THE
Chestertown Transcript

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Saturday Morning, July 21, 1866.

Letter from Secretary Welles.

The following letter from Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, to Senator Doolittle, chairman of the executive committee of the National Union Union Club, is a model as a condensed argument in behalf of the policy of the President in contravention of the destructive course of Congress:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11, 1866.

Sir: Your note of the 10th instant was received yesterday. I cordially approve the movement which has been instituted to "sustain the administration in maintaining unbroken the Union of the States," and I recognize in the call which you have sent me the principles and views by which the administration has been governed.

The attempt made to destroy the national integrity by secession, or the voluntary withdrawal of a State from the Union, has been defeated. War has forever extinguished the heresy of secession. On the suppression of the rebellion measures were promptly commenced to re-establish those fraternal relations which for four years had been interrupted.

The policy initiated by President Lincoln to restore national unity was adopted and carried forward by President Johnson; the States which had been in rebellion were, under this benign policy, resuming their legitimate functions; the people had laid down their arms, and those who had been in insurrection were returning to their allegiance; the constitution had been vindicated and the Union was supposed to be restored, when a check was put upon the progress to national harmony and prosperity thus dawning upon the country. On the assembling of Congress all efforts towards union and nationality became suddenly paralyzed; the measures of reconciliation which the President had, from the time he entered upon his duties, pursued with eminent success, were assailed, and their beneficent purpose, to a great extent, defeated; attempts were made to impose conditions precedent upon States before permitting them to exercise their constitutional rights; loyal Senators and Representatives from the States which had been in rebellion were refused admittance in Congress—the people were denied rightful constitutional representation—and eleven States were and are excluded from all participation in the government.

These proceedings, which conflict with the fundamental principles on which our whole governmental system is founded, are generating and consolidating sectional animosity, and, if long persisted in, must eventuate in permanent alienation. I rejoice, therefore, in a movement which has for its object the union in one bond of love of the people of our common country, and which invites to counsel and to political action the citizens of every State and Territory, from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. The centralizing theory that the loyal and qualified Senators and Representatives from eleven States shall be excluded from Congress, and that those States and the people of those States shall not participate in the government, is scarcely less repugnant than that of secession itself.

Propositions to change the constitution and unsettle some of the foundation principles of our organic law—to change our judicial system in such a manner as to destroy the independence of the States by insidiously transferring to the federal tribunals all questions relating to the life, and property of the citizen"—to change the basis of representation, which was one of the difficult and delicate compromises of the convention of 1787, when no States were excluded from representation—to change the existing and wisely adjusted distribution of powers between the different departments of the government, by transferring the pardoning power in certain cases from the Executive, where it properly belongs, to Congress or the legislative branch of the government, to which it does not legitimately pertain—to incorporate into our constitution, which is to stand through all time, a proscription of citizens who have erred and who are liable to penalties under existing enactments by disqualifications, partaking of the nature of *ex post facto* laws and bills of attainder—these propositions or changes, aggregated as one and called an amendment to the constitution, designed to operate on the people and States which are denied all representation or voice in the Congress which originates them, are of a radical, if not revolutionary, character.

These and other proceedings, and the political crisis which they have tended to produce, justify and demand a convocation of the people by delegates from all States and from the whole country.

The President has labored with devoted assiduity and fidelity to promote union, harmony, prosperity and happiness among the States and people, but has met with resistance, misrepresentation and calumny where he had a right to expect co-operation and friendly support. That the great body of our countrymen are earnest and cordially with him in his efforts to promote the national welfare I have never doubted, notwithstanding the hostility of malevolent partisans, stimulated by perverted party organizations; and I rejoice that a convention which shall represent all true Union men of our whole country has been called to sustain him.

Very repectfully, GIDEON WELLES.

Hon. J. R. Doolittle, Washington D. C.

☞ The following was inadvertently omitted last week:

BALTIMORE, July 3, 1866.

