Eastern Shore REPUBLICAN STAR OR General Advertiser.

[Vol. 12.....15] EASTON, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1814 [No. 46.....766]

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EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY
Thomas Perrin Smith,
(PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.)

THE TERMS

Are *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* per annum, payable half yearly, in advance: No paper can be discontinued until the same is paid for.

Advertisements are inserted three weeks for *One Dollar*, and continued weekly for *Twenty-Five Cents* per square.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold on the premises, at public vendue, on the 28th of the 7th month, (July) 1814, if fair, if not, the next fair day, by order of the Chancellor of Maryland—All the real estate of *Joseph Joins*, late of Kent county, State of Maryland, deceased, consisting of about 18 or 19 acres of valuable LAND, in Worton Manor, on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

The creditors of Joseph Joins are directed to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the Chancery Office, within six months from the day of sale.

Daniel Lamb, *Trustee.*

july 5 4

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON,

JULY 6TH, 1814.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in this Institution, that an election for Thirteen Directors thereof for the ensuing year, will be held at the Court House, in Easton, on the first Monday of August next, between the hours of 9 and 3 o'clock; of which the persons concerned are desired to take notice.

By order—

Joseph Haskins, *Cash'r.*

july 12 3

NOTICE TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE subscriber having appointed Mr. William Roberts, deputy collector of the revenue for Talbot county, and Mr. Henry Meeds, deputy collector of the revenue for Caroline county—hereby gives public notice of the same, and earnestly solicits the attention of all those persons who have not discharged their Direct Tax, to pay immediate attention to the same as the short time allowed by law to the Collector for making up his final accounts, will not admit of any delay in collecting the tax. The deputy collectors will call *once* on all delinquents in their respective counties, and will give public notice when and where they will attend to receive payment of the Tax.

William Chambers,
Collector of the Revenue for the second Collection District of Maryland

Centreville, july 12 2

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale all the real estate of Mr. Samuel Wallis, dec'd. in Kent county—viz:

The FARM in the tenure of Mr. Joshua Lamb, containing 405 3 4 acres, situate near I U Church, and only 5 1-2 miles from Chester Town. There is on this farm a convenient two story brick dwelling, with cellars, and kitchen adjoining, beside other buildings, and a handsome apple orchard. About 1 6 of the whole tract is in wood—the soil is genial, and surprisingly adapted to the new system of Clover and Plaister.

The FARM called "Hackett's Faney," containing one hundred and eighty-one acres, situate on the Still Pond road, within 3 1 2 miles of Chester Town.

Parts of several tracts of LAND (sold by John Black, as trustee for the sale of the undivided property of Col. Isaac Perkins) situate on and at the head of Perkins's mill pond, containing 171 1-2 acres.

That spacious and eligible Brick Tavern, in Chester Town, long in the tenure of Mr. Francis Skirvin.—Also—several other dwellings, a granary and wharf, and four or five grass Lots on the environs of the town. For particulars apply to

Philip Wallis.

Easton, Md july 12

FOR SALE,

THE subscriber's FARM, beautifully situated on the waters of Miles or St. Michaels river, near the town of St. Michaels, containing 133 acres of Land, about 40 acres of which is woodland, the residue cleared. On said farm is a frame dwelling house, 18 by 24 feet, nearly new—kitchen, corn house and meat house, all new; and for healthiness of situation it is not exceeded by any in the county. The terms will be made accommodating to the purchaser.—Property in or near Easton would be taken in part payment.

James Parrott.

P. S. Should this Farm not be sold by the first of August, it will then be for rent. J. P.

june 28

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, a FARM in Island Creek Neck, adjoining the farm of Messrs. Joseph and Solomon Martin. This farm contains about one hundred and sixty three acres, a proportionable part thereof plentifully timbered. This farm is situated on the waters of Dividing Creek, and the soil well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, and clover. It is expected those who wish to purchase will view the land.—Terms will be made known by application to

Thomas Martin,
Near Abbott's Mill.

Talbot county, april 26

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm in Caroline county, whereon he now lives, situated within three miles of Hillsborough, and containing upwards of six hundred acres of Land. It is unnecessary to say any thing of the soil or convenience of this Farm, as it is expected that those who wish to purchase will view the Land. If not sold at private sale, before Thursday the first of September next, it will be offered on that day at 12 o'clock, at public auction, on the premises. The terms will be made easy to the purchaser.

