THE
Chestertown Transcript

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Saturday Morning, October 19, 1872.



National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

FOR CONGRESS,

E. KING WILSON,

OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

Public Meetings

FOR

GREELEY, BROWN, & WILSON!

TRAPPE, Wednesday, October 23rd, 2½ P. M.—Eben F. Perkins, William M. Slay, Charles G. Ricaud.

CHESTERTOWN, Thursday, October 24th, 7½ P. M.—Hon. Thomas Swann.

BELAIR, Friday, October 25th, 2½ P. M.—Harrison W. Vickers, Col. Geo. A. Hanson, Thomas S. Bordley.

KENNEDYVILLE, Saturday, October 26th, 2½ P. M.—James A. Pearce, William Gilligher, J. Horton Kelley, Col. George A. Hanson.

EDESVILLE, Saturday, October 26th, 2½ P. M.—William M. Slay, D. James Blackiston, Thomas S. Bordley.

CHESTERVILLE, Monday, October 28th, 2½ P. M.—Harrison W. Vickers, Charles G. Ricaud, J. Horton Kelley.

GALENA, Wednesday, October 30th, 7½ P. M.—Col. E. K. Wilson, F. Hyland Taylor.

WORTON HEIGHTS, Thursday, October 31st, 2½ P. M.—Harrison W. Vickers, Eben F. Perkins.

MILLINGTON, Friday, November 1st, 2½ P. M.—William M. Slay, Harrison W. Vickers, Col. George A. Hanson.

ROCK HALL, Saturday, November 2d, 2½ P. M.—Jas. A. Pearce, Eben F. Perkins.

QUAKER NECK, Saturday, November 2d, 2½ P. M.—William M. Slay, Harrison W. Vickers, Col. George A. Hanson.

MASSEYS, Monday, November 4th, 2½ P. M.—D. James Blackiston, James A. Pearce, Charles H. Baker.

By order of

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

DEMOCRATS, AROUSE!

The spirit of the County Meeting on Saturday last gave most satisfactory evidence of the interest our people are taking in the present campaign. When farmers are willing to leave their wheat-seeding they are terribly in earnest. Let the enthusiasm aroused on Saturday permeate every locality of the county. Let the leaders in each Election District urge upon voters the advantage of attending the District meetings appointed by the Central Committee There are many who will attend such meetings who never go to a county meeting. The enemy are active, and flushed with the success of their Pennsylvania frauds, they are inspired with fresh hope and openly boast their ability to secure a majority in old Kent. Any supineness on our part, any lack of earnest practical work, may enable them to make good their claim. The indifferent and lukewarm must be aroused to action. Young Democrats who have just arrived at age must be registered. Every Democrat entitled to register should be warned of the importance of his vote. Republicans who should be stricken from the registration lists should be looked after, and all the appliances of honorable warfare brought into active operation.

It is now definitely known that the Democratic candidate for Governor in Indiana has been elected, and that Mr. Greeley will carry the State in November there is scarcely a doubt. In Ohio our Presidential candidate is stronger than the late State ticket, and has a well-founded hope of carrying the State. The movers of the Liberal cause made no calculation upon either Pennsylvania or Ohio, and show no faltering under the result of the late elections. Mr. Greeley's chances of election are pronounced good by the best informed of the party in the large States.

But aside from all this we of Maryland, and Kent county especially, are in some measure to fight the battle of our State election of seventy-three, this coming November. Let the Republicans, by any negligence or indifference on our part, secure a majority in Kent county this Fall for General Grant, and the contest in seventy-three for county officers would be very doubtful. The numerous candidates in prospective, and their friends, should bestir themselves, The campaign for seventy-three commences in November next—has already commenced—and an active, earnest fight this Fall will not only secure us the satisfaction of victory now, but lighten the next engagement most materially.

THE APPLE CROP.—The apple crop in Berks, Chester and Montgomery counties, Pa., is the largest for twenty-five years. Some of the farmers are giving them away, being unable to sell them.

Political Jottings.

