania, on a judgment obtained against him in favor of the United States, be discharged from his imprisonment: *Provided however,* That any estate which the said George Hamilton now has, or may hereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken in the same manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

April 18, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

FROM THE NEW YORK PLEBEIAN.

Mr. Mac Duffee,

SIR—I send you for publication an extract from an Oration delivered in Boston by Josiah Quincy, in 1798. It presents an admirable picture of the junto of which the same Josiah Quincy is the unprincipled leader. The resemblance between the Tories of the Revolution and the Federalists of the present day, never has been more faithfully drawn.

A REPUBLICAN.

Shawangunk, March, 1814.

"The factious spirits, whose intrigues have produced such losses and distress to the United States, and forced our federal stars from the pathway of peace and heaven, are servile copyists of those ancient enemies of colonial independence. They have neither the claim of originals, the merit of ingenuity, nor the charm of novelty. It is not a mere general resemblance, it is the old piece in a new position. The same in character and attitude, in expression and passion, in drapery and design. The tories and royalists of old time, compared with the true friends of America, were a small and weak party, unable to acquire the confidence of the people. Ambition, which cannot be gratified by honorable means, has a sure resource in intrigue. *Their invitations stimulated and encouraged aggression. They marked out the plan for our enemies. Divide and conquer. Insert your influence amid the parties of the state — Corrupt the avaricious, frighten the weak, vilify virtue, turn talents to ridicule, weaken the obligations of morality, destroy the influence of religion, make men worthy to be slaves, and they will sue for fetters.* How minutely the opponents of the will of the people have adhered to these principles in our day is too obvious to remark. We shall find the likeness not less striking, if, keeping our own times in view, we call to recollection the arts by which the tories and royalists formerly played this eternal game of tyranny. *To encourage and unite the inhabitants of the old world, they every where proclaimed us a divided people; that embarked in a common cause, we refused to bear our share of the expense;* that, reared under their wing, in our strength, we are unmindful of our patrons. In America different changes were rung. *They attempted to set at variance the southern and nothern colonies, to make the orders* of State contend, to render the poor suspicious of the rich, the rich fearful of the poor. *They told the people of the fleets and armies, of the power of the adversary, and their own] weakness. The arms and victories of a nation, then stiled terrible to her enemies and generous to her friends, were painted in colors suited to alarm."*

THE INHUMAN ENEMY.

The British are dead to every sense of shame—they trample every rule of honorable war, every principle of civilization under foot. Visit the Northern Neck—behold the robberies, the petty larcenies, to which they resort. Houses stript of their furniture,—negro cabins pilfered—and slaves dragged on board their ships—infants torn from their parents, & parents torn from their children. On Corotom in estate, a woman hurried off in the pangs of child birth—the foreman forced away at the point of the bayonet, the bloody bayonet left behind them—— the whole plantation rung with the shrieks of the sufferers.——Some day last week it is said the enemy landed in Northumberland, and made a new sweep of several miles. Cowards! who steal upon us in the night with their disciplined spies to guide their steps, who fly at the least shadow of serious opposition; do they expect to break down the spirit of a gallant people? It only rouses our citizens—it cannot depress us. The militia are harrassed, yet the are brave. It was only the other day that four of them on the margin of Carter's Creek, resisted, and exchanged ten rounds with three barges full of men, and armed with a swivel.

They *are* harrassed—and we know not what new atrocities the enemy may yet have in store. The government ought therefore to be prepared for them. Let them immediately organize a force of mounted riflemen and flying artillery, to meet them on the shores of the Rappahanock and the Potomac.

Richmond Enquirer.

In New York, every branch of the government will be republican—and probably 20 of the 27 members of Congress. *T. T. Amer.*

The federal papers lately informed us with great pleasure that THE DUTCH HAD TAKEN HOLLAND We can now acquaint them with equal gratification that THE AMERICANS HAVE TAKEN NEW YORK. *ibid.*

A New York barber advertises, that "Federalists are shaved at the old price, notwithstanding their late unfortunate defeat!" *ibid.*

It appears by the last advices that the Russian army has had one of its WINGS cut off. This, if true must greatly retard THE FLIGHT of the imperial eagle. *ibid.*