The Transcript.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday Morning, May 17, 1873.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

THE DEMOCRATIC AND CONSERVATIVE VOTERS of Kent county are requested to assemble in Primary Meetings in their respective Election Districts, at the usual places of meeting, on

Saturday, June 7th, 1873,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., to select five delegates from each Election District, to meet in County Convention, at the Court House in Chestertown, on

Monday, June 9th, 1873,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate three Delegates from Kent county to the State Convention, to be hereafter held, for the nomination of State officers to be voted for at the ensuing general election; and also to nominate candidates for Clerk, Register of Wills, Sheriff, House of Delegates, and County Commissioners for Kent county; and at the time of electing said five delegates the said voters shall, in accordance with the recommendation of the County Convention held April 21st 1873, vote by ballot for candidates for Clerk, Register of Wills, Sheriff, House of Delegates, and County Commissioners: and the committee from each district shall faithfully represent and carry out the wishes of their respective districts so expressed, as far as may be practicable, in the selection of candidates.

The polls in each district to be kept open till 6 o'clock P. M.

JAMES A. PEARCE,
RICHARD C. JOHNSON,
RICHARD W. JONES,
State Central Committee for Kent Co.

INTEMPERANCE AND OTHER VICES.

The State Temperance Convention, which has been lately in session in this city, adopted a report and resolutions and a "platform and constitution," in which the convention clearly defined its position in regard to what it considers the most efficient agencies and methods for the suppression of intemperance. One of the resolutions demands of the Legislature the passage of a law giving to the majority of the legal voters of each election district, city ward, incorporated town and country the right to decide by popular vote the question of liquor license within their respective districts, provided that in the event the aggregate vote of the State should be against license, then the whole license system shall be abolished in the entire State. In another resolution it is declared that while the convention adopts the policy of local option, it makes no compromise with the license system which already exists, and that local option is only an effort to destroy license that prohibition may exist by the will of the people. While the intention to form a temperance political party is disclaimed the convention declared its purpose to vote for no man for the Legislature who is not willing to advocate and vote for prohibitory legislation, and urged its friends to secure the nomination of such, but if neither party will nominate the right men, then to nominate and support independent candidates for the Legislature. The convention further resolved that if the political parties should refuse the offer to leave the license question to a vote of the people, they must be responsible for the separation of those who advocate it from all party allegiance. The second article of the constitution states that the object of the alliance shall be the prohibition by law of the traffic in alcoholic drinks, and the education of public sentiment up to that point. Provision was also made for thorough organization.

There can be no doubt that the evil which the friends of temperance seek to extirpate is a fearful one, though there is this advantage in dealing with it, that it cannot, like other vices, conceal itself; that it cannot, like dishonesty, licentiousness, covetousness, envy and malice, and all uncharitableness, hide itself under varied disguises, but is compelled from its very nature to proclaim its own existence and its own shame. The fact that its wretchedness and ruin are thus apparent ought to have the effect of warning society, and especially the young, against indulgences which so often lead to perdition and hence temperance associations, organized upon right principles, must find a powerful ally in enlightened public opinion. It is only when the best means for this end are considered that there is among right-minded men any difference of sentiment. No one doubts, even of those who advocate prohibitory liquor laws, that moral suasion and religious agencies are valuable; whereas, there are large numbers of temperate people who believe that prohibitory legislation will rather in jure than advance the cause of temperance.—There is a refractory element in human nature which, if left to itself would as lief take the right way as the wrong, but if peremptorily ordered to take the right, is sure to bolt the track and wander into forbidden pastures. This ought not so to be, but reformers must deal with human nature as it is, and not as it ought to be.

In Massachusetts the efforts to evade the prohibitory liquor law have been many and ingenious, and policemen, since the last enactment, which is applied to all the grades of liquor dealing, are said to be inspecting all the eating houses and hotels to see if the provisions of the law are carried out. A system of inquisitorial police visitations would seem to be a necessary concomitant of a prohibitory system. While local option appears to be a democratic method of settling the license question, yet if a bare majority of say two or three should impose sumptuary laws on the rest of the community, there would inevitably be dissatisfaction. And great as the evil of intemperance is in the United States, it has not yet attained for the country as bad a repute throughout the world as dishonesty, which seems to have attained the proportions of a national sin. Certainly the nation has thus far suffered more in its purse and good name from level-headed villains with whom sobriety was necessary to success in their nefarious plans, than from any other. What we need is the efforts of good men to elevate the general tone of the community, develop its moral force, secure a high class of officials and thus put down both evils.—*Baltimore Sun.*