Messrs. Editors—Gents: At a special meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of West Baltimore, a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing the thanks of the Association to the Authorities of Chestertown for their kindness in granting them the privilege of landing the Excursion, given by them, on the 26th of June, and also to the citizens of the same for the use of the Church, and the kind manner in which they entertained the Association during their stay in the Town.

By order of the Association,

E. D. HOPKINS, Cor. Sec'y.

☞ The Methodist Protestant Sabbath School of Chestertown have chartered the fine new steamer *George Law*, for an excursion to Baltimore on Tuesday next. They have received permission from the Commandant at Fort Carroll to land and inspect the fortification. The past character of these annual excursions are a sufficient guarantee for a pleasant time. For particulars see their advertisement.

Steamer Law.

Our readers will be pleased to hear that the steamer *Law* is again to take her place upon Chester river. She has been entirely rebuilt and remodled at a cost of about eighteen thousand dollars, fitted up in good style, and will be commanded by Capt. McConner. The speed and admirable sea-going qualities of the *Law* has rendered her a favorite on our waters.

☞ J. A. Wickes, Esq., as Trustee and Attorney, sold on Tuesday last the farm of the late E. C. Wickes, containing 150 acres, 1 rood and 30 perches, for 66 dollars per acre: purchased by Wm. W. Wallis ($9928.87). Also, 55 acres and 17 perches, the property of Miss Forman, for 52 dollars per acre. Purchased by W. H. Hamilton (2865.52.)

☞ The Baltimore papers of Wednesday report thirty-two cases of sun stroke on the day previous, of which the majority proved fatal.

County Meeting.

Pursuant to the call issued by the majority of the State Central Committee. The friends of President Johnson met at the Court House in Chestertown on Wednesday, July 18, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The meeting was organized by calling Gen. George Vickers to the Chair and appointing S. W. Spencer, Esq., Secretary.

After a statement by the Chairman of the object of the meeting, on motion of R. Hynson, Esq., a committee of seven was appointed to prepare resolutions and for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the State Convention in Baltimore on Wednesday next, and also d gates to attend a Congressional Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen on said committee, viz: R. Hynson, S. W. Spencer, J. K. Hines, Horatio Beck, John Hadaway, Wm. Welch and John Brice, who, after consultation, reported the following resolutions:

1. *Resolved*, That the efforts of the President, Andrew Johnson, to restore the Union, upon a Constitutional basis, to preserve the Constitution from violence and infraction by Congress, by the exercise of his veto of the civil rights, freedmen's bureau bills, and the proposed amendment of the Constitution for the purpose of elevating the negro to an equality at the ballot box, merit the approbation and gratitude of every true lover of Constitutional Government.

2. *Resolved*, That the policy and measures of the Congress of the United States in reference to the Southern Representatives and Freedmen, are demoralizing, disorganizing and revolutionary, calculated to engender and foster bitterness and estrangement of feeling, to retard and impair the material prosperity of the country, to unduly elevate the negro and disparage the white man; to unite and equalize distinct peoples, against the manifest laws of Nature and of Providence, in direct conflict with the genius of our institutions and destructive of our frame of Government.

3. *Resolved*, That the policy of the President is calculated to re-unite us a people—to restore harmony, fellowship and prosperity to our country, to preserve the Constitution, the Union, and our institutions, to allay the excitements of parties, and to promote the prosperity and happiness of the whole people.

4. *Resolved*, That the issue as presented to the people of Maryland at the next election, is virtually that of the preservation of the ballot box from the votes of the negro, and the retention of political power in the hands of white men, its present possessors; the passage over the President's veto of the civil rights bill, also the freedmen's bureau bills, which are to impose heavy burthens upon the people by increasing taxation, for the benefit alone of the negro and the numerous office holders appointed to execute their provisions, and which places the liberty of the citizen in the hands of a Military Commission in controversies which may arise between them and the freedmen; the proposed amendment to the Constitution by Congress, which offers a premium to such States as will offer the ballot box to the negro, and the reduction of the political power of those that shall refuse, and the rejection of which by our own State will lose us at least one Representative in Congress; and the avowed opinions in debate of the leading Republican members of that body in favor of universal suffrage and equality with the negro, all combine to exhibit clearly to the people of Maryland, the fixed design and purpose of the Republican party to establish civil and political equality between the races.

