The Chestertown Transcript.

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Chestertown Transcript
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E. F. PERKINS, Editor.

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TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IF PAID IN ADVANCE. If not paid within three months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be charged.

Advertisements

Of TEN LINES Bourgeois (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. One square three months, three Dollars: Six months, five Dollars: One Year, eight Dollars. Fractions of a square will be charged as a square. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements must be paid quarterly. Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered out.

JOB PRINTING.

Having supplied our office with a large, varied and beautiful assortment of TYPE FOR JOBS, we are prepared to print

HANDBILLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
SUITABLE FOR
STORES,
TRUSTEES' SALES,
Public Sales,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

"Cheap for Cash, and at short notice."

PATRONIZE
HOME INSTITUTIONS!

WE would respectfully inform our customers, that they are no longer under the necessity of going North or East to lay in their supplies of Stoves and Hollow ware, as they can be accommodated at the

BALTIMORE
Stove House,

from the largest and most varied stock, and on terms as low as any similar establishment in the United States. Our stock comprises in part Cooking and Heating Stoves, Parlor Stoves and Grates, Hot Air Furnaces, Argicultural Boilers, Tin, Sheet Iron and Hollow ware, etc. We call particular attention to our popular Re-improved OLD DOMINION, for wood or coal, which we are selling this season at reduced rates; also, our GEM AND GAS BURNER FIRE PLACE STOVES, which for beauty and efficiency are unequalled by any known Stove. A call is respectfully solicited by BIBB & CO.,
Baltimore Stove House, 39 Light St., Balt.
September 29, 1866—y

KENT COUNTY
MACHINE SHOP,
AT GALENA.

THE UNDERSIGNED beg leave to inform the Farmers of Kent and adjoining Counties that they are prepared to do all kinds of AGRICULTURAL MACHINE REPAIRING, at short notice.

They also put up in good order the celebrated *PENNINGTON IMPROVED REAPER*, which is of Central Draught, runs easy for four horses, and will cut from 25 to 30 acres per day; it cuts a 6 ft. 6 in. swath, and can have a MOWER attached in a few minutes. It gives general satisfaction, as has been certified to by many able farmers of Kent and Cecil counties.

They also build HORSE POWERS AND THRESHERS, of modern style, which in good wheat will thresh and clean from 4 to 6 hundred bushels per day.

They make and have for sale the following kinds of PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS, Nos. 9, 10 and 11 Concave; 1, 2 and 0 Pratt & Davis, Nos. 4 Wiley, and two-furrowed Plows of excellent model, and not surpassed in smoothness or temper by any made or used in this State.

Mill Spindles, Shafts and Picks made and repaired to order, and in good style.

Cultivators and Cultivator Teeth, Farm Hinges, Harrows, &c., for sale wholesale and retail, and on reasonable terms.

WM. A. HYLAND & CO.
Galena, March 31, 1866—tf.

DR. J. T. TWILLEY,

Dentist,
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Kent county, that having located in Chestertown, he can always be found at his office on High Street, next door below the residence of Miss T. Bradshaw.

His charges are moderate and all work done by him guaranteed to be as he represents.
May 13, 1865—y.

Notice.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, two years old, for sale at Kennedyville, by
Sept. 15. C. W. WARREN.

BERGER & BUTZ'S
EXCELSIOR
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
AND
BERGER & BUTZ'S
AMMONIATED
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF
Lime.

Farmers and Dealers

ARE respectfully referred to the above FERTILIZERS as being prepared in the best manner, thoroughly reliable, and in every way calculated to give universal satisfaction.

They are extensively known, having been used with great success during the past six or seven years.

Read the following opinion of one of the best Chemists of this country:

CHEMICAL LABORATORY,
No. 108 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA,
April 10th, 1866.

During the last five years I have been in frequent consultation with Mr. George M. Woodward, Manufacturer of Messrs. *Berger & Butz's* artificial manures, in regard to the preparation of their Super Phosphate of Lime, etc. The materials used in these Fertilizers, are in all cases subjected to my examination and analyses before purchase. Being fully acquainted with their formula and methods of manufacture, I can assure those interested in the purchase and sale of Fertilizers, that their "*Excelsior*" and "*Ammoniated*" Super Phosphate of Lime are of such a character, as must render them of great value to the farmer, and place them amongst the best *Fertilizers* now in the market.

F. A. GENTH.

We guarantee these Fertilizers to be Unadulterated.

By the introduction of
NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY
into our Factory, these articles will be much better prepared than formerly.

