

The Farmers' Column.

From the Maryland Farmer.

The Peach--Too Many Varieties.

No other fruit shares half the attention with the farmers of this Peninsula, as does the peach. It is one of the chief staples of the Eastern Shore of Maryland. No where on the vast acreage of the Republic is it grown to a higher standard of excellence and perfection than here; the climate and the soil, generally speaking, being such as are admirably suited to the normal requisites, for the full development and longevity of the tree. However great, though, may be the preference manifested for this fruit, it not unfrequently occurs, that the orchards are shamefully mistreated in various ways—sometimes starved and stunted for want of proper manurial matter in the soil—or perhaps enfeebled by too liberal and ignorant application of the knife and shears—again, absolute neglect in plowing and keeping the soil in loose aad friable condition. And too often, where the plow *is* used in the orchard, it is run too deeply, coming in contact with, mangling and bruising the roots of the tree. How often we see peach orchards entirely defoliated, as unnaturally early as the middle of September, and in some cases even a fortnight earlier. I need not advert to the cause. "*Thorough* cultivation" is voluminously significant, alike to the fruit grower and farmer, and will perform wonders even on "*lean*" soils. Another point and the only one upon which I shall offer any suggestion, and that is one associated with the wearying labors of the brotherhood of my own calling, viz: The unreasonably long list of varieties; every catalogue, regardless of the nursery it represents, contains names of from 25 to 75 different kinds of peaches, from two to six of which ripen at the same time, or so nearly so, as to be classed in the same "Picking." The experienced peach grower will not have more than 12 or 15 kinds at most in his orchard; and it is a fact conceded by the most shrewd and successful growers that "the smaller number of varieties, extending over the entire peach season, the less trouble and more profit." These varieties being selected with a judicious knowledge of their actual merits and characteristics as market peaches with a view as well to the nature of the soil in which they are to be grown, as some kinds are better adapted to certain soils than others, or in more truthful and reliable logic, some varieties will stand more abuse than others, and will therefore battle more vigorously and successfully against the stinting influence of the uncongeniality—sectionally depicted in soils for want of proper preparation. I might cite numerous instances that have come under my notice where the trees of a standard or well known variety, produced very ordinary fruit. And in another orchard, within half a mile of the first, the same variety was everything that could reasonably be desired. The cause—condition of the soil. I speak of orchards only moderately well cultivated, for the *thoroughly* cultivated ones are too far between to draw fair comparisons from, and the too many neglected ones are not worthy of notice. But why is it that nurserymen do voluntarily heap upon themselves the worrying trouble of keeping up this extended list of varieties, when two-thirds of them are really superfluous and tend more to confuse and mislead the inexperienced planters than to benefit anybody? There is no practical nurseryman who does not know that a majority of the varieties of different classes of fruit are seldom called for in the selections of the successful planters and growers—that it is a matter of no little inconvenience to themselves to keep distinct and pure so many kinds; and lastly, that the eccentricities and peculiarities in the whimsical desires of the few, who only want what their neighbors have not got, are encouraged at the expense—of who? Not the cynical fruiterer, whose appetite is pampered more upon oddity and uniqueness than upon the luscious excellence of the good and profitable varieties. Two classes of individuals bear the greater part of this expense, viz: the nurserymen and the inexperienced planter. It is not presumption to assert that every *nurseryman*, who honorably fulfills his calling, has a reliable knowledge, based upon personal experience and practice, of all the leading kinds of fruit; neither does the education of the good nurseryman stop here, for if he be faithful and competent in his calling, surrounded by the various facilities for obtaining knowledge relating to his business, as at this age he should be well posted on the new as well as the old. Such being the truth, we know that in twenty varieties of the peach, can be embodied all that the best interests of the orchardist can claim, and by having no more, we can remedy the many evils that unhappily the inexperienced planter falls heir to. Would we not, thus wise, escape the harsh censure (just and unjust) that is deluged in copious showers upon our craft? True, there may be some peculiarities about what I choose to term superfluous varieties that entitle them to perpetuation in the *nursery*, but in comparison with *first-class* market varieties, are they worthy the attention and valuable time of the orchardist, or he who prefers to live by his crops of fruit instead of crops of grain?