5. *Resolved*, That the minority in Congress who have resisted the unconstitutional and inexpedient measures of the majority, by their debates and votes, are entitled to the commendation and thanks of every true patriot.

6. *Resolved*, That the Registry Law should be so amended as to protect the rights of the people in the enjoyment of suffrage, without which no Government is Republican, and to require in its administration, a conformity only to the provisions of the Constitution.

7. *Resolved*, That the public declaration of Gov. Swann that the Registry Law shall in future be administered in a fair and liberal and not in a rigorous and intolerant manner as heretofore, merits our decided approval.

8. *Resolved*, That we approve the call of a National Convention on the 14th of August, in Philadelphia, and recommend that, forgetting all former political denominations, the people rally as one man to the support of the President, the Constitution and the Union.

Which were unanimously adopted, and who nominated the following gentlemen as Delegates to the State and Congressional Conventions: For the State—Sam'l. W. Spencer, Wm. Welch and Geo. Vickers. For the Congressional—Richard Hynson, William Welch, and Jesse K. Hines, who were unanimously confirmed by the meeting.

On motion, it was adopted that said delegations have power to fill any vacancies which may occur therein.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

GEO. VICKERS, Chairman.

S. W. SPENCER, Secretary.

From the Cecil Democrat.

Railroad Meeting.

Notice having been given of a purposed meeting of the citizens friendly to the construction of the Kent County Railroad—notwithstanding the short notice, and uncommon busy season of the year, when the time and best energies of the farmers are most heavily taxed in saving their crops—a meeting was held at the hotel of Mr. Samel Gillipie, in the village of Warwick, Cecil county, Md., on Monday, July 9th, for the purpose of comparing views, taking stock, and devising the most practicable railroad route, best suited to the interest and convenience of the people.

Each and every citizen present seemed fully alive to the importance of the occasion. The business and enterprising portion of the community being largely represented, they proceeded at once to business.

The House was called to order by Major John Jones. On motion, Hamilton was elected Chairman, and Wm. K. Lockwood, Jr., Secretary.

The sum of ten thousand dollars was subscribed at once, after due consultation with the delegation from Delaware, composed of the following named gentlemen: J. B. Fennemore, R. A. Cochran, Major John Jones and Wm. Wilson.

The following resolutions were passed:

Resolved unanimously, That a railroad route be run, tapping the Del. Railroad at Middletown, Del., via Warwick, Cecil county, Md.; thence to Head of Sassafras, Massey's X Roads, and other intermediate places in Kent.

Resolved unanimously, (the money being raised on the day of meeting,) That a preliminary survey be made immediately of said railroad route.

On motion, a committee of three were appointed to superintend the survey—moved and seconded that the Chairman be appointed one of the committee. The committee is as follows:—Hamilton Morton, John W. Davis and John F. Stephens.

On motion, J. B. Morton, John W. Davis and W. K. Lockwood were appointed a committee to canvass the district for subscriptions.

On motion of John McCrone, Benj. F. Hanson was elected Treasurer to hold the funds and pay the expenses of survey.

Resolved, To publish the proceedings in all the newspapers friendly to the cause.

Resolved, That the meeting adjourn to meet at the call of the Chairman.

The meeting adjourned amid intense enthusiasm, giving three well timed and telling cheers for the success of the enterprise.

HAMILTON MORTON, Ch'n.

W. K. LOCKWOOD, SR., Sec'y.

The Philadelphia Convention.

Letter from Gen. John A. Dix.

The following letter from General John A. Dix is addressed to Senator Doolittle:

NEW YORK, July 13, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have received the call issued by yourself and others for a National Union Convention in Philadelphia on the 14th of August. I concur in its propositions, its reasonings and its objects, and will do all in my power to carry them out.

