LOCAL MATTERS.

The Orphans' Court.

Present, Jas. Beck, of Geo., Thos. Lusby, and William Stevens.

In addition to sundry claims passed

A. L. Vannort, adm'r. of Jos. Walraven, returned an inventory of personal estate of said deceased, which was ordered to be recorded, and an order of sale of same obtained.

Letters of administration were granted on the personal estate of George W. Thomas, to Hyland P. Smith, with W. F. Baker and N. G. Westcott as sureties. Robert L. Usilton and Samuel S. Pearson were appointed to appraise said estate, and the usual notice to creditors ordered.

Letters of administration on the personal estate of L. M Strong were granted to Angelina A. Strong and C. H. Baker, with Thomas Baker and Horatio Beck as sureties. Benj. F. Beck and Jeremiah Nicols were appointed to appraise said estate, and the usual notice to creditors ordered.

Araminta M. Gooding, guardian to A. M. Gooding, passed guardian account for 1870. Ordered to be recorded.

Lewin Usilton, adm'r. of Henry E. Taylor, returned his first and final administration account: ordered to be recorded. The release of Sarah A. Taylor to Lewin Usilton, adm'r. of H. E. Taylor, was received and ordered to be recorded.

Lewin Usilton was appointed guardian to Peter Taylor, with Wm. Lamb and Wm. B. Usilton as sureties.

County Commissioners:

Present—Thos. P. Dixon and Stevenson Constable.

The report of R. W. Jones, R. L. Nicols and John Boyer, examiners appointed to lay down a private road for the use of George H. Willson, through the lands of A. P. Sharp, Patrick Murray and Morris Ascher, was accepted and approved, on condition that Capt. George H. Willson pay all damages and expenses connected with opening and laying down said road.

Washington College.

Scholarships for three and five years tuition in this institution can now be purchased for fifty and seventy-five dollars.

These terms are very liberal indeed, and we hope and expect that those having sons to educate will avail themselves of the excellent opportunity thus offered, and that the number of students during the coming session will be largely increased. Session commences first Wednesday in October. Catalogues can be obtained on application to J. T. CARLILE, Vice Principal.

Letter from Galena.

Mr. Editor—On the main street in Galena, at the beautiful new school house, on Thursday the 18th of August, 1871, it was our pleasure to attend Tableaux, gotten up by young ladies of Galena and pupils of Galena Seminary. It would be impossible to particularize fully, but I will endeavor to condense an item or two, for your readers.

At eight o'clock the doors were opened and we were entertained with vocal and instrumental music. The Tableaux were excellent. "The Croquet," by the school, was admirably executed. In the "Wedding," if the "I will" had been spoken more distinctly, it would have given infinite satisfaction to the groom. The "Changed Cross," by Miss Ella Crouch, was received with marked approbation. "Offering of Incense," personated by Miss Lucy Miller, was a model of beauty: dressed all in white, she just stops to offer up her evening prayer. The evening shadows seemed, indeed, of peace to tell, and as a sweet smile o'erspread her face the curtains were drawn. The music, by Miss Price of Va., was a grand success.

The Principal of Galena Female Seminary is just the right person in the right place. Happy are we to have her in our midst. Parents wishing to educate their daughters, would do well to call during vacation at Galena Seminary. The situation is in a retired part of the town. There is a selected Library of about two thousand volumes, Painting Hall containing thirty-five copies for those taking lessons. Once a month, the teachers with the pupils assemble in the parlor for the execution of original pieces of music. Such a circle will afford the pupils the attractions of a home. We hope soon to see the bright smiles of our young friends at the school house. P.

The writer of the above appears to be one of the pupils. We have this time violated our rule in giving an anonymous communication, but in the future shall require P.'s name in full and in truth.—*Ed.*

☞ The New York *Herald* of Sunday last contains what purports to be a secret circular addressed to the Democrats North and South, pretending to show how "the "lost cause" may be regained, and to describe the movements on foot to bring about a separation of the two sections by conceding the independence of the South. The *Herald* credits this manifesto to an unknown body of conspirators, which it styles the "Southern Association." It claims that this association has its headquarters in New York, and has the audacity to say that the pamphlet in question was prepared by one of the most distinguished of Georgia's statesmen, and to hint that the author of it is the Hon, ALEXANDER. H. STEPHENS.