R. J. RUTH & Co.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
No. 16 Bowley's Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by
THOS. DEC. RUTH, Chestertown;
THOS. D. BURGESS, Grey's Inn Creek;
JAMES SHUSTER, Buck Neck;
R. T. TURNER, Betterton;
JOHN CARSON, Crumpton.
Baltimore, June 30, 1866—y.

JAS. I. BARTON,
(Successor to C. B. KEYWORTH,)
Late of J. P. Hartman,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 276 West Baltimore St.
BALTIMORE.

OUR Stock consists of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of every grade, style and texture, which we are prepared to make up at reasonable prices, and in every variety of style to suit the occasion or taste of the wearer.

All Goods and Garments warranted to be what they are represented, or returnable at the pleasure of the purchaser.

The citizens of Kent and the Eastern Shore counties are requested to give him a call. March 11, 1865.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill. May 12, 1866—1y

WHEELER & WILSON
HIGHEST PREMIUM
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machine!
W. MERRILL, AGENT,
Office 214 Baltimore Street.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.
SEWING MACHINES,
For Tailoring and Manufacturing,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
W. MERRILL, AGENT,
214 West Baltimore Street,
Jan. 7, 1865—y BALTIMORE.

CHESTERTOWN
CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT

Having associated themselves with GEORGE E. LAMBERT for the Manufacture and Repair of Carriages in all its branches, respectfully inform the public that they have taken THE SHOP ON CROSS STREET, recently occupied by R. W. Caulder, and *Having laid in a Stock Of the Very Best Material,* are now prepared to build to order
FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
TRIMMING, PAINTING
AND ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS
Neatly and promptly done.

Believing a good Carriage Manufactory will be sustained in our town, we respectfully ask the public patronage.

GEO. E. LAMBERT & CO.
Chestertown, March 9, 1867.

The Poet.

WHAT I LIVE FOR.

I live for those who love me,
Whose hearts are kind and true;
For the heaven that smiles above me;
And awaits my spirit, too:
For all human ties that bind me;
For the task by God assigned me;
For the bright hopes left behind me,
And the good that I can do.

I live to learn *their* story
Who suffered for my sake;
To emulate their glory,
And follow in their wake:
Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages,
The noble of all ages,
Whose deeds crowd History's pages,
And Time's great volume make,

I live to hold communion
With all that is divine;
To feel there is a union
'Twixt Nature's heart and mine:
To profit by affliction,
Reap truths from fields of fiction,
Grow wiser from conviction,
And fulfil each grand design.

I live to hail that season
By gifted minds foretold,
When men shall live by reason,
And not alone by gold:
When man to man united,
And every wrong thing righted,
The whole world shall be lighted
As Eden was of old.

I live for those who love me,
For those who know me true;
For the Heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit, too;
For the cause that lacks assistance,
For the wrong that needs resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that I can do.

Artemus Ward's Funeral.

The funeral of Charles F. Browne took place on the 9th instant, at Kensal Green Cemetery, London, attended by about two thousand persons, including Americans, members of the Savage Club, of which he was a member, representatives of the literati, &c. The beautiful service of the Church of England was read by the rector in a most impressive manner, and when he came to the words "earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust," the coffin gradually disappeared, by machinery, into the catacombs below the church. Ladies closed around the mouth of the tomb, and showered beautiful flowers upon the coffin.

The coffins are of zinc, lead, and British oak, and the plate has for an inscription—

CHARLES F. BROWN,
Aged 33 years.
Known to the world as
ARTEMUS WARD.

The will of the deceased gives $500 each to two children of Mr. Higinston, his agent.

To his mother he leaves a life interest in the whole of his real estate, the value of which is at least $25 000, and at her death it passes into the hands of Horace Greely, as trustee, for the purpose of founding an asylum for decayed printers.

His library is to be competed for by the boys at present receiving their education at the school in which Mr. Browne was educated.

The rest of his personalty is devoted to the object of providing for the education of George Stevens, an intelligent youth of fourteen, who has been his constant attendant and companion for the last two years. The will provides for his apprenticeship for two years in a printing office, and then his removal to college for the perfecting of his education. Mr Browne stated that his object in wishing George to go first into a printing office was "that he might ascertain how little he knew, and how important it was to learn."

Residence of Santa Claus.