I long since expressed the opinion that the States were entitled to their representation in Congress; that their exclusion was a violation of good faith and of the obligations of the constitution; and that a persistence in such a policy must lead to consequences most disastrous to the peace of the country. These and other considerations connected with the present unsatisfactory relations of the States to the Federal Government, and to each other, render most timely and proper such a meeting as you have recommended of the patriotic and reflecting men of the Union, to consult together for the general welfare,

I am, truly yours,

JOHN A. DIX.

The Freedmen's Bureau Bill.

A Veto sent in and Overridden.

The message of the President, which had been for some time expected, vetoing the bill for giving that pet project of Radicalism—the Freedmen's Bureau—a new lease of life for three years, was sent in to Congres. Monday. The dominant party in Congress has a great affection for bureaus generally, and this freedmen's concern is regarded as a particularly convenient thing to have in the party. Therefore, it was well understood that it must be retained, at all hazards, it having been constructed in a manner admirably suited to last through the intervening time which would cover in the next Presidential election. The party hosts were entirely prepared to carry out the programme; consequently the subject was immediately taken up for consideration in the House and the bill passed without debate by more than the requisite two-thirds vote. On being sent to the Senate, this action was immediately imitated in that body. Thus the bill becomes a law spite of the President's objections, which are ably set forth in his message. The President, besides the constitutional objections which he makes to this as to the former bill, now that peace is restored in the South, demonstrates the inutility of and absence of necessity for the measure.

An important provision of the bill is that which declares that restoration of lands occupied by the freedmen under General Sherman's order shall not be made until the crops of this year have been gathered, nor till the former owners of the lands, or their legal representatives have paid the freedmen a fair compensation for all improvements. Provision for the freedmen dispossessed of lands held under this order is made in the parishes of St. Helena and St. Luke, where Government holds thirty-eight thousand acres bought in at tax sales made in pursuance of the President's order of September 16, 1863.

These lands are to be surveyed, under direction of the South Carolina tax commissioners, and divided up into twenty-acre lots, which are to be sold at $1 50 per acre to the freedmen; first to those now occupying plantations under Sherman's order, and second to those who have been turned off such plantations. No person can have more than one tract, and payment may be made any time within six years. The assistant bureau commissioners of Georgia and South Carolina are authorized to determine the validity of claims under Sherman's order, and issue non-assignable warrants on the South Carolina tax commissioners in favor of all persons having valid claims.

Resignation of Attorney Gen. Speed.

The President has received the following letter of resignation from Attorney General Speed:

Attorney General's Office, Washington, July 10, 1866.—The President.—Sir: I hereby resign to you the office of Attorney General of the United States. Be good enough, sir, to accept my thanks for the kindness, consideration and confidence you have ever shown to me.

I have the honor to be, sir, most respectfully,

JAMES SPEED.

It is generally believed that Hon. Henry J. Stanberry, of Ohio, will be offered the Attorney Generalship. Mr. Stanbery is a distinguished lawyer, and, it will be remembered, was nominated a few months ago for the vacancy on the United States Supreme bench. J. Hubley Ashton, Esq., the assistant of Mr. Speed, is now acting Attorney General.

GRAND EXCURSION
OF THE
ST. JAMES M. P. SABBATH SCHOOL
To the Pavilion at North Point and Baltimore.

THE ST. JAMES M. P. SABBATH SCHOOL having chartered the swift and safe Steamer TRUMPETER, will make an Excursion to the above named places on

Wednesday, July 25th.

The Excursion will leave Buck Neck at 10 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at the Pavilion at 11 o'clock and Baltimore at 1 o'clock, P. M.: returning, leave Baltimore at 4 P. M., and the Pavilion at 6 o'clock.

There will be in attendance a Brass Band composed of Blind Performers.

REFRESHMENTS provided on the boat.

FARE $1.25. Children half price.

