1938

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1935, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 453 proposing an amendment to repeal Section 36 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", said section prohibiting the General Assembly from authorizing a lottery, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection; and

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1937, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 625 proposing an amendment to Article 15 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Judiciary Department", sub-title "Part III—Circuit Courts", of the Constitution of the State, to provide an additional judge in the Second Circuit and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection; in words and figures as follows:

CHAPTER 625—1937

AN ACT to propose an amendment to repeal Section 36 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", and prohibiting the General Assembly from authorizing a lottery, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each house of the Legislature concurring), That the Constitution of the State of Maryland, be and it is hereby amended by the General Assembly from authorizing a lottery grant by and it is hereby repealed if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State of Maryland, at the next general election for members of the General Assembly of Maryland, to be held in the State of Maryland, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1938, in accordance with the laws of Maryland, and that every person qualified by the laws of Maryland to vote at such election for members of the General Assembly of Maryland, shall be entitled to vote for or against said amendment to the Constitution of the State, and to have his vote counted for or against said amendment; and that the ballots or voting machines to be used at said election shall have printed on them or on the face of the voting machine, the following words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment" as now provided by law, and immediately after said election the judges of said election shall make return of the votes cast for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the laws of Maryland, for such elections, and further proceedings had as required by the laws of Maryland.

Approved: May 18, 1937.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HARRY W. NICE, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this proclamation containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 453 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1935, and said Chapters 494 and 625 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1937, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday, the 8th day of November, 1938, at which election the said proposed amendments shall be submitted in the manner prescribed by the Constitution and laws to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND, DONE AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS, THIS 20TH DAY OF JULY, IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND

HARRY W. NICE
By the Governor:
E. RAY JONES
Secretary of State.

1938

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND STATE-WIDE REFERENDUMS

WHEREAS, at the January 1937 session of the General Assembly of Maryland, an Act was passed known as Chapter 91, fixing the time within which marriage license may be issued; and

WHEREAS, at the January 1937 session of the General Assembly of Maryland, an Act was passed known as Chapter 306, for the purpose of licensing dentists (which licenses shall be issued to individual dentists); providing for a State Board of Dental Examiners; its organization and duties; providing for the giving of examinations and licenses by said Board; providing for the issuance of new licenses in place of those that are lost or destroyed; providing for fees upon issuing of examinations; providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses; prohibiting advertising by dentists; providing appeals from the ruling of the State Board of Dentistry; creating certain exceptions to the Act; providing for penalties, and providing other matters incidental to the general purpose of the Act; in words and figures as follows:

CHAPTER 91

AN ACT to repeal sub-section 2 of Article 62 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1924 Edition), title "Marriages", to fix the time within which marriage licenses may be issued.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 5 of Article 62 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1924 Edition), title "Marriages", be and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments to read as follows:

5. Before the Clerk of any of the Courts aforesaid shall issue any license he shall examine one of the parties making application for the same, and the Clerk shall ascertain: first, the full name of the parties; second, their place of nativity; third, their age; fourth, their color; fifth, whether married or single; sixth, whether married or single, if so, in which degree of consanguinity; seventh, if ever divorced; eighth, whether or not the parties or either of them is a habitual drunkard; ninth, if any of the persons to be married be a minor or under a guardian; tenth, if such minor be a male or female; eleventh, if such minor be married before; and the Clerk shall reduce the same to writing and shall require the party applying for the license to subscribe his name to the application, and no license shall be issued until the application shall be delivered to the Clerk and the expiration of Forty-eight (48) hours from the time application is made therefor; provided, however, that any Judge of the Circuit Court of the County or the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City, or any Judge of Common Pleas, for good and sufficient cause shown, may, by an order in writing signed by him, authorize the Clerk to deliver such license at any time after the application shall have been made; and the Clerks of any of the Courts aforesaid are hereby authorized to issue an application for a marriage license without the oath required in Article 62 of the Constitution of this State, and in the annotated Code of Maryland, and the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and shall have printed on the ballot the words "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment", and immediately after said election, the returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by the laws of the State for such elections.