The manifesto bears internal evidence of being concocted by the Radicals for the purpose of creating a division in the Democratic ranks and to excite in moderate Republicans fresh fears of an attempt to bring about a disruption of the Union. Even General GRANT is dragged in as authority for saying that "he feared another war with "the South, and hence his great desire for "peace with England."

We denounce this so-called manifesto as a palpable forgery. Even the *Herald*, with all its hardihood, and all its unscrupulous advocacy of General GRANT and the Radical faction, does not dare to say than the document is otherwise than supurious. In its editorial remarks, it styles it "strictly confidential," and then goes an to say, "and this is all we "know about it." We doubt the truth of the *Herald's* statement. If it was not written in the *Herald* office it evidently comes from a source known to the *Herald* and in the interest of the Radicals. It is just such a contemptible trick as the *Herald* would be most likely to lend itself to, and the very fact that towards the close of its comments, and after it has declared that the manifesto "demolishes the "Democratic "party at the South," and that it revives the "issues of the war in a new shape, and gives "color to what General GRANT lately said to "our"—the *Herald's*—correspondent at Long "Branch," it asks the question: "But may "not this pamphlet be a Republican counterfeit?" adding hypocritically, "we hope "so, but we fear not," and then insinuates "that it "has all the ear-marks of a South-"ern manifesto and doubtless speaks the "sentiments and purpose of a large body of "Southern men."

So then it comes to this, that if it be not a genuine Southern document it ought to be because it reflects, as the *Herald* most gratuitously assumes, the sentiments of Southern men. Words are first put into their mouths, and designs are imputed to them, and these words, and these designs, we are to recognize as theirs, on the ground that whether they be theirs, or not, they are in consonance with their sentiments.

For fair, manly dealing in a political opponent we have every respect; but this sneaking, insidious method of forging documents and putting them in circulation as genuine, we hold in utter abhorrence. And this document, the *Herald* tells us, is even now in course of distribution to all known friends of the "lost cause" North, South, East and West. We think it quite probable that the political knaves who got it up will take especial pains to circulate it; but if the friends of the "lost cause," or the friends of the Union, accept it as a fact that there is a conspiracy among the Democrats, either South or North, to bring about a separation of the Union, or to undertake, in any way, to promote the separate independence of the South, the fittest place for such men would be a lunatic asylum.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

☞ A few years ago there was an outcery in London against the indiscriminate sale by hosiers of socks and stockings which were colored by aniline dyes. It was asserted that the brilliant hues contained an insidious and powerful poison, which must inevitably be taken in the pores by the wearers. Although no immediate result followed the complaints then made, scientific evidence has since proved that articles colored with maeve, magenta or other aniline dyes, cannot be worn with any safety near the skin. Professor WANKLYN in England, and M. TARDIEU in France, have both proved by analysis that the Magenta dyes derived from aniline retained some of the arsenic involved in their preparation. The latter was called upon to treat several patients whose feet were inflamed and blistered with painful eruptions, and whose general health was singularly debilitated.

An English journal says:

"The peculiarly local character and form of the inflamation assured the doctor that the cause lay in the elegantly tinted socks worn by the sufferers. M. Tardieu, therefore, took these articles and extracted the coloring matter from them by boiling in alcohol; he evaporated the solution and obtained a dry product; redissolved this in spirit, and by aid of a syringe introduced small quantities of the liquid beneath the skins of a dog, a rabbit and a frog. The frog died in four hours, the dog on the morrow, and the rabit the day after. Some of the actual dye stuff was then obtained—it was *coraltine*—and other three animals were treated with small doses of it. They all died in a short time. The dog, however, survived a week, after two doses, amounting together to about five grains of the coloring matter. When the dog and the rabit were opened, their lungs were found to be dyed to a fine scarlet tint, and actually from these parts of the animals M. Tardieu's helpmate re-extracted the tincture and dyed a skein of silk with it. These experiments were made the subject of a memoir presented to the Paris Academy of Sciences in May, 1869. The author had other cases than his own before him. In one of these a pair of socks patterned with crimson silk rings was sent from England to Rouen; they were worn, and the red ring reproduced their form in annular inflamations on the wearer's feet. In another case an American lady wore red silk stockings, her skin became covered with principles and small ulcers, and and she suffered much in general health, M. Tardieu added to his report that the fatal socks—the 'chausettes incriminees,' as he termed them—were not of French origin, but were both woven and dyed in England."

There has been some talk of a committee in London to investigate the subject, and sufferers from fancy stockings were invited to send in an account of their symptoms. No action, however, has been taken, and those whose good sense controlls their vanity avoid danger by sticking to white cotton, lambswool and silk.

