Orphans' Court.—*Tuesday, August 6th.* Present, Judges Beck and Scott.

The Court passed a number of claims against the estates of deceased parties.

The answer of Richard Hynson, admr. of S. W. Canady, to the petition of Sarah E. Warner wife of Samuel Warner, was ordered to be recorded among the proceedings of the Court.

The petition of Elizabeth Welch and others to be made parties to the proceedings, &c., in the matter of Sarah E. Warner against the estate of Samuel W. Canady, was ordered to be recorded among the proceedings of the Court.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Beck, late of Kent county, deceased, were granted to B. F. Beck, and the usual notice to creditors ordered. Henry Gray and John Brice were appointed to appraise said estate.

Letters of administration on the estate of William E. Anderson, colored, were granted to William Perkins, and David Clements and Robert J. Lusby were appointed to appraise said estate.

Frederick Worrell, guardian to Catharine Worrell, returned his guardian accounts for 1870 and 1871, which were passed and ordered to be recorded.

THE MARYLAND FARMER.—The August number of this popular Agricultural Monthly is received, and like its predecessors is full of highly instructive matter to all who are engaged in rural pursuits. This number is handsomely illustrated, and treats of Agriculture, Horticulture, Live Stock, Grapes, Poultry, Dairy, Household and Domestic Affairs, a special Chat with the Ladies, &c. We commend the Maryland Farmer to every person engaged in rural pursuits and advise all who feel an interest in Agriculture or in Domestic Economies to subscribe to this valuable Journal, as its low price $1.50 per year, or $1 only to clubs of five, puts it in the power of all to do so. Ezra Whitman, publisher, Baltimore; S. Sands Mills, Conducting Editor; W. W. W. Bowie, Associate Editor.

A Veteran of 1812.

The Easton (Md) Star has the following interesting narrative of a veteran now residing in that town. It says:

"We notice that our old friend, Capt. Robert Smith, has returned to Easton, having sold his farm in Caroline county and rented the Mackey property, corner of the Bayside road. Mr. Smith is a most remarkable man. He was born in Smyrna, Deleware, in 1777, the year after the Declaration of Independence, and is consequently in the 96th year of his age. He is in good health and capable of attending to business as usual. He is a watchmaker by trade, and carried on business in Philadelphia in 1804, when there were but three watch shops in the city. He was a member of the military company in Philadelphia called the Washington Blues, and volunteered for active service as soon as the war of 1812 was declared.—He was in the engagement in the command of General Cadwallader, and was wounded in the hip at the time the British attempted to blow up the arsenal in New Jersey. He was on a visit to Kent county, Maryland, at the time of the battle of Cork's Field, volunteered for the fight, and fought by the side of the late Judge E. F. Chambers, who commanded a troop. He has never had a spell of sickness in his life, and never took a dose of medicine, except his own make during his life. He has been married three times, and is the father of twenty-two children—all by his first wife. He has now living fourty-four children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren. He was first married in 1808, and has not been without a wife but nine months since. He was in the war of 1812 nine months, but has never applied for or received a pension, bounty money or land warrant—al though he was entitled to all, and should have received them. He looks good for several years longer. He voted for President Jefferson and all the democratic presidential candidates since, down to Horatio Seymour, and expects to vote for Greeley. He has spent the most of his long life in Kent county, Maryland, but came to Easton to reside in 1864, sold his house and went to Caroline in December, 1870, but has now returned, and expects to spend the balance of his days in Easton. Mr. Smith is only one of many to show that people will live as long on the Eastern Shore as anywhere else. He is an excellent silversmith, and reads, and repairs watches without the aid of spectacles. He informs us that he was present at the great political meeting in Philadelphia, in 1800, when President John Adams was canvassing for his election for a second term. A stand was erected in Independence Square. An immense crowd assembled to hear Mr. Adams. They listened attentively and approvingly, until the orator exclaimed, in answer to the objections urged against re-electing a President for a second term. "The people of the United States would find it expedient not only to elect a President for eight years, but for sixteen years," when the audience arose en masse and cried out, "Down with him—down with him." So intense was the excitement that Mr. Adams had to be smuggled away and locked up in a hotel, to prevent the people from tearing him to pieces."