Approved: May 18, 1937.

CHAPTER 306

AN ACT to repeal Sections 1 to 12, inclusive, of Article 52 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, 1935 Supplement, Flack's Edition, title "Dentists", and to repeal and re-enact Section 13 thereof twenty-three new sections to be known as Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, for the purpose of licensing individual dentists; providing for a State Board of Dental Examiners; its organization and duties; providing for the giving of examinations and licenses by said Board; providing for the issuance of new licenses in place of those that are lost or destroyed; providing for fees upon taking of examinations; providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses; prohibiting advertising by dentists; providing appeals from the ruling of the State Board of Dentistry; creating certain exceptions to the Act; providing for penalties, and providing other matters incidental to the general purpose of the Act; in words and figures as follows:

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Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid amendment to the Constitution of Maryland shall be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection, in accordance with the laws of Maryland, and that every person qualified by the laws of Maryland to vote at such election for members of the General Assembly of Maryland, shall be entitled to vote for or against said amendment to the Constitution of the State, and to have his vote counted for or against said amendment; and that the ballots or voting machines to be used at said election shall have printed on them or on the face of the voting machine, the following words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment" as now provided by law, and immediately after said election the judges of said election shall make return of the votes cast for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the laws of Maryland, for such elections, and further proceedings had as required by the laws of Maryland.

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By the Governor:
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Secretary of State.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

HOUSEHOLD

COMFORTERS

Manufacturer of comforters, quilts and mattresses made to order. Also repairing. Live made exclusively of new materials. Comforters, 72x84 inches, $3.50 and up. Mattresses, $5.50 and up. Prices prepaid. Address Phila. P. O. Box 85, 19th St. Annex, Phila.

CHICKS

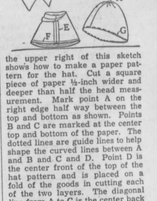
BR. AND WH. ROCKS, REDS AND BR. CROSSES. Pullets from selected Blood-Tested Breeders. Hatches weekly. MILFORD HATCHERY Milford Road nr. Liberty Rd., Pikesville, P. O. ROCKDALE, MD. Pikesville 36-R.

Here's an Answer to School Hat Problem

By RUTH WYETH SPEARS

M. S. writes: "I followed the directions in Book 2 for a fabric hat and it was so satisfactory that I wonder if you could tell me how to use a piece of woolen material that I have to make a hat for my little girl who is just starting to school."

Here is a cunning schoolgirl hat that is easy to make. You need two pieces of goods—one for the hat and one for the lining. The hat pattern consists of two parts. Each piece should be 1-inch longer than the measurement around the largest part of the child's head. The depth of the pieces should be half their length. The diagram at the upper right of this sketch shows how to make a paper pattern for the hat. Cut a square piece of paper ½-inch wider and deeper than half the head measurement. Mark point A on the right edge half way between the top and bottom as shown. Points B and C are marked at the center top and bottom of the paper. The dotted lines are guide lines to help shape the curved lines between A and B and C and D. Point D is the center front of the hat pattern and is placed on a fold of the goods in cutting each of the two layers. The diagonal line from A to C is the center back seam line.



Stitch the back seam of both hat and lining and press it open as at E. Now, place the two pieces right sides together and stitch as at F. Turn right side out, baste along turned edge and stitch as at G. Gather the top as at H and finish with a ribbon or a stitched fabric bow and a feather.

NOTE: Use what you have on hand to make things of real value. You can save by doing—instead of doing without. Mrs. Spears has planned Book 2—Gifts, Novelties and Embroidery—to help you. Every page contains complete, clearly illustrated directions for things you can make at almost no cost. Enclose 25 cents and address Mrs. Spears, 210 S. Desplaines St., Chicago, Ill.

