

The Farmers' Column.

From the American Stock Journal.

Fall Care of Sheep.

In the North, the grass often gets very short by the tenth or fifteenth of November, and it has lost most of its nutritiousness from repeated freezing and thawing. At this time, although no snow may have fallen, it is best to give the sheep a light, daily foddering of bright hay, and a few oats in the bundle. Given thus for the ten or twelve days which precede the covering of the ground by snow, fodder pays for itself as well as at any other time during the year. It is well to feed oats in the bundle, or threshed oats, about a gill to the head, in the feeding-troughs, carried to the field for that purpose.

The time for taking sheep from the pastures must depend on the state of the weather and food. Severe frosts destroy much of the nutriment in the grasses, and they soon after cease to afford adequate nourishment. Long exposure to cold storms, with such food to sustain them, will rapidly reduce the condition of these animals. The only safe rule is to transfer them to their winter-quarters the first day they cease to thrive abroad.

There is no better food for sheep than well-ripened, sound Timothy hay; though the clovers and nearly all the cultivated grasses may be advantageously fed. Hundreds and thousands of northern flocks receive, during the entire winter, nothing but ordinary hay, consisting mainly of Timothy, some red and white clover, and frequently a sprinkling of gum, or spear grass. Bean and pea straw are valuable, especially the former, which, if properly cured, they prefer to the best hay; and it is well adapted to the production of wool. Where hay is the principal feed, it may be well, where it is convenient, to give cornstalks every fifth or sixth feed, or even once a day; or the daily feed, not of hay, might alternate between stalks, pea-straw, straws of the cereal grains, etc. It is mainly a question of convenience with the farmer, provided a proper supply of palatable nutriment within a proper compass is given. It would not, however, be entirely safe to confine any kind of sheep to the straw of the cereal grains, unless it were some of those little hardy varieties of animals which would be of no use in this country.

The expediency of feeding *grain* to store sheep in winter depends much on circumstances. If in a climate where they can obtain a proper supply of grass or other green esculents, it would, of course, be unnecessary; nor is it a matter of necessity where the ground is frozen or covered with snow for weeks or months, provided the sheep be plentifully supplied with good dry fodder. Near markets where the coarser grains find a quick sale at fair prices, it is not usual, in the North, to feed grain. Remote from markets it is generally fed by the holders of large flocks Oats are commonly preferred, and they are fed at the rate of a gill a head per day Some feed half the same amount of yellow corn. Fewer sheep, particularly lambs and yearlings, get thin and perish where they receive a daily feed of grain; they consume less hay, and their fleeces are increased in weight. On the whole therefore, it is considered good economy. Where no grain is fed, three daily feeds of hay are given. The smaller sizes of the Merinos may be well sustained on two pounds of hay; but larger sheep will consume from three and a half to four or even five pounds per day. Sheep, in common with all other animals, when exposed to cold, will consume much more than if well protected, or during a warmer season

It is a common and very good practice to feed greenish cut oats in the bundle, at noon, and give but two feeds of hay, one at morning and one at night. Some feed greenish cut peas in the same way. In warm, thawing weather, when sheep get to the ground and refuse dry hay, a little grain assists materially in keeping up their strength and condition. When the feed is shortest in winter, in the South, there are many localities where sheep can get enough grass to take off their appetite for dry hay, but not quite enough to keep them in prime order. A moderate daily feed of oats or peas, placed in depository racks, would keep them strong and in good plight for the lambing season, and increase their weight of wool.

Few Northern farmers feed *Indian corn* to store-sheep, as it is considered too hot and stimulating, and sheep are thought to become more liable to become "cloyed" on it than on oats, peas, etc.

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Application of Manure.

There is much diversity of opinion among farmers in regard to the application of manure. Some maintain that it is best to apply manure fresh from the stable and plow it under immediately, while others are advocates of letting it undergo fermentation, and mixing with the soil on the surface. The former method is to prevent evaporation, and the latter is to prevent filtration, neither of which is very important, for manure will not exhale much of its useful parts, when spread on the surface, and filtration is imaginary. The surface of the soil, and the atmosphere, are the manipulators of fertility, and manure put on the surface or plowed under, will find its proper level through the agency of air, earth, and water. Only put it plentifully on, as the old farmer said in reply to the question, how shall manure be applied, on the surface or plowed under? "*only put it plentifully on,*" is the only answer he would give to the question Manure that suits on one kind of soil may not suit so well on other soils. Long unfermented manure it is best to plow under in a hard clay gravelly soil, to loosen it up, but beyond that no matter how manure is applied.