J. W. KERR.

Denton, Md., Feb'y. 14, 1871.

TO KEEP BUTTER THREE YEARS.—John Peters says: "Use two quarts best salt; one ounce of sugar and one ounce of saltpetre. One ounce of this composition, for one pound of butter; should be worked well into the latter and then close it up. It must be remembered that butter thus cured, should stand three or four weeks before it is opened. It will keep butter three years."—*Rural New Yorker.*

WARTY TEATS.—Get a bottle of castor oil, keep it handy, and every time when done milking, oil the warts and around the roots of the same, and in two or three weeks that cow will have as nice, smooth teats as any cow.

Looking for Pearls---An Oriental Legend.

The master came one evening to the gate
Of a fair city; it was growing late,
And sending his disciples to buy food,
He wandered forth intent on doing good
As was his wont. And in the market place
He saw a crowd, close gathered in one space,
Gazing with eager eyes upon the ground.
Jesus drew near, and thereon he found
A noisome creature, a bedraggled wreck—
A dead dog with a halter round his neck.
And those who stood by mocked the object there.
And one said scoffing, "It pollutes the air!"
Another, jeering, asked, "How long to-night
Shall such a miscreant cur offend our sight?"
"Look at his torn side," sneered a Jewish wit,
"You could not even cut a shoe from it,"
And turned away. "Behold this ear that bleeds,"
A fourth chimed in, "an unclean wretch indeed!"
"He hath been hanged for thieving," they all cried,
And spurned the loathsome beast from side to side.
Then Jesus, standing by them in the street,
Looked on the poor spent creature at his feet,
And, bending o'er him, spake unto the men:
"*Pearls are not whiter than his teeth.*" And then
The people at each other gazed, asking,
"Who is this stranger pitying the vile thing?"
Then one exclaimed, with awe-abated breath,
"This surely is the Man of Nazareth;
This must be Jesus, for none else but he
Something to praise in a dead dog could see!"
And being ashamed, each scoffer bowed his head,
And from the sight of Jesus turned and fled.

[*Atlantic Monthly.*

Why Look with Envy on the Oyster!

Many of us, amid the troubles of this life, says the Pall Mall Gazette, look with envy on the oyster; and, indeed, active, fussy people often taunt those who do not share their taste for excitement with having no higher ambition than "to lead the life of an oyster." Yet there can be no greater mistake than to suppose that the career of a bivalve is one of uninterrupted peace and enjyment. The quiet of the cloister is not to be found within the oyster shell; on the contrary the oyster from its infancy is subject to hair-breadth escapes and perils far exceeding even those incurred by the hero of the wildest romance. This truth is forcibly pointed out in the report of the commission appointed to inquire into the methods of oyster culture in the United Kingdom and France, with a view to the introduction of improved methods of cultivation of oysters into Ireland. "It must be borne in mind," says the report, "that no more than ten per cent. of oysters breed annually, and that from the moment of its birth the oyster is subject to numerous dangers; among them, it is liable to be killed by a sudden fall or rise of temperature, to be borne to situations where it cannot attach itself, to be devoured soon after birth by the vermin that await it at that stage, or, later on, to be smothered by mussels, or attacked by the starfish, dog whelk, and crab, besides suffering numerous perils from mud and sand. The number that arrive at maturity must therefore be comparatively few. Indeed, it is asserted that not a dozen on an average out of the vast quantity originally given birth to, and which is said to consist of from one to two millions, survive." When we further remember that even if they do survive they have no other prospect than that of being sprinkled with pepper and vinegar, and swallowed by dozens without reference to age or sex, we at once perceive there is more to admire than envy in the life of an oyster.

