

# The Farmers' Column.

*From the Rural New Yorker.*

### Early-Cut Hay.

In securing a hay crop early, it is said there is a loss, from a lack of maturity. This is so. But it is more than made up in the succeeding crop, and in the aftermath, which, in good soil, affords a bite in the fall, and yet a protection. Besides, this early cutting, when the stalk is yet green and tender, favors the root. It comes somewhat under the head of mowing lawns, or the frequent mowings—some seven or eight times—practiced in Italy. It thickens the sod. Thus there is a benefit all round. You have better hay—or grass, cured, and having a summer effect—more of it, a thickened sod, a good covering for winter. But the best is the summer feed in winter thus secured. And it is more than thin grass—the same land in pasture—can afford, by at least a third, and yet it is not so much as is sometimes raised. We have heard of five tons to the acre, and this may be done by three cuttings, without much difficulty, and oftener than is supposed. By this mode of cutting the hay would be worth, say fifteen dollars, where "good" hay in market brings but ten dollars.

Here is the profit then, mostly—your hay is so much better. This has often been asserted; but yet it seems not to be fully credited, and is often opposed. The reason is, it has not been tested. Who cuts his hay before the heads appear, when it is, to all intents and purposes grass, tall grass, such as you would like to turn a herd or a horse in to feed—not the milch cows so readily, as the short, tender growth of a few days is better. Perhaps it does not give more milk, but makes better butter, otherwise, the grass fit to cut, knee-deep, is the grass; and this, relieved of its moisture, is the grass fed in the winter.

No, you do not cut such grass; it is too young, too tender; too good to make hay of. You even do not cut it when just headed or well heading out; *this* is too early even for you. So you do not know what such hay will do. Very few do; though we are glad to say the number is increasing, and the number that now cut clover when in blossom is quite respectable. They are coming up nearer and nearer, and in greater numbers to the point, and by and by they will cut *grass* when the juice is all in it; when in the stalk there is nothing hard or innutritious. The blossoming is the period when this changes, and then grass ceases to be a proper fodder; it is no longer grass.

I have given the principle of harvesting hay. Last year I secured the first day but half my small crop, for more than one reason. I wished to secure what I cut the same day, and I wished to secure it well. I commenced in time, so as to have a chance to select my day. The next happening to be a good day, I secured the rest. With a large quantity of hay to cut, I would have increased my force, doubled my machinery and my hands to run it, when necessary. This, in the long run, will pay. It will save, on an average of the grass, from a quarter to a third of the crop, in quality, which is the main thing; for a pound of good hay is worth two pounds, or more, of poor. A ton of early cut hay, when just getting into full bloom, or a little earlier, is worth more than twice the amount of ripe hay, or hay just ripe, if you please.

It is worth it, not because it has more nutritive matter, but because it has this in a form and distributed so as to make it available—so as to get the full benefit of the weight—and because it has a sanitary effect, which any other hay has not. You are getting up the condition of summer—lively, vigorous, full of digestive as well as muscular energy—in your stock. You appropriate all that is to be appropriated; you get the full, free effect, the work of your outlay, and you are satisfied. You are not satisfied with the old system. Taken altogether, then, such hay is worth twice the value of ripe hay. We prefer it to double the quantity, and would pay that difference in market. And yet people are feeding dead, dry hay—hay that requires grain to make it do. In the other case no grain is thought of, and stock continues its course the year round, improving in winter during the recess in milking.

SMALL FARMER.

### Harnessing a Horse.

A correspondent of the Utica Herald talks thus sensibly upon this subject:

Let me say a word about the correct way to harness a horse. Very few of those who are accustomed to use horses from year to year perform the operation scientifically. It is true that many get a harness on the horse, and it may fit well, and it may fit like father's boots on the little boy. It requires much more science than many persons imagine.

I will mention a few material points important to be secured. The collar is the first point of importance. That huge thing that will admit a bundle of straw between it and the neck of a horse is totally unfit for a horse to work in. The collar should fit as neatly and closely to the neck as a pair of boots to the feet. It will then seldom gall the skin if the hames are properly made and correctly adjusted. The hames should not be too far apart at the top; this is often the case. See that the staples which hold the side straps and traces are not too far up at the lower ends.