Longfellow Lost to the Turf---Opinion of a Veteran Horseman.

Watering place correspondents and others, who know little or nothing about horses on the turf, have been writing letters of late to the provincial press, stating that Longfellow was all right again, and was taking his gallops as usual, when in fact the horse is hopelessly lame, and can never again appear on the turf. A correspondent of the Spirit of the Times, well known as a horseman of ability and experience, whose judgment is entitled to great respect, writes on this interesting subject as follows:

I have returned from the course, where I have been a daily visitor since the contest between Harry Bassett and Longfellow. Since then I have seen Longfellow at least twice a day, and have frequently and carefully made examinations to ascertain the nature and cause of his lameness, and have also anxiously watched the progress of his improvement, which, though somewhat slow, is gradual.

He can now, yet not confidently, stand for a short time upon his left fore leg, which is the seat of the disaster. The leg is bathed two or three times a day with cold water, and his journey to the well for that purpose, about thirty yards from the stable, too plainly indicates the extent and severity of his injury. I hazard but little in expressing my thorough conviction that Longfellow is hopelessly, irrevocably "broken down." I have been informed by reliable authority, that two or three days before the race he "pulled up" lame after his exercise, and that was not an unusual occurrence.

His ankle, which has heretofore frequently in his training given unmistakable evidences of weakness, is now completely disabled, and the suspensory ligaments—the all-important running gear, the elastic springs which enable the horse to extend himself and recover from the bound—in the desperate struggle yielded and gave way to his terrific propelling force, and I have not the faintest hope that they can ever again perform their functions. In this condition Longfellow has bidden farewell to the turf.

I attach very little importance to the cut which was upon the outside quarter of the left fore foot, just above the coronet. It matters but little when, where or how it happened, it being barely skin deep. Nor do I think the twisting of the plate could have caused him any material inconvenience under such an excitement.

Who is Settle!

Rip Van Winkle's remark, "how soon we are forgot when we are gone," is illustrated in the case of Settle, Republican candidate for Congress in opposition to Leach, Conservative, in the 5th North Carolina district. It does not seem to occur to many people that he is "Judge Settle" who presided over the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia—"Captain Settle," as he is better known at home. A correspondent, commenting on the apparent inconsistency of Democrats voting for Greeley, has overhauled the North Carolina legislative archives and found that just before the war Capt. Settle, then a member of the Legislature, offered the following resolutions:

"That the attempt on the part of some of the States of the North to interfere with slavery in the South is a flagrant violation of the Constitution of the United States, and is fraught with incalculable mischief to the people of this State. That the preservation of the rights of this State in the peaceful enjoyment of the domestic institution of slavery is a paramount duty. That much praise is due to the patriotic men who have boldly maintained the compromises of the constitution in the midst of the infuriated fanatism of the North. That this State is determined to resist any further encroachments upon her constitutional rights. That in the event the federal government repeals or impairs the efficiency of the provisions of the fugitive slave law, or refuses to enforce its execution in good faith, it will amount to a virtual dissolution of the Union, and that it will become the duty of this State to take such measures as may be required for her safety and security. That if either of the contingencies contemplated in the foregoing resolutions should arise during the recess of the General Assembly that the Governor be requested to convene that body, to the end that the rights of the State may be maintained. That a copy be transmitted to each Senator and Representative in Congress and to the Governor of each State."

Fall of an Aerolite---A Solid Metallic Globe Plunges Thirteen Feet Into the Earth.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, August 2.]