The Critical Period of Human Life.

From the age of forty to that of sixty, a man who properly regulates himself may be considered in the prime of life. His matured strength of constitution renders him almost impervious to the attacks of disease, and all his functions are in the highest order. Having gone a year or two past sixty, however, he arrives at a critical period of existence, the river of Death flows before him, and he remains at a stand still. But athwart this river is a viaduct, called 'The Turn of Life," which, if crossed in safety, leads to the valley of "Old Age," round which the river winds, and then flows beyond without a boat or causeway to affect its passage. The bridge is, however, constructed of fragile materials, and it depends upon how it is trodden whether it bends or break. Gout, Apoplexy, and other bad characters are also in the vicinity to waylay the traveler, and thrust him from the pass, but let him gird up his loins, and provide himself with perfect composure. To quote a metaphor, the "Turn of Life" is a turn either into a prolonged walk or into the grave. The system and power, having reached their utmost expansion, now begin either to close like flowers at sunset, or break down at once. One injudicious stimulant, a single fatal excitement, may force it beyond its strength; whilst a careful supply of props, and the withdrawal of all that tends to force a plant, will sustain it in beauty and in vigor until night has nearly set in.

CURIOUS MUSICAL TOYS.—The Jesuit Mounburg makes mention of a golden tree in the possession of the Emperor Theophilus, laden with little artificial birds, which produced a concert similar to the song of nightingales, and thereby astonished all Constantinople. Cornelius Drebble, a Dutch mathematician made a musical machine which wound itself up at sunrise, and played a continuous symphony so long as the rays of the sun fell upon it. Vaucanson, acting on this idea a little later, produced his flute-player, whose renown was no less than the famous duck. The artificial duck, it is well known, plumed itself, quacked, waddled, devoured and even digested food by means of a chemical solution by which the interior of the machine was charged. Every one has heard of Maezel's automaton chess-player. This, however, has ceased to be a mechanical wonder or marvel; it was only an ingenious deception. Maezel's automaton trumpeter was first brought out in Paris in 1808. It was exhibited in this country, together with his chess-player and speaking puppets, about forty yeare ago. The trumpet-playing was very good.

☞ Said an old preacher once, "Fellow sinners, if you were told that by going to the top of those stairs yonder (pointing to a rickety pair at one end of the church,) you might secure your eternal salvation, I really believe hardly any of you would try it. But let any man proclaim that there was five hundred dollars up there for you, and I'll be bound there would be such a getting up stairs as you never did see."

TO PHYSICIANS

—:o:—

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my

PREPARATION
OF
Compound Extract Buchu.

The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.

Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this, (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever in inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of Sixteen Years' Experience.

—:o:—

[From the Largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.]

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia

—:o:—

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, New York.

—:o—

None are Genuine

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

April 30, 1870—y.

READ! READ!!

THE
OLDEST ESTABLISHED
Clothing House
ON THE
EASTERN SHORE.

JOS. A. CATLIN,

After an experience of years, a thorough acquaintance with the City Markets, and a knowledge of the wants of the trade in this locality, offers to the citizens of this, and the adjoining Counties, a complete and carefully selected Stock of Seasonable Clothing.

MEN'S, YOUTH'S and BOY'S
CLOTHING,
of all kinds and at all prices!

Furnishing Goods!
Furnishing Goods!

HATS AND CAPS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND FINISH.

I have secured the assistance of Mr. Wm. J. McFeely, an experienced Salesman, late of Centreville.

☞ DETERMINED, NOT ONLY TO SUSTAIN THE OLD REPUTATION OF THIS HOUSE, BUT TO EXTEND ITS PATRONAGE BY KEEPING, AT REASONABLE PRICES, A STOCK OF GOODS TO MEET THE WANTS OF THE PEOPLE, A CALL AND EXAMINATION OF MY GOGDS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

JOS. A. CATLIN,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

NOTICE.

Cut this out and keep it for Reference.