The Polar Expedition--Departure of the Polaris from Disco.

ST JOHN'S N. F., Aug. 28.—The United States ship Congress returned from Greenland, having made a splendid voyage of 2,500 miles to Disco, latitude 70, in less than thirteen running days. The Congress left St. John's August 3, and anchored at Disco on the 10th. On the trip she passed hundreds of immense Icebergs, but encountered no pack ice. The season is very open—not unlike May in New York. As we advanced day became perpetual. The sun sank below the horizon but a short time, and twilight was sufficient to read by all night. Displays of auroraborealis were extremely grand. We found the Polaris at Disco, but six days in advance. Capt. Hall, with eight esquimaux, boarded us a mile from the harbor. Some trouble had arisen between Capt. Hall and his scientific associates as to the special object of the expedition which threatened to be serious, but by the judicious and firm interposition of Capt. Davenport, who laid down the naval law, and stated that the paramount object was getting to the north pole, harmony was restored. The Polaris sailed Aug. 17th, In the forenoon, amid three cheers from the Congress. Capt. Hall, instead of going via Jone's Sound, as there are ice-drifts southwesterly which embayed Kane's advance. As the season is open he hopes to get through this year. The Congress remained eight days at Disco, and found regular summer in Greenland. Capt. Daveaport was received with a salute of fifteen guns when he presented Secretary Rebeson's letter stating the object of his visit and soliciting the co-operation of the Danish authorities with Captain Hall's expedition, which was cheerfully accorded. The stores the Polaris could not take were left in Inspector General Smith's care at Disco. The Congress is the largest ship ever in Disco Bay. The natives called it "Big Kyak." Esquimaux of Disco live comfortably. Their clothing is of sealskins. The women wear breeches and high-top boots. Some of them are beautiful. The men are industrious, the children attend school, and all are Lutherans. On Sunday the inspector and his wife, Captain Hall and his crew, and one hundred Esquimaux in holiday attire, attended divine service on board the Congress. Dr. Newman preached one of his characteristic sermons. All are well.

REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT IN BRAZIL.—A formidable republican movement has been set on foot in the empire of Brazil during the absence of the early-rising Emperor, and the manifesto of the party as translated for an English paper, takes the ground that they are of America and want to be Americans, and that their present form of government is both in substance and practice contrary and hostile to the rights and interests of American States. They conclude by saying "our efforts are directed to abolish this state of things, placing us in fraternal contact with all nations, and in democratic solidarity with the continent to which we belong."

LOCAL SCRAPS FROM EASTERN SHORE EXCHANGES.

CECIL.

[From the Elkton Whig and Democrat.]

Found Blind.—Andrew King, from Wilmington, aged 71 years, was in the neighborhood of Elkton this week trading in peaches, and was discovered by Dr. Mitchell on Tuesday morning last lying in his wagon alongside of the road, and his horse, which looked to be about twenty-five years old, down in the gutter. The sleeper was rescued by the doctor, but found to be entirely blind, caused by paralysis while asleep. The old man and his old horse were taken care of till word was sent to his friends in Wilington, who came and took them home.

Personal Injury.—Mrs. Brown, an aged lady, wife of Mr. John E. Brown, of Elkton, fell on the steps of the court-house yard, fracturing her right arm at the wrist.

Drowned.—A boy, aged about 10 years, was drowned on Saturday night last, in the creek at Chesapeake City. He belonged to one of the barges lying at the wharf, was fishing, and fell overboard.

Political.—Republican primary meetings are appointed for September 2d, to elect delegates to a county convention which will assemble in Elkton September 5th, to elect delegates to the State convention which meets in Baltimore September 12th, and voters are requested to determine at the primaries whether they will adopt the Crawfard county plan of making nominations, and instruct the delegates to the county convention accordingly.

The democratic conservatives are appointed to meet at primaries on September 9th, to elect delegates to a county convention to sit at Elkton on the 13th, "to consider the propriety of revising or altering the system of making nominations."

QUEEN ANNE'S.

[From the Maryland Citizen.]

The Brick Hotel property in Centreville was sold at Sheriff's sale on Tuesday last, for $710, subject to a mortgage of $2500, with interest from January 1st, 1870. Purchased by Ellinger & Myers, plaintiffs. We consider the re-building of the house doubtful.

