

The Farmers' Column.

From the Baltimore American.

On the Use of Gypsum.

(PLASTER OF PARIS.)

Among the most valuable of the commercial fertilizers with which the markets of the country are now flooded, and to which the attention of the farmer is in every shape and form directed, may be classed that of Plaster of Paris. Its humble pretensions, added to its cheapness, may possibly be the cause why as much has not been written or published about its virtues as the more pretentious manures offered to the public—and yet there is probably no other article which can be more universally used than Plaster, with profitable results—indeed, without it as an adjunct, some of the most costly and highly prized manures are, in many contingencies, liable to the loss of their most valuable constituents. Its cheapness is also one of its great advantages, for it places it within the reach of the poorest farmer, who, whilst he cannot afford to pay for other commodities selling at various prices, from $30 to $70 or $80 per ton, may be enabled to strain a point by the purchase of Plaster of Paris, which generally sells at about $10 per ton. There is scarcely any land but what will be benefitted by the use of plaster, one bushel per acre, as a general rule, being a sufficient supply, although twice or thrice that amount on some soils may be profitably applied. Its adaptation to meadow and pasture lands is well known and appreciated by the intelligent farmer, and to clover its virtues are above price—and a gallon of it is sufficient for the largest barn-yard at each application upon the manures gathered every few days therein from the horse or cow stables. Like various other fertilizers, it may sometimes be found that its use is inoperative to increase the crop, because of its being already sufficiently supplied in the soil, or in consequence of the absence of some other decidedly necessary constituent therein. It furnishes the elements of fertility to the crops upon which it is applied, by its absorption of the gases which are floating in the air—thus having the effect, as remarked by an observant farmer, of drawing off from a neighbor's field, where gypsum is not used, the nitrogen that otherwise would enrich his growing crops, and securing it to the fields of him who has made the application to his own. Where Peruvian guano is sown, the volatile nature of the ammonia contained therein, every one who has used this great fertilizer well knows, will escape very rapidly and be lost to a great degree, unless plaster is mixed with it before sowing, at the rate of about a bushel to every 200 pounds of the guano. The same may be said of nearly all other manures containing more or less ammonia. If Peruvian guano is applied to corn or oats, or, indeed, any other crop, Plaster and rich mould should be mixed with it, in the proportions above indicated—the same can be applied in the hill or drill, or broadcast. If sown on the surface, it should be plowed in at once, rather deep. The same rule may be observed when wheat is sown. In all the composts which are made in the barn-yard, at every overturning thereof Plaster should never fail to be applied, to preserve the valuable constituents therein from evaporation. Where bone dust is used, Plaster may also be advantageously applied, as in all fresh ground bones there is a considerable per centage of ammonia, which, although lying dormant in the winter, when exposed to the heat of the summer's sun is readily drawn forth and appropriated by the growing plants. There are other articles that probably would have as good effect as Plaster, such as charcoal, or a solution of copperas and water, &c., but these are neither as cheap nor as handy as plaster. The latter will not only economize the nitrogenous portions of the manure for the future use of the crops, but it acts in a double capacity, through its lime and sulphuric acid, in feeding them. Such is the estimation in which it is held that intelligent farmers affirm their belief that one bushel of Plaster mixed with ten loads of barn-yard manure renders that ten loads equal in its fertilizing properties to twenty loads where no such admixture had taken place. The simple proposition should be entertained by every tiller of the soil, whether after he has encountered the trouble, the labor and the expense of accumulating manure for the year, it is good policy to permit its principal virtues to be lost, when about to use it, when the means of saving them are his command, at so small a cost. Let us, therefore, urge those who are now about hauling out their manure, to apply at least a bushel of Plaster to every ten or twenty loads before removing it from the yard, or to sow a bushel to the acre after the corn or clover is coming up. In times of drought, if the crops are suffering therefrom, a liberal dressing of plaster sown as evenly as possible, broadcast, is advisable. A New York "philosopher," who has of late years turned his attention to farming, presents some views upon the subject, which are worthy of notice. In his remarks, he says: "*How* gypsum impels and invigorates vegetable growth he does not pretend to know, but that it *does* so, was demonstrated by nature long before man took the hint that she freely gave. The city of Paris and a considerable adjacent district rest on a bed of gypsum, ranging from five to twenty feet below the surface, and considerably disintegrated in its upper portion by the action of water—this region produces wheat most luxuriantly, and has done so from time immemorial—at length the tillers of the soil had the idea forced upon them that the substance which did so much good fortuitously, and (as it were) because it could not do otherwise, might do so still more if applied to the soil, with deliberate intent to test its value as a fertilizer." The result has been a general diffusion of gypsum, and its admitted value in all agricultural countries. Gypsum is a chemical compound of sulphur and lime; and the theory of chemists is, that as the winds pass over a surface sown with it, the ammonia which has been exhaled by a thousand bogs, barn-yards, &c., having a stronger affinity for sulphur than lime has, dissolves the gypsum, combines with the sulphur, forming a sulphate of ammonia, and leaves the lime to get on as it may. That its good effect is diminished by many and frequent applications, is very probable; but it is believed that there is no hill or slope to which it has never yet been applied which ought not to make its acquaintance at once—there are pastures which would increase their yield of grass one-third by a moderate dressing of it—and no farmer can afford not to try it. Let a trial be made on a small scale, by sowing alternate strips or belts of the clover field with it, and passing by the alternate strips or belts of the same field without it.