WHEN YOU VISIT THE CITY GO TO

W. H. RINGGOLD'S,
95 N. Charles Street,
AND BUY ALL YOUR
UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
He can sell them
Cheaper than any one!
And you can
Pay your expenses in your purchases!

☞ DON'T FAIL TO GO: HE HAS THE VERY ARTICLE YOU WANT.

Do not forget the Number!

W. H. RINGGOLD,
95 N. Charles st., 3 doors South of Mulberry.
Baltimore, Sept. 24, 1870.

"RISING SUN" SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Cream, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS.
13-'68. Proprietor

NEW STOCK.

Ladies and gentlemen, young and old;
Youths and maidens, timid and bold;
And children! all call at the store of

Jas. H. Smith,
NEXT DOOR TO T. W. ELIASON & SON,

and examine his Stock of Christmas Goods, embracing in part a fresh and complete

STOCK OF CANDIES,
French, Medium and cheaper grades:
FRUITS;

A large quantity of the best Currants, 500 lbs. best Raisins; Oranges, Apples, Lemons, Prunes, Tamarinds, Dates, and the different

Varieties of Canned Fruits.

Chow-chow; Pickles of every variety;

NUTS
of all kinds;
ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECAN, &c.

Sauces and Jellies; Crackers of all kinds;

FANCY GLASSWARE,
BOTH ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.

Fine assortment of

WAX AND OTHER DOLLS; TOYS; CIGARS & TOBACCO.

My stock has been selected with care; it is fresh and good; and if the citizens of the county will give me a call will soon be sold.

JAMES H. SMITH.
Chestertown, Dec. 11, 1869—tf.



Removal.

J. K. ALDRIDGE has removed to the store room lately occupied by J. F. Howard, opposite the Court House, and is prepared to supply his customers and the public generally with anything in the TIN and STOVE line. His stock of HARDWARE cannot be surpassed in this market. Give him a call. [Jan. 14, 1871.

A Card.

THE report is being industriously circulated, that I have disposed of my entire stock of Peach Trees, which report is incorrect. I have some (25,000) twenty-five thousand good trees yet to dispose of.

N. BARNARD,
Nov. 26; 1870—tf. *Still Pond, Md*

GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS.

NOTICE.

TO ALL LOVERS OF GOOD BRANDIES, WINES, TEAS AND GROCERIES.

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER GREAT inducements to customers, wholesale and retail. Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Green and Black Teas, of choice chops; Coffees—Java, Laguyra, Rio, &c.

English and American Pickles, Capers and Condiments, Olives, Italian Maccaroni and Vermecilla. Frehs Canned Fruits of all kinds; Canned Meats and Fish; Foreign and Domestic Preserves and Jellies. I have on hand a fine stock of

Old Brandies, Wines, Whiskeys, Gin,

which I offer to Hotel keepers at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, and ask a call.

THOMAS M. GREEN.
88 *W. Baltimore Street, near Holiday.*
Sept. 25, 1869—y.

SELLING OFF! Selling Off!!

ANTICIPATING a change in our business, we will sell,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST FOR CASH,

our large and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS & SHOES,

(city-made) cheaper than they can be purchased in any other establishment. People who have but little money should not fail to visit *THE PEOPLE'S STORE.* Now is the time to buy Great Bargains, as we intend to run the entire Stock off at some price!

WE SHALL STICK TO THE
ONE PRICE SYSTEM!

and it will be named on all our articles.

Parties who are indebted and have been repeatedly and politely requested to settle their accounts, long over-due, will have the pleasure of settling with other parties.

To our old friends we return our hearty thanks for their confidence and patronage.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS,
Dec. 11. 1870. *People's Store.*

—:o:—

LARGE STOCK
TO BE CLOSED OUT
FOR CASH!!
AND TO
SHORT TIME
BUYERS!