The Queen Anne's railroad run an excursion train from Centreville, on Sunday, to the camp meeting at Sudlersville. But few went. During the trip, the cars ran over a flock of sheep belonging to Mr. John Boyer, killing three and crippling two others.

Mr. J. W. W. Woodford, of Centreville, had a set of harness stolen from him at the Church Hill camp on Thursday night. Another gentleman, whose name we have not learned, also lost a set. The horses were standing near the circle of tents at the time the harness were taken off them.

PROGRESSIVE CONSTITUTIONS.—A new constitution is to be submitted to the people of Nebraska for acceptance or rejection on the nineteenth of September. Five articles are to be submitted to the people separately. 1. Authorizing the Legislature to compel every child between eight and sixteen years of age, unless educated by private means, to attend public school for a certain number of weeks in each year. 2. Prohibiting municipal corporations to lend their credit to any railroad or private corporation. 3. Making the stockholders in banking institutions individually responsible to three times the amount of stock owned by them, for all debts contracted while they are stockholders. 4. Requiring the Legislature to pass a law providing that towns or counties shall decide by vote whether they will prohibit, or license, or otherwise regulate the liquor traffic within their limits.

Compulsory education, though very questionable in principle—for there are other means to the same end more in keeping with republicanism—seems to be popular in some of the new States, and the first article, it is thought, will probably be adopted. The second, which prohibits railroad subsidies, ought to be, as it will be starting right in a comparatively new field. The provision in relation to the liability of bank stockholders is thought to be aimed at the irresponsible "wildcat banks," and the fourth, in regard to prohibition, is considered an easy mode of getting rid of that vexed question.

An article providing for minority representation was adopted in the convention.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.—The Salem Register publishes letters from Cape Town, C. G. H., which state that diamonds are found by the hundreds every day. A stable boy had just returned from the field of operation with one of 73 carats, of such perfect shape that it will lose little by cutting, and is of great purity. It is valued at £20,000. One of 93 carats has also been found, and a Cape Town laborer has returned with one of 55 carats. A young American, strolling about, stumbled upon a stone worth $25,000. Another American found seventeen in one week. They are sent down from the fields by hundreds every week. They are found over an area 200 miles square, which is extending every day. The bankers readily make large advances on them.

HYDROPHOBIA.—The following are the results of much scientific investigation of this dreadful disease: First—Hydrophobia is a disease of very rare occurrence. Second—It is more common in winter than in summer. Third—The use of the muzzle is calculated to induce hydrophobia. Fourth—Fits are a certain sign that hydrophobia does not exist in the animal suffering from them.

B. C. BROOKER, JR. WM. B. LEWIS.

Brooker & Lewis,

AUCTIONEERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 236 W. Baltimore street,

NEAR CHARLES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Sales of Household Furniture, Carpets, &c., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M. Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Notions every Monday at 10 o'clock A. M.

Consignments respectfully solicited.

Out-door Sales of every description taken at lowest rates.

Cash advances made if required.

Baltimore, August 26, 1871—y

Lumber.

JUST RECEIVED, A BOAT LOAD of Lumber and Building Material,

July 22—3t. JOHN T. DODD & SON.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent County, and to me directed, one at the suit of George W. Covington, and one at the suit of William W. Taxis, indorsee of Norris Barnard, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Joseph C. Rasin, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Joseph C. Rasin, of, in and to the following property, viz:

A HOUSE and LOT

situated in the village of Still Pond;

The Farm

lying in Still Pond Neck, adjoining the lands of John Kelley, Henry T. Jump, and others;

Also, the Growing Crops

on said farm:

ONE HORSE, ONE CARRIAGE AND HARNESS:

And I hereby give notice, that on

Wednesday, the 20th day of September,

1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the Village of Still Pond, I will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay said debts, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

R. W. CALDER, *Sheriff.*

Aug. 26, 1871—tds (5.25)

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of one writ of Venditioni Exponas, at the suit John H. Buley; also, by virtue of one writ of Fieri Facias, at the suit of Curwan, Stoddard, Bro. & Co., issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent County, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of George W. Smith, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said George W. Smith, of, in and to, the following property:

2 Horses,

2 COWS, LOT OF HOGS,

ONE CARRIAGE AND HARNESS,

ONE WAGON AND ONE CART;

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

GROWING CROPS,

AND

THE FARM

where the said Smith resides:

And I hereby give notice, that on

MONDAY, the 18th of Sept.,

1871, on the premises, at three o'clock, P. M., I will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property so seized and taken in execution, to pay said debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