Thomas Daffin.

june 21 11

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, A FARM lying on the Bay shore, in Talbot county, formerly the residence of Mr. John Leeds, containing 236 acres, the greater part of which is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, and is considered one of the handsomest situations on the Bay shore, and the land of the best quality in the county. Those inclined to purchase, will please to view the premises, which will be shewn them by William Jackson, the overseer. If the above land is not sold at private sale, before the last day of August next, it will be offered at Public Auction on or about that time, of which due notice will be given.

For further particulars apply to Mr. John Kemp, near the premises, or the subscriber, living in Baltimore.

Thomas Kemp.

may 31 8

FOR SALE,

THE Farm at Banbury, about 12 miles from the town of Easton, containing about 550 acres of Land, more or less, now in the tenure of Mr. Nicholas Small. Possession to be given on the first day of January, 1815. For terms apply to Thomas Perrin Smith, Esq. at Easton, or Mr. Hugh Birckhead, Baltimore.

march 22 24 (Sept 1

LAND TO LEASE.

BETWEEN 500 and 600 acres of Land, living in Caroline county, on which are a good dwelling house and necessary out houses, (formerly the residence of Mr. Charles Blair, deceased,) will be leased to a good tenant on advantageous terms. For further particulars apply at the Star office.

june 21

ROCK HALL PACKET.

IN consequence of a late change in the Mail routes on the Eastern Shore, this Packet will change the days of sailing, and will run in future as follows, viz:

Leave Rock Hall on Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock A. M. and arrive at Baltimore same days.

Leave Baltimore on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9 o'clock A. M. and arrive at Rock Hall same days.

The Mail via Rock Hall leaves Chester Town for Baltimore on Tuesdays and Fridays, and leaves Baltimore for Chester Town on Mondays and Thursdays, and arrives the same days.

The Stage between Rock Hall and Chester Town forms a junction, in concert with the line of Wilmington and Easton Stages, at Chester Town.

Be it observed, that, under present circumstances, this is the most preferable route for crossing the bay, for shortness of distance and safety—and that the Packet now on this route is as fine a vessel, for fast sailing, safety and convenience, as any on the bay.

All Baggage and Goods at the risque of the owners.

T. Harris.

july 12 13

NOTICE IS HEREY GIVEN,

THAT hereafter the following freights will be charged on the following articles, to wit:

On common hogsheads,	$1 33 1 3 cts.
Tierces	75
Barrels	33 1-3
Bags of Coffee, &c.	25

Other articles as heretofore—and on all articles purchased without the cash sent, will be subject to 2 1 2 per cent. commission, and when cash sent, no commission will be charged by

The Public's humble servants,

Clement Vickers,
Edward Auld.

Easton Point, july 5 3

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVING COMMENCED THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERY & COMMISSION BUSINESS,

UNDER THE FIRM OF

JOHN & THOMAS P. RICAUD,

IN THE WARE-HOUSE, No. 2, BOWLY'S WHARF,

(Lately occupied by Mr. Benjamin Ricaud,)

Tender their services to their friends and the public in general, and hope, by their attention and punctuality, to merit a share of public patronage; they flatter themselves they will be enabled to furnish any article in the line on the lowest terms.

John Ricaud.
Thomas P. Ricaud.

Baltimore, june 21 8

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has commenced the

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

At the shop lately occupied by Mr. Hugh Rice, opposite the Bank, where he has just opened a large assortment of the best Philadelphia materials, suitable for gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, and Morocco and Kid skins of different colours, of the best quality for ladies' Shoes. Those gentlemen and ladies who will please to favour him with a call, shall be accommodated on advantageous terms, at the shortest notice: and he hopes by his having the best workmen, and his own unremitted attention to business, to merit a generous portion of the public patronage.

The Public's humble servant,

William White.