Rev. T. V. Moore, D. D., of Richmond, in one of his letters from Switzerland, published recently in the Richmond *Whig*, says that in his journey from Alpnacht to Brienz there was one point of interest to every lover of children. He says: We passed very near the residence of the famous St. Nicolas Von der Flen, whom every child knows under the name of Santa Claus, Kriss Kringle, or St. Nicholas. He lived very near this road, and was in early life a soldier; in later years, a Counselor of State; and for many years a hermit, and living as he did so near to the time when Christianity was introduced into Germany, he became after his death, the patron saint of Germany, and nearly every hut in this Unterwalden district has a portrait of "Brother Klauss," as he is usually called by the peasantry of Germany. I suppose few of the saints on the roll of canonization have as enviable an amount of reverence and love as that given by thousands of little loving hearts that devoutly trust in the benignant kindness at Christmas times of good old Santa Claus.

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Passed by the General Assembly of Maryland at the January Session, 1867.

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

An act to provide for taking the sense of the people of this State on the call of a Convention to frame a new Constitution and form of government and for assembling the members thereof.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That on the second Wednesday of April next, at the same places where county and city elections are now by law held, the election of Delegates to the General Assembly, every person entitled to vote for Delegates to the General Assembly, shall at the same time, vote for or against a Convention to frame a new Constitution and form of government, with a clause therein prohibiting the Legislature from making any law providing for payment by this State for persons heretofore held as slaves, by expressing in writing or by printed form the words "For a Convention" or "Against a Convention" as the case may be: and in case there shall be any ballots without the designation so prescribed, the same shall not be counted for or against a Convention, but a separate return thereof shall be made by the Judges of Election.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted,* That at the said election the registered voters of the State shall elect by ballot delegates to the said Convention, whose qualifications shall be the same as those now required for members of the House of Delegates, and each county and the city of Baltimore shall be entitled to elect respectively the number of delegates to said Convention herein provided, namely: St. Mary's county, three delegates; Kent county, four delegates; Calvert county, three delegates; Charles county, three delegates; Baltimore county, seven delegates; Talbot county, four delegates; Somerset county, five delegates; Dorchester county, four delegates; Cecil county, five delegates; Prince George's county, four delegates; Queen Anne's county, four delegates; Worcester county, five delegates; Frederick county, seven delegates; Hartford county, five delegates; Caroline county, four delegates; Baltimore city, twenty-one delegates; Montgomery county, four delegates; Alleghany county, six delegates; Carroll county, six delegates; Howard county, four delegates; Anne Arundel county, four delegates; Washington county, six delegates; and it is hereby provided that the Sheriffs of the several counties and the Sheriff of Baltimore city shall give notice of the day above designated for holding said election for a call of a Convention, and for members thereof, in the same manner and for the same time as required for notice of the election of members of the General Assembly.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the several Judges of Election of this State to receive, accurately count and duly return the number of ballots so cast to the several Clerks of the Circuit Courts of this State and to the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, as the same are now required to be returned for the election of members to the House of Delegates; and the several Clerks aforesaid shall return to the Governor, within ten days after said election, the number of ballots cast for and against the call of a Convention and the number of blank ballots, and the number of ballots cast for the several persons voted for as delegates to the said Convention.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted,* That as soon as the Governor shall receive the return of the number of ballots cast at the said election for and against a Convention, and of the blank ballots cast and of the ballots cast for delegates to said Convention, it shall be the duty of the Governor to count and cast up the same; and thereupon, if it appear to the Governor that more votes have been cast in favor of the call of a Convention than have been cast against the call of a Convention, it shall be the duty of the Governor to issue his proclamation declaring the persons having the majority in the several counties and in the city of Baltimore, respectively, to be elected to said Convention, and for the assembling of the members thereof, at the time and place to be hereinafter appointed.

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted,* That before any member elect or officer of said Convention shall enter upon his duties he shall take the oath to discharge said duties in the form prescribed by law for members of the House of Delegates of this State, "*mutatis mutandis,*" except the Speaker or President elect of said Convention, who shall take the same oath in the presence of said Convention, before some Judge or Justice of the Peace of this State.

Sec. 6. *And be it enacted,* That in case a majority of the ballots cast for and against a Convention shall be in favor of the call of a Convention, then the said Convention shall meet at the city of Annapolis on the second Wednesday of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and shall continue in session from day to day until the duties for which the said Convention was called shall be fully discharged and a new Constitution and form of government completely framed, and the said Convention shall have full power to decide upon the validity of the election and upon the requisite qualifications of its members; and the compensation of the members shall be mileage and five dollars per day; and the said Convention shall have full power to appoint such clerks and other officers as may be deemed necessary to facilitate the transaction of the business of the Convention, and to determine the compensation of the President and other officers; and the President of said Convention is hereby authorized to order the payment of the compensation above provided for the members and officers thereof, and the Treasurer required to pay said compensation in conformity with said order.