It is impossible for a horse to draw with ease when the traces are attached near the top of his neck. It will invariably gall the upper part of the neck. Should this be the case, take out the staples and place ... lower in the hames. If the back-... right for a wagone, they will be ... plowing, and will be very ... hips of the team. Let ... adjusted, other- ... here is not ... to ... a week.

### WIFE AND I.

We quarreled this morning, wife and I—
We were out of temper, and scarce knew why,
Though the cause was trivial and common,
But to look in our eyes you'd have sworn that we both
Were a couple of enemies, spiteful and wroth;
Not a wedded man and woman.

Wife, like a tragedy queen in a play,
Tossed her sweet little head in as lofty a way
As so little a woman was able:
She clenched her lips with a sneer and a frown,
While I, being rougher, stamped up and down,
Like a careless groom in a stable.

You'd have thought us the bitterest (seeing us then)
Of little women and little men,
You'd have laughed at our spite and passion;
And would never have dreamed that a storm like this
Would be rainbow'd to tears by that sunlight, a kiss,
Till we talked in the old fond fashion.

Yet the storm was over in less than an hour,
And was followed soon by a sunny shower,
And that again by embraces;
Yet so little the meaning was understood,
That we almost felt ashamed to be good,
And wore a blush on our faces.

Then she, as women, much braver became,
And tried to bear the whole weight of the blame,
By her kindness, her self-reproving;
When seeing her humble, and knowing her true,
I all at once became humble too,
And very contrite and loving.

But seeing I acted a humble part,
She laughed outright with a frolic heart—
A laugh as careless as cupid,
And the laughter wrangled along my brain,
Till I almost felt in a passion again,
And became quite stubborn and stupid.

And this was the time for the arms to twine
Around this stubborn neck of mine,
Like arms of a maid round a lover;
And feeling them there, with their warmth, you know,
I laughed quite a different laugh, and so
The storm (as I called it) was over.

So then we could talk with the power to please:
As, though the passing storms like these
Leave a certain felicity
Of getting easily angry again.
Yet they free the heart and rebuke the brain,
And teach us a rough humility.

You see that we love one another so well,
That we find more comfort than you can tell
In jingling our bells and corals;
In the fierce flights of a world so drear,
We keep our spirits so close and clear,
That we need such trivial quarrels.

In the great fierce fights of the world we try
To shield one another, my wife and I,
Like brave strong man and woman;
But the trivial quarrels of days and nights
Unshackle our souls from the great fierce fights,
And keep us lowly and human.

Clouds would grow in the quiet mind,
And make it unmeet to mix with its kind,
Were nature less wise as a mother:
And with storms like ours there must flutter out
From the bosom the hoarded up darkness and doubt—
The excess of our love for each other.

### How Good Templars are Initiated.

The method of initiating a candidate into a Lodge of Good Templars is but a slight improvement upon the same programme so long in vogue by the ancient and honorable fraternity of the "Sons of Malta." A "chap" who was taken from a Utica lager beer saloon, where he got "tight" without knowing that lager would intoxicate, was put through a course of cold water treatment by the Good Templars the other evening. He peaches on the Templars and gives the following expose of their initiation ceremony, for which no doubt he will be put through another course of cold water "sprouts" at the next meeting of the lodge.

In the first place the victim of initiation is blindfolded, bound hands and feet, and thrown into a cider-press, and pressed for five minutes. This is done for the purpose of clearing his system of "old drunks." He is then taken out of the cider-press, and, by means of a force-pump is gorged with cistern water, after which a sealing plaster is put over his mouth, and he is rolled in a barrel four or five times across the room, the choir at the same time singing the "Cold Water" song. He is now taken out of the barrel, and hung up by the heels till the water runs out through his ears. He is then cut down, and a beautiful young lady hands him a glass of cistern water. He is then made to read the "Water Works Act" ten times, drinking a glass of cistern water between each reading; after which the old oaken bucket is hung around his neck, and fifteen beautiful young ladies with squirt guns deluge him with cistern water. He is then forced to eat a peck of snow, while the brothers stick his ears full of icicles. He is then run through a clothes-wringer, after which he is handed a class of cistern water by a beautiful young lady. He is then gorged again with cistern water, his boots filled with the same and he is laid away in a refrigerator. After remaining in the refrigerator for the space of half an hour, he is taken out and given a glass of cistern water, run threugh a clothes-wringer, and becomes a Good Templar.