Easton, july 5 3q

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale, opposite the Market House,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

LADIES' SHOES,

Of the newest fashions

Henry Willis.

july 5 3

A TEACHER WANTED,

IN a private family, for five or six children, in a retired but very healthy situation. An elderly single gentleman, who is a good scholar, of genteel manners and moral character would be preferred. Liberal wages will be given—Apply at the Star office.

june 21

BLANK BOOKS,
For sale at the Star-Office.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

Making additional appropriations for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of six hundred and twenty five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying the expenses which have been or may be incurred in building and equipping vessels of war on Lakes Ontario and Champlain, to be paid, first, out of the balances of appropriations for the support of the navy, remaining unexpended at the end of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and secondly, out of the surplus of any other appropriation which may in the opinion of the President be transferred to that object without injury to the public service.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for defraying the expense of additional clerks in the offices of the Secretary of the Treasury, Comptroller and Auditor of the United States, the following sums, in addition to the sum already appropriated, be & the same are hereby appropriated: For the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, the sum of one thousand dollars; for the office of the Comptroller, seven hundred dollars; and for the Auditor's office, one thousand dollars; which several sums shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That in addition to the sums already appropriated to those objects, the sum of one hundred and eighty nine thousand two hundred and ninety one dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to pay the bounty, subsistence, clothing and other expences of the marine corps, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of one hundred and twenty two thousand seven hundred dollars be appropriated for the bounty and pay of seamen for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in addition to the sum already appropriated, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore.

April 18, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON

AN ACT

For the relief of John Whitney and Joseph H. Dorr.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States be and hereby is authorized and empowered, upon the petition of John Whitney and Joseph H. Dorr, the sureties of the owners of the schooner Industry, to remit the penalty which the the said owners incurred by the illegal unlading of sixty nine boxes and eight half boxes of segars, and nineteen hundred and eighty six pounds of coffee from said schooner, at the port of Edgarton, in the district of Massachusetts, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and nine, in the same way and manner as he is now by law empowered to remit the same upon the petition of the said owners; and the said Secretary is also authorised to pay to the said Whitney and Dorr, out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, any sum that may be by him remitted: *Provided however*, This act shall not be construed to authorise the remission of any greater portion of said penalty than what has accrued to the use of the United States: *And provided also*, That the said Secretary shall be of opinion that the said penalty ought to be remitted.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate pro tempore.

April 18, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

Authorising an augmentation of the marine corps, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorised to cause the marine corps, in the service of the United States, to be augmented by the appointment and enlistment of not exceeding one major, fourteen captains, twelve first lieutenants, twenty second lieutenants, sixty one serjeants, forty two drums and fifes, and six hundred and ninety six privates, who shall be respectively allowed the same pay, bounty, clothing and rations, and shall be employed under the same rules and regulations to which the said marine corps are or shall be entitled and subject.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the adjutant, paymaster and quartermaster of the marine corps, may be taken either from the line of captains or subalterns, and the said officers shall respectively receive thirty dollars per month, in addition to their pay in the line, in full of all emoluments.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorised to confer brevet rank on such officers of the marine corps as shall distinguish themselves by gallant actions or meritorious conduct, or who shall have served ten years in any one grade: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to entitle officers so brevetted by any additional pay or emoluments, except when commanding separate stations or detachments, when they shall be entitled to and receive the same pay and emoluments, which officers of the same grades are now or hereafter may be allowed by law.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, in the recess of the Senate, to appoint any of the officers authorised by this act; which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, in the recess of the Senate, to appoint all or any of the officers of the navy authorised by existing laws; which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

April 16, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

Authorising the appointment of certain officers for the flotilla service.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorised, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint four captains and twelve lieutenants to be employed in the flotilla service of the United States, without rank in the navy, but with the same relative rank and authority in the flotilla service as officers of the same grade are entitled to in the navy of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the said captains shall receive the pay and subsistence of a captain in the navy commanding a ship of twenty and under thirty two guns, and the lieutenants the same pay and subsistence as officers of the same rank are entitled to in the Navy of the United States, and shall be governed by the rules and regulations provided for the government of the navy.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to appoint in the recess of the Senate any of the officers authorized by this act, which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate at their next session.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

April 16, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

For the relief of David Porter and his officers and crews.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That so much of the net proceeds of the forfeitures and penalties as have accrued to the United States from the condemnation and sale of the following vessels and their cargoes to wit: Le Duc de Montebello, Le Petite Chance, and L'Intrepide, condemned and sold by order of the district court of the United States for the Orleans district, for violations of the laws of the United States, be, and the same are hereby given up and relinquished in favour of Captain David Porter, and of the officers and crews by whom the said vessels were captured, as a compensation to the said David Porter and the said officers and crews, for their zeal and activity in capturing the same: and that the said Capt. David Porter be hereby authorised to receive from the Secretary of the Treasury the amount of the said net proceeds of the aforesaid sales, to be paid by the said Secretary of the Treasury out of any money not otherwise appropriated; and upon receiving the same the said David Porter is authorised and instructed to distribute it amongst the said officers and crews, in the proportions, and agreeably to the regulations of the laws of the U. States, for the distribution of prize money.