Sec. 7. *And be it enacted,* That if any vacancy or vacancies occur by death, resignation, or otherwise, in any delegation hereinbefore provided for, either before or after the qualification of the Delegates to the said Convention, the Sheriff of the county or the Sheriff of the city of Baltimore, in whose delegation such vacancy may occur, shall, upon information thereof by the delegation in which such vacancy may occur, by the President of said Convention, or by the Governor of the State, give immediately public notice for a special election to be held at the usual place of holding election in said county or city, not less than five nor more than ten days after said notice for the purpose of supplying such vacancy.

Sec. 8. *And be it enacted,* That the Constitution and form of government adopted by said Convention shall be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, at such time, in such manner, and subject to such rules and regulations as the said Convention may prescribe, and the provisions hereinbefore contained for the qualification of voters and the holding of elections provided in the previous sections of this act, shall be applicable to the election to be held under this section.

Sec. 9. *And be it enacted,* That in case of refusal or neglect of any Judge of Election, or of any Clerk of the Court, or of any Sheriff of any county, or the Sheriff of Baltimore city to make any of the returns, or to perform any of the duties required of them respectively, by the provisions of this act, such Judge, Clerk or Sheriff so refusing, or neglecting, shall be liable to indictment for such offence and upon conviction thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one thousand dollars, and to imprisonment in the jail of the county or city where such offence may have been committed, for a term of not less than six months.

Sec. 10. *And be it enacted,* That no clergyman, minister of the gospel, preacher of any denomination, no Senator or Representative in Congress of the United States, nor any Judge of a Circuit Court, of the Superior Court, Court of Common Pleas, or Criminal Court, no State's Attorney, no Auditor of the city of Baltimore, no Clerk of any Court, no Register of Wills, nor any Sheriff shall be eligible to said Convention.

Sec. 11. *And be it enacted,* That the Governor shall receive the returns of the number of votes cast in this State for the adoption or rejection of the Constitution submitted by the Convention to the people of this State as aforesaid, and upon counting and casting up the returns made to him, as hereinbefore prescribed, if it shall appear that a majority of the votes cast at said election have been cast in favor of the adoption of the said Constitution, he shall issue his proclamation to the people of the State, declaring the fact, and shall take such measures as shall be required by said Constitution, to carry the same into effect, and to supercede the existing Constitution.

Sec. 12. *And be it enacted,* That in case of the death, resignation or omission of the Governor to issue the proclamation heretofore required by the fourth section of this act, the President of the Senate, or in case, of his death, resignation, removal or omission so to do, the Speaker of the House of Delegates shall issue the said proclamation; and in case of the death, refusal, ommission or resignation of any one of the preceding officers, the Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals shall issue said proclamation, and the failure or ommission to issue said proclamation shall not prevent the assembling of the Convention.

Sec. 13. *And be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect from the day of its passage.

We certify that the aforegoing is a true copy of an act which passed the General Assembly of Maryland, (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House voting in the affirmative,) March 20th, 1867.

AUGUSTUS GASSAWAY,
Secretary of the Senate.
W. R. COLE,
Chief Clerk House of Delegates.
April 13, 1867—1t.

An act to provide for the selection, drawing and summoning of Juries in the several counties, and prescribing their qualification.