A year ago this summer Mr. John J. Murdock, who lives near Laclede Station, mentioned casually to Mr. Frank J. Bowman that he had discovered a peculiar hole in the ground in a meadow near his house, and said that for the life of him he couldn't imagine what made it. It was twelve or fifteen inches in diameter and seven or eight feet in depth. Mr Bowman suggested an aerolite, but that was laughed at. To mark the place a fence rail was thrust in it, and it enclosed eight feet of rail before the bottom was reached. This summer the matter was again discussed, and various speculations were indulged in to account for the peculiar opening. After the hay had been cut Mr. Murdock consented that the workmen should examine it. They immediately set to work, and, after digging down not eight feet but thirteen, came upon a spheroid globe of metal, which was evidently an aerolite. It presents the strange appearance of a miniature globe fashioned after the pattern of the earth, being flattened at the poles and encrusted in such a manner as to indicate that it was in flames as it passed through the air. The flattened poles are perfectly smooth, and bear no marks of heat. It is about the size of a large 12-pound cannon ball, fully fifty per cent. heavier, and is a solid metal, the nature of which has not yet been ascertained. It was brought to the city yesterday, and excited considerable curiosity. It is intended, we believe, to present it to the Mercantile Library.

The velocity with which it fell may be judged from the fact of its deep penetration into the earth—thirteen feet. The farthest that a cannon ball has been forced into an embankment is six feet, and this is a feat only accomplished at recent experiments by the British navy.

THE New York *Herald*, a newspaper that always trims its sails with the political wind, and has a marvelous knack of rowing with the current, no matter in what direction it runs, thus discourses on the result and effect of the North Carolina election:

"It may be that these reports have two objects, the first to break the force of the terrible blow inflicted on the Republican cause in the Presidential contest by the North Carolina disaster, and the second, to prepare the way for tampering with the figures, if the vote should be sufficiently close to the warrant an attempt at fraud. But however this may be, and whatever may be the actual result of the official count, it is certain that the large Republican loss, the failure of the anticipated twenty thousand majority, and the closeness of a contest in which every advantage that patronage, money, and the control of the machinery of the election can give, was enjoyed by the Republicans, will be just as damaging to the Administration party as a complete and total overthrow. At the present moment the North Carolina election has given more strength to the Greeley movement than it has yet received from any event since the meeting of the Cincinnati Convention.

Leaders who have heretofore held aloof from committing themselves on either side, may now be expected to flock over by the hundreds to the Liberal ranks after Sumner and Banks; and the effect among the masses is seen in the anxiety with which every politician now strives to impress upon his friends the belief that he has always been on the Greeley side. The Administration Republicans are beyond doubt proportionately depressed, and while they may effect to believe that their disaster is not so great as it is represented, they feel that their supposed power has received a serious check, and that they can no longer be looked upon as invincible, even though they should manage to drag their State ticket through the official canvass with a small majority at its back."

Use of Paper.

The Japanese use paper for clothing the person, but we are a little in advance of them in adapting the material. Paper houses are one of the novelties of this country. They are said to be as warm and as durable as houses built in the ordinary way, and are much cheaper. The frame, doors and floors are of wood: the paper with which the frame is covered on the outside is heavy and compact, and made more substantial by being covered with a mineral paint or cement. An establishment in Pittsburg has a process for treating paper which makes it much harder and tougher than leather, and so elastic as to resist almost any blow without perceptible compression from the effects of the blow, while it can be worked very easily and cheaply. A French inventor has a similar process, and he is now in this country making arrangements for an exhaustive trial of the material for ship armor, which has been approved of by several naval officers who have seen it, and who express an opinion that most valuable service may be rendered by it.

