

The Farmers' Column.

For the Chestertown Transcript.

What Shall our Farmers do?

One thing is admitted by all who are interested in tilling the land, and 'tis this: *That Farming, as it is now conducted in the State of Maryland, does not pay.* Go where you will, you will always hear this the burden of the song: Hard times—and farming don't pay.

Well, what is to be done, then? We can't all go to the city and become lawyers, doctors, or merchants—we must stick to our farms, and *make them pay.* If it don't pay to raise wheat and corn, "let them slide," as Banks did the Union, and go into something else. Try grass, and cattle, and milk, and butter, and eggs; if that don't pay or don't suit you, try trucking or gardening—not fancy gardening, but gardening for profit. There is money in some of these—yes, we are assured that there is money in all of them if properly followed, if a man will begin right, and then give it his personal superintendence. If he expects others to do for him what he will not do for himself, while he riots around, he will find himself mistaken, and will soon be seen coming out of the little end of the horn, just as the hollow-horn does when we bore for it with a gimlet. We do not believe that it is profitable to sell two crops in a year, as Sambo said his master did, "hay in the fall and cow-hides in the spring." There is something in this wit of the negro, for we have in Maryland never yet fed our stock nor cared properly for them. The more we feed the better will be our stock; and not only this, the more manure shall we make, and it will be stronger and better than that we now have. Let us, then, care more for our stock and turn our attention more to the making of manure, instead of to the idea of making more manure. It is not so much the quantity as the quality that we so often fail—that we *always* fail to get. We have but to look about us and see our manure when it is applied, and then compare it with that of Pennsylvania farmers, or the Northern men who turn their whole attention to this one branch; give them, or give us, plenty of good strong manure, and we shall have no further trouble about raising crops. This land of our old State can be brought up to any degree of fertility we desire if only we give it good usage and feed it with good nourishing plant-food, that that has been taken from it for so many years. Did any one of our farmers ever pass a German barn-yard when they are hauling out manure? If any of them have, then he was of a certainty convinced within himself of the very great difference between their manutactured manure and ours. Why the whole neighborhood is filled with the strong smell, and the field for days is rather disagreeable to any but a dandy or a farmer to pass by: both of these are so accustomed to and attach so much importance to the plentiful and free scattering abroad of this extract of the pound and the stable as not be disgusted with a thing so grateful because so useful. But enough of manure.

It is useless for us to attempt to raise corn and wheat successfully—that is, at a profit—now, as we have to compete with the new and fertile lands of the great West. There manure is of no use, or at best but little cared for; there labor is abundant and cheap; there we have a people where all work—men, women and children, and country life at least is in a far more primitive style than here in the older States, where there is a different people and far different usages in the manner of living. They can raise grain, sell it so as to go through two or three hands and then be sold in the Baltimore market at our prices, and less. We would starve at this. In the one thing of flour—we can buy the best they manufacture cheaper in Baltimore market, than our home manufactured second grade.

They count their grain by bushels where we count by quarts, and they do not put one third the work that we do upon it.

But our soil was worked hard and exhausted, then left an inheritance to us children, and we have abused it still by the improper use of concentrated manures called fertilizers. They would be better called exhausters. Our idea of guano and other concentrated manure is, that they may all be very well in their place, if we can only restrain ourselves to the proper place. But we think, and all we see only the more confirms our opinions, that they act upon land just as liquors do upon man. If a man is weak we believe that a little wine or strong drink will revive and strengthen him, and then if he only will refrain and take some proper food, he will go on to get well; but if he persists in this strengthening he goes down, for he requires more and more all the time to keep him up where he was; and then let him stop, and relaxation and prostration setting in he is far weaker than he ever was. We put on these manures too strong and too often, and thus it was costly—our crops failed from some cause—and all our money had to go to the city for the fertilizer.

We reduced our grass and stock to make a raise and thus we reduced our bank. In fact, in selling off stock too close a farmer is killing the goose that lays the golden egg. And now, when our habits are more expensive, since the introduction of this intoxicating diet, and our money is all spent to pay for that which has helped to destroy us, and our capital reduced to ward off for a while that which for so long was inevitable, and far too many of us have our farms to buy over again.