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE ON THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.—Chief Justice Chase, while holding court in Raleigh, North Carolina, in 1869, was invited to participate in the ceremonies of decorating the graves of the Union dead at Magnolia Cemetery. He wrote in answer a letter embodying sentiments of forgiveness and fraternity with the Confederates, and was taken to task for it by Mr. J. E. Williams, president of a national bank in New York, to which he replied, reiterating the sentiments expressed in the original letter. He said "it is that true patriotism requires that the close of a great civil war should be marked not by proscription or disfranchisement, but by manifestations of sincere good-will, especially from the successful to the unsuccessful, and by generous recognition of whatever was really brave and earnest and noble in those who fought on the failing side. I have no sympathy with the spirit which refuses to strew flowers upon the graves of the dead soldiers who fought against the side I took; and I am glad there was no such spirit among those who joined in decorating the graves of the soldiers of the Union, who lie buried at Magnolia Cemetery. The Magnolia lavishes its perfumes freely, the pleasant air breathes as softly, and the warm sun shines as brightly over Confederate as over Union graves. In the letter which has incurred your censure I sought to put into the hearts of my countrymen something of the divine charity taught by the tree, the air and the sun, as well as by the precepts of our Saviour. I believe it has done some good, and I believe it will do more.

HOLLOHAN'S DEATH SENTENCE—TIME FIXED FOR THE EXECUTION IN JUNE.—Governor Whyte at Annapolis Wednesday signed the death warrant of Thomas Hollohan alias Whalen, appointing Friday, June 13th, at or before 2 P. M., as the time for his execution, in Baltimore, thus giving him thirty days from Wednesday last, in which to meet the doom pronounced upon him. The murder of Mrs. Lampley, for which crime he will suffer death, was committed January 2d, 1873. The arrests were made February 1st, the indictment found in Baltimore February 11th, arraignment February 12th, in the Criminal Court of Baltimore city, and the case removed to Annapolis, April 1st, where the trial began on Wednesday 7th, continuing not quite three days, concluding on Friday, with the memorable assault and attempted escape. The sentence followed on Saturday, and Wednesday the death warrant was signed, as follows:

"State of Maryland—To the Sheriff of Baltimore City, Greeting: Whereas Thomas Hollohan, alias Thomas Richards, alias, Thomas Whalen, convicted in the Circuit Court for Anne Arundel county, at the April term, in the year 1873 and whereas the said court sentenced him to be hung by the neck until he be dead; and whereas Baltimore city is the place where the indictment was found; now, therefore, these are to will and require, as also to charge and command you, that at or before the hour of two o'clock P. M., on Friday, the thirteenth day of June next, you take the said Thomas Hollohan alias Thomas Richards, alias Thomas Whalen, from your prison, and him safely convey to the gallows in the city aforesaid, the place of execution of malefactors, and then and there the said Thomas Hollohan, alias Thomas Richards, alias Thomas Whalen, hang by the neck until he be dead. For all which this shall be your sufficient power and authority.

"Given under my hand, and the great seal of the State of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on the 12th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1873, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-seventh. By the Governor, Wm. Pinkney Whyte.

NEW JERSEY & DEL. CENTRAL R. R.—MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS—ORGANIZATION OF THE COMPANY.

A meeting of the subscribers to the capital stock of the New Jersey & Del. Central R. R. was held at the Clayton House in Wilmington, on Monday, the 5th inst. In conformity with a provision of the charter, 1000 shares of stock, valued at $100 each, were subscribed, and the organization of the company was effected with the following officers:

President—Benjamin F. Smith, of New York.

Vice President—Wm. Bell of New York.

Treasurer—Edward Howe, President of Princeton National Bank, Princeton, N. J.

Secretary—Samuel H. Robbins, Allentown, N. J.

Engineer—Robt. S. VanRensellear, Bordentown, N. J.

Directors—Benjamin F. Smith and William Bell, of New York; S. H. Robins and Joseph D. Pancoast, of New Jersey; John Jamison, of Philadelphia, and H. H. Appleton, Richard Townsend, Samuel Townsend and Henry Cliam, Delaware.