MANAGERS:

ISAAC PARSONS, JOHN GALE,
R. NICHOLSON, G. R. BECK,
JAMES SHUSTER, W. W. STEPHENS,
S. VANNORT, WM. V. LUCAS.

P. S.—The Managers will spare no exertion in endeavoring to make a pleasant Excursion on that day. July 21, 1866.

REDUCTION.
DESCENDING!

GREAT REDUCTION NOW GOING ON AT
"James R. Chance & Sons" old stand
THE "CHEAP CORNER."

Notice! Notice!! Notice!!!

ENOUGH TO SURPRISE PEOPLE!

Very Large Stock. Goods of all kinds reduced from 10 to 25 per cent.

☞ Closing out of Summer Stock too numerous to mention.

Large Lot of AUCTION GOODS just received!

DRY GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES.

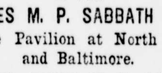
Call and examine our Stock—it will bear inspection.

"THE CHEAP CORNER,"
Just above the Drug Store of John L. Stam, Esq. Respectfully,

H. W. Vickers.

Chestertown, July 21, 1866.

GRAND FAMILY EXCURSION



TO CAMBRIDGE.

THE STEAMER CHESTER

Will make an Excursion from Chester River to Cambridge, on

Wednesday, August 1st,

leaving Crumpton at 6 A. M., Chestertown at 7, Rolph's 7½, Booker's 8, Grey's Inn Creek 9, Queenstown 10 and Kent Island at 11 o'clock, arriving at Cambridge at a suitable hour to allow the excursionists sufficient time to spend a few hours in that beautiful town, and return at an early hour.

TICKETS $1.00. Children half price.

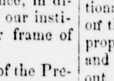
☞ Both Military and Cotillion Music will be provided.

MEALS will be furnished at the regular prices, and Confectionery, Ice Cream and other Refreshments will be served on board.

The Charterers pledge themselves to do their utmost to render this the most pleasant Excursion of the season.

JACK F. HUCORN,
July 21, 1866. JOHN R. JEFFERS.

Two Sloops
AT PUBLIC SALE.



The undersigned, having removed to Queen Anne's County, will sell at PUBLIC SALE, to the highest bidder, on

Tuesday, the 24th day of July, 1866,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Kent County, Maryland, all of his right and interest, being one fifth, in the

TWO SLOOPS 'ERMINE' & 'PHŒBE.'

These vessels sail from Worton Creek, in Kent county, to the City of Baltimore, are in good condition, and do a large freighting business from this section of the county.

The "ERMINE" is commanded by Capt. Joseph Straughn, and has the capacity to carry two thousand bushels of Grain.

The "PHŒBE" is commanded by Capt. Joseph L. Usilton, and carries seventeen hundred bushels of Grain.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE:

One half cash, on the day of sale, and the residue in sixty days. The purchaser to give his note, with an endorser, to be approved by the undersigned.

RASIN H. GALE.

For further information, apply to my Attorney, JOSEPH A. WICKES,
July 14, 1866—2w. Chestertown, Md.

Baltimore Grain Market,

[From Thursday's papers.]

WHEAT—White 2 60 a 2 80. Red, 2 40a $2 75.

CORN—White 1 08a1 10; yellow 94a96.

OATS—Weight, 65a68 cents.

DIED.

SPARKS—On the morning of the 11th, at the residence of Henry Blackiston, WILLIE H. M., second son of Henry A. and Fannie Sparks, aged 1 year and 19 days.

FOR SALE OR LEASE,
THREE BUILDING LOTS

IN CHESTERTOWN, on Queen Street, opposite the Protestant Episcopal Parsonage. The Lots are 26 feet front by 60.

July 21, 1866. B. B. PERKINS.

For Sale,

A GOOD FARM HORSE, the owner having no use for it, will be sold cheap. Inquire of the Editor. [July 21, 1866.

Astrays.

CAME to the subscriber's, on the 14th inst., one Fair small size MULES, one Black the other Sorrel: also, a two-year old Bay COLT. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

July 21, 1866—3t. J. T. SKIRVEN.