But a new field opens to our State. The Fruit crop having been so long doubtful of success, now is an accomplished fact, and that there is money in fruit no one will deny, and we are equal to any in this. Truck pays, and our soil and climate is adapted to this. On the Western Shore all who go into it make fortunes, and the easily accessable water communication with Baltimore makes us able to compete with those Western Shore gardeners. But few in Kent county have to haul more than five miles to a boat, and then the freights and commissions are not so very heavy but what we can make a profit. Baltimore is growing, and her wants constantly becoming more and more, and it is to the Baltimore market that we must turn our eyes for our money, and then if our railroad is completed we shall much more travel, our land will become much more valuable, and we shall have all along the lines, regular depots of deposit, where we can sell our stuff and get the money, and go home. Thus will farming again pay, if we get at it right.

TYRO.

MY WIFE AND I.

A sky of azure, a bit of heaven,
An hour of bliss to mortals given,
A church, a dainty dress by my side,
A solemn service, a kiss—a bride,
Then thronging friends,
A last good-bye;
And so we are married—
My wife and I.

Long hours of rapture, long days of joy,
Time passed unheeded—without alloy,
A tour when everything looks its best,
A river in autumn glory dressed,
No thought of trouble,
No care, nor sigh,
For we are so happy—
My wife and I.

A slow awakening, as from a dream,
A drifting once more into life-work's stream,
A little respite from toil, and then
The world with its hopes and fears again;
But a home and a love
That shall last for aye,
For now we are settled—
My wife and I.

And as hours vanish in time's quick flight,
And our life's fair morning grows to-night,
As carking cares with our pleasures stay,
And our heads are streaked with a silvery gray;
Yet shall love increase
As the days go by;
And we live for each other—
My wife and I.

—*New York Evening Mail.*

About Chinese Women.

Mrs. S. L. Baldwin, the missionary to China, lectured in Philadelphia recently. Of the women in China she said:

The women of China are divided into two classes—the bound-footed, who are the ladies, and the large-footed, who are the common class. The latter carry the burdens, do all the drudging and out-door work, while their husbands do nothing. When a little girl is born the parents think the gods are angry with them, and they hold a consultation whether she shall be allowed to live or not. If she is, when she arrives at the age of four years they hold another consultation whether she shall be a bound-footed or a large-footed woman. If she is chosen to be a bound-footed she is not permitted to do anything, but if otherwise she is to be the family's slave. I have seen a woman with four children strapped to her back and rowing a boat, while her husband laid in the cabin smoking his pipe. Girls have no choice of their husbands; the young girl is sold by her parents at the highest price they can obtain for her. She never sees her husband, nor he her, until they are married. If he choses he can be divorced from her for talking too much; if he becomes poor or gets tired of her, he sells her again. In the coldest weather the large-footed women are not allowed to wear stockings, and can not dress in any other colors than the black and blue. The manner in which they make their feet small is by binding the four toes under the foot, which they keep bound up for about eleven years, when the foot becomes dead. I have frequently walked through streets when the women would brush against my dress so as to see my feet, so they could tell to what class I belonged. I would say to them, "I will show you my feet, but do not pull my clothes, as it is rude." When I would expose my feet to them they would exclaim: "Why, have you no real ladies in America?" And the only way that I could make them believe we had was by telling them that the women read books like the men, which utterly astounded them, as the real Chinese lady is brought up in the utmost ignorance, and they only marry in the rich families, because they know and do so little, and need so much waiting upon that it takes a rich husband to support them. If you ask a chinese woman how many children she has, she will give you only the number of the boys. She has to be asked a second time how many girls she has, as they are thought so little of that in many cases they are killed as soon as born. A large-footed woman told me once that her first child was a little girl, and she described to me how she loved the little one. "My husband went out," she said, "and brought in a tub of water. I begged him to spare its life, but he took the little one and put its head in the water and held it there until it was dead." Her second babe was a daughter, and it was served the same as the first; the third child was a boy; he lived until he was about four years old, then the gods got angry and killed him; "then my husband died, and now if I eat anything that is nice, and if I wear good clothes, my relatives become angry and treat me harshly." Even in our Christian churches in China the women are not allowed in the same room with the men, but are partitioned off in a latice-work room.

