

The Farmers' Column.

Light in Stables.

Light in day-time is essential to the comfort and health of domestic animals, and to none more so than to horses and cattle. A horse, especially, loses spirit when confined in a dark stable day after day, being brought out only perhaps daily to water at a trough in the yard or at a neighboring brook, or to do a half hour's work occasionally, to say nothing of the danger of his incurring blindness by the exposure of his unprotected eyes to the glare of the sun's rays; and if the ground should be covered with snow, the tendency of the sunlight to produce blindness would be considerably increased.

A case in point occurred last spring, in the town of Fishkill, Dutchess county, N. Y. A horse, valued at $2,000, had been kept in a dark stable some nine or ten days, and fed luxuriously. When brought out, and his eyes exposed to the full blaze of the vernal sun, it was soon found that he was blind. The owner who had been previously offered nearly two thousand dollars for him, was then glad of an opportunity to sell him for less than one-twentieth part of that sum.

It seems to us that farmers do not fully appreciate the importance of light in their horse and cow stables. Very few farmers' barns built forty years ago have even a single window. Some of those recently erected have a few, but in a majority of cases they are too small and not inserted where they should be. There should be at least one large window for every two stalls, placed opposite each partition, and the bottom of the sashes should not be lower than six feet from the stable floor, so that when opened or raised in mild weather the air may not blow upon the animals.

Fall, winter and spring storms of rain, snow and sleet do not unfrequently last two days and somtimes three. No humane, prudent farmer would leave so important and valuable domestic stock as horses and cattle exposed to such storms during the day or night, and if his stables are well lighted, dry, comfortable, and sufficiently ventilated, his stock will endure the confinement cheerfully, and with no desire to be out doors.

In a climate so changeable as ours the proper care and stabling of domestic animals are of more importance to their health and thrift than a large number of farmers seem practically to admit.—*Hearth and Home.*

—:o:—

Preparing Dried Fruits for Market.

The following directions for selecting, curing, packing and shipping dried fruits for market, will be found useful to all who desire to obtain the best prices:

Dried apples—select sound fruit, not too ripe. Be careful to prepare them clean. Let there be no specks of the skin on any part, and, above all, be sure they are well cured. Dried apples coming to market with specks of skin, or cores and seeds still on, never meet ready sales at market price. "Sliced" apples always pay for additional trouble, but where this is not done, let the above, as to cleanliness, be observed. This done, and dried of a bright color, they will sell readily for good prices.

Dried cherries, with seeds in, always sell. They should be carefully picked when ripe, thoroughly dried, and kept as clean as possible. "Seedless" cherries belong to the most fancy of domestic dried fruit, and always find a ready market at good prices. They require to be carefully dried without being burned, and packed in their natural state. If mixed with molasses, or "doctored" in any way, it is detected at once, and they have to be sold at very reduced prices.

Dried plums should be handled in the same manner as cherries.

Dried blackberries have recently become quite a staple, and in many sections the best paying crop that grows. When ripe they should be nicely dried (not burned) before packing. If packed before thoroughly dried, they breed worms, become mouldy, and lead to general dissatisfaction.

Dried raspberries always bring a better price than blackberries, and should be handled the same way.

Quinces and pears, cut fine, thoroughly peeled and cored nice, bring very fair prices.

Never mix different qualities in the same package, as it is always discovered, and the price will be based upon the poorest quality in the package. Barrels are preferable for shipping; and place a distinguishing mark upon each package of the different grades. Let all barrels be correctly tared on the side as well as the head. Follow these directions, and the fruit will class with the best grades, and the increased price will amply repay the trouble. Mark plain directions on every package, name of article, weight, tare of count, and forward invoice of what, how, and when shipments are made.

What It Costs.

Commissioner WELLS, who has been gathering facts and statistics concerning drinking and its consequences, furnishes the following:

Six hundred thousand common drunkards in the United States; $1,500,000,000 spent every year in intoxicating drinks; 2,000,000 people, including women and children, involved in misery by the habitual use of alcoholic liquor, as a beverage, every year; 200,000 paupers made every year by drunkenness; 400 suicides of drunkards every year; 300 murders every year by drunkards; 200,000 orphans made every year by drunkenness of parents; 100,000 people yearly sent to drunkards' graves; 100,000 drunkards sent to prison every year; 130,000 licensed dram shops; 390,000 persons employed in preventing crime caused by them every year; $1,573,481,816 paid every year for intoxicating drinks at dram-shops.