TO KEEP ICE.—Bell's Messenger says: Make a double pocket of strong woolen cloth, no matter how coarse and faded it is. Have a space of two inches or so between the inner and outer pockets, and pack this space full as possible with feathers. You have no need to use geese feathers; hen's feathers are just as good. With a pocket thus constructed and closely tied at the mouth, a few pounds of ice may be ... a week.


## *SELLING OFF!*
## Selling Off!!

ANTICIPATING a change in our business, we will sell,

**WITHOUT REGARD TO COST FOR CASH,**

our large and complete stock of

**DRY GOODS**

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS & SHOES,

(city-made) cheaper than they can be purchased in any other establishment. People who have but little money should not fail to visit *THE PEOPLE'S STORE.* Now is the time to buy Great Bargains, as we intend to run the entire Stock off at some price!

WE SHALL STICK TO THE *ONE PRICE SYSTEM!* and it will be named on all our articles.

Parties who are indebted and have been repeatedly and politely requested to settle their accounts, long over-due, will have the pleasure of settling with other parties.

To our old friends we return our hearty thanks for their confidence and patronage.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS,
Dec. 11. 1869. *People's Store.*

—:o:—

## LARGE STOCK
TO BE CLOSED OUT
*FOR CASH!!*
AND TO
SHORT TIME
**BUYERS!**

—:o:—

THE GREATEST BARGAINS ARE
*NOW OFFERED AT*
## W. A. VICKERS'
## "PEOPLE'S POPULAR STORE,"

An examination will insure us large sales, and money will not be such an object to those who want CHEAP GOODS!

Great reduction in Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloths, French, English and American Dry Goods. All Wool Cassimeres, 65 cents to $1.50 per yard; Granadines, 31 cents, reduced to 16⅔ cents per yard. Beautiful lot of Dress Goods, 40 cents, marked down to 25 cents per yard: they are the Cheapest Goods in Town. We will sell the cheapest Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy and White Goods ever offered in this market.

Cheapest Calicoes, Muslins and Sheeting are now offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

**Hats & Caps.**

The Largest Stock in Kent county, and we have marked them down *At Very Low Prices!*

## BOOTS & SHOES.

Home made! Nice Goods for Ladies and Children. Men's cheap Heavy Balmorals, high cut, only $2.25; as cheap as any $300. Shoe we have seen this season. offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

## ...RAL NOTICE.

The great reduction in prices of all kinds of Goods, we announce in to-day's paper, is for the want of money. We have heavy demands to meet, and will thank our friends for as early settlements as they can, to enable us to meet our immediate wants. Cash buyers, and punctual paying customers, will find it to their interest to examine the greatest bargains ever offered in Chestertown.

Respectfully,
**WM. A. VICKERS.**

## NEW GOODS!
## NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED, this week, from Philadelphia and Baltimore, Goods PURCHASED FOR THE CASH, and for sale at a small advance. ☞Call and Examine!☜