R. W. CALDER, Sheriff.

Aug 26, 1871—ts. [5.00]

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by J. T. Hurtt, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent County, and to me directed, one at the suit of John McIntyre, one at the suit of Jeremiah Peacock, and one at the suit of L. A. and A. L. Gooding, Administrators of William Gooding, dec'd., against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements, of Thomas Hall, (colored) I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim of the said Thomas Hall, of, in and to, the following property:

1 Horse, 1 Dearborn & Harness,

AND

The House and Lot

where he now lives:

And I hereby give notice, that on

MONDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

1871, at Galena, at 11 o'clock, A. M., I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay and satisfy said writs, debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

E. GOODING, Late Constable.

Aug. 26, 1871—tds, [4.00]

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by J. T. Hurtt, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Jeremiah Peacock, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Robert Peaker, I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Robert Peaker of, in, and to, the following property;

THE HOUSE AND LOT

near Galena, now occupied by Emeline Davis; also,

LOT OF GROUND

near Galena, adjoining the lands of C. J. Scott and others:

And I hereby give notice, that on

MONDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at Galena, I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay and satisfy said writs, debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

E. GOODING, Late Constable.

Aug. 26, 1871—tds. [4.00]

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.

FALL TERM

BEGINS

Sept'r. 18th.

☞ For Catalogue address

THOMAS HANLON, D. D.

PENNINGTON, NEW JERSEY.

Aug. 12, 1871—3m.

HOUSE AND LOT

At Private Sale.



THE DWELLING and premises situated near Bel Air, Kent Co., Maryland, at present tenanted by Thomas Joiner, is offered at private sale.

The Building is a one-story Frame, with Shed Kitchen, Meat House, Poultry House, Carriage House and Stable for one horse, and a well of good water in the yard.

For terms apply to

E. F. PERKINS.

Aug 12—tf. *Chestertown, Md.*

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of one writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by T. Waters Russell, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of C. H. Baker, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Isaac Caulk and Isaac Sampson, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim of Isaac Sampson, of, in and to, the following property:

20 Acres of Land,

more or less, situate near Fountain Church, and adjoining the land of Mr. George Raymond and others:

And I hereby give notice, that on

TUESDAY, THE 5TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1871,

at 12 o'clock, M., in front of the Court House door, in Chestertown, I will sell, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay and satisfy said writ, debt, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

CHARLES H. DAVIS, Constable.

Aug. 12, 1871—tds. [3.75]

Exposition

AT

T. W. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BAZIN'S AND BARNES' MAGNOLIA & FLORIDA WATER, the most agreeable and refreshing of all perfumes for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, or in the bath. Jan. 7.

Notice of Dividend.

ESTATE OF RICHARD J. SHAW.

On application, Ordered that George Willson, administrator of Richard J. Shaw, dec'd. give notice by advertisement that a dividend on the Personal Estate of said deceased, will be made in this Court, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1871.

Test: EDWIN CROUCH, Register of Wills.

N. B.—All creditors of Richard J. Shaw are hereby notified and requested to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, on or before TUESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1871, or they will otherwise be excluded from the dividend in the Personal Estate.

GEORGE WILLSON,

Aug. 12, 1871—4t. Administrator.

Removal.

CIGARS & CONFECTIONARY.

Richard B. Russell

HAS REMOVED TO THE STORE lately occupied by Wash. Hudgins, nearly opposite the Voshell House, and is

Manufacturing Cigars

with a view to supplying the store-keepers as CHEAP AS THEY CAN BE BOUGHT IN THE CITY!

Chewing Tobacco of all grades,

both natural and sweet; and also Fine Cut.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF



Smoking Tobacco, SNUFF AND PIPES.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

CANDIES

AND

FRUITS.

FRESH BKEAD EVERY AFTERNOON FROM THE BAKERY OF MRS. GRUBER.

☞ A good smoke or a good chew may always be had at

RICHARD B. RUSSELL'S.

Chestertown, May 20, 1871—tf.

"RISING SUN"

SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN,

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen with all the delicacies usually found in the the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Crem, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables—and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS.

13-'68. Proprietor.

GEO. W. BROOKS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Shingles, Fencing, Laths, &c.

East Falls and Eastern Avenues,

June 3, 1871—1y BALTIMORE.

COAL,

FOR STEAM THRESHERS, can be gotten at Betterton.