The Grant organs are terribly enraged because the Liberal journals refuse to give up the fight. The sight of a table which shows the undeniable fact that there are more States certain for Greeley than for Grant almost throws them into convulsions. It is so absurd, you know. Now and then one of them tries the funny dodge, but with very poor success. Like the fun which followed Cincinnati, it has a very funereal aspect.

The Liberal journals of Ohio are very confident of carrying Ohio for reform in November. The Cincinnati "Enquirer" says: "Only a change of 6,000 votes is required to carry Ohio for Greeley. There are two thousand election districts, and a change of three in each of them will do the business. Every Democrat and Liberal Republican we have seen says, "Keep up the fire. Our chances of carrying Ohio for Greeley are good. There is but a small majority to overcome, and we know that there are plenty of men who voted against us in October who will be with us in November."

There is no faltering in New Jersey. The Liberal press of that State stands squarely up to the fight, and shows no sign of doubt or fear. The Trenton True American truly says: "It seems to us that the Administrationists have been cheering before they are out of the woods. They have gained nothing that they did not have before, and they have lost in a State they had. Another 'success' like this in November will be their defeat. Stand firm, friends! We have taken one of the enemy's positions, and, in the battle to come, we shall, if true to ourselves, be masters of the field."

Occasionally some feeble-minded office-holder attempts to convince his readers that Missouri is sure for Grant. Here is a paragraph in the St. Louis Republican which seems to differ materially with this rose-colored prophecy: "We had scores of private despatches yesterday from various points in Missouri, full of encouragement and hope as to the political situation. Our own State will astonish even the most sanguine in its vote for Greeley and Brown. We shall not give the high estimates, but assure our readers that Missouri is safe for at least 30,000 or 40,000 for Greeley and Brown."

Important Democratic Conference in New York City.

[From the New York Tribune October 15.]

The Democratic National Executive Committee met yesterday afternoon, at the Democratic headquarters at the Springler House. Among the members present were Messrs. Schell, of New York; M. W. Ransom, of North Carolina; E S Alvord, of Indiana; J G Thompson, of Ohio; C H McCormick, of Illinois; ex-Governor Randolph, of New Jersey; W A Moore, of Michigan; F O Prince of Massachusetts; Banks, of Massachusetts, and also a member from Wisconsin. This committee, which is composed of nine members (seven of whom were present), had with them in consultation General H W Slocum, Mr. Samuel J Tilden and Senator R E Fenton, all of New York; William F Philips, of Illinois; General George W McCook and General Brinkerhoff, of Ohio; John A Finch and Mr. Dowley, of Indiana, and Mr. Campbell, of New Hampshire.

The reports from Ohio and Indiana were in the highest degree encouraging. The German vote in Illinois is counted upon as being fully 80 per cent. for the Liberal Democratic ticket, probably in consequence of the fact that the Germans have a candidate of their own nationality for Governor on the Liberal ticket. It is expected that their vote will decide the contest in this hitherto doubtful State in favor of Mr. Greeley.

In Ohio, it is estimated that from 6,000 to 8,000 Liberal Republicans, who did not vote at the State election, will cast their suffrages for Mr. Greeley. Both Messrs. Thompson and Brinkerhoff agree as to this estimate; Brinkerhoff being of the opinion that it will be 6,000, and Thompson 8,000. In the lower tier of Democratic counties in Ohio, perhaps 2,000 or 3,000 Democratic vote, will be gotten out through the personal exertions of Messrs. McLean and Pendleton, and Senator Thurman, who will visit the southern districts and urge town and county managers to do their full duty. General Brinkerhoff stated that the feeling in Ohio was similar to the feeling which pervaded the country just after the first Bull Run fight. The people were mad at the first reverse, and now they were determined to go in and win.

Messrs. Tilden and Schell scouted the idea of Mr. Ransom, that New York was doubtful, and both made very confident statements as to the certainty of carrying the Liberal ticket here. Mr. Ransom, of North Carolina, reported the Georgia election had inspired the whole of the South. The effect of that election had been to make all the Southern States.—But he was apprehensive that the belief that New York and Connecticut were rendered doubtfully by the reverse in Pennsylvania might cause some despondency there. In reply to this, Mr. Tilden said he had no doubt of the Liberals ability to carry the State outside of the city. He added that the party is thoroughly organized, and that they don't propose to give the fight up at all.