The New Jersey & Delaware Central Railroad, is an entirely new enterprise, proposed to form a new connection between New York and Washington, and is separate and distinct from all other railway corporations. The road will be built entire from its terminus at a point opposite New York, to Washington, employing steamers in crossing the bays, and not a shovel full of earth has yet been removed on any part of the route. It is claimed to be 21 miles shorter between the two cities than any other line of railroad; is almost an air line, and notwithstanding the crossing of the bays on steamers, it is said that passengers can be delivered in Washington in a shorter time than at present.

The route of the proposed road is via. Mt. Holly, Pemberton and Salem, in New Jersey, Port Penn and Townsend in Delaware, and onward in a direct line to Washington.

CRISFIELD, MAY 13, 1873.

Mr. Editor—We did not intend, when we wrote you last, to step upon the corns of Mr. Marshall of the Leader, or in any way to speak disparagingly of the people of Crisfield.

We have made this place our home. We love the people and place: if we did not we would leave by the first steamboat. We merely desired to give you a few items concerning a town that, as by magic, has sprung from the very bed of the ocean. Crisfield and its people have done wonders: therefore we can't, for our life, see why the Leader finds fault with us. He admits that all we say is true, except the number of houses doing business here; and of this he has no right to complain, *for he is not at home long enough to count them.*

He has managed, by dint of great self-denial, to favor his office with his presence long enough to review the communication signed "Shells." After donning his best clothes, and calling in a friend to assist him, he went through a tonsorial operation, greatly beautifying his physiognomy, and, with the old adage that "the pen is mightier than the sword," he goes to work with a will that would have surprised his most intimate friends. We did not suppose that an Annamessex journalist would have interpreted our meaning in such a left-handed way. Poor Charley! his mind was somewhere else. He says, "the things Shells deems wanting to make up a Queen City could not be expected to be found by the sea side." Did he ever visit Long Island, Hudson river, Niagara Falls, &c., if not his friend has, and they can there find rosy arbors, grassy vales, sparkling fountains, &c., enough to last a lifetime. But enough of the Leader.

Gentle spring has been with us a few days but has retired again and left in its place a most unwelcome visitor—a fine crop of musketos, the *salty* kind, and as they buzz around

They quietly say,
We will not leave until driven away.

Early fruits and vegetables, from the South, are shipped daily from this place.

Death has again visited our town and taken from our midst Wm. Cave, an aged citizen, formerly of Newtown, but a resident of Crisfield the past four years.

The Emanuel M. E. Church, of this place, intend holding a camp meeting some time in August. It is expected to be a large affair.

A very ludicrous scene took place here yesterday. A gay and festive party from one of the islands adjacent to Crisfield, made their appearance dressed in a style that would have left Nancy Dawson in the shade. Such a scene in your town would have thrown all who witnessed it into convulsions of laughter. They came to be joined in the holy bands of wedlock, and determining to do the thing up brown, they visited first the candy shop, where they indulged in soda, pea nuts, ginger cakes, &c., to their hearts' content; they next visited the "picter" man, where they desired to have their "pooties" taken in the latest style. No doubt they were well pleased, for when we next saw them they looked as happy as a big sun flower. They embarked on their gaily decked pungy, amid the hurrahs and laughter of all who saw the free show. The Parson who did the job for them asserted that they were all in a "swippy" condition. Webster gives no light on the 'swippy' state. We suppose he meant they had tried some of Crisfield's *Cayenne* and sugar. If they did they need a guardian hereafter.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, we say to the Leader—

If Shells is no poet,
Crisfield without shells could not go it.
Yours, truly, SHELLS.