Moral Rectitude

"Its head is seldom far wrong whose heart is always right. We bow down to mental greatness, incredible strength, and they are divine gifts; but moral rectitude is stronger than they. It is irresistible—always in the end triumphant."

Before BEAUTIFUL Permanent Wave FALSE TEETH (BEST PRICES SEND NO MONEY) Write Today for Big Illustrated Catalog and Mouth Impression Blank. 65 DAYS' TRIAL. MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE YOU'LL BE DELIGHTED. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Your Money Back. FREE—Beautiful Catalog. Dept. PW2 1555 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Worthy Spark

Our humanity were a poor thing were it not for the divinity which stirs within us.—Bacon.

DETOUR Use Free from Dealer DOGS "BLACK LEAF 40" Keeps Dogs Away from Chickens, Garbage etc. Use 1 to 2 Teaspoonfuls per Gallon of Water

The Devil Leads

When rogues go in procession the devil carries the cross.

Prestige The Blackstone Hotel is an address of distinction in Chicago. Have graceful living is enjoyed by the discriminating traveler. L. E. Schaub, Managing Director. The Blackstone MICHIGAN AVENUE AT CHICAGO

ADVERTISING Is as essential to business as is rain to growing crops. It is the keystone in the arch of successful merchandising. Let us show you how to apply it to your business.

Color and Economy In This Jiffy Afghan

A jiffy crochet with large hook and Germantown wool—it takes about half the wool needed for a regular afghan! And a lovely fluffy afghan you'll have. Pattern 6040 contains directions for making afghan; illustration of it and of stitches and materials required; color schemes.

Pattern 6040.

To obtain this pattern, send 15 cents in dime stamps or coins (coins preferred) to The Sewing Circle, Household Arts Dept., 259 W. 14th Street, New York, N. Y.

Please write your name, address and pattern number plainly.

You're Likely Wrong If You've Said—

Lightning never strikes twice in the same place.—For the Empire State building is struck regularly during every severe storm that passes over it.

If one fell from a skyscraper or an airplane he would be dead before he touching the ground.—For many airmen have fallen a mile or more without opening their parachutes, then opened them and landed safely.

In the interval they remained perfectly conscious and unharmed.

Fright alone is harmful.—For scientists say night air is only dangerous in malarial districts where mosquitoes may enter an open window and infect the sleeper. Also—Seasoning air does contain more ozone, but the difference is so slight as to be of practically no value to the health.

Don't Aggravate Gas Bloating If your GAS BLOATING is caused by acid indigestion so you can't eat your food in peace, take the doctor's prescription, BELL-ANS. It quickly relieves the distress of acid indigestion, heartburn, sour stomach and nerve pounding. Bell-ans also relieves the gas bloating of stomach and intestines. Bell-ans is not a laxative and BOTH bowels. It relieves STOMACH GAS and bloating. Bell-ans is not a laxative. Bell-ans is less than one cent a tablet. Ask for Bell-ans in tablet form. Insist on the genuine. Bell-ans. Sold by many doctors for 22 years. Complete relief or your money back. Sold at all drug stores

Unattained

Success is counted sweetest by those who ne'er succeed.—Emil Dickinson.

How Women in Their 40's Can Attract Men

Here's good advice for a woman during her change (usually from 38 to 52), when she may be nervous, irritable, feel worried, worn out, have hot flashes, dizzy spells, sleep spells, upset nerves and moody spells.

Don't worry about it, but, since and if you need a good general system tonic, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made especially for women, it helps. Nature, aided by physical resistance, thus helps give more vigorous, more cheerful, more calm days to many. Worth a trial!

Wood Carving an Old Art

Cutting and carving wood is one of the oldest arts known. As far back as 4000 B. C. people liked to cut designs in wood with a sharp instrument, and excavations in Egypt have shown that people of that ancient time were skillful at the art.