"Mamma," said an intelligent little girl, "what is the meaning of a book being printed in 12mo?" "Why, my dear," replied the mother, "it means that the book will be published in twelve months."

From Oliver Optic's Magazine.

A Recipe for Yeast.

RECAPITULATED.

Take four potatoes, wash and skin,
Then wash again, and drop them in
To boiling water, or by steam
Affect their tissues, till they seem
A pulpy mass; then smoothly mash,
Just as you would for codfish hash.
Of hops a handful take, and pour
A pint of boiling water o'er,
And boil then gently half an hour;
They'll keep your yeast from turning sour.
Then add of sugar half a cup,
Ditto of salt, and stir it up;
Then strain your hops at once into it,
And then, successfully to brew it,
(Of course, it's in an earthen pot,)
Add water cold and water hot;
Pour in two cups of yeast quite soon,
Then agitate it with a spoon;
Cover, and keep it warm a spell;
And soon you'll see it rise and swell;
Listening, you'll hear it sweetly sing
Just like a bird upon the wing;
See bubbles on its surface rise,
And break before your watchful eyes.
The care and labor you've bestowed
Result in yeast made *a la mode.*
Bottle it off, and keep it cool;
Thus ends this never-failing rule.
You'll plainly see, for you've taught school,
That anybody but a fool
Can always have good yeast *to lend,*
In urgent cases, to a friend,—
Good yeast, that fresh and sweet will keep,
While others over failures weep;
And, questionless, good bread will follow,—
Bread an epicure might swallow,
Such may *you* eat with thankful lip,
And 'scape *Dyspepsia's* cruel grip,
And *Indigestion's* horrors fend.
Thus wishing, I remain,

Your friend.

Secrets of the Circus.

A Chicago reporter has penetrated behind that mysterious curtain whence all the splendors and wonders of the circus issue, and thus sets down what he discovered. The dressing-room was occupied by a dozen or fifteen performers in the operation of preparing for their respective acts. Some were naked, and upon their bodies, in every conceivable place, appeared formidable bandages and plasters. They were from strains and bruises, of which every one had his share at that. One of these gentlemen, a well known bare-back and four-horse rider, while in the act of putting on a pair of elastic knee-caps, to strengthen his knees, explained that the most serious strain resulting from riding and tumbling came upon the kidneys, which were often badly injured. The breast was also strained at times, though not so frequently. Such trival matters as shoulder and ankle sprains were continually occurring and unworthy of notice. Heaps of porous plasters and quantities of glycerine, enough to stock an apothecary shop, were used by a circus company in one season. There are at present, he said forty traveling circuses in the United States, involving a capital of several millions, and affording employment for several thousand people, most of them trained to it as a trade. The complete outfit of a first-class circus includes all the necessaries for the foundation of a colony. The number of people employed is generally about 100. From 100 to 150 animals make up the complement of live stock when there is no menagerie attached.

Traveling companies lay out their campaigns with all the care that an army takes in preparing for a long march. The minutest details, which would be entirely overlooked by an inexperienced person, are arranged with the utmost precision. Even the arrangements for feeding and watering the stock are made with a wonderful nicety. The tour of a circus during six months, extending over thousands of miles, is sometimes made with little deviation from the plan laid out before the start.

Before starting, each individual has an opportunity to eat what is called breakfast. He then gets on the most convenient wagon, generally knowing by experience the most comfortable loads for sleeping purposes, as the only time which the circus man gets for indulging in the balmy, is while the caravan is on a move.

The clown of to-day is generally an old performer, who having matured in the circus business, has adopted this easier branch of the trade. His jokes are carefully prepared by another and committed to memory, and his very antics are but the ghastly spectres of his past agility. The salary of a circus performer is about equal to that of an actor, although it is larger per week during the season, which is generally thirty weeks. Stars get sometimes as high as $150, but of course this is exceptional. The average of riders and acrobats is $40 per week. Clowns get an average of $50. The drivers of eight, six and four horses receive from $30 to $50 a month, and the less important of the assistants in all the departments, from $15 to $30 a month.