A farmer at the North, Albert B. Dickinson, who is said to be one of the best unscientific farmers ever produced in his State, maintains that he can not only enrich his own farm, but impoverish his neighbors', by the free use of gypsum on his woodless hills—the plastered land attracts and absorbs not only its own fair proportion of the breeze-borne ammonia, but much that, if the equilibrium had not been disturbed by such application, would have been deposited on the adjacent hills.

As has already been remarked, although it may be found that in some instances, for reasons already assigned, gypsum is inoperative, yet it will still remain true, that, in most localities, and in countless instances, it has been fully proved one of the best and cheapest commercial fertilizers known to mankind.

Dividing Family Government.

What ought, what can a mother do when a good, pleasant, careless husband constantly thwarts all her efforts to teach or govern the children, and yet can not be made to see or feel what he is doing?

Let us illustrate and sketch from memory, not imagination:

"Mamma please give me a piece of pie?"

"No, darling, one piece is enough."

"Half a piece, please, mamma?"

"No, Freddie, no more!"

"A very little piece, mamma dear?"

"No, Freddie, no?"

"Do give the child a little piece. I'll risk its hurting him."

And the mother gave it.

"Mamma, may I go out and play?"

"It is very chilly, and you have a cold. I don't think it is best."

"Bundle me up warm, mamma, and I won't take cold."

"I fear you will. You must play indoors to-day."

"Just a little while, please, mamma?"

"No, Freddie, you must not go out to-day?"

"Do let the child go. What a girl you are making of him. Women never were fitted to bring up boys. Dress him warm, and let him run, it will do him good."

And Freddie went out.

"May I have my blocks in the parlor, mamma?"

"No, Willie, make your block house in the dining room. Miss L. is an invalid, and I want the parlor very quiet."

"I will be very quiet."

"You will intend to be, but you cannot help making some noise, and as Miss L. very rarely goes anywhere, I fear she will be very tired at best: so be a good little boy and play in the dining-room this afternoon."

"I won't make a bit of noise, or tire her one speck."

"You must play in the dining-room, Willie, and not say any more about it."

"Nonsense, it will do her good to see a happy little face. It will give her something besides her own pains and aches to think of. Let him bring his blocks in the parlor."

And he brought them in.

"What a torment that boy has got to be! It's teaze, teaze, teaze, teaze, from morning till night. It's enough to wear out the patience of Job. If *you* won't whip him, *I* will."

And he whipped him.

Query.—Who ought to have been whipped?

How the Chinese Economize in Fuel.