GENERAL LEE.—The forthcoming number of the *Edenburgh Review*, or, to speak more precisely, the number which, published a fortnight ago in London, is now on its way to us, contains, it is said a very elaborate and able article on the great Confederate chieftain. The *Spectator*, which as every one remembers, was of all the accredited Brisish journals the most ardent supporter of the Northern cause, thus refers to it:

The most attractive paper is a review of Cooke's "Life of General Lee," remarkable for the warm sympathy of the writer for his subject. Whether or not General Lee was the greatest American General is a question that may be left for future discussion. What has long been beyond dispute is that he possessed one of the finest characters on record. His military abilities, conspicuous as they are in an age where many shine, are really less striking than his lofty moral qualities. He is one of the few soldiers all men must love as well as admire. The Edinburgh sketch of him is very fairly done, but we have only room for one touching passage. It describes the famous scene at Appomattox Court-house, when news was brought that Sheridan had barred the line of retreat:

"Up to this time Lee had resisted the proposals for capitulation which had reached him from his adversary; but when this fatal news came from his most trusted officer, Gordon, who led his advance, he resigned himself to his fate.—For a moment those who looked on him saw him almost overcome; and the first words of complaint ever heard from his lips during the war broke sharply forth "I had rather die a thousand deaths!" Musing sadly for a few seconds, as his men's favorite cry broke on his ear, "There's Uncle Robert!" in deep sad tones he said to those near him, to ride down the line, and give the word, and all would be over." Then presently recovering his natural voice, he answered one who urged that the action might be misunderstood, "That is not the question. The question is whether it is right.—And if it is right, I take the responsibility." Then after a brief silence, he added with a sigh, "It is our duty to live.—What will become of the wives and children of the South if we are not here to protect them?" So saying, he sent his flag of truce without further hesitation to Grant."

It is not to be expected that in an avowed eulogy of General Lee, the claims and characters of others should be strictly weighed, and therefore we are not surprised to find some statements very much open to question. But, on the whole, the eulogy is fair, and certainly deserved.

THE PENINSULAR FRUIT GROWERS.—A meeting of the peninsular fruit-growers was held at Dover, Delaware, on Tuesday last, to consider subjects connected with the coming peach crop, and from statements made by some of the owners of large orchards, there seems to be no doubt but that the crop will be equal, if not greater than last year, when the shipments reached over 3,000,000 baskets.—The crops in Newcastle county, Del., it was stated, will be almost a failure, while below Middletown the increase over 1872 will outbalance the losses in Newcastle county. It was also stated that unless there shall be frost the crop in all the orchards south of Middletown will be the largest of any year since attention was turned to the business. Last year the shipment from Dover was less than 100,000; for the present year it is estimated that it will be over 300,000. In addition to peaches a large crop of early apples and pears is confidently expected, the trees being completely covered with blossoms. A large number of new trees will be in bearing for the first time this season.—The crop of strawberries and other small fruits will also be enormous, and far in excess of the past year. Within the last few years attention has been turned to the raising of asparagus, and large beds have been planted in many localities.

It was also stated that the crop of peaches in all the country on the Eastern Shore of Maryland and the lower counties of Delaware would be enormous and much larger than for many years.

A CARD

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of Kent County.

At the instance of numerous friends, I have consented that my name should be submitted to your County Convention for the nomination as a candidate for the House of Delegates, under the persuasion that my nomination would tend to promote the harmony and secure the success of the party at the ensuing election. But, being now convinced that my nomination, under the special circumstances of the canvass, would probably tend less to the harmony and success of the party than that of another who may be selected in my stead, I have concluded to withdraw from the list of aspirants for nomination to that honorable and responsible position.

In thus withdrawing from the canvass I am actuated by no other motive than that of advancing the interest and securing the success of my party, to the nominees of which I pledge the most cordial support. STEPHEN BOYER.

Near Massey's, May, 15, 1873—2t.

RACES.

There will be a SWEEPSTAKE RACE at the TRAPPE on WHIT-MONDAY, June 2d, half mile and repeat, free, to all horses that have been owned in the county for the last six months. Entrance fee $5. May 17, 1873.

BALTIMORE GRAIN MARKET

WHITE WHEAT—no sales.
RED WHEAT—$1.85@$1.95.
WHITE CORN—67@69 cents.
YELLOW CORN—65@66 cents.
OATS—50@54 cents.

Married.

BRITTON—MONEY.—On Tuesday last by Rev. Geo. T. Tyler, EDGAR B. BRITTON to MISS LIDA C. MONEY, both of this county.

THOMPSON—PARSONS.—On Thursday last, by the Rev. R. Scott Norris, J. H. M. THOMPSON, to MISS D. V. PARSONS, both of this town.

Died.

MANSFIELD.—On the 10th instant, at Philadelphia, suddenly, of heart disease, B. WRIGHT MANSFIELD, in his 35th year, son of James and Mary B. Mansfield, formerly of Kent county.