The entire committee was of opinion that Connecticut was safe, and so of New Jersey. Governor Randolph said: 'My own honest conviction is that we can carry New Jersey, although we are to have a hard fight. We hear, however, that there has been a considerable importation of negro voters into the State, and that they have been discovered in the towns bordering on the railroads in the State.'

The Wisconsin delegate said that they expect to carry Wisconsin now. No doubt being expressed of this, and the question, 'How are you going to do it?' being asked, the delegate replied, 'Milwaukee alone will do it. The German vote will do the work.' The effect of the October elections, he said, would not be as depressing on Wisconsin and the West generally as here, because no such exagerated hopes had been indulged in there as had been here. In Illinois the Germans are thoroughly aroused, and the same feeling pervades the nationality in Wisconsin, although they have not the incentive of a popular countryman as a candidate on the Liberal ticket.

Subsequently a number of the gentleman present at the conference, and others, including Horace Greeley, Colonel Wall, of Texas; General Wirt Adams, of Mississippi; M W Ransom, Messrs. Alvord and Finch, of Indiana; General John Cochrane, ex-Governor Beach, Gen. Hebert, of Louisiana; Wm. H Hurlburt, Samuel J Tilden, General Barnum, Colonel Ethan Allen, General Slocum, and a dozen others, met at the house of General Banks, Secretary of the Democratic National committee, No. 129 Second avenue, and passed the evening in an informal conference, in which the prospects of the campaign were alluded to in encouraging language.

Address of the National Democratic Committee to the People of the United States.

The following address of the National Democratic Committee to the people of the United States has been issued:

The October elections are over. They enable us to form a tolerably accurate idea of the true political situation of the country.

In georgia we have to recount a victory for the liberal ticket so unexampled as to take her out of the list of doubtful States, and practically to pronounce in advance the decision of at least 125 votes in the electoral college. To this number it is only necessary to add sixty votes to elect Greeley and Brown.

In Pennsylvania the distinguished chairman of the liberal committee has eloquently characterized the methods by which the result of the election there was accomplished. We commend his statement to the thoughtful attention of the country.

In Ohio, despite most unprecedented gains for the liberal-democratic ticket, the Grant managers have carried the election by a reduced majority, having brought to the polls their entire reserve vote. Had our democratic friends in certain localities of that great commonwealth shown the same earnestness and activity, and enabled us, like our enemies, to record our entire strength, they would now be exulting over a brilliant victory. In Indiana the democratic and liberal forces have achieved a most important success over Pennsylvania tactics most unscrupulously employed by the administration and its allies, showing thus that a free people when aroused know their rights and dare maintain them. Indiana has fairly demonstrated that she can neither be 'bought nor bullied.' The moral of these results is that victory is still in plain view for our national ticket, and that energy and courage will assure it. That victory must be won If we mean to preserve free institutions on this continent we must assure it

The event in Pennsylvania, on Thursday last when considered in its causes, is the most appalling political catastrophe that has ever taken place in this country. Should the system through which this catastrophe was brought about be condoned by the people and foisted on the other States, it seals the doom of freedom in America. A sad contrast it is surely that the city in which our republic was born amid the anthems of a free people should now be the first to tell the knell of the liberties. It is for the free, un-bought people of all the States to calmly review the fearful crime against suffrage in Pennsylvania, and to decide whether it shall be repeated within their own borders.

For the first time the system of free government and the sanctity of the ballot are really on trial in the United States. From this hour forward the preservation of the franchise in its integrity dwarfs all other issues.

Let our friends in each of the States catch inspiration from the heroic conduct of our fellow-citizens in Georgia and in Indiana, and from now till November let their struggle be manful and unceasing for liberty and an untainted ballot-box, for reform and an honest administration of the government. AUGUSTUS SCHELL,

Chairman National Democratic Committee.