Sec. 1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the County Commissioners for each of the counties of this State to make out and file with the Clerks of the Circuit Courts for said counties, not less than twenty days before the beginning of the first regular term of said courts next ensuing the passage of this Act, a fair and complete list of all the white male taxable inhabitants or residents of said county whose names appear on the tax books of said county, and who are not known to said clerks to be under the age of twenty-five years, nor above the age of sixty-five years; and to which said list so to be made and filed, the said clerks respectively shall append a certificate that said list is full and fairly made; and for making such list the said Clerks shall receive such compensation as the County Commissioners may deem right and proper, and for failure to perform the duty hereby imposed the said Clerks to the said Commissioners shall forfeit and pay a fine to the State of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, in the discretion of the Court, to be recovered by indictment as for a misdemeanor, and he shall be thenceforth wholly incapable of holding or exercising the duties of the said office of Clerk to the County Commissioners.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That it shall be the duty of the Judges of the Circuit Courts for each of the counties within the period of one month of and not less than fifteen days before the commencement of each and every term of said courts thereafter at which juries are required to attend, in the presence of such of the practicing members of the Bar of the said courts as shall think proper to attend, notice of time and place having been first given to said members of the Bar, through the criers of said courts, to proceed to select from the lists last furnished by the Clerks of the County Commissioners, provided for in the 1st section of this act, and from the poll books of the several election districts of said counties, that shall be returned to and filed in the Clerk's office of said courts, after any general election that may be last held previous to such selection, a panel to consist of the names of five hundred persons in the several counties of Allegany, Washington, Frederick, Carroll and Baltimore; of two hundred persons in the several counties of Montgomery, Anne Arundel, Prince George's, Harford, Cecil, Dorchester, Worcester, and Somerset, and of one hundred and fifty persons in the several counties of Howard, Charles, Calvert, St. Mary's Kent, Queen Anne's, Caroline and Talbot, to be fairly and impartially selected, of the age aforesaid, by the said Judge, with special reference to the intelligence, sobriety and integrity of such persons and without the least reference to their political opinions: and of the names of such persons, when so selected, a list shall be made and a certificate thereto appended by the said Judges, that said list of names has been duly selected in conformity with and according to the spirit and intent of this act; and which said lists and certificates shall be filed with the Clerks of said Courts, and by them preserved as other proceedings of the said Courts are kept.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That when said list of names, selected as directed in the preceding section, is made and certified, as therein provided for, immediately thereupon the said Judge of the said respective courts, in the presence of the members of the Bar aforesaid, and such other persons as may think proper to be present, shall cause all the names selected and placed on the list as aforesaid, to be legibly written upon ballots, which shall be of equal size and of the same color and appearance and shall be closely rolled or folded and placed by the said Judge, with his own hands, immediately before the drawing herein provided for, into a cubiform box, with sliding top, of the square of eight inches, to be procured for that purpose by the clerk of said court, under the direction of the said Judge, and after depositing said ballots, the said box shall be closed, and the said Judge shall then cause the Clerk or one of his deputies, whom the said Judge shall designate, neither the one nor the other who may be so required to act to be present at the writing, rolling or folding and depositing said ballots into the box, as herein directed, to appear before him, and then and there, in the presence of the said Judge, and such other persons as may choose to be present, after well and thoroughly shaking said box so that the ballots be well mixed, to draw from said box, through such an opening or apearture made by moving the sliding top thereof as will only conveniently admit the hand, and without in any manner looking into said box, one by one, forty-eight of said ballots: and the names appearing on said ballots as drawn shall be duly recorded by the said Judge, or by the Clerk in his presence, and under his discretion, in the order in which they shall be drawn, as aforesaid, and thereupon forthwith the said Judge shall order a *venire facias* to issue, directed to the Sheriff of the said county commanding him to summon as juors, to attend at the next ensuing term of said court, the several persons whose names may be drawn as aforesaid; and if any such persons whose names are so drawn and embraced in said *venire facias* should be dead, sick or otherwise unable to attend or should be absent and, therefore, not to be found, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff forthwith to return the fact of such death, disability or absence, and the said Judge shall thereupon cause to be drawn from said box, in the manner hereinbefore directed, other names in the place and stead of the original drawing, who may be dead, disabled or absent, and shall cause the name or names of such person or persons, so as last aforesaid drawn, to be inserted in the said *venire facias* to be summoned as aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of the Sheriff to summon the persons named in said *venire facias*, and make a return thereof to said court at the opening of its session.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That immediately after each drawing for jurors, as directed in the preceding section, and for talesmen as hereinafter directed, and without suffering the said ballots remaining in said box to be taken out, or in any manner removed therefrom, or inspected, or examined, or the said box to be looked into, or removed from his presence by any person whatever, the said Judge of the said respective courts shall close said box, and either lock or seal the same securely, and keeping the key or seal thereof himself, shall deposit the said box containing the remaining ballots with the Clerk of the said court, to be by him safely kept free from any handling or interference by any person whatever, unless it be in presence of the said Judge and by his direction, and then only in the manner herein directed; and if for the trial of any cause or causes, whether civil or criminal in the said Circuit Court, a talesman or talesmen be required, the Judge of the said court may order the Sheriff to summon such talesman or talesmen either from a list of names that shall be drawn from the said box containing the said ballots, in the mode and manner as directed in the third section of this act, and furnished to the said Sheriff; or from the community at large as heretofore practised.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That of the forty-eight jurors drawn and summoned as in the third section of this act directed, the twenty-three names first occuring in the order in which they were drawn shall constitute and be the Grand Jury for the ensuing term of the said court, and the remaining twenty-five names next in order in the drawing shall constitute and be the Petit Jury of said ensuing term of said court.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the name of no person disqualified or exempted by existing law from serving as juror, or who, by existing law, the Sheriff is forbiden to summon as such, shall be selected and placed upon the panel or list from which the drawing is to be made as directed by this act, nor shall any person be drawn and summoned to two courts successively; and the said Court shall have full power and authority to coerce the attendance of jurors drawn and summoned under this act, and to punish by fine or imprisonment, or both, for any default or contempt committed in disregarding such summons.