☞ Some of the Radical journals are deeply solicitous about the future of the Democratic party. The same newspapers that have repeatedly announced the demise of that lively and healthy organization now think it a shame to let "the old party" be swallowed up in the Liberal movement, and mildly suggest that it would be much better for the Democracy to "lay down quietly," let Grant be re-elected, and then "get up refreshed, four years hence, for a genuine Democratic effort." This arrangement would no doubt be very agreeable to the Radicals, but the Democracy "can't see it." They have wisely come to the conclusion that the best way to refresh themselves and the country is by first putting an honest, competent person in Grant's place, after which they are perfectly willing to let the future take care of itself. It usually happens in this world that the men who make good use of the present are properly rewarded in the future, and what is true of men is equally so of parties.—*Balt. Gazette.*

GERRITT SMITH AND THE KU-KLUX.—A correspondent of the New York Herald states that a few weeks since Gerritt Smith was invited to visit the Ku-Klux prisoners confined at the Albany penitentiary. He found the majority of the sixty-five poor, ignorant, deluded men, and from the evidence furnished him he is sure the punishment inflicted on many is wholly unwarranted by the evidence. So touching were the silent appeals of the old and young men that he has earnestly requested the President to pardon a young man nineteen years old, named Hezekiah Porter, whose health is so bad that he will die in a short time, and who, Mr. Smith is persuaded never did anything meriting the severity of the sentence imposed. Another case is that of S. G. Brown, of South Carolina, a man upwards of sixty years of age, who held the office of magistrate, never belonged to the Ku-Klux order, but pleaded guilty under bad advice. A third case is that of David Collins, who Mr. Smith asks pardon for on the ground that his past character has been irreproachable, and that he was the victim of circumstances. These men Mr. Smith declares, deserve the immediate regard of the Executive, and while he knows their pardon would be attributed to improper motives just at this time, yet he thinks it the duty of President Grant to exercise, in the name of humanity, the clemency given to him. The request of Mr. Smith is now under consideration.

THE GOOD IT DID.—The advantages of diversified industry in agriculture are illustrated by facts which may be interesting to farmers. It is stated that at an agricultural meeting in Valenciennes, France, a triumphal arch was erected bearing the following inscription: "The growth of wheat in this district before the production of beet-root sugar was only 976,000 bushels; the number of oxen was 700. Since the introduction of the sugar manufacture the growth of wheat has been 1,168,000 bushels, and the number of oxen 11,000."

DEATH OF A PROMINENT MARYLANDER.—Hon. Madison Brown, of Queen Ann's county, died at Centreville on Saturday, 3d inst. Mr. Brown filled a number of public positions during life with credit, and was an able member of the bar of the State. He was for many years clerk of Queen Anne's County Court. He was tendered the position of Governor of Kansas under Mr. Buchannan's administration, but declined it.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS
Of the Second Election District.

TAX PAYERS of the Second District are notified that their taxes for the present year (1872) are now due, and I am prepared to receive them. I shall in a few days begin sending accounts to parties, with the legal notice to pay, and in all cases, at the expiration of the thirty days, will proceed to collect the same. The stringent enactment of the last General Assembly renders this course necessary.

C. W. WARREN,
Aug. 3, 1872—tf. Coll. 2d District.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives notice to the Tax Payers of the Fourth Election District, that their taxes are now due, and their accounts made out. He will at once commence to deliver them, in all cases leaving the legal notice. After thirty days he will proceed to collect the same, so that he may be prepared to comply with the stringent enactment of the last General Assembly.

C. H. DAVIS,
Collector of Taxes for the 4th dist.
July 20, 1872—tf.

GREAT BARGAIN STORE!

A GREAT BARGAIN STORE is now open on the corner of HIGH AND CROSS streets, in the "Burchinal Building," and every effort is made to sell Great Bargains to every customer who comes with the *CASH* or *cashable Produce*. All who wish to receive the value of their money, must come to the Great Bargain Store without fail, where they will find a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
NOTIONS,
Ready Made Clothing,

Piece Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. Come one! come all! and see for yourselves, and be convinced!

M. BALL,
Corner High & Cross streets,
Burchinal Building.

☞ ORDERS FOR SUITS to be cut and made, are respectfully solicited, and will be promptly attended to.