In all probability more fuel is wasted in this country than in any other, and yet fuel is by no means over abundant or cheap with us;—and it may well become a serious consideration with housekeepers as to how the article may be economized. The Chinese have a method, which we scarcely suppose will ever become generally adopted by us; but it may afford a hint. They mix a quantity of earth with the coal dust, in sufficient preparation to make the mixture adhere together when wet. After thoroughly mixing the dust and earth and water, they take up sufficient to make a ball two and a half or three inches in diameter, and press and squeeze it between their hands making it like a ball. This is then laid carefully down, and another quantity is taken and pressed in the same way. And so on till the whole is pressed into balls. They are then placed in the sun to dry; after being thoroughly dry they are fit for use.

The Chinese, when they have made a discovery, never attempt to improve on it; but experience on the part of foreigners goes to show, that after the coal dust and earth have been properly mixed with the proper amount of water, instead of resorting to the hands to make the mixture into balls, it can be spread out on the ground, say two inches deep, and then cut into small square pieces, by means of a spade or any other sharp instrument. These square pieces burn readily. A wooden mold would answer well. The advantages of this method are, that it saves the coal dust, which otherwise would be wasted and lost, and the balls easily ignite. The fire does not last as long as a fire made of pure coal, but often times only a quick, hot fire is required, its use being limited to a comparatively short time, as in cooking.

DUTY.—No man's spirits were ever hurt by doing duty; on the contrary, one good action, one temptation resisted and overcome, one sacrifice of desire or interest, purely for conscience's sake, will prove a cordial for weak and low spirits, far beyond what either indulgence, or diversions, or company can do for them.

What time is that which, spelt backward or forward, is the same?—Noon.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!

LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP.

Come Running, but don't Fall, to

Robt. E. Holtz's Carriage Factory,

WILLIS' CROSS ROADS,

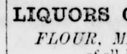
Where you can have built to order, of the best material, and in the very latest styles,



BUGGIES, SULKIES, JAGGERS, ROCKAWAYS, PHAETONS, GERMANTOWNS, DOG CARTS, EXPRESS WAGONS and ROAD WAGONS.

Painting, Trimming and Repairing,

Done with neatness and dispatch.



I will also carry on the WHEELWRIGHT SHOP *at Hanesville*, where I will do all kinds of work in that line, and build to order Wagons, Carts, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators. All kinds of Repairing done with neatness and dispatch, and



20 PER CENT. LOWER THAN YOU CAN GET DONE ELSEWHERE, AND *Guaranteed at that!*

LOOK WHAT A SAVING THAT WILL BE!

☞ Feeling sure that I can give satisfaction, I most respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

ROBERT E. HOLTZ.
Willis' Cross Roads and Hanesville.
Apr. 9, 1870—y. Kent Co.

Removal.

SAMUEL C. GLEAVES

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public generally that he has removed to the

Corner Store, up town,

formerly occupied by Mr. James W. Phillips, and has now in store, and will keep constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of

GROCERIES, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, &C.

GOOD TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

I have also a full assortment of

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.

FLOUR, MEAL AND FEED, of all kinds, on hand.

☞ Please call and examine my stock of Goods.

SAMUEL C. GLEAVES.
Chestertown, Sept. 11, 1869—y.

THE MISSES HYNSON

HAVING TAKEN HOUSE

No. 62 Barre Street,

Between Hanover and Sharp,

Convenient to Light street Wharf and Camden Depot, will accommodate Transient, Permanent and Table Boarders.
Baltimore, Nov. 27, 1869—6m.

1115 HOOP SKIRTS. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE." 1115

IN all the New Spring Styles, for Ladies, Misses and Children; the quality and prices of which will recommend themselves to every customer. CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS! Just marked down to gold at par; making our present prices less than they can be afforded, until gold declines to that point, and 33 per cent. less than the price one year ago. We were the first in Philadelphia to give silver in change to our customers, and now take the lead in giving them full advantage of the return to a specie basis, in advance of the Gold market; which will be fully appreciated by all who examine our extremely low prices. Hoop Skirts, Our Own Make, 37, 40, 50, 55, 60, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 65, $1.00 &c., to $2.20.