THE COLUMN OF THE PLACE VENDOME.—The splendid column in Place Vendome, Paris, which the fanatical communists destroyed on Tuesday last, was one of the principal ornaments of the city. It was erected by the first Napoleon, on the site previously occupied by a statue of Louis XIV., and was intended to commemorate the French campaigns of 1805. It was begun in 1806 and finished in 1810, in imitation of the columns of Trojan and Marcus Aurelius, in Rome. The shaft was of stone, cased on the outside with bronze from the metal of 1,200 pieces of captured Austrain and Russian cannon, and embellished with a series of bas-reliefs representing the victories of the French arms. The figures were eight feet high, and the length of the spiral 890 feet. Rising to an elevation of 143 feet, and surmounted by an imperial figuere, the column was for sixty years a prominent object in Paris, and its artistic beauties were the subject of general admiration. The number of figures represented in the bas-reliefs was 2,000, averaging three feet in hight, and the mass of metal weighed about 360,000 pounds. Its total cost was 1,500,000 francs, net of course including the value of the metal employed. This amount was just the same as was offered for its preservation by a number of wealthy Parisians on the eve of its destruction. The railings around its base have long been covered with wreaths of immortelles, in honor of Napoleon, usually the offerings of old soldiers.

☞ A Northern editor says of a rival editor that "he is inclined to deny the crime of being red-headed. Well, you may call it auburn, or blonde, or anything else, but our impression is that he would be entitled to the first place in any torch-light procession."

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
COMPOUND FLUID
Extract Catawba
GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious Affections, Sick or Nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the finest ingredients. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. The Catawba Grape Pills, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. 50 cents per box.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system scrofula, syphilis, fever sores, ulcers, sore eyes, sore legs, sore mouth, sore head, bronchitis, skin diseases, salt rheum, cankers, runnings from the ear, white swellings, tumors, cancerous affections, nodes, rickets, glandular swellings, night sweats, rash, tetter, humors of all kinds, chronic rheumatism, dyspepsia, and all disases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its blood-purifying properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a clear and healthy color and restores the patient to a state of health and purity. For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of pains and swelling of the bones, ulcerations of the throat and legs, blotches, pimples on the face, erysipelas and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated Fluid Extract Buchu,
THE GREAT DIURETIC,

has cured every case of diabetes in which it has been given, irritation of the neck of the bladder and inflammation of the kidneys, ulceration of the kidneys and bladder, retention of urine, diseases of the prostrate gland, stone in the bladder, culculus, gravel, brick-dust deposit, and mucous or milky discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling, horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, universal lassitude of the nervous system, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55 or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed-wetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is diuretic and blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences of life, impurities of the blood, &c., superseding Copaiva in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in those diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.—In many affections peculiar to ladies the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy—as in chlorosis or retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrus state of the uterus, leuchorrea or whites, sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwifes for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages, attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms.

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Cures Diseases, arising from imprudences, habits of dissipation, etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they have been deceived, and that the Poison has, by the use of powerful astringents, been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. $1.50 per bottle.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of cutaneous affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, indurations of the cutaneous membrane, &c., dispels redness and incipient inflammation, hives, rash, moth patches, dryness of scalp or skin, frost bites, and all purposes for which salves or ointments are used; restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage by possessing qualities which render it a toilet appendage of the most superlative and congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a preservative and refresher of the complexion.

D

Full and explicit directions acompany the medicines.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
Delivered to any address,
Secure from observation.

Only depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, N. Y., or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Beware of Counterfeits. [tap29

READ! READ!!
THE
OLDEST ESTABLISHED
Clothing House
ON THE
EASTERN SHORE.