The highest cash price paid for Rags, old Iron, Grain and Produce.

Chestertown, Aug 3, 1872.

PURE FRENCH BRANDY

OF THE HIGHEST GRADE—James Hennessey—bought in the original Package.

BURKE'S IRISH STOUT AND BASS & CO.'S ENGLISH PALE ALE, useful Tonics for persons laboring under debility.

These goods are all of direct importation and purchased from first hands, enabling us to vouch for their purity. For sale by

THOMAS S. WICKES.
July 27.

HECKENDORN PLOW CASTINGS, complete, on hand and for sale by

THOMAS S. WICKES.
Chestertown, July 27, 1872.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

TAX PAYERS of the Third Election District, are notified that their Taxes for 1872 are due, and demanded. The Collector will shortly begin to serve parties with their accounts and the legal notice to pay. In all cases where the legal notice is given, he will proceed, at the expiration thereof, to collect by law. The last act of Assembly renders this course necessary.

The Collector will be found every *SATURDAY AFTERNOON* at WILLIAM V. LUCAS' STORE, Smithville, from 2 to 6 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM HEPBRON,
Collector of Taxes for Third District.
July 27, 1872—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, of the *4th election District* of Kent county will require the *Cash* for all issues and Services of Civil process, after the FIRST day of August 1872, except otherwise agreed upon with Plaintiff.

C. A. A. STANLEY,
T. W. RUSSELL,
J. H. GREENWOOD,
S. L. RAWLEIGH.
July 27, 3t.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL Persons still indebted to me for Taxes for either 1870 or 1871, are hereby notified that unless the same are paid by the first day of September next, I shall in every case proceed to collect by the shortest legal process. This notice is final, and may be so understood by all interested.

WM. A. THOMAS,
Aug. 3, 1872—5t. Collector.

C. H. BAKER,
COUNSELOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHESTERTOWN.

Office on High Street, opposite Masonic Hall,
Jan. 28, 1871—tf.

R. B. Russell
HIGH STREET,
NEAR THE VOSHELL HOUSE,

Has in store a full supply of very superior

Cigars, Confectionery, and Tobacco

for the season, which can be bought as cheap as any where in the Town.

CHEWING TOBACCO,
of all grades, both Sweet and Natural; also Fine Cut.



Smoking Tobacco,
SNUFF AND PIPES,
A good assortment.

Candies and Fruits.
GENERAL PROUDUCE.

FRESH BREAD every afternoon.

☞ Lovers of the weed are invited to call. Everybody is invited to call and buy something.

Dec, 9, 1871.

B. C. BROOKER, JR. WM. B. LEWIS.
Brooker & Lewis,
AUCTIONEERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 236 W. Baltimore street,
NEAR CHARLES,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Sales of Household Furniture, Carpets, &c., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M. Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Notions every Monday at 10 o'clock A. M.

Consignments respectfully solicited.

Out-door Sales of every description taken at lowest rates.

Cash advances made if required.

Baltimore, August 26, 1871—y

GEO. W. BROOKS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Lumber, Shingles, Fencing, Laths, &c
East Falls and Eastern Avenues,
June 3, 1871—1y BALTIMORE.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OE **UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS,** Merino, All Wool, Canton and Red Flannel; also, colored Overshirts, very handsome, and Hickory Shirts, can be procured at S. MERRITT & CO.
October 14, 1871.

1872. ANNUAL 1872.
Agricultural Fair.

THE ANNUAL FAIR AND EXHIBITION OF THE
Kent Co. Agricultural Society, No. 1.,
will be held at
HAWKINS PARK,
NEAR HANESVILLE, MD., ON
Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2d.

The public are invited to compete for Prizes, in Stock, Implements, Produce, &c.

OVER ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS
will be distributed for Prizes alone, together with Medals, Awards, Certificates, &c.