—:o:—

☞ A celebrated English farmer showing a visitor over the estate, was asked what he manured with. "Brains," he replied. "Ah, mon, but where d'ye get so many brains?" was the response.

LE CHANT DU DEPART.

The patriotic songs of a heroic people always breathe forth the inspiration which produces noble deeds. Dibdin's sea songs did more for the British navy than the example of her unconquerable Nelsons, and the songs of Ireland have kept the spirit of resistance to unjust and oppressive laws—foreign enactments—constantly before the mind and in the thoughts of her people. The subjoined song, by M. J. Chenier, composed to celebrate the fall of the Bastile, 1794, can be now sung with good effect as the spirit of Democracy is re-awakened, and we hope for its spreading speedily over all Europe:

LE CHANT DU DEPART.

A DEPUTY.

'Mid the loud strains of victory foes are confounded,
For liberty guides still our way;
From the north to the south war's wild trumpet has sounded,
To arms! 'tis the hour of the fray.
So tremble, ye foes that are France's,
Kings drunk upon blood, though ye rave,
The sovereign people advances;
Then tyrants descend to the grave!

Chorus of Warriors:

The Republic awakes in her splendor,
She calls all to win, not to slay;
A Frenchman should live to defend her,
For her he should manfully die.

A MATRON.

From the eyes of your mothers no weeping shall shame ye,
Far from us all dastardly fears;
For our country shall triumph when battle-lines claim ye,
Let kings groan in sorrow and tears.
We filled you with life from our bosoms—
That life is no longer your own;
Your motherland asks its day blossoms,
'Fore us she's your mother alone.

Chorus of Mothers: The Republic, etc.

TWO OLD MEN.

By your father's bright swords by the harvest dyed scarlet;
Think of us but in war's bloody field;
Consecrate in the gore of a king or his varlet,
The steel that we bless you to wield
And back to our hearts bring in gladness
The scars and the triumphs you gain,
To close our old eyes without sadness,
When tyrants are shattered and slain.

Chorus of Old Men: The Republic, etc.

A BOY.

Oh, Barra! Vialla! we envy your glory,
Still victors, though breathless you lie;
For the coward lives not, though with years he grows hoary;
Who fall for the people ne'er die.
Brave boys, we would rival your deed-roll;
'Twill guide us against tyranny then;
Republicans all swell the bead roll,
While slaves are but infants 'among men.

Chorus of Boys: The Republic, etc.

A BRIDE.

To the fight, valiant husbands! Our feasts be each battle;
Go, warriors, worthy your vows!
We shall wreathe your fair garlands; when cannons loud rattle;
Our hands shall enlaurel your brows.
And if your bold conquering spirit
The temple of memory share,
Our songs shall your glories inherit,
Our loins your avengers shall hear.

Chorus of Wives: The Republic, etc.

A MAIDEN.

We, sisters of heroes, who, at Hymen's altar,
Have ne'er been in loving knot bound;
Let soldiers not now in their duty-path falter,
If brides 'mong our ranks be found.
But back let them come, bravely peerless,
Resplendent in Freedom's full glow,
And teach us their blood can all fearless
For glorious Equality flow.

Chorus of Maidens: The Republic, etc.

THREE WARRIORS.

'Fore God do we swear, on the blades of our sabres,
To fathers, to mothers, and wives,
To sisters and sons, ne'er to cease from our labors
Till tyrants have ended their lives,
In all places, in darkness consuming,
Shall plunge we base royalty's face,
While France o'er the world sheds the blooming
Of liberty, honor and peace.

General Chorus:

The Republic awakes in her splendor,
She calls all to win, not to tiy;
A Frenchman should live to defend her,
For her should he manfully die.

Franc Tireurs.

There has been much argument on the streets among the reading public as to the correct definition of the word franc-tireur. The word franc, in the French language, means free, and tireur, a shooter, and in France, by the payment of a trifling sum of money, any one may obtain license to keep a gun and shoot freely after all the necessary formulas are gone through. Hence he is a franc tireur, or free shooter. Many in this country suppose them to be sharp shooters, but the French word for sharp shooter is trailleur, and it can be readily perceived that there is no similarity between that and franc tireur. They may be sharp-shooters, it is true, but it is due to their constant practice during the shooting season in France, and to that same license which guarantees to them the free use of arms.