Hand-made Whalebone Corsets at 50, 60, 75, 90, $1 00, &c., to $1.75. Superior French Woven Corsets at 75c. reduced from $1,00; at $1.00 reduced from $1.38; at $1.25 reduced from $1.75, &c., to $5.00 reduced from $7.00.

R. Werley Corsets, at $2.00, reduced from $2.50, &c., &c.

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets at $1.75, reduced from $2.20, &c., &c. Mrs. Moody's Patent Self-Adjusting Abdominal Corsets at a reduction of 25cts. to $.00 per pair, according to quality. All other goods proportionately reduced. Skirts and Corsets made to order. Altered and Repaired, Wholsale and Retail—One Price Only—Call or send for descriptive circular.

WM. T. HOPKINS,
No. 1115 Chestnut Street.
Mar. 19, 3m. Philadelphia.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL,

(Formerly the National,)

Camden Street,

NEAR HOWARD,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Within three squares of Steamboats at Light Street Wharf.

THE undersigned, late proprietor of the Maltby House, has the pleasure of announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that he has leased the above Hotel for a term of years, and proposes making it

A FIRST CLASS HOUSE.

This Hotel, being convenient to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depot, and also to other business portions of the city, will be found as desirable as any other Hotel in the city for business men.

This House has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished throughout, and I hope by strict personal attention to business to add to the comforts of all who may favor me with their patronage.

Having been proprietor of the 'Maltby House' for a number of years, I feel confident of meeting all expectations of the traveling [illegible]

[illegible] respectfully,
[illegible]—y. A. B. MILLER.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

FOR THE SPRING OF 1870.

At Greatly Reduced Prices!

T. W. ELIASON & SON

INVITE the attention of buyers to their NEW and ATTRACTIVE STOCK of

SPRING GOODS,

PURCHASED AT THE PRESENT LOW PRICES! and now offered at a very SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

WE HAVE BONA FIDE BARGAINS!

☞ Give us a call.

Chestertown, April 16, 1870.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail.—Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine. Feb. 5,-3m.

LORILLARD'S **"EUREKA," Smoking Tobacco** is an excellent article of granulated Virginia; wherever introduced it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S **Yacht Club Smoking Tobacco** classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all;" it is made of the choicest leaf grown; it is anti-nervous in its effects, as the Nicotine has been extracted; it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking; it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as 3 of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourself it is all it claims to be. "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S **CENTURY Chewing Tobacco** This brand of Fine Cut chewing tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

LORILLARD'S **SNUFFS** have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your storekeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO.,
Feb. 5, 1870—3m. New York.

CARD.

E. F. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. Particular attention given to the collection of claims and the sale of Real Estate.

☞ Office in the New Building in Court Street. May 23, 1868.

R. CLAY CRAWFORD,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Cor. High and Front streets,

Chestertown, Md.

I WOULD CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MY NEW STYLE OF

CABINET

AND

LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS.

☞ THEY ARE NOW OFFERED AT PRICES LESS THAN ONE FOURTH OF WHAT THEY ARE SOLD FOR IN CITY GALLERIES.

A Finely colored Cabinet Portrait,

With Rosewood Frame, complete,

Only $5.00.

LIFE SIZE PORTRAIT, Colored, $10.

I have also a new and complete assortment of

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS AND STEREOSCOPES,

Among them one series of 40 Views, the most wonderful pictures ever made.

Stereoscopic Pictures of the INFERNAL REGIONS, price only 50 cts. Those who have so often heard of his Infernal Majesty can now see him at home and study his peculiarities at a safe distance.

I have added to my Gallery a complete *POSING MACHINE* and a 3D. *DALLMEYER CAMERA*, which enables me to produce work unequalled by any other establishment.

☞ Over 40,000 Pictures on Exhibition.

All are invited to call and examine specimens. Chestertown, Dec. 4, 1869.

LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT!