ANECDOTE OF CALHOUN.—The following anecdote of John C. Calhoun is told by William Schouler, on the authority of the late Hon. Abbott Lawrence: "Some time before 1840, Mr. Calhoun wrote to Mr. Lawrence, that he had been adding to his landed estates, and would like to obtain a loan of $10,000 or $15,000 in Boston, where money was more plenty than in South Carolina and the rate of interest not so high, for the payment of which he would give his notes and a mortgage upon his estate, which would be ample security. Mr. Lawrence said he consulted Mr. Nathan Appleton and one or two other wealthy citizens of Boston upon the subject, and it was agreed to raise the money for him and take no security for the payment but his own note. Mr. Lawrence informed Mr. Calhoun of the arrangement which he had made, and expressed his gratification that it was in the power of himself and a few of his friends to do a kindness to one so distinguished, whose life had been devoted to the service of his country. Mr. Calhoun immediately wrote back, declining the offer, and withdrawing his original request. He said it did not agree with his sense of propriety to accept a loan on such terms; that in the discharge of his public duties he did not wish to be embarrassed by a sense of obligation to any one."

An anecdote is told of a learned barrister once quoting some Latin verses to a brother "wag," who did not appear to understand them. "Dont you know the lines?" said he; "they are Martial." "Marshall," replied his friend, "Marshall—Oh! I know—the Marshall who wrote on *underwriting*"—(Marshall on Insurance.) When this anecdote was related to a certain judge, he is reported to have said, "Why, after all, there is not much difference between an *underwriter* and a *minorpoet.*"

☞ The man who "couldn't find his match" went to bed in the dark.

Peninsular Machine Works,



MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Take Notice.

PENNINGTON BROS.

HAVE the exclusive right of New Castle and Kent counties, Del., and Kent and Cecil counties, Md., to make and attach the Drop-Delivery to old Reapers. We invite the farmers to call and see our

Improved Reaper for 1871,

WITH DROP-DELIVERY,

which we offer for LESS money and warrant them superior to any other Reaper introduced here,

FOR SIMPLICITY, STRENGTH AND DURABILITY,

And equal for Lightness of Draft.

PENNINGTON BROS.

Middletown, April 22—2m.

WOOD'S
Reaping and Mowing Machines
FOR THE HARVEST OF 1871.

W. A. WOOD'S SELF-RAKE REAPING and MOWING MACHINES are so well known that they need none of the *puffing and blowing* so common now-a-days by venders of machinery. They have a reputation which places them at once among the BEST of FIRST-CLASS MACHINES, and are sold by the undersigned, Sole Agents for Maryland and District of Columbia and in portions of Virginia, at the following

Reduced Prices:

5 feet 6 inch Self-Rake Reapers	$150
6 feet Self-Rake Reapers	160
5 feet 6 inch Self-Rake Reapers, with Mowing Attachment	190
6 feet Self-Rake Reapers, with Mowing Attachment	200
4 feet Joint Bar Mower	110
4 feet 3 inch Joint Bar Mower	115
4 feet 6 inch Joint Bar Mower	125

TERMS.—A deduction of $5 will be made on each machine if cash is paid on delivery. Purchasers may be accommodated with time by giving satisfactory paper, with interest, payable at bank.

All kind of Implements and Machinery

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Send for Descriptive Circulars of REAPERS and MOWERS, HORSE-POWERS, THRESHERS, HORSE RAKES, &c., &c.

THOMAS NORRIS & SON,
No. 141 Pratt street,
May 6—tJe20 *Baltimore, Md.*

NOTICE.

I HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE, *FLOUR,* by the barrel and retail, *CORN, MEAL, CHOPS, FEED, &c., LIME,* by the small quantity or barrel, BACON, BROOMS, &c.

W. BACCHUS.

Chestertown, April 15, 1871.

THE EUREKA
FANNING MILL.
The Greatest Invention
OF THE 19th CENTURY!