NATIONEL RECUPERATION.—The eleven States that in 1861 declared their secession from the Union had in 1860 a population of 9,104,321. By the census of 1870 their aggregate population is 10,010,557. This shows an increase, notwithstanding the destruction of life caused by the war. The border States of Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri, which had in 1860 3,136,941 population, contain now in 1870 an aggregate of 3,931,264 souls. These figures show the wonderful recuperative power of the American republican.

☞ The three large cities of the country having about the same number of inhabitants are Baltimore, Boston, and Cincinnati.

THE AMERICAN
BUTTONHOLE & OVERSEAMING
is the only complete
SEWING MACHINE
TERMS EASY
511 King
WIL. DEL.
G. PATRONI

THE AMERICAN
BUTTONHOLE,
OVERSEAMING,
—AND—
SEWING MACHINE,
HAS THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES OVER MOST OF ALL THE OTHER SEWING MACHINES IN THE MARKET:

1. It has a tension which prevents cutting of thread or dropping of stitches.

2. It has the most powerful construction, which will insure good work for a quarter of a century.

3. It sews the lightest cambric and the usual shoe leather without any strain whatever.

4. It has feed bar which can be lowered or raised at will, thus adapting it to all kinds of material.

5. It is impossible to get the machine out of order unless by rust, dust or taking apart. It will never get out of order by working.

6. It has the highest attainable speed, making about 2,200 stitches per minute by foot, and 3,000 by steam.

7. It is the lightest running shuttle machine.

8. It makes the most beautiful Lock Stitch.

9. It has the handsomest appearance.

10. It has the strongest, most convenient, handsomely polished, braced table, with drawer, and board to prevent soiling the dress.

11. Its cover is polished, fitting and locked as a little trunk. There is nothing better than this to preserve the machine.

12. It has a straight needle.

13. Four bobbins hold a spool of cotton.

14. It has the best hemmer.

15. It has the most comple attachment, the Jack-of-all-trades, hems, folls, binds, bastes, tucks, braids and ruffles.

16. It is as simple as any machine in the market.

17. It needs but little time to learn its operation.

18. It has the best embroidering attachment.

The advantages combine the best qualities of a Sewing Machine for the family who want to use it steadily in all kinds of work. Nothing equal can be found in the way of combing the advantages of all the Sewing Machines now known, while obviating all their faults.

The Following Advantages

The AMERICAN possesses alone and undisturbed, there being no other machine even pretending them:

1. It has a larger arm and a stronger construction than any family machine, admitting larger pieces of work, thus fitting the machine to family and manufacturing porposes as well, without need of two machines. It has 8½x5 inches clear room.

2. It sews on a straight piece while puffing another at the same time without basting, attachment or after work.

3. It binds a coat, a skirt, or hat without any braid or binding whatever.

4. It folds up the brim of a hat to any fullness.

5. It overseams a sheet or Brussels carpet.

6. It makes beautiful eyelet work.

7. It embroiders on the edge.

8. It makes button holes of any size on any material.

9. It has the braiding machine which makes braid of any size or color at the rate of 150 yards per hour. This sells for $10 extra.

10. It always won the first premium at every exhibition in which it has been entered.

THE AMERICAN
Can be had as a plain sewing machine without the buttonhole and overseaming, at $15 less than the given prices.

We want a few reliable agents everywhere, to whom we will make it an object to sell these popular machines.

Machines will be sent to any address on receipt of price. Every machine has a full outfit for plain sewing, hemming, &c:

We simply ask an examination to verify all we state.

G. PATRONI,
OFFICE AND WAREROOM,
511 King St.,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.
July 23, 1870—y.

THE
OLDEST ESTABLISHED
Clothing House
ON THE
EASTERN SHORE.

JOS. A. CATLIN,
SUCCESSOR TO
Turkheimer & Catlin,

After an experience of years, a thorough acquaintance with the City Markets, and a knowledge of the wants of the trade in this locality, offers to the citizens of this, and the adjoining Counties, a complete and carefully selected Stock of Seasnable Clothing.

MEN'S, YOUTH'S and BOY'S CLOTHING,
of all kinds and at all prices!

Furnishing Goods!
Furnishing Goods!

HATS AND CAPS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND FINISH.

I have secured the assistance of Mr. Wm. J. McFeely, an experienced Salesman, late of Centreville.