The Ohio and New York Democrats and Liberals.

The democratic executive committee of Ohio have issued an address stating that Ohio was lost in last Tuesday's election by the failure to poll the usual democratic vote, and that the mischief can be repaired in November by polling four-fifths of the democratic votes not thus brought out. The liberal vote exceeded the most sanguine estimate, and by its union with the democratic on this occasion has secured the constitutional convention, the Legislature and a United States Senator. The address closes by saying:

'Should both Ohio and Pennsylvania go for Grant, the chances are still in favor of Greeley's election. If Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Indiana are added to those border and Southern States which are certain for Greeley, this will give him a clear majority. We have already, by a glorious and aggressive fight, forced the Grant party to its knees, and can conquer it in November.'

The liberal republican committee of Ohio have also issued an address, in which they say:

'It has been conceded upon all hands that the the loss to Grant in October of either of the three great central States then voting would be victory for Greeley in November. Indiana is ours, and Ohio can be made ours, and it only remains now to gather promptly the fruits of victory. Ohio has done nobly. Grant's majority of 40,000 in 1868 has been cut down to a beggarly 10,000 or 12,000 upon the first onset. We have carried eight members of Congress out of 21—a clear gain of three from the stronghold of the enemy, and in spite of the most outrageous districting bill ever passed by a Legislature to gerrymander a State.—Greeley and Brown are 20,000 votes stronger in Ohio to-day than any man upon our State ticket, and hence, if we do our duty, the State can be carried like a whirlwind in November.'

The committee further say that even without Ohio in November the election of Greeley is substantially secured. Allowing for Greeley, Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia, 189 electoral votes are obtained; allowing Grant Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan Nebraska, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Vermont, 89 votes, there remain doubtful Illinois, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nevada, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island and Wisconsin, 86. Of these doubtful States the Committee claim equal chances for at least one half, which is abundantly sufficient to make up for any defection in those States counted certain for Greeley.

The New York State liberal republican executive committee have issued an address calling upon the liberals to work with renewed energy for the November elections, as there are twenty States casting nearly two hundred electoral votes that they can still carry if they only will. The address says that they are in danger of defeat mainly because some faint hearts are discouraged, and urges the liberals to resolve that by stout hearts and strong arms the liberal cause and candidates shall be borne onward to decisive triumph.

The Indiana Election--Official Returns.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 14.—The official vote of seventy-seven counties received at the office of the Secretary of State, with semi official returns from the other eighteen counties, gives T A Hendricks, democrat, for Governor, 894 majority; Lonidas Sexton, republican, for Lieutenant Governor, 1,313; Curry, republican, for Secretary of State, 1,163; J A Wiedmar, republican, for auditor, 1,224; J B Glover, republican, for treasurer, 1,520; G L Orth, republican for Congress at large, 1,147; William Williams, republican, for Congress at large, 1,474.

The balance of the State ticket, except the superintendent of public instruction, is republican. For the latter office Milton B Hopkins, democrat, is elected. The Legislature, from official returns, will stand, 54 republicans to 46 democrats, in the House; 27 republicans to 23 democrats in the Senate.

The official vote of the ninth congressional district elects Neff over Shanks, republican, by 28 votes; but in one township in Adams county, Shanks's district, 47 republican votes were thrown out on account of the words 'republican ticket' being printed at the head of the ticket. If these votes are allowed, Shanks will be elected by 19 votes.

Both parties are preparing to renew the contest at the presidential election.

The People of the South Nominated Horace Greele.