Combination Burning Fluid,

THE CHEAPEST, SAFEST, AND BEST article, for illuminating purposes, ever offered to this community.

Only 25 cents per Gallon, retail:

Wholesale, 20 cts. per gallon.

E. F. PERKINS, Esq., has been using the above named oil for some months, and allows me to use his name as a reference.

Having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell this oil in Kent county, parties may rely upon being always able to obtain it from me, either wholesale or retail.

Groceries, Meats, Lard, &c.

A good assortment of all kinds of Groceries, Meats, Lard, &c., of good quality, and for sale very low. Don't forget the place:

H. O. PAYNE'S OIL STORE,
Queen street, near the pump.

☞ *All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken either for Cash or Trade.*

Chestertown, March 19, 1870—y.

BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE

FOR SPRING CROPS,

For sale by

T. W. ELIASON & SON,

AT

$56, and interest, per ton of 2,000 lbs.,

ON 10 MONTHS TIME,

to parties with approved security, subject to a discount of 40 cts. per month, thus reducing *the price to $52 cash.*

April 2, 1870—tf.

SELLING OFF!

Selling Off!!

ANTICIPATING a change in our business, we will sell,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST FOR CASH,

our large and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS & SHOES,

(city-made) cheaper than they can be purchased in any other establishment. People who have but little money should not fail to visit *THE PEOPLE'S STORE.* Now is the time to buy Great Bargains, as we intend to run the entire Stock off at some price!

WE SHALL STICK TO THE *ONE PRICE SYSTEM!* and it will be named on all our articles.

Parties who are indebted and have been repeatedly and politely requested to settle their accounts, long over-due, will have the pleasure of settling with other parties.

To our old friends we return our hearty thanks for their confidence and patronage.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS.
Dec. 11. 1869. *People's Store.*

LARGE STOCK

TO BE CLOSED OUT

FOR CASH!!

AND TO

SHORT TIME

BUYERS!

THE GREATEST BARGAINS ARE *NOW OFFERED AT*

W. A. VICKERS'

"PEOPLE'S POPULAR STORE,"

An examination will insure us large sales, and money will not be such an object to those who want CHEAP GOODS!

Great reduction in Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloths, French, English and American Dry Goods. All Wool Cassimeres, 65 cents to $1.50 per yard; Granadines, 31 cents, reduced to 16⅔ cents per yard. Beautiful lot of Dress Goods, 40 cents, marked down to 25 cents per yard; they are the Cheapest Goods in Town. We will sell the cheapest Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy and White Goods ever offered in this market.

Cheapest Calicoes, Muslins and Sheeting are now offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

Hats & Caps.

The Largest Stock in Kent county, and we have marked them down *At Very Low Prices!*

BOOTS & SHOES.

Home made! Nice Goods for Ladies and Children. Meh's cheap Heavy Balmorals, high cut, only $2.25; as cheap as any $300. Shoe we have seen this season. offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

The great reduction in prices of all kinds of Goods, we announce in to-day's paper, is for the want of money. We have heavy demands to meet, and will thank our friends for as early settlements as they can, to enable us to meet our immediate wants. Cash buyers, and punctual paying customers, will find it to their interest to examine the greatest bargains ever offered in Chestertown.

Respectfully,

WM. A. VICKERS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED, this week, from Philadelphia and Baltimore, Goods PURCHASED FOR THE CASH, and for sale at a small advance. ☞ Call and Examine! ☜

Hardware! Hardware!