☞ DETERMINED, NOT ONLY TO SUSTAIN THE OLD REPUTATION OF THIS HOUSE, BUT TO EXTEND ITS PATRONAGE BY KEEPING, AT REASONABLE PRICES, A STOCK OF GOODS TO MEET THE WANTS OF THE PEOPLE, A CALL AND EXAMINATION OF MY GOGDS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

JOS. A. CATLIN,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?



THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics" "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, providing the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in clearing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y. Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and General Agents.
San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.
☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
August 20, 1870—6m.

"RISING SUN"
SALOON,
ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Crem, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS.
13-'68. Proprietor.

NEW STOCK.

Ladies and gentlemen, young and old; Youths and maidens, timid and bold; And children! all call at the store of

Jas. H. Smith,
NEXT DOOR TO T. W. ELIASON & SON,

and examine his Stock of Christmas Goods, embracing in part a fresh and complete

STOCK OF CANDIES,
French, Medium and cheaper grades:
FRUITS;

A large quantity of the best Currants, 500 lbs. best Rasins; Oranges, Apples, Lemons, Prunes, Tamarinds, Dates, and the different

Varieties of Canned Fruits.

Chow-chow; Pickles of every variety;

NUTS
of all kinds;

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECAN, &c.

Sauces and Jellies; Crackers of all kinds;

FANCY GLASSWARE,
BOTH ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.

Fine assortment of

WAX AND OTHER DOLLS; TOYS;
CIGARS & TOBACCO.

My stock has been selected with care; it is fresh and good; and if the citizens of the county will give me a call will soon be sold.

JAMES H. SMITH.
Chestertown, Dec. 11, 1869—tf.

THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus,
AND OTHER
DUTCH FLOWER BULBS.

MY annual importation of Dutch Bulbs has arrived in splendid order, and I offer them at reasonable prices. These bulbs should be planted from Sept. 15th, to Nov. 15th, in order to have a good bloom in the spring. Orders by mail with the cash will receive prompt attention.

W. F. MASSEY.
September 17, 1870—tf.

THOS. W. WICKES' COLUMN.

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS
OILS,
VARNISHES,
PATENT MEDICINES
AND
Fancy Articles.

—:—

SIMON WICKES having retired from the Drug Business, it is now conducted by his son

Thomas W. Wickes,
AT THE OLD STAND,

who has recently procured a COMPETENT ASSISTANT, and is prepared, AT ALL HOURS, TO COMPOUND PRESCRIPTIONS WITH ACCURACY AND DISPATCH.

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
AND
Chemicals.

ALSO, A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY ARTICLES,
SUCH AS
Soaps, Extracts, Pomades, Combs, Hair and Tooth Brushes, &c.

Paints and Oils.

Kept constantly in store an assortment of

OILS,
PAINTS,
VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PAINT BRUSHES,
GLASS,
PUTTY,
ACIDS, SPONGES, &c., &c., &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.

All the Standard and Popular Patent Medicines, at Manufacturers' Prices.

TOBACCO.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF CIGARS, AND THE BEST CHEWING TOBACCO.

—:o:—

IN GENERAL!

A Full and Complete Assortment of all such articles as can be found in the First-class Drug stores of the City—at Reasonable Prices.

RETURNING THANKS FOR THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE HERETOFORE EXTENDED TO THIS ESTABLISHMENT, THE SUBSCRIBER PROMISES, BY A RENEWED AND INCREASED DILIGENCE, TO MERIT THE SUPPORT OF THE PEOPLE OF THIS AND THE ADJOINING COUNTY.

T. W. Wickes.

CIGARS & CONFECTIONARY.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

RICHARD B. RUSSELL having removed to the Old Stand on High St., below T. B. Hynson's, is now

Manufacturing Cigars

with a view to supplying the store-keepers as CHEAP AS THEY CAN BE BOUGHT IN THE CITY!

Chewing Tobacco of all grades,
both natural and sweet; and also Fine Cut.



A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
Smoking Tobacco,
SNUFF AND PIPES.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
CANDIES
AND
FRUITS.

☞ A good smoke or a good chew may always be had at
RICHARD B. RUSSELL'S.
Chestertown, Jan. 8, 1870—tf.