All classes of Horses, Cattle, and Stock, of different grades and character, shall be allowed to compete with those of their own class, and includes about twenty-five premiums *in each breed.*

To include the Schedule of Premiums offered would occupy several columns, and we can only state that the List is arranged as at most Fairs, and *is very complete in all departments* of Agriculture and kindred industries, from the noble Thorough-bred to the modest boquet of flowers that ornaments the home of the humblest.

The Committee have selected a site which is most eligible, being but a few minutes' walk from Buck Neck Wharf, directly on the stage route from Chestertown to the above named Landing, and about two miles from Worton Station on the Kent Co. Railroad.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR STOCK and the various articles exhibited, will be provided by the Committee. Feed for stock for sale on the grounds, at moderate rates.

For all entries for Premiums above $5.00 a fee of $2.00 will be charged: for those under that amount, $1.00. No entrance fee charged when Premium is to be $1.00 or under.

Parties wishing to exhibit will please communicate the same to the Secretary on or before September 1st, 1872.

The Executive Committee pledge themselves to make this affair interesting to all and amply repay those who assist in contributing to its success by their attendance or the display of anything they may have to exhibit.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
WM. W. STEPHENS, ROBT. NICHOLSON,
E. A. VANNORT, M.D. WM. H. STEWART,
SAMUEL VANNORT, JOHN W. COREY,
LEWIN USILTON.

Chairman,
CAPT. JOHN T. SKIRVEN.

All communications in regard to the Fair, enclosing stamp, must be addressed to the Secretary of the Board,

E. A. VANNORT, M. D.,
HANESVILLE, P. O.,
July 13, 1872. *Kent Co., Md.*

The Hawkins Park
TROTTING ASSOCIATION

WILL HOLD A HORSE FAIR at their Park, adjoining the Show Ground, on
TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY,
October 1st and 2d.

The following Premiums will be offered:

FIRST DAY.

For three year old Colts, to go as they please, best 2 in 3, $50
For 1st prize, $30
" 2d " 15
" 3d " 5

Four year old, best 2 in 3, in harness, $50
For 1st prize, $30
" 2d " 15
" 3d " 5

For horses that have never trotted for money, $100
For 1st prize, $60
" 2d " 30
" 3d " 10

SECOND DAY.

For Stallions, best 3 in 5, $50
For 1st prize, $30
" 2d " 15
" 3d " 5

Citizens' Purse, for all horses, best three in five, $200
For 1st prize, $120
" 2d " 60
" 3d " 20

☞ Immediately after the last trial of speed, there will be an exhibition of Roan Chief Colts, and the

ROAN CHIEF PRIZE,

A SILVER CUP of the value of one hundred dollars, will be awarded by Col. Edw. Wilkins, to the best three year old colt sired by Roan Chief.

All of the above horses must be owned on the Eastern Shore of Maryland on the first of September.

An Entrance Fee of ten per cent will be charged, and must accompany nominations.

Entries to close on at 9 A. M. at the Grounds.

Heats to be trotted alternately.

Three or more to enter, two to start.

Any horse distancing the field will only be entitled to the First Premium.

The above trials of speed to be governed by the rules of the National Association.

For particulars address, enclosing stamp,
WM. W. STEPHENS,
HANESVILLE P. O.,
Kent County, Md.
July 20, 1872—tm.

WATTSON & CLARK,
SUPER PHOSPHATE.

TRADE **W & C** MARK.

☞ The best and cheapest Fertilizer. For sale by all dealers.

OFFICE,
135 North Water Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Feb. 17, 1872—y9

BROMO CHLORALUM,

THE most powerful Deodorizer and Disinfectant known. Prevents Small Pox, and cures Diptheria, Sore Throat, &c.

For sale by C. F. STAM & BRO
April 27, 1872.

Best Italian Guitar & Violin strings.
C. F. STAM & BRO.
January 27, 1872.

INDIAN FEVER & AGUE REMEDY.