JOS. A. CATLIN,

After an experience of years, a thorough acquaintance with the City Markets, and a knowledge of the wants of the trade in this locality, offers to the citizens of this, and the adjoining Counties, a complete and carefully selected Stock of Seasonable Clothing.

MEN'S, YOUTH'S and BOY'S CLOTHING,
of all kinds and at all prices!

Furnishing Goods!
Furnishing Goods!

HATS AND CAPS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND FINISH.

I have secured the assistance of Mr. Wm. J. McFeely, an experienced Salesman, late of Centreville.

☞ DETERMINED, NOT ONLY TO SUSTAIN THE OLD REPUTATION OF THIS HOUSE, BUT TO EXTEND ITS PATRONAGE BY KEEPING, AT REASONABLE PRICES, A STOCK OF GOODS TO MEET THE WANTS OF THE PEOPLE, A CALL AND EXAMINATION OF MY GOGDS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

JOS. A. CATLIN,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

LUMBER. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of Scantling, Joists, 4-4 Selects, Picks, Culls, Sheathing & Fence Boards; ½x6, ½x7½ and ¾x9 Siding, rough and dressed: No. 1 heart Shingles, Laths & Pickets.

FLOUR. We offer all grades of this article, by the bbl., from Gambrill's or Duer's Family, down to the cheapest Super, which we offer at $6 per bbl. We make the sale of flour our speciality in trade, and assure our friends that we sell this, for the cash, as cheap as they can buy in the city by the single barrel.

SALT. Both Liverpool Fine and Ground Alum, we are selling at greatly reduced prices,

LIME. By the bbl., or for whitewashing and building purposes: also, Oyster Shell Lime by the cargo, as cheap as can be bought any where and delivered.

We also offer for sale *Fertilizers, Agricultural Implements, Bacon,* &c., at the regular prices. And, as usual, are always ready to manufacture all kinds of Boxes and Berry Crates.

TURNER BROTHERS.
Betterton, April 15, 1871.

"RISING SUN" SALOON,
ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Crem, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS.
15-'68. Prop rietor

NEW STOCK.

Ladies and gentlemen, young and old;
Youths and maidens, timid and bold;
And children! all call at the store of

Jas. H. Smith,
NEXT DOOR TO T. W. ELIASON & SON,

and examine his Stock of Christmas Goods, embracing in part a fresh and complete

STOCK OF CANDIES,
French, Medium and cheaper grades:
FRUITS;

A large quantity of the best Currants, 500 lbs. best Rasins; Oranges, Apples, Lemons, Prunes, Tamarinds, Dates, and the different

Varieties of anned Fruits.
Chow-chow; Pickles of every variety;
NUTS
of all kinds;
ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECAN, &c.
Sauces and Jellies; Crackers of all kinds;
FANCY GLASSWARE,
BOTH ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.
Fine assortment of
WAX AND OTHER DOLLS; TOYS;
CIGARS & TOBACCO.

My stock has been selected with care; it is fresh and good; and if the citizens of the county will give me a call will soon be sold.

JAMES H. SMITH.
Chestertown, Dec. 11, 1869—tf.

A Card.

THE report is being industriously circulated, that I have disposed of my entire stock of Peach Trees, which report is incorrect. I have some (25,000) twenty-five thousand good trees yet to dispose of.

N. BARNARD,
Nov. 26; 1870—tf. *Still Pond, Md*

GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS.

NOTICE.

TO ALL LOVERS OF GOOD BRANDIES, WINES, TEAS AND GROCERIES.

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER GREAT inducements to customers, wholesale and retail. Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Green and Black Teas, of choice chops; Coffees—Java, Laguyra, Rio, &c.

English and American Pickles, Capers and Condiments, Olives, Italian Maccaroni and Vermecilla. Frehs Canned Fruits of all kinds; Canned Meats and Fish; Foreign and Domestic Preserves and Jellies. I have on hand a fine stock of

Old Brandies, Wines, Whiskeys, Gin,

which I offer to Hotel keepers at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, and ask a call.