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

THE attention of Farmers and Mechanics is particularly directed to the combined economy, utility and practicability of the Eureka Mill, and to the many other advantages it possesses over every other Fanning Mill which has been introduced to the public. It is the fruit of long and patient investigation by the inventor, who has made it his constant study for over twenty years. He has secured several patents for Mills, and has always been rewarded with the best of success. But not feeling satisfied with his former attainments, he determined to reach the climax, and he now believes that his new invention will warrant him in exclaiming in the joy of his heart, like the philosopher, Phythagoras, EUREKA, signifying in the Grecian language, "I have found it." This has given the name to this new Mill.

In this Mill are all the former improvements, to which have been added several more, adding still greater advantages than were at first anticipated, or even thought possible by the inventor himself. It embraces the three great essentials necessary in every invention.

It combines Utility, Economy and Practicability!

THE EUREKA MILL

Is small and lighter, and is capable of doing more and better work in a given time than any other Mill ever invented. It is the only Mill that will successfully remove from wheat such pests as Cockle, Garlic, Oats, Rye, &c.

Should an extra quality of grain for seed or gristing purposes be required, it can be so arranged as to catch in one box perfect grain, and in the other, grain fit for market or mill. Here is made a great saving usually lost sight of; for nearly one-quarter of the grain cleaned in the common Mills is lost when sown, on account of shrunken kernels and inferior grain. The Eureka Mill saves all this, and gives seed every kernel of which will grow when put into the ground, and this saving will, in a short time, pay for the Mill.

HINES & BURCHINAL,
Chestertown, Md.,

Owners of the Mill, are having them manufactured at the Sash Factory and Planing Mill of NOLAND & Co., Port Deposit, Md., which is a guarantee they will be put up in the very best manner.

June 17, 1871—tf.

GALENA FEMALE SEMINARY,
BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL,
GALENA, KENT CO., MD.

E. L. Benny, Principal.

THE Third Semi-Annual Term of the above Institution will begin on the 21st of February. For terms, or other particulars, apply to the Principal. Feb. 18—tf.

NEW GOODS.
June 10th, 1871.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.,
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, HARDWARE,

LADIES, MISSES, CHILDRENS', INFANTS', GENTS AND BOYS'
PLAIN and FANCY BOOTS & SHOES,
FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW OIL CLOTH CURTAINS, MATTINGS, &c.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.,

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore markets a large assortment of the above Goods, purchased at the lowest net cash prices, and offered for sale at a moderate advance upon cost.

He respectfully invites the attention of his customers and the public generally to his stock of Goods. [June 10, 1871.

NOTICE.
Cut this out and keep it for Reference.

WHEN YOU VISIT THE CITY GO TO

W. H. RINGGOLD'S,
95 N. Charles Street,
AND BUY ALL YOUR
UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

He can sell them
Cheaper than any one!
And you can
Pay your expenses in your purchases!

☞ DON'T FAIL TO GO: HE HAS THE VERY ARTICLE YOU WANT.

Do not forget the Number!

W. H. RINGGOLD,
95 N. Charles st., 3 doors South of Mulberry.
Baltimore, Sept. 24, 1870.

C. F. STAM & BRO.

HAVE just received, and are selling for Cash, the following articles:

FISHING TACKLE,
for both Bay and River.

Blue Lick, Congress, Kissengen, Vichy, and White Sulphur Spring Waters.

NEATS FOOT, TANNERS, WHALE, *AND LUBRICATING OILS.*

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

LONGFELLOW'S
Poets and Poetry of Europe,
a complete translation of European Poetry, and history of Poets: it is the only work of the kind now published.

LIVINGSTON'S
Travels and Researches in Africa:
Poetry of Flowers and Flowers of Poetry;
HIRAM WOODRUFF'S
TROTTING HORSE OF AMERICA:
1 Catholic Family Bible, Episcopal Prayer Books, bound in Turkey Morocco; Methodist Episcopal and Methodist Protestant Hymn Books, &c.

The Public will do well to call and examine our stock. Respectfully,
C. F. STAM & BRO.
Chestertown, June 17, 1871.

A NOVELTY PRESS,

FOR printing Cards, Bill-heads, Circulars, &c., the largest size made, cost $50, is good as new, and does good work, will be sold for $30. Apply at the TRANSCRIPT OFFICE. June 3, 1871.

LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT!
Combination Burning Fluid,

THE CHEAPEST, SAFEST, AND BEST article, for illuminating purposes, ever offered to this community.