Sec. 7. *And be it enacted,* That before the drawing of any new panel of jurors from the tax lists and poll books, as provided in the first and second sections of this act, it shall be the duty of the said Courts to have the box in which the names of the jurors have been deposited to be emptied of any and all the ballots therein remaining.

Sec. 8. *And be it enacted,* That if the provisions of this act shall conflict with the appointments of existing law for holding the term of said Court or any of them by reason of want of time for complying with said provisions, at the time next ensuing the passage of this act, it may be lawful for such Court or Courts, in their discretion, to proceed at said term, without regard to the provisions of this act, or to adjourn to such time as will admit of the summoning, empanelling and drawing the panel of jurors in conformity with this act.

Sec. 9. *And be it enacted,* That all laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. *Be it enacted,* That this act shall take effect and be enforced from the date of its passage.

We certify that the aforegoing is a true copy of an act which passed the General Assembly of Maryland January session, 1867.

AUGUSTUS GASSAWAY,
Secretary of the Senate.
W. R. COLE,
Chief Clerk House of Delegates.
April 13, 1867—1t.

An act to repeal section six (6) of article 35 of the Code of Public General Laws, relating to the attendance of Judges of Elections, and section nine (9) of said article, prescribing the oath of Judges of Elections; and section twelve (12) of said article prescribing notice of elections to be given by the Sheriffs of the several counties, and to enact a substitute for each of said sections.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That sections six, (6) nine (9) and twelve (12) of article thirty-five (35) of the Code of Public General Laws, be and they are hereby repealed, and the following sections be and they are hereby substituted for them respectively:

For section 6. At any election, State, Federal or municipal, to be hereafter held in this State, if none of the Judges of Election appointed according to law shall attend at the place of election for the space of one hour after the time prescribed by law for opening the election, it shall be lawful for the justices of the peace for such county or city, then present at the place of election, or a majority of them, or for one justice of the peace, in the event of but one being present, to act as judges or judge of election; or, if no justice of the peace be present, it shall be lawful for the voters then present, or a majority of them, to choose by ballot three persons being voters, to be judges of said election, and the said justices or justice of the peace, or persons chosen by ballot as aforesaid to be judges of election, and who shall act in that capacity for that election, shall be vested with the same powers and authority as if they had been appointed by the county commissioners or other lawfully authorized appointing power.

For section 9. Every judge of election, at every election to be hereafter held in pursuance of law, before he proceeds to take or receive any vote, shall take the following oath or affirmation: I, A. B., do swear (or affirm) that I will permit all persons to vote who shall offer to vote at the election now to be held for—county or —city, whose names shall appear on the registry or list of voters furnished to me according to law, as qualified voters under the Constitution and laws of this State; and that I will not permit any person to vote at the same election whose name shall not be found upon the said registry or list of qualified voters; and I will in all things execute the office of judge of the said election according to the best of my knowledge, without favor or partiality, so help me God."

For section 12. The sheriffs of the several counties, under the penalty of fifty dollars, shall, at least three weeks previous to every election required by law to be held, cause public notice to be given within their respective counties, by advertisements set up at the most public places within each election district of the county, and also by advertisement in two newspapers of general circulation in the county, of the time and place of holding the several elections: but if from any cause said notice shall fail to be given, said failure shall not affect the validity of any election; but it shall be the duty of judges of election to hold the election in their several election districts, at the time prescribed by law and at the usual place of holding elections in the several election districts or at the place in the several election districts where the last preceding election was held, under the penalty of five hundred dollars for each judge refusing or neglecting to hold such election.—This section not to apply to the city of Baltimore.

Sec. 2. *And be enacted,* That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We certify that the aforegoing is a true copy of an act which passed the General Assembly of Maryland, January session, 1867.

AUGSTUS GASSAWAY,
Secretary of the Senate.
W. R. COLE,
Clerk of the House of Delegates.
April 13, 1867—1t.

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