First Steamboat on Lake Erie

The Walk-in-the-Water, first steamboat on Lake Erie, was able to make her own engines to step along at the rate of eight miles an hour. Named after a Indian chief, the boat was the sensation of her day—during the period of more than 120 years ago.

Memorial to a Clown

Honoring Joseph Grimaldi, one of the greatest clowns in the Nineteenth century, a memorial tablet stands outside his former home in Pentonville, England, where he died in 1837 after spending his latter days a helpless cripple.

More Varieties of Trees

Forests of the United States contain more varieties of trees than those of Europe, according to forest service employees. There are about 150 species of trees in this country and only about 150 in Europe.

Amount of Blood in Body

The average normal human body contains from one gallon to one and a fourth gallons of blood. A gallon of blood weighs about eight pounds. Fat persons have relatively less blood than lean ones.

Howth, Suburb of Dublin

Howth, a suburb of Dublin, Ireland, lies close under the hill of Howth and commands a good view of Ireland's Eye and Lambay Island.

The Duomo of Milan

The second largest Gothic cathedral in Europe is the Duomo of Milan. The visitor can count more than 4,000 statues as part of its massive architecture.

Many Changes in Allegiance

That portion of Minnesota known as the Arrowhead country, was under 11 sovereignties before it permanently became a part of the United States.

WHAT to EAT and WHY

C. Houston Goudiss Discusses Sugar, Sirup and Molasses; Describes Correct Use of Sweets, Peerless Body Fuel

By C. HOUSTON GOUDISS

THERE is an old saying that good things come in small packages. That is particularly apt when we pause to consider the nutritive value of sugar in its various forms. For two scant tablespoons of sugar supply as much caloric value as does three-fourths cup of cooked farina, or one and one-third eggs, or the lean meat of one lamb chop.

Sugar is a highly concentrated fuel food which burns quickly and completely in the body furnace.

The Sugar Bowl Is a Dynamo

It has been said that our present day civilization could not have reached its present heights without the driving force that sugar gives to men and women. And it is a fact that until comparatively recent times, only the very wealthy could afford to buy quick energy food which we now consume at the rate of more than 4,000,000 tons a year, or more than 100 pounds annually for every man, woman and child.

This peerless fuel food was once regarded almost as a medicine because of its ability to relieve fatigue and sustain vitality. And no wonder! For sugar is transformed into heat and power in less time and with less effort than any other foodstuff.

A Real Stimulant

While starchy foods require an average of from three to four hours for digestion, the body begins to burn a ration of sugar from 10 to 30 minutes after it is eaten.

It reaches the blood and muscles in a few minutes—as rapidly in fact as alcohol! That is why concentrated sweets, which are largely sugar, are so effective in combating fatigue.

Athletic coaches are well aware of the unique power of sugar as a stimulant and restorative of energy. That is why school and college youths are so frequently given highly sweetened beverages and other concentrated sweets before engaging in athletic competition.

Military leaders also appreciate how it increases endurance, and sweets are an important part of the soldier's ration. During the World War civilians were urged to reduce their consumption of sugar in order to make larger quantities available for the army, and most people found it difficult indeed to forego this agreeable food.

Indispensable for Most People

Sugar is such an indispensable ingredient in cakes, cookies, puddings and ice creams, it is so necessary in beverages, on breakfast cereals and with fruits that it seems a great hardship to do without it even for one meal.

We are extremely fortunate, most people will agree, to live in an age when sugar is so high in quality and so reasonable in price. In the Middle Ages, when this sugar was introduced to England through India, it cost the equivalent of ten dollars a pound in the monetary terms of today.

Refined sugar is now priced at a few cents a pound and one pound supplies over 1,800 calories! Moreover, when you buy a branded product, backed by a well-known name, you have the assurance that quality and purity are of the highest.