NEW GOODS

JUST PURCHASED and now being received by WICKES & BRO.

Chestertown, July 21, 1866.

RAIL ROAD MEETING.



AN Adjourned Meeting of the friends and Stockholders of the Kent County Rail Road will be held at KENNEDYVILLE,

On THURSDAY, the 26th inst.,

at which time the report of Engineers upon the two experimental routes from Middletown and Townsend Station to Massey's X Roads will be laid before them, and other important business.

The Meeting will take place at 2 o'clock.

J. M. COMEGYS, Chairman.

C. J. SCOTT, Sec. July 21.

For Sale,

A WOOD LEAVE on the Farm of the undersigned in Broad Neck, Kent county, called "Stepney," adjoining the lands of Mr. Wm. Gale. He will sell

About 50 Acres,

lying immediately on the navigable waters of Langford's Bay. The varieties are

BEACH, OAK, HICKORY AND PINE,

and would make good Cord Wood. The few Chestnuts will be reserved. The land is elevated and dry, and the hauling good.

THE TERMS will be reasonable. Apply to GEORGE VICKERS, Esq., Chestertown, or to the subscriber on the premises.

ELIAS DEPUTY.

Kent County, July 21, 1866—3w.

For Rent.



The DWELLING HOUSE, at "The Cliffs," in the lower part of Quaker Neck, in Kent County, Maryland, and lately occupied by Mr. John D. Carter, will be rented for the remainder of the present year.

The whole property, including the cleared land, will be rented for the next year. Possession will be given the 1st day of next January. For terms apply to

JOSEPH A. WICKES,

July 14, 1866—2w. Chestertown, Md.

Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to him, to settle their accounts on or before

THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT,

or he will proceed to collect his accounts according to law.

July 14—3t. SAMUEL S. USILTON.

NOTICE.

THERE is now on my Wharf and Bay Shore several hundred LOGS, of various marks. They have occasioned me considerable damage and loss.

The owner or owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay damages and take them away, within thirty (30) days from the date of this notice, otherwise they will be sold at the expiration of that time, to pay said damage and loss.

If not removed, they will be sold at PUBLIC SALE, at REES' WHARF, on

Monday, August 20th, 1866.

ABEL J. REES.

July 14, 1866—tds.

Wanted,

AN INDUSTRIOUS and energetic man to Oversee and take charge of my Farm at Rees' Corner, for the balance of the year.

July 14, 1866—4t. ABEL J. REES.

WANTED,

10,000 BUSHELS DEW AND BLACK BERRIES,
PEACHES,
APPLES,
PEARS,

And all kinds of TRADE, for which the highest price in Cash will be paid at Rees' Corner, by ABEL J. REES.

July 14, 1866.

July 7th, '66.

MISS EARLE

Will sell off HER SUMMER GOODS AT *REDUCED PRICES!*

Thin Goods from 16 to 50 cts. Black Belts, Black Mitts, Braiding Braid, Fancy Buttons, Linen Collars, Silk Gloves, Silk for Sacks and Ornaments, Edge and Intersion,

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from Mrs. M. R. Perkins, will sell at Private Sale, a Farm in Spaniard's Neck, Queen Anne's County, Md., adjoining the land of Col. John R. Emory and William Emory, containing

264 Acres.



The land is a medium red clay soil, easily improved, and under good fencing. The improvements consist of a comfortable NEW FRAME DWELLING a good Stable and pump of most excellent water. 150 acres of the Land is arable and has been mostly limed; the balance is in *WOOD*, among which is a large quantity of Chestnut and Cedar.

There are, on the farm,

500 PEACH and 100 APPLE TREES,

in a thriving condition, three years old last spring. The locality is healthy and convenient, being but three miles from Booker's and Spencer's Steamboat Landings on Chester River and four miles from Centreville.

THE TERMS OF SALE will be accommodating, and a portion of the money can remain on the farm a long time if desired.

Possession given at the end of the year and the privilege of seeding wheat.