Rim Knob Locks; Dead, Plate, Till, Chest, Desk, Wardrobe; Cupboard, Box, Drawer, Trunk, Pad and Sash Lock; Lull and Porter Hinges; Parliament, Mayors, Loose Joint Butts, Reversable for Right and Left Hand; Table and T. Hinges, Strap Hinges—and Hooks and Hings, Rim Night Latch, Thumb do., Barn and Store Door Latches, Flat Shutter Bolts, Barrell, Tower, Square, Flush Brass and Iron Spring Bolts; Cupboard Catches, Shutter Stays, Frame and Axle Pulleys, Shutter Screws; Hooks and Eyes, Wardrobe, School House, and Coat and Hat Hooks; Brass and Iron Buttons, Drawer Pulls; Porcelain Knobs, Iron Chest Handles, Brass Window Springs, Shutter Catches, Sash Supporter and Window Locks Callipens, Improved Shutter and Blind Fastener, one and Two Nut Hand rail Screws, Japanned and Silver Capped Carriage Knobs, Wad Cutters, Belt and Shoe Punches, Bed and Porcelain Castors; Augers, 2¼ and 2½ in. Post Augers, Bright Lip and Pugh Brace Bitts, Draw Knives, Firmer, Socket, Firmer and Framing Chisels, Hinge Nails, Rivets, Brass Screws, and all size Iron Screws, Marking Gauges, Sash Gauges, Claw Tools, Round Saples, Hooks and Staples, Hasps and Staples, Shoe Nippers, Carpenters Pincers, Screw Wrenches, Bung Borers, Molasses Gates, Petroleum Oil Faucets, Try Squares, Iron and Steel Squares, Spoke Shaves, Trowels, Carpenters Hatchets, Half and Lath Hatchets, Axes, Broad Axes, Post Axes, Meat Cleavers, Hammers, Horse Rasps, Mill Saw Files, Flat and Round Bastard, Taper and Round Files, Screw Drivers, Wood and Steel Braces, Copper Rivets and Burs, one and Two Foot Rules, Compasses, Wood Saws, Spear and Jackson Rip and Cross Cut Saws, Henry Diston & Browns Saws, Back, Compass, Pruning, Key Hole and Webb Saws, Carpenters' Planes, Plane Irons, Levels and Level Vials, Lead and Brass Spigots, Tin, Iron, Metallic and Silver Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Plated Forks, Knives and Forks, from 50cts. a set to $6; one, two, three and Four Blade Pocket Knives, Barlow Knives, Butcher and Shoe Knives, Carvers, a large assortment of Scissors, Harness Awls, Shoe Awls and Sewing Awls; Gun Screws, Heads and Wrenches, Sad Irons, Gimlets, Tire, Carriage and Plow Bolts; Two, Three, and Four Prong Forks; Ames' Spades, Shovels, Grain Shovels, Rakes and Hoes, Hay Knives, Bramble Scythes, Cow Bells, Door Bells; Tea and Coffee Scales, Clinch and Cut Nails.

WOOD WARE! WOOD WARE!!

Tubs, Churns, Pine and Cedar Buckets, Wash Boards, Butter Prints, Paddles and Bowls, Potatoe Mashers, Flour, Sugar and Coffee Boxes, Half Peck, Peck and Half Bushel Measures, Lemon Squeezers, Fork, Shovel, Spade, Axe, Hatchet, Saw, Awl, Auger, Chisel and Plane Handles; Toats, Key Baskets, Market and Bushel Baskets, Brooms, Shoe Brushes, Paint, Varnish, Horse Dust, Wall, Scrub and White Wash Brushes, Wire and Hair Sifters; Safes, Bench Screws, &c.

TINWARE! TINWARE! TINWARE!

A large Stock on Hand and for sale very Low. Pressed Tinware on hand. Some very pretty sets of Toiletware, and a large assortment of Planished and Japanned ware.

Lamps, Chimneys and Burners, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING done on short notice, and at moderate prices.

The Patent Tubular Lantern, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store of
J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Hanna's Diamond Window Polish, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store.
J. K. ALDRIDGE.
Chestertown, March 26, 1870.

"RISING SUN"

SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Crem, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS.
13-'68. Proprietor.

WOOD FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has in Yard, and offers for sale, 300 Cords of Wood—Oak, Pine and Hickory.

Yard corner of Bridge and Queen streets.

S. S. USILTON,
Feb. 12, 1870—tf. Chestertown

Ten Years.

NEW GOODS!

WM. A. VICKERS Is selling Goods this week AT THE OLD PRICES!