We give below an extract on this subject from a speech delivered by H H McClune, Esq., Manchester Borough, Saturday evening, September 28 1872:

The war left her homes in ashes, her fair fields devastated and her stalwart men in their graves. Homes which were once made happy by the manly presence of fathers, husbands and sons were then either entirely deserted or were the abodes of care-worn widows, aged parents and helpless orphans. The winds which swept across her war-trenched mountains, bore upon their wings the dirge of her lamentations. The angels of pity carried the story of her tribulations to one who opened his manly heart and 'let them come in.' That man was Horace Greeley, the first practical friend of the prostrated South. Whilst he sympathized with her, and at the imminent peril of his own interests, financially and politically threw himself into the current which swept over her, others looked upon her with a covetous eye. Northern adventurers and political vultures went down there and took advantage of her prostration to perpetuate her calamities. They went there and by fraud, bribery, malfeasance and gangrenous legislation, they have chained her to the car of financial ruin. They have fastened upon her millions upon millions of debt, the proceeds of which they have feloniously appropriated to their own use. It was to escape the polluted grasp of these monsters, that the people of the South (not the politicians) went to Cincinnati to nominate their first and best friend. It is to secure this that the name of Horace Greeley is cheered down the Shenandoah Valley, across the Mississippi, and echoed back from the plains of Texas. The Democratic party at Baltimore yielded to the demand at Cincinnati, and in yielding, did one of the noblest deeds in the history of political parties. For it not only heeded the appeals of the suffering South, but it gained a victory over itself. * * * Callous indeed must be the heart of that Democrat who does not sympathize with the Southern people in this last effort to escape the felon's grasp. Can it be possible that there is a Democrat in the land who will fail to respond to their heart-rending appeals? We hope not. We think that as the sun rises on the morning after the November battle, that it will shine upon the hills of a disenthralled peopled, and that the shouts of triumph will be started along the shores of the boisterous Atlantic, and will be carried over river and mountain, plain and valley, until they die away on the bosom of the calm Pacific.

The Political Results---The National Election Law.

The annexed remarks, elicited from the New York Journal of Commerce by the results of Tuesday's elections, are stirling and true, and come home to every citizen who has any honest and serious concern about the present and future of the country. The Journal says these elections point their own political moral with sufficient distinctness, and adds:

What most deeply concerns us is to hear of enormous frauds having been perpetrated in Pennsylvania and elsewhere These are all charged on the administration party, where that party is successful. Had the opposition won, the beaten republicans would then have rung all the changes on the same theme. It is something we never fail to hear from the conquered on the day after election. Making every allowance for the exaggerated statements of disappointed men, there remains solid ground for belief that ballot-box swindling was carried with a high hand, certainly in Philadelphia, and probably in other parts of Pennsylvania.

The trick of colonizing voters and repeating seems to have been played with a boldness not surpassed by the old New York ring. If these stories turn out true we shall not be astonished. On the contrary, the bad fruit is precisely that which we expected to be borne by the national election law. We have always regarded that law as an implement expressly designed and cunningly fitted for partisan use. Any party installed at Washington, and having that law to work with, could not resist the temptation to abuse its vast powers. No party of the past and none of the future, can be trusted to wield it with perfect fairness and justice to opponents. But we did not dream that on its very first trial in a large city the real purpose of the law should be allowed to show itself so plainly. It was naturally thought that there would be some affectation of decency and impartiality; whereas, if reports are to be trusted, there was none.

The United States deputy marshals, and all officers appointed to execute the law, appear to have done little or nothing to stop fraud when committed by their friends, if they did not directly assist in cheating at the polls The law, in practice, proves to be merely a cover for the commission of any irregularity which it pleases the party managers to order. Instead of encouraging citizens to register and vote, it practically debars them from the franchise, by making its enjoyment extremely troublesome and difficult. Any one can see how it works in the registration now going on in this city. At each of the registering places there are four election inspectors, two election supervisors, a deputy United States marshal, and a policeman in uniform—a formidable array of men having among them powers of arresting and imprisoning people at pleasure. The honest voter is not afraid of them, though the appearance of so many officers of the law, standing ready to challenge him and arrest him on the slightest pretext, is not reassuring to a quiet or timid man. And then, when he presents himself, if unknown to the high functionary (as he is sure to be unless he is a ward politician,) he is catechised and treated like a probable criminal