Moderate Use Desirable

Like all sources of great power, sugar must be handled with care. Too much sugar may prove a disadvantage, too little. Possibly because of this, several false notions have grown up regarding this splendid food.

It is often charged that sweets cause indigestion, and it is true that when consumed in excess, they may ferment and result in irritation. Therefore, moderation should be the watchword.

But that is an excellent rule to follow in regard to all kinds of foods. For when consumed to excess, any food ceases to be beneficial.

It has also been charged that sweets are harmful to the teeth. But recent investigations suggest that the teeth are far more likely to deteriorate because the proper minerals and vitamins have not been included in the diet.

It is, however, desirable to restrict the amount of sugar given to children. That is because it quickly satisfies the appetite and may therefore decrease the consumption of other good and necessary foods, particularly those containing an abundance of minerals and vitamins. Children therefore can best take sweets in the form of sweetened puddings, gelatin, cooked and fresh fruits, and fruit juice and milk beverages.

The quick pick-up of sugar can be obtained in many forms besides the sparkling crystals of granulated sugar with which we are most familiar, or the brown sugar which is quite similar in composition, except for a larger moisture content, despite popular notions to the contrary.

Most fruits contain easily digestible sugars, the percentage in dried fruits ranging from 50 to 75 per cent. Milk sugar is also easily digested. Honey, molasses, corn sirup and the popular blended sirups are usually eaten in combination with other foods and are therefore unlikely to be consumed in too large amounts.

Corn sirup is often added to milk, fruits, vegetables, cereals, breads and deserts. It helps to make these foods more palatable and adds 60 calories with every tablespoon. It is so easily digested that it is often used in infant feeding.

Molasses provides significant amounts of both calcium and iron and is a good sweet for growing children. One and one-half tablespoons of molasses supplies as much calcium as one and one-half quarts of skimmed milk. It is a wise mother, therefore, who uses it in making the cookies that children like so well.

The mixed or blended sirups that are so popular with griddle cakes and French toast on cool fall days, also add palate appeal and energy values to the diet.

For in whatever form sugar is consumed, it remains nature's shortcut to press-the-button heat and energy, healthful stimulation.

G.—WNU—C. Houston Goudiss—1938—38.

Smart New Day Fashions

1651

BOTH these dresses are so pretty and so simple that you will want to make them up several times, in different colors. And with such beautifully simple designs, whose whole charm is a matter of line, you can use colors as gay as you please, now that gay colors are smart, and they look so pretty in the fall. If you've never done much sewing, here's a fine chance to find out what a satisfaction it is to make yourself something. These designs are so easy to do.

A Charming School Dress.—This is a classic style in which growing girls always look pretty. The wide yoke and flaring skirt are so becoming, and just grown up enough to delight them! In wool crepe, cashmere, gingham or jersey, with fresh white collar and sleeve bands, it will be your daughter's favorite school frock. Make one version of it in plaid.

Scallop-Trimmed Day Frock.—You should certainly have several dresses made like this for this so beautifully and looks so smart. Darts in the waistline give it a coming slimness. The high square neckline and "shrugged shoulder" sleeves are very new. It's the useful kind of dress you can wear for shopping and business as well as around the house. Make it up in silk crepe, flannel, sheer wool or broadcloth cottons.

The Patterns.

1651 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 10 requires 2⅞ yards of 39-inch material without nap. Collar and cuffs in contrast require ⅝ yard.

1576 is designed for sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46. Size 36 requires 4 yards of 39-inch material.

Fall and Winter Fashion Book.—The new 32-page Fall and Winter Pattern Book which shows photographs of the dresses being worn is now out. (One pattern and the Fall and Winter Pattern Book 25 cents.) You can order the book separately for 15 cents.

Send your order to The Sewing Circle Patterns Dept., 247 W. Forty-third street, New York, N. Y. Price of patterns, 15 cents (in coins) each.

© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Aunt Tibby's Trunk

By D. J. WALSH

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"BUT, Mazie," remarked Bert Howard to his pretty little wife, "it isn't quite fair that Aunt Tibby should want to come back so soon; it's less than three weeks since she left, and she had been here six months. I have no objections to your aunt; she's a nice old lady, if a bit eccentric, but you always work so hard entertaining her that you wear yourself out. Between worrying over her comfort and fussing about the safety of that old cowhide trunk, home becomes a place of torment for me instead of a haven of rest."

This was the severest speech Bert Howard had ever made to his wife: Mazie, whose bobbed crown of glory was decidedly of the shade beloved by Titian, and with a temper to correspond, threw her head up haughtily as she replied: "If you were properly interested in the welfare of your family you'd want to keep Aunt Tibby here all the time! Do you fancy that she herself would be so particular about that old cowhide trunk, as you are pleased to call it, if it didn't never open? She told me—no, I won't say she exactly told me, but she gave me to understand, and I know all the family have the same impression—that in it she carries her papers; stocks and bonds, I suppose. After Uncle David passed away she said that she had bequeathed the trunk to the one in whose home she happens to die."

"Mazie!" exclaimed Bert, putting his arms around his wife, "waiting for Aunt Tibby's sister is sorry business! Do what you can for your aunt without making your family unhappy, but put all such ideas as you've just mentioned out of mind; you are unworthy of you!" and Bert stopped to kiss his wife goodby.

The following Tuesday Aunt Tibby arrived and with her as usual was the old cowhide trunk.

The first evening of Aunt Tibby's arrival Mazie began, "Bar-dy do all that? You'll make Aunt Tibby nervous!" or "John! Bert! Don't do that! Perhaps, Bert, Aunt Tibby would like to read the paper!" This before Bert had finished the article he was interested in.

Aunt Tibby had been with them several weeks when Bert, happening to come home unexpectedly, noticed a than usual one afternoon, was met at the door by his wife. "I wish you would go up and look at Aunt Tibby," she cried anxious-ly. "I'm afraid she has got a chill in the cold yesterday was so severe for her. I wanted to send for a doctor, but she wouldn't let me." Bert found Aunt Tibby so ill that he called the doctor, who pronounced the trouble pneumonia. "Which at her age," said he (Aunt Tibby was 86), "is a serious matter. You had better get a nurse." Aunt Tibby had been so humored by her niece, however, that the nurse could do little to suit her, and Mazie was obliged to fetch and carry, to run up and down stairs until, ten days later, Aunt Tibby sank into her last sleep.

After the funeral the relatives who had gathered from far and near assembled in the library to read at once. So the old cowhide trunk was brought down to the living room and opened in the presence of all. It contained Uncle David's army uniform, a few books, half a dozen packages of old newspapers—and a long letter written by Aunt Tibby herself. This was addressed to her relatives in general and was a sort of confession. In it she stated that ever since she had lived with David's death had been limited to a pension of $6 a month. That in some way the story had commenced that this old trunk contained valuables and she had never undeceived it, fearing if she told the truth some one might put her in the poorhouse. Her hope was that the old trunk would be kept for her sake; that it might prove a magic casket to the owner, just as it had to her.

The trunk was left with Mazie, as she was the only person who displayed the least desire to possess it. After everyone had departed she threw her arms around her husband's neck and cried, "Oh, Bert, can you ever forgive me!" Judging by the sigh of contentment she uttered Bert's answer was satisfactory.

Aunt Tibby was right; the trunk did prove a magic casket for Mazie. It stood in the upstairs hall where she had to pass it many times a day and every time she passed it she seized with envy, stubbornness or a desire for finery she had never dared even glance at the old trunk was sufficient to dispel such feelings in a twinkling.

On the Highway

It is a curious trait in human nature that we will take off our hats when a woman enters an elevator, and be most apologetic if we bump into somebody inadvertently; but the instant we get our hands on a steering wheel we damn all mankind—woman and man alike.