Only 25 cents per Gallon, retail:
Wholesale, 20 cts. per gallon.

E. F. PERKINS, ESQ., has been using the above named oil for some months, and allows me to use his name as a reference.

Having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell this oil in Kent county, parties may rely upon being always able to obtain it from me, either wholesale or retail.

Groceries, Meats, Lard, &c.

A good assortment of all kinds of Groceries, Meats, Lard, &c., of good quality, and for sale very low. Don't forget the place:

H. O. PAYNE'S OIL STORE,
Queen street, near the pump.

☞ *All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for Cash or Trade.*
Chestertown, March 19, 1870—y.

LUMBER,
For Sale at Buck Neck Wharf.
Nov. 20, 1869. J. BELL & BRO

ATTENTION.

THURSTON'S
PEARL TOOTH POWDER
Whitens the teeth, strengthens the gums, purifies the breath, and is the most perfect Tooth Powder made. For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Removal.

SAMUEL C. GLEAVES

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public generally that he has removed to the

Corner Store, up town,

formerly occupied by Mr. ames W. Phillips, and has now in store, and will keep constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of

GROCERIES, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, &C
GOOD TOBACCO AND SEGARS.
I have also a full assortment of
LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.
FLOUR, MEAL AND FEED,
of all kinds, on hand.

☞ Please call and examine my stock of Goods.

SAMUEL C. GLEAVES.
Chestertown, Sept. 11, 1870—y.

SELLING OFF!
Selling Off!!

ANTICIPATING a change in our business, we will sell,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST FOR CASH,

our large and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS & SHOES,

(city-made) cheaper than they can be purchased in any other establishment. People who have but little money should not fail to visit *THE PEOPLE'S STORE.* Now is the time to buy Great Bargains, as we intend to run the entire Stock off at some price!

WE SHALL STICK TO THE
ONE PRICE SYSTEM!
and it will be named on all our articles.

Parties who are indebted and have been repeatedly and politely requested to settle their accounts, long over-due, will have the pleasure of settling with other parties.

To our old friends we return our hearty thanks for their confidence and patronage.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS,
Dec. 11. 1870. *People's Store.*

—:o:—

LARGE STOCK
TO BE CLOSED OUT
FOR CASH!!
AND TO
SHORT TIME
BUYERS!

—:o:—

THE GREATEST BARGAINS ARE
NOW OFFERED AT
W. A. VICKERS'
"PEOPLES POPULAR STORE,"

An examination will insure us large sales, and money will not be such an object to those who want CHEAP GOODS!

Great reduction in Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloths, French, English and American Dry Goods. All Wool Cassimeres, 65 cents to $1.50 per yard; Granadines, 31 cents, reduced to 16⅔ cents per yard. Beautiful lot of Dress Goods, 40 cents, marked down to 25 cents per yard: they are the Cheapest Goods in Town. We will sell the cheapest Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy and White Goods ever offered in this market.

Cheapest Calicoes, Muslins and Sheeting are now offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

Hats & Caps.

The Largest Stock in Kent county, and we have marked them down *At Very Low Prices!*

BOOTS & SHOES.

Home made! Nice Goods for Ladies and Children. Men's cheap Heavy Balmorals, high cut, only $2.25; as cheap as any $300. Shoe we have seen this season. offered by *Wm. A. Vickers.*

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

The great reduction in prices of all kinds of Goods, we announce in to-day's paper, is for the want of money. We have heavy demands to meet, and will thank our friends for as early settlements as they can, to enable us to meet our immediate wants. Cash buyers, and punctual paying customers, will find it to their interest to examine the greatest bargains ever offered in Chestertown.

Respectfully,
WM. A. VICKERS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Call and examine my stock of Tinware, Stoves, Hardware, Woodware, Jappanned Ware, Stone Ware, &c., &c., received direct from Importers and Manufacturers, and for sale at SMALL PROFITS.

HARDWARE.