There is a world of significance in this statement from our paper of Wernesday, recording the progress of registration. 'Many of the applicants, not learned in election laws, refused to submit to the examination, and *retired without having been registered.*' The deputy marshals and the rest may choose to imagine that these retiring people were everything that is bad; but we have no doubt that many, if not all of them, were honest men, probably merchants, who, when they saw the trouble and the waste of time before them, gave up in despair the idea of registering and voting * * * If registration is transacted unfairly it connives at frauds instead of suppressing them. How the law operates at the elections let Philadelphia show! Voters here will see for themselves next November. In the meantime, if they can find the necessary leisure for it, they should read the voluminous instructions issued by United States Marshal Sharpe to his deputies and special deputies. Under the title of 'special deputies' he can appoint 5,000, 10,000, any number of men at $5 per day. These instructions are as ample in scope as the most determined partisan could desire.

A New Feature in Politics.

Charles O'Conor, Jas. E. Mott, Wheeler H. Peckham and Joseph Choate, differing politically, publish a long card in the New York papers volunteering their services as a sort of advisory board to secure honest Assemblymen, and inviting confidential information concerning the candidates put in the field. When both candidates are morally unexceptionable they will make no recommendation, but in other cases they will make public, over their own signatures, the result of their investigations.

For Rent,



For the year 1873, two Dwelling Houses, situated on Queen street, and one on High street, in Chestertown.

STRAYED

From my farm, "Hermitage," in Worton, on Saturday the 5th inst., a Calico Spotted Mare, formerly owned by Dr. Gutcher, Wm. Wallis, George Biddle and others.



Any information will be thankfully received, and a suitable reward given for her return.

WILLIAM VANNORT.

Oct 19, 1872—3t.

RAIL ROAD NOTICE.

THE undersigned Corporators of the "Bay Extension Company," in Kent county, incorporated under the Act of Assembly of Maryland, to construct a Railroad, to commence at the present terminus of the Kent County Railroad, near Belair, and to be extended to the waters of the Chesapeake Bay or one of its tributaries, at some point between the lands of William P. Francis on the said Bay, and the lands of A. P. Sharp at Rock Hall, on the said Bay, hereby give notice that on

WEDNESDAY,

The 20th day of November, 1872,

at eleven o'clock A. M, they will open books for receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of the said Company at the Law office of George Vickers, in Chestertown, and will keep the books open till two o'clock P. M., on the same day. The Shares of Stock will be fifty dollars each. Two dollars on each share to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the residue to be paid in such instalments and at such times and places and to such persons as may be required by the Board of Directors of the said Company when elected. The Capital Stock is $125,000.

This is an important work in which the citizens of Kent county are specially interested, and they are requested to subscribe liberally for Stock.

GEORGE VICKERS,
ABEL J. REES,
JOSEPH T. RICHARDS,
ALPHEUS P. SHARP,
J. H. T. JACKSON.

Chestertown, Oct. 19, 1872—tdm.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby forbid from trespassing with dog or gun, for hunting; or trespassing for the purpose of nutting, or for any other purpose upon the lands owned or occupied by the subscribers.

EDWARD WILKINS,
JOHN W. LOUD,
R. S. EMORY.
E. M. WILKINS.

October 12, 1872—1m

Obituary.

Departed this life, on Monday the 14th of October, at half-past ten o'clock P. M., at his late residence, after a lingering illness, which he bore with Christian patience and fortitude, THOMAS W. RINGGOLD, in the 66th year of his age. Mr. Ringgold was a kind and affectionate husband, a devoted father, and faithful friend. He bore an exemplary character in all the relations of life, and possessed the full and thorough confidence of the community in which he lived. He was a liberal supporter of St. Paul's Church, and for many years an active and most useful member of its Vestry. A FRIEND.

Obituary.

Mr. WILLIAM J HURLOCK died suddenly at his late residence, in this village, on Thursday, the 3d inst., in the 39th year of his age. The last honors to his memory were paid on Monday, the 7th inst., by his numerous friends and relatives of this and the adjoining States.

In the history of his life we find the fruits of earnest, systematic effort. Commencing life a poor boy in the latter part of the last century, he had by close attention to business, economy and strict integrity accumulated a handsome fortune. His life furnishes an example worthy of imitation by all who desire to succeed in the business of their lives.