June 24. *TURNER BROTHERS.*

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of one writ of Venditioni Exponas; also, by virtue of one writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent County, and to me directed, one at the suit of William Vannort, and one at the suit of Mary E. Deputy, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Elias Deputy, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Elias Deputy, of, in and to, the following property:

THE FARM

where the said Elias Deputy now resides, commonly called "Stepney," situate on the North West Prong of Langford's Bay, adjoining the lands of Benjamin F. Beck, William Gale, and others; also, all

THAT PART OF THE SAME FARM

where Henry J. Gray resides:

Also, the Growing Crops

on the farm where the said Elias Deputy now resides;

Also, the Crops

on the farm where Henry J. Gray resides:

And I hereby give notice, that on

TUESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

1871, in front of the Court House door in Chestertown, at 11 o'clock, A. M., I will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay said debts, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

☞ The Farm and crops will be sold separately.

R. W. CALDER, Sheriff.

Aug. 12, 1871—tds. [6.00]

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing on the grounds of the Kent County Railroad, for the purpose of moving dirt therefrom, as they subject themselves to a prosecution.

Great damage has already accrued to the road from such trespassing, and in the future it will not be allowed.

JESSE K. HINES,

Aug. 19, 1871—2m. *Superintendent.*

Tin Fruit Cans! Tin Fruit Cans!!

ONLY $1.00 PER DOZ.,

MANUFACTURED at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store.

SUPERIOR SEALING WAX, for sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Aug. 19, 1871.

BURKE'S IRISH STOUT, AND BASS & CO'S. ENGLISH PALE ALE, bought in original packages, and for sale by THOMAS S. WICKES.

CIDER VINEGAR, RELIABLE FOR PICKLING, on hand and for sale by THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, August 19, 1871.

C. F. STAM & BRO.,

DRUGGISTS,

Booksellers and Stationers,

CORNER HIGH AND COURT STREETS, CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Have just received a large supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

OF ALL KINDS.

Charles Read, Dickens, and Sir Walter Scott's Works complete, in pamphlet form. Oliver Optic's Works, Hollan's Bitter Sweet and Kathrina. T. N. Kurtzs' Gleanings for the Curious, bound in both paper and cloth. and a number of books suitable for children. Call and examine them.

C. F. STAM & BRO.

August 19, 1871.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

ALL PERSONS are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner upon the Protestant Episcopal Grave Yard in Chestertown. Frequent and wanton violations of the rights of property and decencies of life have been committed in habitual pasturing of cattle and horses upon this, yard and in other respects; and all who disregard this notice will be prosecuted under the law.

By order of the Vestry of Chester Parish.

JAMES A. PEARCE, Register.

Aug. 19, 1871—3t.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS

Of the 4th Election District.

MY Books for 1871 are now ready, and prompt payment is earnestly requested, To delinquents for 1870 I must urge an immediate settlement. Those not settled by October 1st, I shall collect according to law.

☞ I will be in Chestertown Tuesdays and Saturdays. WM. A. THOMAS,

August 12, 1871—2m. Collector.

NOTICE.

JOHN P. RINGGOLD, in consequence of extending the Fountain Hotel, has REMOVED his

HOSIERY AND UNDERGARMENT STOCK

from 175 West Baltimore Street, to

No. 18 N. CHARLES St., near Fayette.

New Scarfs for Ladies.

BALBRIGGAN HOSIERY.

OPEN WORK HOSIERY.

LACE & LISLE THREAD HOSIERY

PURE SILK HOSIERY.

MISSES' SILK HOSIERY.

☞ *We are determined to sell cheap.*

RINGGOLD'S HOSIERY BAZAR, 18 North Charles street.

RINGGOLD'S BAZAR, 18 North Charles St.,

NEAR FAYETTE.

MISSES' MERINO SHIRTS 37½ cts.

BOYS' MERINO SHIRTS 50 cents.

Large stock of Ladies thin UNDERWEAR from auction, cheap.

Don't fail to see our FANCY HOSE, the largest assortment in the city.

Cartwright & Warner's UNDERGARMENTS, all qualities, and cheap.

Baltimore, May 6, 1871.

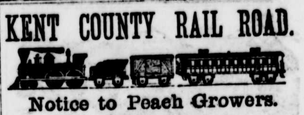
Medical Card.

DR. T. S. HOLTON having located in Chestertown, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

He may be found during business hours, when not professionally engaged,) at Mr. T. W Wickes' Drug Store.