### Hardware! Hardware!

Rim Knob Locks; Dead, Plate, Till, Chest, Desk, Wardrobe; Cupboard, Box, Drawer, Trunk, Pad and Sash Lock; Lull and Porter Hinges; Parliament, Mayors, Loose Joint Butts, Reversable for Right and Left Hand; Table and T. Hinges, Strap Hinges—and Hooks and Hings, Rim Night Latch, Thumb do., Barn and Store Door Latches, Flat Shutter Bolts, Barrell, Tower, Square, Flush Brass and Iron Spring Bolts; Cupboard Catches, Shutter Stays, Frame and Axle Pulleys, Shutter Screws; Hooks and Eyes, Wardrobe, School House, and Coat and Hat Hooks; Brass and Iron Buttons, Drawer Pulls; Porcelain Knobs, Iron Chest Handles, Brass Window Springs, Shutter Catches, Sash Supporter and Window Locks Callipens, Improved Shutter and Blind Fastener, one and Two Nut Hand rail Screws, Japanned and Silver Capped Carriage Knobs, Wad Cutters, Belt and Shoe Punches, Bed and Porcelain Castors; Augers, 2½ and 2¾ in. Post Augers, Bright Lip and Pugh Brace Bitts, Draw Knives, Firmer, Socket, Firmer and Framing Chisels, Hinge Nails, Rivets, Brass Screws, and all size Iron Screws, Marking Gauges, Sash Gauges, Claw Tools, Round Staples, Hooks and Staples, Hasps and Staples, Shoe Nippers, Carpenters Pincers, Screw Wrenches, Bung Borers, Molasses Gates, Petroleum Oil Faucets, Try Squares, Iron and Steel Sqares, Spoke Shaves, Trowels, Carpenters Hatchets, Half and Lath Hatchets, Axes, Broad Axes, Post Axes, Meat Cleavers, Hammers, Horse Rasps, Mill Saw Files, Flat and Round Bastard, Taper and Round Files, Screw Drivers, Wood and Steel Braces, Copper Rivets and Burs, one and Two Foot Rules, Compasses, Wood Saws, Spear and Jackson Rip and Cross Cut Saws, Henry Diston & Browns Saws, Back, Compass, Pruning, Key Hole and Webb Saws, Carpenters' Planes, Plane Irons, Levels and Level Vials, Lead and Brass Spigots, Tin, Iron, Metallic and Silver Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Plated Forks, Knives and Forks, from 50cts. a set to $6; one, two, three and Four Blade Pocket Knives, Barlow Knives, Butcher and Shoe Knives, Carvers, a large assortment of Scissors, Harness Awls, Shoe Awls and Sewing Awls; Gun Screws, Heads and Wrenches, Sad Irons, Gimlets, Tire, Carriage and Plow Bolts; Two, Three, and Four Prong Forks; Ames' Spades, Shovels, Grain Shovels, Rakes and Hoes, Hay Knives, Bramble Scythes, Cow Bells, Door Bells; Tea and Coffee Scales, Clinch and Cut Nails.

*WOOD WARE! WOOD WARE!!*

Tubs, Churns, Pine and Cedar Buckets, Wash Boards, Butter Prints, Paddles and Bowls, Potatoe Mashers, Flour, Sugar and Coffee Boxes, Half Peck, Peck and Half Bushel Measures, Lemon Squeezers, Fork, Shovel, Spade, Axe, Hatchet, Saw, Awl, Auger, Chisel and Plane Handles; Toats, Key Baskets, Market and Bushel Baskets, Brooms, Shoe Brushes, Paint, Varnish, Horse Dust, Wall, Scrub and White Wash Brushes, Wire and Hair Sifters; Safes, Bench Screws, &c.

**TINWARE! TINWARE! TINWARE!**

A large Stock on Hand and for sale very Low. Pressed Tinware on hand. Some very pretty sets of Toiletware, and a large assortment of Planished and Japanned ware.

Lamps, Chimneys and Burners, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING done on short notice, and at moderate prices.

The Patent Tubular Lantern, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store of
J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Hanna's Diamond Window Polish, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store.
*J. K. ALDRIDGE.*
Chestertown, March 26, 1870.

## "RISING SUN"
## SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Crem, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

### ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.
WILLIAM PERKINS.
13-'68. Proprietor.

**WOOD FOR SALE.**

THE subscriber has in Yard, and offers for sale, 300 Cords of Wood—Oak, Pine and Hickory.

Yard corner of Bridge and Queen streets.
S. S. USILTON,
Feb. 12, 1870—tf. Chestertown

*H. McCoy.* *Wm. I. Rasin.*
**McCOY & RASIN,**
## General Commission Merchants,
## No. 73 South Street,
OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,
BALTIMORE.

Tendering our thanks to the citizens of Kent, for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we ask for a continuance.
Feb. 12, 1870— Y.

**COX, WARDEN & MERRITT**
SUCCESSORS TO
Cox & Brown,
## COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
**GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,**
Nos. 8 Bowly's Wharf & 72 South St.
Baltimore, Md.
Jan. 16, 1868—Y.

**HARDWARE.** A general assortment of Builders' and Housekeepers' Hardware, for sale by
T. W. ELIASON & SON.
Feb. 26, 1870.

THE
## OLDEST ESTABLISHED
## *Clothing House*
ON THE
EASTERN SHORE.

## JOS. A. CATLIN,
*SUCCESSOR TO*
**Turkheimer & Catlin,**

After an experience of years, a thorough acquaintance with the City Markets, and a knowledge of the wants of the trade in this locality, offers to the citizens of this, and the adjoining Counties, a complete and carefully selected Stock of Seasonable Clothing.