Some years ago Mr, Hurlock obtained a contract for certain work on the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal. Most of the money he made there he loaned out at fair rates to deserving parties, upon bond and mortgage, and many of our well-to-do citizens owe their start in the world to the use of his money.

The subject of this notice was distinguished for his industry, fidelity and punctuality in all the affairs of life. He never, during his long life, used spirituous liquors nor tobacco in any form; he never was heard to swear an oath, and never known to tell a lie; he was an ardent admirer of woman, and never failed to defend and protect her when the opportunity offered; he was a kind and devoted husband, a loving and affectionate father, and a warm friend. His recollection of men and events was so accurate that he was regarded as one of the best informed chroniclers of his day; he had an extensive circle of friends by whom his friendship was valued; his flow of spirits, even to the last year of his life, was exuberent, and there was a cheerfulness of tone in his conversation which made him independent of his well-stored business mind, a most agreeable and instructive companion. Above all, he was through life (although not a professor of religion) a firm believer in the redemption of man through the blood of the Lamb, and never allowed a day to pass without holding sweet converse with his Maker. He was faithful in season and out of season at the throne of grace, and a habitual reader of the Bible.

He has gone from among us: 'the last struggle is past; the turmoil of life is over; the tale is told, finished and ended: the seal of death is set upon it."

"Thou has instricted many, and thou hast strengthened the week hands." N.

St. Georgee, Oct. 12, 4872.

Orphans' Court Notice.

THIS COURT will meet for the transaction of business *Tuesday and Wednesday,* both days, of next week.

By order of the Court.

EDWIN CROUCH,

Oct. 19, 1872—1t. Register.

WOOD FOR SALE.

THE undersigned has from 200 to 300 cords of *PRIME SEASONED WOOD* —Hickory and Oak—for sale, at the lowest market prices, for the CASH ONLY.

WILLIAM PERKINS,

Oct. 19, 1872—tf. Chestertown.

Coal Notice.

WE expect to commence laying in our Fall and Winter supply of Coal next week; and will fill all orders, from this date, until further notice, at prices ranging from $6.50 to 7.50 per ton of 2240 lbs. delivered at the boat.

☞ Desiring to do business upon a cash basis, no orders will be filled until arrangements are made for the payment of the same.

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

Oct. 19, 1872—tf.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

FREE FROM SLATE AND DIRT, quality and weight guaranteed, and shipped direct from the mines by the car load, to any station on the Kent or Queen Anne's R. R., at a very low price, if application is made to G. M. D. CANN, or GEO. W. BUSH,

Oct. 19, 1872—1m. *Wilmington, Del.*

Miss H. C. Wright.

Successor to Mrs. C. R. Fiddis.

MRS. FIDDIS respectfully informs the public that the Millinery business recently conducted by her will hereafter be carried on by Miss H. C. Wright.

MISS WRIGHT has just returned from Baltimore with a complete and beautiful

STOCK OF

Millinery Goods,

and Mrs. Fiddis hopes that the generous patronage which she has heretofore enjoyed will now be transferred to Miss Wright.

October 12, 1872—3t.

EARLY BEATRICE PEACH.

Ripens Two Weeks in advance of Hale's Early.

THIS very early Peach was produced by Mr. Thomas Rivers, of Sawbridgworth Herts, England, and has been grown in this country only by Samuel G. Bilyeu of Littleton, N. C. The fruit is of beautiful color, fine flavor, and stands shipping better than any early variety.

The subscriber having the sole control of the entire stock of Beatrice Trees grown by Mr. Bilyeu, offers them to the Peach Growers of this Peninsula, at Fifty (50) Dollars per hundred or Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per thousand.

Address **E. MIFLIN WILKINS,**

Oct. 12—3t. Chestertown, Md.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives notice to the Tax Payers of the Fourth Election District, that their taxes are now due, and their accounts made out. He will at once commence to deliver them, in all cases leaving the legal notice. After thirty days he will proceed to collect the same, so that he may be prepared to comply with the stringent enactment of the last General Assembly.