Too often, we are inclined to look upon traffic guides and regulations as irritating restrictions designed primarily to keep us from having a good time, when the truth of the matter is, they have been devised solely for our convenience and comfort.

The perfect motor driver sails gracefully in behind a pedestrian on the crossing instead of recklessly blowing his horn at him.

AROUND the HOUSE

Family Bulletin Board.—A bulletin board where notices, reminders, and instructions can be posted may be a good idea for busy families in which the members come and go at different hours.

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Place for Children's Things.—Children need places on the ground floor of the home to regularly store schoolbooks, playthings, and rainy-day gear.

• • •

Before Storing Garden Tools.—When putting away garden tools for the winter clean them off, oil the working parts of grease and store in a dry place.

• • •

Save on Pressing.—Clothes, properly hung and brushed often, require less frequent pressing.

Items of Interest to the Housewife

Chamois for Cleaning Furniture.—A piece of chamois wrung out of cold water and rubbed over polished furniture will remove finger marks. Polish with dry chamois.

• • •

Use for Wax Paper.—Wax paper that comes around cream cheese should not be thrown away, for it can be used to good advantage. Wipe off the gas range after every meal with this paper, for it polishes as well as cleans.

• • •

Keeping Cut Flowers.—Cut garden flowers will keep fresh and wilt less longer if they are submerged up to the flower head for four or five hours before they are arranged.

Flash! NEWS! Flash!

Tune in on the Program You Asked For

Goodyear Brings You

weather reports for your district

latest news, farm and home

today's produce, livestock and general market reports

MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY AT 1:15 P.M.E.S.T.

the NEW GOODYEAR FARM RADIO NEWS

completing the service of the National Farm and Home Hour.

On WJZ WFIL WMAL WSAN WBAL WLW WBRE

All persons are authorized to practice dentistry in this State, and those who are hereafter registered under the provisions of this Article, shall be entitled to practice dentistry, subject to the provisions of this Act, and to the ordinances of the Courts of this State.

18. The Board shall elect a President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer of Dental Examiners, who shall be members of the Board, and shall have the right to sue or be sued in the Courts of this State.

19. Any person who shall practice, or attempt to practice dentistry without a license as hereinbefore provided or during the period of suspension or revocation of such license provided for in this Act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and for the first offense shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, or be confined not more than six months in jail, in the discretion of the Judge or Judges of the Circuit Court of any of the counties of this State, or the Judge or Judges of the City Court of Baltimore City, before whom the matter shall be tried; and upon conviction of a subsequent offense, shall be confined for more than six months in jail or fined not less than three hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. Any violation of Article 19 of Chapter 306 of the Acts of 1937 by any person who shall have a license or registration shall be included in the term subsequent offense. Every conviction of violation of Article 19 of Chapter 306 of the Acts of 1937 shall be a first conviction therefor, and every conviction of a subsequent offense.

20. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the City of Baltimore or of the various counties of this State to prosecute any violation of the City of Baltimore or of the Counties of this State for a violation of this law. The Attorney General or one of his Assistants shall be the legal advisor of the Board.

21. CONSTITUTIONAL CONSTRUCTION. The provisions of this Act are severable, and if any of its provisions are declared unconstitutional or inoperative, or holding shall not construed as impairing any other provisions of this Act. It is hereby declared as the legislative intent that this Act would have been adopted had such unconstitutional provisions not been included therein.

22. Nothing contained in this Article shall prevent, or be construed as in any way to block the prosecution, conviction or punishment of any person under any of the provisions of Chapter 306 of the Acts of 1937 of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1933.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect on June 1st, 1937. Approved: May 25, 1937.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HARRY W. NICE, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, pursuant to the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS, THIS 20TH DAY OF JULY, IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND

HARRY W. NICE
By the Governor
E. RAY JONES
Secretary of State.

Beginning WED., OCT. 5 AND EVERY WEDNESDAY

The