NO Quinine, Arsenic, Strychnine, or other deleterious drugs used in its preparation.

PURELY VEGETABLE,
AND PLEASANT TO TAKE.

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE
it as the only real cure. It will not injure the most delicate persons.

THREE DOSES CURE
The worst cases permanently.

Snyder & Son
PROPRIETORS,
No. 16 Bowly's Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Orders promptly filled.
July 13, 1872—3m.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND **JEWELRY!**

JUST RECEIVED AT
E. T. WILLIS',
a full assortment of the above named Goods, together with

SILVER PLATED WARE,
SPECTACLES, &c., &c.

Call and examine the Stock and the
Great Reduction in Prices!

E. T. WILLIS is the sole Agent for the celebrated *SCHAFFHAUSEN SPECTACLES* and EYE GLASSES, manufactured at Schaffhausen, Switzerland. The superiority of these great eye preservers consists in the careful mathematical accuracy in the construction of the lenses, being manufactured of the best white flint glass, the exact shape of the eye, thus obviating all glimmering and wavering of the sight, dizziness, and all the other train of evils produced by the use of inferior spectacles. Every one whose sight is failing understands its value.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING done at short notice and BETTER than can be done elsewhere in the county.

Chestertown, May 4, 1872.

GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS

NOTICE.

TO ALL LOVERS OF GOOD BRANDIES, WINES, TEAS AND GROCERIES.

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER GREAT inducements to customers, wholesale and retail. Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Green and Black Teas, of choice chops; Coffees—Java, Laguyra, Rio, &c.

English and American Pickles, Capers and Condiments, Olives, Italian Maccaroni and Vermecilla. Frehs Canned Fruits of all kinds; Canned Meats and Fish; Foreign and Domestic Preserves and Jellies. I have on hand a fine stock of

Old Brandies, Wines, Whiskeys, Gin,
which I offer to Hotel keepers at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, and ask a call.

THOMAS M. GREEN.
88 *W. Baltimore Street, near Holiday*
Sept. 25, 1869—y.

WILLIAM HARRIS,
Gun & Pistol
MANUFACTURER,
No. 116 West Pratt street,
(One Door East of South,)
BALTIMORE,

KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of

DUCK AND BIRD GUNS,
REPEATING PISTOLS,

SMITH & WESSON'S CARTRIDGE PISTOLS, COLT'S REPEATING PISTOLS, and every description of Pistol now in use.

Also, a Variety of Sporting Articles,
Such as Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Water Proof Caps, Wads, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.

GUNS neatly Stocked and repeaired at short notice.

Baltimore, Oct. 7, 1871—y.

MYERS BROTHERS,
DEALERS
IN
WALL PAPERS,
WINDOW SHADES,
VENITIAN BLINDS, &c.,
No. 39
NORTH GAY STREET,
Opp. Odd Fellows' Hall,
BALTIMORE.

☞ All orders left with E. C. RECHS, opposite the Voshell House, will be promptly attended to.

Sept. 9, 1871—y

TO LOVERS

Of a good and HEALTHY BEVERAGE,

T. W. WICKES

At his Drug and Apothecary Store, offers fresh Soda Water, with all varieties of flavors. June 1, 1872.

READY MADE CLOTHING, a good assortment; fine and coarse.
JOS. E. WEER,
Feb. 24, 1872. Kennedyville, Md.

NOTICE TO FARMERS!

I AM SELLING a superior style of CULTIVATOR with malleable shanks and reversible Steel Points. The cheapest implement of its kind in use. Give them a trial. Extra Teeth and Plates furnished when desired.

JOS. E. WEER,
May 18, 1872. Kennedyville, Md.

WM. TOMLINSON. WM. T. TOMLINSON
WM. TOMLINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Grain, Live Stock and Country Produce Generally,
No. 112 Ligh St. Wharf, Balto.

ORDERS FR GROCERIES, SEEDS, Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other Merchandise promptly filled.