THOMAS M. GREEN,
88 *W. Baltimore Street, near Holiday.*
Sept. 25, 1869—y.

LUMBER!

AN assortment of **LUMBER** always on hand.

Buyers will find it their interest to call and examine my stock before purchasing.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.
February 25, 1871.

HALL'S VEGETABLE HAIR RENEWER.
CHEVELIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR
MONTGOMERY'S HAIR RESTORER.
STONEBRAKER'S HAIR RESTORER
BURNETT'S KALLISTON.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

FINE POMADES AND HAIR OILS.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

THE CHEAPEST BASKET.

THE MELLISH PEACH BASKET,
For sale at Barnard's Wharf, at 12½ cents.
N. BARNARD.

GREAT OFFER.

CHOICE CIGARS AND CHEWING TOBACCO.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

SELLING OFF!
Selling Off!!

ANTICIPATING a change in our business, we will sell,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST FOR CASH,

our large and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS & SHOES,

(city-made) cheaper than they can be purchased in any other establishment. People who have but little money should not fail to visit *THE PEOPLE'S STORE:* Now is the time to buy Great Bargains, as we intend to run the entire Stock off at some price!

WE SHALL STICK TO THE *ONE PRICE SYSTEM!*

and it will be named on all our articles.

Parties who are indebted and have been repeatedly and politely requested to settle their accounts, long over-due, will have the pleasure of settling with other parties.

To our old friends we return our hearty thanks for their confidence and patronage.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS.
Dec. 11. 1870. *People's Store.*

—:o:—

LARGE STOCK
TO BE CLOSED OUT
FOR CASH!!
AND TO
SHORT TIME
BUYERS!

—:o:—

THE GREATEST BARGAINS ARE *NOW OFFERED AT*

W. A. VICKERS'
"PEOPLES POPULAR STORE,"

An examination will insure us large sales, and money will not be such an object to those who want CHEAP GOODS!

Great reduction in Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloths, French, English and American Dry Goods. All Wool Cassimeres, 65 cents to $1.50 per yard; Granadines, 31 cents, reduced to 16⅔ cents per yard. Beautiful lot of Dress Goods, 40 cents, marked down to 25 cents per yard: they are the Cheapest Goods in Town. We will sell the cheapest Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy and White Goods ever offered in this market.

Cheapest Calicoes, Muslins and Sheeting are now offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

Hats & Caps.

The Largest Stock in Kent county, and we have marked them down *At Very Low Prices!*

BOOTS & SHOES.

Home made! Nice Goods for Ladies and Children. Men's cheap Heavy Balmorals, high cut, only $2.25; as cheap as any $300. Shoe we have seen this season. offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

The great reduction in prices of all kinds of Goods, we announce in to-day's paper, is for the want of money. We have heavy demands to meet, and will thank our friends for as early settlements as they can, to enable us to meet our immediate wants. Cash buyers, and punctual paying customers, will find it to their interest to examine the greatest bargains ever offered in Chestertown.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Call and examine my stock of Tinware, Stoves, Hardware, Woodware, Japanned Ware, Stone Ware, &c., &c., received direct from Importers and Manufacturers, and for sale at SMALL PROFITS.

HARDWARE.