**MEN'S, YOUTH'S and BOY'S CLOTHING,**
**of all kinds and at all prices!**

## Furnishing Goods!
## Furnishing Goods!

**HATS AND CAPS.**

**PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND FINISH.**

I have secured the assistance of Mr. Wm. J. McFeeley, an experienced Salesman, late of Centreville.

☞DETERMINED, NOT ONLY TO SUSTAIN THE OLD REPUTATION OF THIS HOUSE, BUT TO EXTEND ITS PATRONAGE BY KEEPING, AT REASONABLE PRICES, A STOCK OF GOODS TO MEET THE WANTS OF THE PEOPLE, A CALL AND EXAMINATION OF MY GOODS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

## JOS. A. CATLIN,
*CHESTERTOWN, MD.*


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Preseription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.
May 22, 1869—Y.

### ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.
May 22, 1869—Y.

### Oil Cloths.

*CARRIAGE CANVAS, PLAIN,*
*CARRIAGE CANVAS, TWILLED,*
*CARRIAGE CANVAS, DUCK.*
**TABLE OIL CLOTHS,**
**FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, NEW STYLES.**
**Oil Cloth Window Curtains.**
Just received and for sale by
T. W. ELIASON & SON.
Feb. 26, 1870.

### Ten Years.
### NEW GOODS!

WM. A. VICKERS
Is selling Goods this week
**AT THE OLD PRICES!**

Parties in want of *CHEAP GOODS* should not fail to go to the *People's Popular Store* and examine

**The Great Bargains!**

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

☞All Trade taken in exchange for Goods.

*GALENA CASTINGS and PLOWS,* for sale by WM. A. VICKERS.
March 26, 1870.

1115 **HOOP SKIRTS,** HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE." 1115

IN all the New Spring Styles, for Ladies, Misses and Children; the quality and prices of which will recommend themselves to every customer. CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS! Just marked down to gold at par; making our present prices less than they can be afforded, until gold declines to that point, and 33 per cent. less than the price one year ago. We were the first in Philadelphia to give silver in change to our customers, and now take the lead in giving them full advantage of the return to a specie basis, in advance of the Gold market; which will be fully appreciated by all who examine our extremely low prices. Hoop Skirts. Our Own Make, 37, 40, 50, 55, 60, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 65, $1.00 &c., to $2.20.

Hand-made Whalebone Corsets at 50, 60, 75, 90, $1.00, &c., to $1.75. Superior French Woven Corsets at 75c. reduced from $1.00; at $1.00 reduced from $1.38; at $1.25 reduced from $1.75, &c., to $5.00 reduced from $7.00.

R. Werley Corsets, at $2.00, reduced from $2.50, &c., &c.

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets at $1.75, reduced from $2.20, &c., &c. Mrs. Moody's Patent Self-Adjusting Abdominal Corsets at a reduction of 25cts. to $.00 per pair, according to quality. All other goods proportionately reduced. Skirts and Corsets made to order. Altered and Repaired. Wholsale and Retail—One Price Only—Call or send for descriptive circular.
*WM. T. HOPKINS,*
No. 1115 Chestnut Street,
Mar. 19, 3m. Philadelphia.

### CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!
**LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP.**

**Come Running, but don't Fall, to**

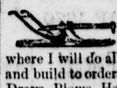
## Robt. E. Holtz's Carriage Factory,
WILLIS' CROSS ROADS,

Where you can have built to order, of the best material, and in the very latest styles,



BUGGIES, SULKIES, JAGGERS, ROCKAWAYS, PHAETONS, GERMANTOWNS, DOG CARTS, EXPRESS WAGONS and ROAD WAGONS.

**Painting, Trimming and Repairing,**
*Done with neatness and dispatch.*



I will also carry on the WHEELWRIGHT SHOP *at Hanesville,* where I will do all kinds of work in that line, and build to order Wagons, Carts, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators. All kinds of Repairing done with neatness and dispatch, and



20 PER CENT. LOWER
THAN YOU CAN GET DONE ELSEWHERE, AND *Guaranteed at that!*
LOOK WHAT A SAVING THAT WILL BE!

☞Feeling sure that I can give satisfaction, I most respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

ROBERT E. HOLTZ,
Willis' Cross Roads and Hanesville,
Apr. 9, 1870—Y. Kent Co.

### BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE
**FOR SPRING CROPS,**
*For sale by*
T. W. ELIASON & SON,
AT
**$56, and interest, per ton of 2,000 lbs.,**
ON 10 MONTHS TIME,
to parties with approved security, subject to a discount of 40 cts. per month, thus reducing *the price to* $52 *cash.*
April 2, 1870—tf.


THE
## Chestertown Transcript
**Is published every Saturday, at Chestertown, Kent County, Md**
*Office, Court Street.*

**E. F. PERKINS, Editor.**

**Terms of Subscription:**

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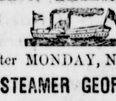
**Advertisements**

TEN LINES of Bourgeois (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. One square three months, three Dollars: Six months, five Dollars: One Year, eight Dollars. Fractions of a square will be charged as a square. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates. Yearly and semi-annual advertisments must be paid quarterly. Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered out.


## JOB PRINTING

Having supplied our office with a large varied and beautiful assortment of TYPE FOR JOBS, we are prepared to print
**HANDBILLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,**
SUITABLE FOR
**STORES,**
**TRUSTEES' SALES,**
**Public Sales,**
**&c., &c., &c., &c.,**
☞Cheap for Cash, and at short notice.☜


## Chester River Steamboat Company.



On and after MONDAY, Nov. 15th, 1869
**THE STEAMER GEORGE LAW**
Will leave *Baltimore* every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 7 o'clock A. M., for Kent Island, Queenstown, Grey's Inn Creek, Corsica, Spencer's, Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's, Chestertown and Crumpton. *Returning,* will leave Crumpton every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, at half-past 6 o'clock, making the above stops.

☞The steamer Chester will discontinue her trips for the present, for repairs.
R. C. SMITH, Agent.
November 13, 1869.

## NOTICE.

I HAVE on hand and for sale, at the corner of Queen and Main streets, *FLOUR* at different prices; *MEAL, CHOP, FEED, BRAN, OATS* and *CORN.* Those in want will give me a call. W. BACCHUS.

MY MILL is in nice order for grinding. I ask a share of patronage. My effort will be to give satisfaction to all.
Oct. 30—tf. W. BACCHUS.

**DR. J. T. TWILLEY,**



**Dentist,**
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Kent county, that having located in Chestertown, he can always be found at his office on High Street, next door below the residence of Miss T. Bradshaw.

☞His charges are moderate and all work done by him guaranteed to be as he represents.
Jnuray 13, 1865—Y.

**BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING.**

The undersigned having removed to and opened a Boot and Shoe shop on High street, adjoining the Millinery Store of Mrs. C. R. Fiddis, is prepared to make, in the best workmanlike manner, Ladies and Gentlemen's
**BOOTS AND SHOES, OF ALL STYLES.**
My old customers and the public generally are invited to give me a call.
JOHN A. FIDDIS.
Chestertown, Jan. 8, 1870—Y.

## NEW STOCK.

Ladies and gentlemen, young and old;
Youths and maidens, timid and bold;
And children! all call at the store of
**Jas. H. Smith,**
NEXT DOOR TO T. W. ELIASON & SON,
and examine his Stock of Christmas Goods, embracing in part a fresh and complete
**STOCK OF CANDIES,**
**French, Medium and cheaper grades:**
**FRUITS;**
A large quantity of the best Currants, 500 lbs. best Rasins; Oranges, Apples, Lemons, Prunes, Tamarinds, Dates, and the different
**Varieties of Canned Fruits.**
Chow-chow; Pickles of every variety;
**NUTS**
of all kinds;
ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECAN, &c.
Sauces and Jellies; Crackers of all kinds;
**FANCY GLASSWARE,**
BOTH ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.
Fine assortment of
**WAX AND OTHER DOLLS; TOYS; CIGARS & TOBACCO.**
My stock has been selected with care; it is fresh and good; and if the citizens of the county will give me a call will soon be sold.
JAMES H. SMITH.
Chestertown, Dec. 11, 1869—tf.


**PROFESSIONAL CARD.**

DR. J. H. PRICE having located at THE TRAPPE, offers his Professional services to the surrounding community.
Refers to a practice of four years at Hooversville, Anne Arundel county.
January 8, 1870—6m*

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