Mr. John Smith, on the premises, will show the farm to any one desiring to view it

E. F. PERKINS,

July 21, 1866. Chestertown, Md.

SLAUGHTER'S
LINE OF STEAMERS.



STEAMER "CHESTER,"
Capt. S. L. Young,

Will leave Baltimore for Crumpton every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, touching at all the landings on the River, returning the alternate days.

THE STEAMER GEO. LAW

Will leave Baltimore for Crumpton every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, touching at all the Landings on the River and Corsica.

Both Boats leave Baltimore at 7 o'clock, A. M., and Crumpton at 6½ A. M.

☞ Fare $1.25. Meals extra.

All Freight must be pre-paid.

Not responsible for Freight after being landed from the boat.

Baggage at the owner's risk.

B. C. CATLIN, Agent.

July 21, 1866.

ANNUAL EXCURSION
OF THE
M. P. Sabbath School, Chestertown.

THE STEAMER
GEORGE LAW,

Having been rebuilt, altered and improved, and fitted up in elegant style, has been chartered FOR HER FIRST TRIP for

AN EXCURSION TO BALTIMORE,
On Tuesday, July 24th.

The Boat will leave Chestertown at 7½ A. M., touching at Rolph's, Wilkins', Booker's, Westcott's, Corsica, Grey's Inn Creek and Kent Island, and will arrive in Baltimore in time to give the Excursionists at least four hours stay in the city, and return home at a seasonable hour in the evening by moonlight.

To pleasure seekers, or those wishing healthful recreation, no more attractive or favorable opportunity can be offered than this for enjoying a delightful trip across the Bay, with an opportunity for viewing the beautiful scenery of the Patapsco, the Forts and Shipping in the harbor of the city, &c.; while to those desiring to visit the city on business, with but little loss of time, a rare chance is here offered.

Col. Creighton, the officer in command, has granted the privilege of landing at and viewing the INTERIOR OF FORT CARROLL.

The Excursionists will be landed in the city either at the foot of Broadway, (adjacent to Patterson Park,) or at Light Street.

THE KENT CORNET BAND has been engaged for the occasion.

☞ REFRESHMENTS will be provided. Also, Dinner and Supper.

TICKETS $1.25. Children under 14 years 75 cts. Tickets can be had at the Post Office and different Stores.

THE MANAGERS pledge themselves, as upon former occasions, to maintain good order, and spare no pains to render this an agreeable and delightful Excursion to all who may favor the School with their presence.

July 14, 1866—2t.

BARKMAN & LAWDER,
COMMISSION AGENTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
IN GENERAL,
Light Street Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE OF PEACHES.

After a long experience in the business and an extensive acquaintance with the Packers, we can at all times command the highest prices.

RETURNS promptly made, and particular attention given to the return of Boxes.

JACOB BARKMAN,
SAM'L. M. LAWDER.

Baltimore, July 7, 1866.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES
For 1866.

THE undersigned respectfully notifies the Tax Payers of the First Tax District of Kent County, that his books are made out, and that he is now prepared to receive the amount of their taxes for the present year. Taxes, both State and County, are due on the First day of July.

A discount of five per cent. is allowed by law on State Tax paid on or before the first day of September; four per cent. if between the first of September and the first day of October; and three per cent. if paid between the first of October and the first day of November.

SAMUEL G. COPPER,
Collector First District.

July 7, 1866—tf.

WOOL!

SIXTY (60) CENTS PER POUND is now being paid for *Washed Wool*, by

July 7, 1866. WICKES & BRO.

MACHINE OIL of superior quality, for sale by WICKES & BRO.

Chestertown, July 7

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, known to be genuine, on hand and for sale by

WICKES & BRO.

Chestertown, July 7, 1866.

CHEAP CORNER HARDWARE STORE.

A beautiful assortment of American, German and English HARDWARE constantly on hand at Cheap Corner. Largest Stock of TABLE CUTLERY ever offered in Chestertown.