C. H. DAVIS,

Collector of Taxes for the 4th dist.

July 20, 1872—tf.

Baltimore Grain Market.

[From Thursday's Paper.]

WHEAT.—White—1.67@2.05.
WHEAT Red 1.80@2.00.
CORN—White—70@78. Yellow 68@70.
OATS—42@46 cts.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the estate in Kent Co., Md., of

JAMES KENNARD,

late of Middlesex county, Virginia, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of May, 1873; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of October, 1872.

RICHARD HYNSON,

Oct. 19, 1872—4t. Administrator.

Political Mass Meeting.

THE undersigned, Independent candidate for Congress in the First Congressional District of Md., being desirous of meeting with, and addressing each and every patriotic citizen of Kent county, respectfully announces that he will deliver public addresses at the following places and times:

Chestertown, Tuesday, Oct. 22d, at 3½ P.M.
Edesville, Wednesday, " 23d," 2
Kennedyville, Thursday, " 24th" 2

T. A. SPENCE.

October 12, 1872—2t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent County, letters of Administration on the estate of

SAMUEL RILEY, (colored,)

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of May, 1873; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of October, 1872.

F. HYLAND TAYLOR.

Oct. 12, 1872—4t. Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the estate of

JAMES M. LEES,

late of Kent county, deceased.

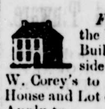
All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 8th day of May, 1873, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 8th day of October, 1872.

JAMES M. MALLALIEU,

Oct. 12, 1872—4t. Administrator.

Notice.

I HAVE a plenty of water, and am making nice Flour and Meal: 40 lbs. of flour to the bushel of wheat. My friends and the public are invited to try me. I keep Flour, Meal and Chop, on hand and for sale at the store in town. W. BACCHUS.



FOR RENT, the ensuing year, the Dwelling House with the Out Buildings and Land, on the East side of the road leading from J. W. Corey's to the Mill. Also, one Tenant House and Lot on the South side of the pond. Apply to W. BACCHUS.

September 28, 1872—tf.

Notice to Teachers.

APPLICANTS for Teachers' Certificates, and Teachers whose Certificates have by limitation expired, will meet at the School House in Chestertown, (provided with pen, paper and pencil,) for examination, on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26th, at 11 o'clock, A. M. *CHAS. G. RICAUD,*

Oct. 12, 1872—te. Examiner.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

ALL PERSONS are hereby forewarned from trespassing on the lands occupied by the undersigned, to hunt, shoot, or for any other purpose. The law will be strictly enforced against all offenders.

DANIEL CREW,
ENOCH A. MOFFITT.

Oct. 12, 1872—3t.

Late Sheriff's Sale.

BY Virtue of one writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of George Steel, use of Williams & Hudgins, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Kate A. Hanes and Milliminta Peacock, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim of the said Kate A. Hanes and Milliminta Peacock, of, in, and to, the following property, viz:

The House and Lot in Galena,

occupied by James Marion, adjoining the property of William Hyland, and others;

And I hereby give notice, that on

Wednesday, November 6th,

1872, at 11 o'clock, A. M., in front of the Court House door in Chestertown, I will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above mentioned property so seized and taken in execution, to pay and satisfy the above writ, interest and costs, due and to become due thereon.

R. W. CALDER, Late Sheriff.

Oct. 12, 1872—4t. [4.00]

Notice.

WHEREAS application hath been made to the Orphans' Court for Kent county by a creditor, for letters of administration on the estate in Kent county, Maryland, of Samuel Riley, (colored), late of Kent county, deceased: Notice is therefore hereby given, that unless those entitled by law to administer aforesaid appear before the said Court or Register of Wills, within twenty days from the date of this notice and take out letters, the said will be granted to said creditor. E. CROUCH.

Sept. 28, 1872—4t. Reg. of Wills.

MRS. GUSTAVUS WRIGHT
HAS REMOVED TO THE
Corner of Howard and Lombard streets,
Baltimore, and will accommodate permanent and transient boarders. [June 29—6m.

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