Parties in want of *CHEAP GOODS* should not fail to go to the *People's Popular Store* and examine

The Great Bargains!

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

☞ All Trade taken in exchange for Goods.

GALENA CASTINGS and PLOWS, for sale by WM. A. VICKERS.
March 26, 1870.

H. McCoy. *Wm. I. Rasin.*

McCOY & RASIN,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 73 South Street,

OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,

BALTIMORE.

Tendering our thanks to the citizens of Kent, for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we ask for a continuance.

Feb. 13, 1870— y.

THE

Chestertown Transcript

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E. F. PERKINS, Editor.

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TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IF PAID IN ADVANCE. If not paid within three months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be charged.

Advertisements

TEN LINES of Bourgeois (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. One square three months, three Dollars: Six months, five Dollars: One Year, eight Dollars. Fractions of a square will be charged as a square. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates. Yearly and semi-annual advertisments must be paid quarterly. Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered out.

JOB PRINTING.

Having supplied our office with a large, varied and beautiful assortment of TYPE FOR JOBS, we are prepared to print

HANDBILLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

SUITABLE FOR

STORES,

TRUSTEES' SALES,

Public Sales,

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

☞ Cheap for Cash, and at short notice. ☜

Chester River Steamboat Company.



On and after MONDAY, Nov. 15th, 1869

THE STEAMER GEORGE LAW

Will leave *Baltimore* every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 7 o'clock A. M., for Kent Island, Queenstown, Grey's Inn Creek, Corsica, Spencer's, Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's, Chestertown and Crumpton. *Returning,* will leave Crumpton every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, at half-past 6 o'clock, making the above stops.

☞ The steamer Chester will discontinue her trips for the present, for repairs.

R. C. SMITH, Agent.
November 13, 1869.

NOTICE.

I HAVE on hand and for sale, at the corner of Queen and Main streets, *FLOUR* at different prices; *MEAL, CHOP, FEED, BRAN, OATS* and *CORN.* Those in want will give me a call. W. BACCHUS.

MY MILL is in nice order for grinding. I ask a share of patronage. My effort will be to give satisfaction to all.
Oct. 30—tf. W. BACCHUS.

DR. J. T. TWILLEY,



Dentist,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Kent county, that having located in Chestertown, he can always be found at his office on High Street, next door below the residence of Miss T. Bradshaw.

☞ His charges are moderate and all work done by him guaranteed to be as he represents.
Jnuray 13, 1865—y.



BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING.

The undersigned having removed to and opened a Boot and Shoe shop on High street, adjoining the Millinery Store of Mrs. C. R. Fiddis, is prepared to make, in the best workmanlike manner, Ladies and Gentlemen's

BOOTS AND SHOES, OF ALL STYLES.

My old customers and the public generally are invited to give me a call.

JOHN A. FIDDIS.
Chestertown, Jan. 8, 1870—y.

NEW STOCK.

Ladies and gentlemen, young and old; Youths and maidens, timid and bold; And children! all call at the store of

Jas. H. Smith,

NEXT DOOR TO T. W. ELIASON & SON,

and examine his Stock of Christmas Goods, embracing in part a fresh and complete

STOCK OF CANDIES,

French, Medium and cheaper grades:

FRUITS;

A large quantity of the best Currants, 500 lbs. best Rasins; Oranges, Apples, Lemons, Prunes, Tamarinds, Dates, and the different

Varieties of Canned Fruits.

Chow-chow; Pickles of every variety;

NUTS

of all kinds;

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECAN, &c.

Sauces and Jellies; Crackers of all kinds;

FANCY GLASSWARE,

BOTH ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.

Fine assortment of

WAX AND OTHER DOLLS; TOYS; CIGARS & TOBACCO.

My stock has been selected with care; it is fresh and good; and if the citizens of the county will give me a call will soon be sold.

JAMES H. SMITH.
Chestertown, Dec. 11, 1869—tf.

CHESTNUT RAILS.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF Chestnut Rails, for sale low.

WM. VANNORT.
Chestertown, April 9, 1870—tf.

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