☞ *Consignments respectfully solicited*
January 19, 1872—y

WM. P. FRANCIS. SOL. WRIGHT.
FRANCIS & WRIGHT,
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
92 Light St. Wharf, Balto.

Part'cular attention paid to all kinds of Country Produce on consignment.

Orders from the country respectfully solicited and promptly filled.

July 22, 1871—tf.

REMOVAL.

WHEN YOU VISIT THE CITY GO TO
W. H. RINGGOLD,
191 West Baltimore Street,
THREE DOORS ABOVE LIGHT,
AND BUY ALL YOUR
UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

He can sell them
Cheaper than any one!
And you can
Pay your expenses in your purchases!

☞ DON'T FAIL TO GO: HE HAS THE VERY ARTICLE YOU WANT.

Do not forget the Number!
W. H. RINGGOLD,
191 W. Baltimore st., 3 doors above Light.
Baltimore, June 15, 1872.

MRS. GUSTAVUS WRIGHT
HAS REMOVED TO THE
Corner of Howard and Lombard streets,
Baltimore, and will accommodate permanent and transient boarders. [June 29—6m.

Oils, Oils!

MACHINE OILS,
ENGINE OILS,
BL'D. W. WHALE OIL, COAL OILS,
Superior qualities, for sale by
T. W. ELIASON, JR.
June 29, 1872.

JAS. WARDEN. JAS. A. MERRITT.
WARDEN & MERRITT,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR & COUNTRY PRODUCE,
72 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Thanking our old customers for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, we would respectfully ask a continuance of the same, assuring them that at all times our best efforts will be used for the promotion of their interest. Jan. 6, 1872.

STOVES! STOVES!! STOVES!!!

Excelsior Hot Blast Cook, Superb Cook, Ironside, Columbia Cook, Niagara, Continental, All Right Cook, Farmer, Champion Complete Improved, Victor Range, Reliance Range, Novelty parlor Cook.

THE IMPROVED MORNING GLORY,
Token Gas Burning Base, Token with Reflector, Parlor Light Base Burner, Magic Light Base Burner, Comet Air-tight Radiator, Myrtle Illuminating Base, Casket Air-tight, for wood or coal, Vulcan Egg, Tuscan Open Front, for wood, Union Air Tight, Woodland, Flame, Nine Plate Stove, &c. &c.

BIBB AND SEXTON'S HEATERS
put up to heat one, two or three rooms, at city prices, and repaired at moderate rates.

Call and examine our large stock of Stoves, and be convinced that we are selling them as low as in the city.

Store opposite the Court House.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.
Chestertown, Oct. 21, 1871.

STATIONERY.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF **STATIONERY,** Record Cap, Legal Cap, Bill Cap, Fools Cap, Letter, Sermon, Commercial Note, Mourning, Billet, and French Initial Paper. ENVELOPES of all varieties.

Double and Single Entry Ledgers, Journals, and Day Books. Blank Books of all kinds. FOR CASH ONLY.

C. F. STAM & BRO.
January 27, 1872.

S. MERRITT & CO.,
CHESTERTOWN,

HAVE just opened a beautiful stock of LINEN SUITS, for Men and Boys; also, ALPACA COATS, in Black and Light Colors; LINEN DUSTERS, BLEACHED DUCK SUITS (shrunk) made to up order; MARSEILLES PANTS AND VESTS; also, a fine stock of *SUMMER CASSIMERS;* Gauze Undershists and Bleached Drawers;

Straw Hats, Linen Hats and Caps, &c.
May 25, 1872.

SICKNESS has prevented me from purchasing my New Stock until the present time, but greater the Bargains.

Respectfully, WM. A. VICKERS.
May 25, 1872.

LINSEED, LUBRICATING, WHALE, NEATS FOOT and LARD OIL.
C. F. STAM & BRO.

©Maryland State Archives msa_sc3326_scm8203-0592