Two, three, and four prong forks, shovels, spades, hoes, rakes, post spades, grain scoops, bramble scythes, briar hooks, trace chains, breast, back and halter chains, brass and iron chain by the yard, carriage, plow and tire bolts by the hundred or dozen, from 15 to 100 cts. per dozen; barrelbolts; tower nickel, flush and shutter bolts, rip and cross cut saws, pruning, meat, back, compass, keyhole, web and wood saws of Diston, Spear, Jackson, and Brown's manufacture; hinge nails, cut, wrought, finishing, clout, fence, and galvanized nails, by the pound or keg; horse shoe nails, tacks, galvanized tacks, carriage tacks, pump & carpet tacks, curry combs, sad irons, augurs, post augurs, Coops, Pugh and Bright lip augur bits, wood and iron braces, iron and steel squares, try squares, rules, guages, framing and firmer chisels, gouges, levels, compasses, compass dividers, hooks and staples, staples, brass screw rings, hand-rail screws, screws from ½ inch to 3 inches; screw drivers, smoothing, jack and fore planes, plane bits, one and two foot rules; tin, iron and plated tea and table spoons; a large assortment of knives and forks, carvers, ivory handle tea and table knives; strap and T hinges, hooks and hinges, Mayer's, Tull & Porter, and Seymor window blind butts, table, parliament and brass hinges, acorn butts, knob locks, plate, pad, rim, dead, trunk, till, wardrobe, chest, drawer, and jail pad locks, hat and coat hooks, thumb latches, door latches, barn door latches, brass and lead spickets, molasses gates, coal oil spickets, tap borers, mill saw, bastard, round, half-round, taper and saw files, horse rasps, monkey wrenches, carpenters' and shoe pincers, round and flat nippers, bed and plate castors, door bells, farm bells, frame and axle pulleys, drawer pulls, shutter and blind fasteners, turn buckles, gimlets, window springs, hooks and eyes, closet latches, sash fasteners, wad cutters, gun worms, heads, tubes and caps, brass and iron buttons, pad, cabinet and door locks, keys, taper files, chest handles, door stops, harness awls and needles, cow bells, coffee mills, axle clips, tea scales, brick, plaster and garden trowels, hatchets, hammers, post axes, hand and broad axes; a large assortment of scissors, razors, brushes, strap with hone, harness hooks, porcelain-head picture nails, copper rivets and burs, punches, porcelain shutter knobs, glue kettles, stew pans, tobacco cutters, pruning knives and shears, saw sets, wagon and cart boxes, &c., &c., &c.

WOOD WARE.

Tubs, buckets, churns, wood bowls, wash boards, well buckets, sugar and coffee boxes, brooms, baskets, potato mashers, rolling pins, butter prints and paddles, lemon squeezers, safes, dust, scrub, horse, wall, paint & white wash brushes, fork, spade, broom, shovel, awl, saw, chisel, plane, augur, hatchet and ax handles, &c., &c.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.
Chestertown, April 1, 1871.

BENJAMIN STRAUSS'
CLOTHING HOUSE,
Cor. of High and Cross sts.,
Chestertown, Md.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY OF
Fashionable and seasonable
CLOTHING.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER
OF THE BEST MATERIALS, AND IN CITY STYLE.
Jan. 7, 1871—y.

Pure Spices.

GINGER, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Allspice, Nutmegs, Sage, Mustard, Black and Red Pepper: all can be obtained, ground, at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THERE is no class of remedial agents so extensively or so justly used as Medicated Plasters. The timely use of one of Alcock's or Wells' Strengthening Plasters will prevent much suffering and sickness, especially if predisposed to weak lungs or any affection of the chest or back. They afford great relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, etc. For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Exposition
AT
T. W. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BAZIN'S AND BARNES' MAGNOLIA & FLORIDA WATER, the most agreeable and refreshing of all perfumes for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, or in the bath. Jan. 7.

COX, WARDEN & MERRITT
SUCCESSORS TO
Cox & Brown,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Nos. 8 Bowly's Wharf & 72 South St.
Baltimore, Md.
Jan. 16, 1871—y.

For Sale,

At private sale, a pair of good MATCH HORSES, well broken, blood bay, and fine travelers; also, a good pair of *WORK MULES* and several *FRESH COWS.*
March 25, 1871—tf. T. C. KENNARD.

TO THE LADIES.