Chestertown, Feb. 4, 1871—tf.

KENT COUNTY RAIL ROAD.



Notice to Peach Growers.

IN addition to the regular Passenger and Freight Train now running on the Kent County Railroad, a PEACH TRAIN WILL BE RUN DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) from Worton to Townsend, for the transportation of Peaches and other Fruit to Philadelphia and Jersey City,

Commencing on Monday, July 31, 1871, and continue through the Peach season:

Leaving Worton at 1:50 P. M., Lynch's 2:05, Still Pond 2:20, Kennedyville 2:40, Black's 2:55, Lambson's 3:15, Massey's 3:30, arriving at Townsend at 3:55 P. M., there connecting with trains to Jersey City.

The limited time from Worton to Townsend will allow but little time (if any) at any station, for loading, after the train arrives; and therefore, shippers and others interested, are earnestly requested to have all peaches loaded and cars fastened up ready, so as not to delay the train over its card time.

J. K. HINES,

July 29, 1871. *Superintendent.*

A CARD

To the Farmers of Kent County.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform all persons interested, that he intends to locate himself in the City of Philadelphia for the purpose of opening a General Produce Commission House, for the sale of

FARM PRODUCE,

and other merchandise. He hopes to receive the patronage of the Farmers of Kent, by making it their interest to send him their produce to sell. Special attention will be given to the sale of

FRUIT IN ALL ITS VARIETIES.

As a ground for confidence that an *honest* and *just* return will be made to the owner, of all proceeds from sales of produce sent to him, he refers to his past life among you.

April 29—6m. B. B. PERKINS

WM. P. FRANCIS. SOL. WRIGHT.

FRANCIS & WRIGHT,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

92 Light St. Wharf, Balto.

Particular attention paid to all kinds of Country Produce on consignment.

Orders from the country respectfully solicited and promptly filled.

July 22, 1871—tf.

COX, WARDEN & MERRITT

SUCCESSORS TO

Cox & Brown,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,

Nos. 8 Bowly's Wharf & 72 South St.

Baltimore, Md.

Jan. 16, 1871—y

READY MADE CLOTHING!

SUPERIOR CASSIMERE CLOTHING!

Low Priced Clothing!!!

WE BEG LEAVE to inform our customers, and buyers generally, that we are keeping *A FULL LINE OF READY MADE CLOTHING* on hand this season, and are constantly replenishing our stock with purchases of fresh and desirable Goods in the way of

COATS, PANTALOONS AND VESTS.

We keep nothing in stock that is not up to *a high standard of excellence both as regards durability of fabric and style of finish*, and claim to sell at prices which will bear favorable comparison with those in any other market.

T. S. WICKES.

WOOL WANTED

By THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, June 3, 1871.

THOMAS S. WICKES.

June, 1871.

H. McCoy. *Wm. I. Rasin.*

McCOY & RASIN,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 73 South Street,

OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,

BALTIMORE.

Tendering our thanks to the citizens of Kent, for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we ask for a continuance.

Feb. 13, 1870— Y.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY

AT

Private Sale.

The subscriber will sell at private sale his

Valuable Grist Mill

at Centreville, Queen Anne's County, Md.

This property is one of the most valuable of the kind on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, being a first-class stand for business, of which it has a large patronage, and being now in good order and condition. It is situated near the terminus of the Queen Anne's and Kent Railroad at Centreville, and within one mile of a Public Landing on Chester River.

There is attached to the property a few acres of fine Meadow land and Garden ground.



A DWELLING HOUSE is attached to and is part of the Mill house, and is of sufficient size for any ordinary family.

To a man of enterprise the property offers a first-rate business. The terms will be made easy and accommodating.

For information inquire of Wm. P. Sewall, on the premises; S. W. DeCoursey, Beverly, New Jersey; J. K. Hines, Chestertown; Lloyd Tilghman, Centreville, or the subscriber.

T. DeC. RUTH,

July 22—tf. Chestertown, Md.

Notice to Tax Payers.

THE Tax Payers of the Third Election District of Kent County are hereby notified that the taxes for 1871 are in the hands of the Collector, and prompt payment is hereby demanded.

All persons indebted for taxes for 1870 are seriously urged to make immediate payment, or the Collector will resort to the summary process of the law.

WILLIAM V. LUCAS,

Collector of Tax for Third District.

July 15, 1871—tf.

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