Two, three, and four prong forks, shovels, spades, hoes, rakes, post spades, grain scoops, bramble scythes, briar hooks, trace chains, breast, back and halter chains, brass and iron chain by the yard, carriage, plow and tire bolts by the hundred or dozen, from 15 to 100 cts. per dozen; barrelbolts; tower nicked, flush and shutter bolts, rip and cross cut saws, pruning, meat, back, compass, keyhole, web and wood saws of Diston, Spear, Jackson, and Brown's manufacture; hinge nails, cut, wrought, finishing, clout, fence, and galvanized nails, by the pound or keg; horse shoe nails, tacks, galvanized tacks, carriage tacks, pump & carpet tacks, curry combs, sad irons, augurs, post augurs, Coops, Pugh and Bright lip augur bits, wood and iron braces, iron and steel squares, try squares, rules, guages, framing and firmer chisels, gouges, levels, compasses, compass dividers, hooks and staples, staples, brass screw rings, hand-rail screws, screws from ½ inch to 3 inches; screw drivers, smoothing, jack and fore planes, plane bits, one and two foot rules; tin, iron and plated tea and table spoons; a large assortment of knives and forks, carvers, ivory handle tea and table knives; strap and T hinges, hooks and hinges, Mayer's, Tull & Porter, and Seymor window blind butts, table, parliament and brass hinges, acorn butts, knob locks, plate, pad, rim, dead, trunk, till, wardrabe, chest, drawer, and jail pad locks, hat and coat hooks, thumb latches, door latches, barn door latches, brass and lead spickets, molasses gates, coal oil spickets, tap borers, mill saw, bastard, round, half-round, taper and saw files, horse rasps, monkey wrenches, carpenters' and shoe pincers, round and flat nippers, bed and plate castors, door bells, farm bells, frame and axle pulleys, drawer pulls, shutter and blind fasteners, turn buckles, gimlets, window springs, hooks and eyes, closet latches, sash fasteners, wad cutters, gun worms, heads, tubes and caps, brass and iron buttons, pad, cabinet and door locks, keys, taper files, chest handles, door stops, harness awls and needles, cow bells, coffee mills, axle clips, tea scales, brick, plaster and garden trowels, hatchets, hammers, post axes, hand and broad axes; a large assortment of scissors, razors, brushes, strap with hone, harness hooks, porcelain-head picture nails, copper rivets and burs, punches, porcelain shutter knobs, glue kettles, stew pans, tobacco cutters, pruning knives and shears, saw sets, wagon and cart boxes, &c., &c., &c.

WOOD WARE.

Tubs, buckets, churns, wood bowls, wash boards, well buckets, sugar and coffee boxes, brooms, baskets, p tato mashers, rolling pins, butter prints and paddles, lemon squeezers, safes, dust, scrub, horse, wall, paint & white wash brushes, fork, spade, broom, shovel, awl, saw, chisel, plane, augur, hatchet and ax handles, &c., &c.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.
Chestertown, April 1. 1871.

BENJAMIN STRAUSS'
CLOTHING HOUSE,
Cor. of High and Cross sts.,
Chestertown, Md.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY OF
Fashionable and seasonable
CLOTHING.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER
OF THE BEST MATERIALS, AND IN CITY STYLE.
Jan. 7, 1871—y.

Pure Spices.

GINGER, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Allspice, Nutmegs, Sage, Mustard, Black and Red Pepper: all can be obtained, ground, at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THERE is no class of remedial agents so extensively or so justly used as Medicated Plasters. The timely use of one of Alcock's or Wells' Strengthening Plasters will prevent much suffering and sickness, especially if predisposed to weak lungs or any affection of the chest or back. They afford great relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, etc. For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Exposition
AT
T. W. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BAZIN'S AND BARNES' MAGNOLIA & FLORIDA WATER, the most agreeable and refreshing of all perfumes for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, or in the bath. Jan. 7.

COX, WARDEN & MERRITT
SUCCESSORS TO
Cox & Brown,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Nos. 8 Bowly's Wharf & 72 South St.
Baltimore, Md.
Jan. 16, 1871—y.

For Sale,

At private sale, a pair of good MATCH HORSES, well broken, blood bay, and fine travelers; also, a good pair of *WORK MULES* and several *FRESH COWS.*
March 25, 1871—tf. T. C. KENNARD.

TO THE LADIES.

LAIRD'S BLOOM OF YOUTH, FOR Beautifying and Preserving the Complexion and Skin. Mr. Laird has every confidence in recommending his Bloom of Youth to the Ladies as being the only perfect and reliable Toilet article now in use.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*
January 7, 1871.

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☞ Office in the New Building in Court Street. May 23, 1868.

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