LAIRD'S BLOOM OF YOUTH, FOR Beautifying and Preserving the Complexion and Skin. Mr. Laird has every confidence in recommending his Bloom of Youth to the Ladies as being the only perfect and reliable Toilet article now in use.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*
January 7, 1871.

CARD.

E. F. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. Particular attention given to the collection of claims and the sale of Real Estate.

☞ Office in the New Building in Court Street. May 23, 1863.

THE
Chestertown Transcript
Is published every Saturday, at Chestertown, Kent County, Md.
Office, Court Street.

E. F. PERKINS, Editor.

Terms of Subscription:

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IF PAID IN ADVANCE. If not paid within three months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be charged.

Advertising.

TEN LINES of Bourgeois (or equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. One square three months, three Dollars: Six months, five Dollars: One Year, eight Dollars. Fractions of a square will be charged as a square. Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates. Yearly and semi-annual advertisments must be paid quarterly. Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered out.

JOB PRINTING.

Having supplied our office with a large varied and beautiful assortment of TYPE FOR JOBS, we are prepared to print

HANDBILLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
SUITABLE FOR
STORES,
TRUSTEES' SALES,
Public Sales,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,
☞ Cheap for Cash, and at short notice. ☜

NOTICE.

JOHN P. RINGGOLD, in consequence of extending the Fountain Hotel, has REMOVED his *HOSIERY AND UNDERGARMENT STOCK* from 175 West Baltimore Street, to
No. 18 N. CHARLES St., near Fayette.

New Scarfs for Ladies.
BALBRIGGAN HOSIERY.
OPEN WORK HOSIERY.
LACE & LISLE THREAD HOSIERY
PURE SILK HOSIERY.
MISSES' SILK HOSIERY.
☞ *We are determined to sell cheap.*
RINGGOLD'S HOSIERY BAZAR,
18 North Charles street.

RINGGOLD'S BAZAR,
18 North Charles St.,
NEAR FAYETTE.
MISSES' MERINO SHIRTS 37½ cts.
BOYS' MERINO SHIRTS 50 cents.
Large stock of Ladies thin UNDERWEAR from auction, cheap.
Don't fail to see our FANCY HOSE, the largest assortment in the city.
Cartwright & Warner's UNDERGARMENTS, all qualities, and cheap.
Baltimore, May 6, 1871.

250 Sets Cultivator Teeth.
250 Sets Cultivator Teeth.

WE offer to the farmers of Kent and the adjoining counties our well known Cultivator Teeth, which have been used for some years with entire satisfaction. They have stood the test, and are considered far superior to the old three-cornered teeth. Their regular crook from the frame to the point makes them draw to the ground and run deep, while they run close to the plant without covering it up. They are made of the best steel, and can be bought as cheap here as elsewhere, having reduced the price on them as on the rest of our work.



WE DO BLACKSMITHING
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Carriage & Machine Smithing,
REPAIRING REAPERS
And MACHINES OF ALL KINDS.
WHEELWRIGHTING
Done at Reduced Prices, and
WITH SEASONED LUMBER.
FARM, PEACH AND EXPRESS WAGONS, AND DEARBORNS,
MADE TO ORDER.
Every thing needful for the farm.
☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to.
CHAPMAN & LAMBERT,
April 29, 1871. Chestertown, Md.

Natural Mineral Waters
For the Debilitated.

VICHY,
KISSENGEN,
CONGRESS,
AND OTHER WATERS.
For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Something Wonderful!

READ'S Sore Throat and Catarrh Powder is the most wonderful article I ever heard of, for sore throat almost vanishes at its touch.—Rev. J. Foley, Balt For sale at
Jan. 7. *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

GENUINE EXTRACTS
FOR FLAVORING.
VANILLA,
LEMON,
ALMOND,
AND OTHER EXTRACTS.
For sale at *WICKES' DRUG STORE.*

Medical Card.

DR. T. S. BOLTON having located in Chestertown, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

He may be found during business hours, (when not professionally engaged,) at Mr. T. S. Wickes' Drug Store.
Chestertown, Feb. 4, 1871—tf.

BOOKS.—The subscriber is prepared to furnish any Book at publisher's price. Also, Catalogues furnished when selections are wanted to be made. Orders left at Mr. L. S. Fowler's store will receive prompt attention. WM. S. STAM,
April 8. Chestertown,

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