CARPENTER'S TOOLS constantly kept at H. W. VICKERS,

Feb. 10, 1866. Cheap Corner.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CHARLES STANLEY respectfully informs his friends, and the Public generally, that he has this day associated with him his son C. A. A. Stanley, in the FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING BUSINESS, which will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of

C. Stanley & Son,

at the Old Stand, opposite the Kent National Bank, Chestertown, where they will keep on hand (or furnish to order,) a general assortment of

Furniture

suited to this market, such as Bedsteads, Mattrasses, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, Cradles, Cribs, &c., at about city retail prices.

Particular attention will be given to the

UNDERTAKING

branch of the business. They will keep constantly on hand, or make to order *at the shortest notice*, COFFINS of all sizes, styles, and finish. Personal attention will be given to Funerals (when requested) and corpses will be sent to any part of the county.

FURNITURE neatly Repaired and Varnished, and Chairs newly Caned, at reasonable rates.

We respectfully solicit a liberal share of the public patronage.

CHARLES STANLEY,
C. A. A. STANLEY.

Chestertown, July 14, 1866—y.

[redacted]

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES
For 1866.

THE undersigned respectfully notifies the Tax Payers of the Second Tax District of Kent County, that his books are made out, and that he is now prepared to receive the amount of their taxes for the present year. Taxes, both State and County, are due on the First day of July.

A discount of five per cent. is allowed by law on State Tax paid on or before the first day of September; four per cent. if between the first of September and the first day of October; and three per cent if paid between the first of October and the first day of November.

JOHN W. DUYER,
Collector Second District.

July 7, 1866—tf.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES
For 1866.

THE undersigned respectfully notifies the Tax Payers of the Third Tax District of Kent County, that his books are made out, and that he is now prepared to receive the amount of their taxes for the present year. Taxes, both State and County, are due on the first day of July.

A discount of five per cent. is allowed by law on State Tax paid on or before the first day of September; four per cent. if between the first of September and the first day of October; and three per cent. if paid between the first of October and the first day of November.

EDW. CROUCH,
Collector Third District.

July 7, 1866—tf.

A South-Side Historical War Novel!

Third Edition, just ready.

Surry of Eagle's Nest.

Being the Memoirs of a Staff Officer of Virginia.

Edited from the Mss. of Col. Surry, by John Estou Cooke, with four full page illustrations, 12mo., cloth. 400 pages. Price $2.25.

Following Stonewall Jackson from the beginning of the Valley campaign to his death; in constant intercourse with Lee, Jackson, Stuart, Ashby, Pelham, and other celebrities, we have a vivid picture of inside army life at the South. In a word, "whoever desires a story of stirring incident, with truthful delineation of noted events, fine drawing of character, and faithful exposition of the views and motives of Southern men in the conflict just closed, all told in the purest English, and in an unusually delightful style, this volume will be a welcome guest."

Mailed to any part of the United States, post free, on receipt of price.

F. J. HUNTINGTON & Co.,
459 Broome Street, New York.

July 7, 1866.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Smith Bros. & Co., against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of N. F. Woodruff and S. B. Woodruff, trading and doing business in the name of N. F. and S. B. Woodruff, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said N. F. and S. B. Woodruff, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

THE STORE HOUSE

of N. F. and S. B. Woodruff, situated on Main street, in the town of Millington, between the property of R. M. Smyth and Jas. A. Edwards, the Lot having a front of twenty feet on Main street, and extending back a distance of thirty feet—the lease on the lot covering a period of fourteen years from March, 1864.

And I hereby give notice, that on

Saturday, the 28th day of July, 1866,

at the Hotel of Alex. Maxwell, in the town of Millington, at 2 o'clock, P. M., I will sell the said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and costs, due and to become due thereon.

WM. M. GILPIN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Chestertown, July 7, 1866. } tds.

Wool Wanted!

For which the Highest Cash Prices will be paid, by

T. R. STRONG & CO.

Edesville, May 19, 1866.

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