—:o:—

THE GREATEST BARGAINS ARE
NOW OFFERED AT
W. A. VICKERS'
"PEOPLES POPULAR STORE,"

An examination will insure us large sales, and money will not be such an object to those who want CHEAP GOODS!

Great reduction in Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloths, French, English and American Dry Goods. All Wool Cassimeres, 65 cents to $1.50 per yard; Granadines, 31 cents, reduced to 16⅔ cents per yard. Beautiful lot of Dress Goods, 40 cents, marked down to 25 cents per yard: they are the Cheapest Goods in Town. We will sell the cheapest Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy and White Goods ever offered in this market.

Cheapest Calicoes, Muslins and Sheeting are now offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

Hats & Caps.

The Largest Stock in Kent county, and we have marked them down *At Very Low Prices!*

BOOTS & SHOES.

Home made! Nice Goods for Ladies and Children. Men's cheap Heavy Balmorals, high cut, only $2.25; as cheap as any $300. Shoe we have seen this season. offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

The great reduction in prices of all kinds of Goods, we announce in to-day's paper, is for the want of money. We have heavy demands to meet, and will thank our friends for as early settlements as they can, to enable us to meet our immediate wants. Cash buyers, and punctual paying customers, will find it to their interest to examine the greatest bargains ever offered in Chestertown.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS.

THE Chestertown Transcript

Is published every Saturday, at Chestertown, Kent Count , Md.
Office, Court Street.

E. F. PERKINS, Editor.

Terms of Subscription:

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IF PAID IN ADVANCE. If not paid within three months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be charged.

Advertisements

TEN LINES of Bourgeois (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. One square three months, three Dollars: Six months, five Dollars: One Year, eight Dollars. Fractions of a square will be charged as a square. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates. Yearly and semi-annual advertisments must be paid quarterly. Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered out.

JOB PRINTING.

Having supplied our office with a large varied and beautiful assortment of TYPE FOR JOBS, we are prepared to print

HANDBILLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
SUITABLE FOR
STORES,
TRUSTEES' SALES,
Public Sales,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

☞ Cheap for Cash, and at short notice.

J. A. Catlin's
FARMERS' AND MECHANICS'
CLOTHING
HALL,
Cornor Cross & High streets.

MUST BE SOLD THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
Fall and Winter
CLOTHING,
Regardless of Cost!
To make room for my
EXTENSIVE
SPRING STOCK.

☞ Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Chestertown, Feb. 11, 1871.

CIGARS & CONFECTIONARY.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

RICHARD B. RUSSELL having removed to the Old Stand on High St., below T. B. Hynson's, is now

Manufacturing Cigars

with a view to supplying the store-keepers as CHEAP AS THEY CAN BE BOUGHT IN THE CITY!

Chewing Tobacco of all grades,
both natural and sweet; and also Fine Cut.



A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
Smoking Tobacco,
SNUFF AND PIPES.
A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
CANDIES
AND
FRUITS.

☞ A good smoke or a good chew may always be had at
RICHARD B. RUSSELL'S.
Chestertown, Jan. 8, 1871—tf.

BENJAMIN STRAUSS'
CLOTHING HOUSE,
Cor. of High and Cross sts.,
Chestertown, Md.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND
A FULL SUPPLY OF
Fashionable and seasonable
CLOTHING.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER
OF THE BEST MATERIALS, AND IN CITY STYLE.
Jan. 7, 1871—y.

Pure Spices.

GINGER, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Allspice, Nutmegs, Sage, Mustard, Black and Red Pepper: all can be obtained, ground, at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THERE is no class of remedial agents so extensively or so justly used as Medicated Plasters. The timely use of one of Alcock's or Wells' Strengthening Plasters will prevent much suffering and sickness, especially if predisposed to weak lungs or any affection of the chest or back. They afford great relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, etc. For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Exposition
AT
T. W. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BAZIN'S AND BARNES' MAGNOLIA & FLORIDA WATER, the most agreeable and refreshing of all perfumes for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, or in the bath. Jan. 7.

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