JOHN P. RINGGOLD,
175 Balt. street,

OFFERS the following inducements to the citizens of Kent and Queen Anne's Counties:

For Ladies.
Patent Merino Vests.
Patent Merino Drawers.
Fine Wool Under Vests.
Fine Wool Drawers.
Scarlet Cashmere Vests.
Fine Cardigan ackets.
Balmoral Stockings.
Kid and Buck Gloves.
Castor and Cloth Gloves.
Roman Scarfs and Sashes.

For Misses.
Patent Merino Vests.
Patent Merino Drawers.
Patent Merino Stockings.
Scarlet Cashmere Stockings.
Black Cashmere Stockings.
Kid and Buck Gloves.
Cloth and Castor Gloves.
Fine Cardigan ackets.
Fleecy Cotton Hosiery.
Roman Scarfs and Sashes.

For Gentlemen.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs.
Undershirts and Drawers.
All Wool Undershirts.
All Wool Under Drawers.
Scarlet Cashmere Shirts.
Scarlet Cashmere Drawers.
Buckskin Shirts & Drawers.
Buck and Cloth Goves.
Kid and Castor Gloves.
Scarfs, Ties and Socks.

For Youth.
Patent Merino Shirts.
Patent Merino Drawers.
All Wool Undershirts.
All Wool Drawers.
Fine Woollen Hosiery.
Knitted Mits and Gloves.
Wristlets, Mittens.
Suspenders, Ties.
Merino Stockings.
Roman Scarfs and Ties.

Dec. 11, 1869—y.

J. Bell & Bro.,
BUCK NECK WHARF,

INVITE the attention of Farmers to their LARGE STOCK OF FERTILIZERS:

Soluble Pacific Guano: Terms, $56 per ton of 2000 pounds, cash.

Zell's Ammoniated Phosphate of Bones, $60 per ton of 2000 pounds; 90 days time.

Wilson's Super Phosphate of Lime. $56 per ton of 2000 pounds, on 90 days time.

Watson & Clark's Crosdale. $54 cash or $56 on 12 months time, per ton of 2000 lbs.

Bower's Complete Manure. $52 cash or $56 on 4 months time, per ton of 2000 lbs.

Sphagnine, the Great Delaware Fertilizer. $40 cash, $42 on 6 months, or $44 on 12 months time, per ton of 2000 pounds.

Bone Flour, a pure article, $36 per ton.

Land Plaster; also,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

At prices to suit the times, viz: Bickford & Huffman Grain Drills, with Guano and Seed Attachments; Tripple Screen Dixie Grain Fans, Fodder Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.

J. BELL & BRO.,
Sept. 24—tf. Buck Neck Wharf.

WM. TOMLINSON. WM. T. TOMLINSON.

WM. TOMLINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Grain, Live Stock and
Country Produce Generally,
No. 112 Ligh St. Wharf, Balto.

ORDERS FR GROCERIES, SEEDS, Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other Merchandise promptly filled.

☞ *Consignments respectfully solicited,*
January 19, 1870—y

COLD WEATHER IS COMING!!

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

THOSE that are in want of a Stove, will do well to call at *J. K. ALDRIDGES* and purchase a number one Stove.

THE EXCELSIOR COOK HOT BLAST,

one of the best stoves now in use—*Patented,* March, 1870. Ironsides, Niagra, Continental, Columbia Cook, Quaker City, Carroll Cook, Prize and Champion complete cook Stoves. The Base Burning Illuminating Morning Glory Stove—very popular. Parlor Light, Brilliant, Dawn, Comet, Air-Tight, Radiator, Myrtle, Illuminating Base, and the Casket, for wood and coal. The old stand by Egg Stove, for Stores, School Houses, &c. Wood Stoves, Tuscan open Front, Union Air Tight, Woodland Wild Flower, Flame, &c.

The Diamond and Parlor Queen Fire place Stoves to heat two or more rooms at the same time with one fire. All kinds of Heaters repaired at short notice in workmanlike manner. Coal Hods, Shovels, Pokers and Coal Seives on hand. Call and examine my stock of Goods, A large assortment of Hardware and House Furnishing Goods on hand and very cheap.

Oct. 22, 1870. J. K. ALDRIDGE.

For Rent,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, the Wheelwright and Blacksmith Shops, known as the *Hanesville Manufacturing and Repair Shops.*

ALSO, A COMMODIOUS AND COMFORTABLE DWELLING.

A *Full Set of Blacksmith Tools* for sale.
Apply to E. A. VANNORT,
Oct. 22—tf *Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.*

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