LANGDON CHEVES, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. GERRY, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

April 18, 1814.
Approved, JAMES MADISON.

FROM THE YANKEE.

DIVISION OF THE SPOIL.

The Royal ruffians of Europe have laid their heads together, to restore the exploded *Agrarian laws*, for the division of property. Lord Castlereagh is the chief surveyor, and parcels out the different tracts of territory to his infamous tools in the same way as our *Boston land surveyors* divided the *Mill Pond* into lots for sale. The greatest ruffian, of course, receives the greatest reward, in the distribution of property. The people of America may expect that the next division of property on the Agrarian principle, will be of the vast tracts of territory or lands in America. Our landholders will do well to take their muskets in their hands, and look to their property. No doubt but Castlereagh at this moment the map of America before him, penciling out such parts of the several States, for the Prince Regent, as may be convenient to the Lakes in Canada, and to Nova Scotia. To the Spaniards, no doubt, he will bestow Louisiana, and the whole navigation of the Mississippi. N. York will, no doubt, be restored back to the *Dutch*, agreeably to the lines & demarkations traced out by Mr. Knickerbocker. Let us see

WHO TAKES THE SPOIL IN EUROPE?

Alexander, the deliverer, takes the whole of Poland, and British gold.

The Emperor of Austria takes Tuscany, the kingdom of Italy, Bonaparte's wife, and British gold.

Bernadotte takes Sweden, Norway, & British gold.

Ferdinand VII. takes Spain, her colonies, and British gold.

Murat takes Naples, for turning traitor.

The Pope takes Rome, and swears he never signed the concordat.

The Prince of Orange takes Holland, half of Belgium, and the Prince Regent's daughter in marriage.

Talleyrand takes the crown of France, Louis XVIII. and all the Bourbons under his care.

Louis XVIII. takes upon himself to pay 1500,000,000 to the Allies.

The Allies take 15 French fortresses as security.

The old nobility take their titles without lands.

The new nobility take their lands and their seats in the Senate.

The Legion of Honor take their titles and lands.

The Marshals take their titles and lands.

Joseph and Jerome B. take themselves to America.

Bonaparte takes the Island of Elba, and eighty thousand sterling a year, & gives a receipt in full.

Maria Louisa and young Napoleon, takes Parma, Placentia, and Guestilla.

The King of Prussia takes back old Frederick's sword again.

John Bull takes all the French islands, Antwerp as a free port, Hanover and Osnaburg, France, Holland, Spain, Portugal, and all their colonies and fleets under his care—also a twenty years' war, and adds 500,000,000 to her debt.

Lord Castlereagh takes care of the whole, keeps an eye on the island of Elba, and has a *pitch cap* and a *rope* for Bonaparte. The bloody scoundrel who has murdered thousands in Ireland, knows how to dispatch Napoleon.

Such is the distribution that the Royal ruffians have made for the conquests, tenements and lands on the continent and elsewhere. Bonaparte may well say, that in the grand royal lottery in Europe, if he has not drawn the largest, he has not drawn the smallest prize of the whole. Joseph and Jerome have both drawn blanks.—The King of Prussia has drawn only an old rusty sword. Alexander the deliverer, has drawn all Poland unto himself—this is a famous prize.

Austria has drawn a pretty good prize. Talleyrand has drawn a royal one. Murat has, or should have drawn a *halter*. Louis XVIII. has drawn a blank; and if he and Monsieur should hereafter have their heads taken off, it might be said with propriety, that they had drawn a *cotch* or *Irish prize*. The people has drawn a *Bull* to make a blank of Bonaparte for ever. Bernadotte, Bonaparte's old sergeant, has drawn a *Tartar*, in Norway. Ferdinand VII. has drawn a prize that may turn out a blank; he has always been a blank himself, and never deserved a prize. The old nobility have all drawn blanks.——The Allies have drawn fifteen prizes, valued at fifteen hundred millions; when they are paid, they will be good prizes. The Legion of Honor and the Marshals have taken care to draw good prizes, with the points of their swords.——John Bull has drawn seven capital prizes, and one great blank of five hundred millions, which he or his king-ridden subjects must pay.——Lord Castlereagh, being chief manager of the royal lottery, has taken care to draw a good prize for himself. We hope the next he draws will be a *halter*.