New Advertisements.

Fruit Growers, Attention!

THE AMAZON
RED RASPBERRY

Is the earliest, hardiest and most productive variety known: 300 per cent. more profitable than any other Fruit cultivated. For convincing proof of this strong assertion, call on or address

J. & W. K. JUDEFIND,
Edesville, Kent county, Md.

P. S.—The public are invited to see this fruit in bearing after June 18th.

A few thousand to put out on shares.
May 17, 1873—3t.

Mortgagee's Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE
IN KENT COUNTY.

BY VIRTUE of authority conferred by a Power of Attorney contained in a mortgage made by Abel J. Rees and Mary Augusta Rees, his wife, to William J. Rasin, and dated March 24th, 1869, and duly recorded among the Land Records for Kent county, in Liber J. K. H., No. 7, folio 624, &c., which mortgage was duly assigned to James S. Gemmill, June 1st, 1869, and by said Gemmill duly assigned to Joseph B. Baker, December 17th, 1869, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Maryland, on

TUESDAY,

The 10th day of June, 1873,

AT THREE O'CLOCK, P. M.,

All That Valuable Property

described in said mortgage, situated in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, and known as

"REES' CORNER,"

containing in the whole,

346 ACRES, 3 ROODS,
AND 18 PERCHES,

and comprises the following parcels, viz:

ALL THAT TRACT

CALLED "FAIR HARBOR," AND "GRESHAM'S LEVEL,"

Containing 249 Acres,
2 ROODS, AND 14 PERCHES,

and also all that Tract adjoining the last named, called

"PART OF ARCADIA,"

Containing 94 Acres,
1 ROOD, AND 30 PERCHES.

Also, all that Lot adjoining "Fair Harbor," known as the "*CORNER LOT*,"

Containing 2 Acres,
3 ROODS, AND 14 PERCHES.

This property is very valuable and desirable, and should command the attention of purchasers. The soil is of excellent quality for the production of all the Cereals and Fruit, and is in good condition. There is also

A LARGE PEACH ORCHARD

upon the land, which is all cultivated in one Tract at present.

It is within three miles of a Steamboat wharf, giving daily communication with Baltimore, and the Kent County Railroad, now under contract for construction from Chestertown to Bel Air, will give a Depot within five miles of the farm.



THE DWELLING connected with the Farm is an excellent *BRICK HOUSE*, in good repair, with the usual Outbuildings.



THE CORNER LOT is improved by a *LARGE and COMMODIOUS*

Brick Store House,

and the stand is one of the best for country trade in the State. The population is large and thrifty in that section of the county, and a large business is done there.

There are also on this Lot

SEVERAL GOOD DWELLINGS, AND A BLACKSMITH AND CARRIAGE SHOP,

all of all which command good rents, and add largely to the value of this property.

Persons wishing to purchase are invited to examine.

THE TERMS prescribed by the Mortgage are cash on the day of sale, but thirty days time would be given if found desirable. Stamp, Deeds, &c., at cost of purchaser.

JOSEPH B. BAKER,
MORTGAGEE.
JAS. A. PEARCE, Att'y.
May 17, 1873—tds.

Road Notice.

THE undersigned, citizens of the Second Election District of Kent county, hereby give notice, that they have been appointed by the Commissioners for Kent county, Commissioners to examine the Road leading from Gooding's mill to Harmony, with a view to widening and draining that part between George W. Vansant's corner and Shrewsbury Church Lane, more particularly the portion in the vicinity of Locust Grove.

ROBERT J. LUSBY,
HENRY JONES,
JOHN HURLOCK,
May 10, 1873—3t.

Vendue Notes.

A good supply always on hand, for sale low, at the TRANSCRIPT OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

Valuable Farm
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, as heirs-at-law of the late James W. Skirven, of Kent county, will expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on

TUESDAY,

The 17th day of June, 1873,

at the Voshell House in Chestertown, at eleven o'clock, A. M., all

That Valuable Farm in Worton,

in Kent county, usually known as

"GREEN POINT,"

formerly the property of the late Samuel G. Kennard, and afterwards of the late John S. Kennard, containing

About 402 Acres,

of which about 100 acres are in WOOD and RAIL TIMBER.

This Farm lies on navigable water on Worton creek. There is also a Landing on the property, which affords facilities for lading and unlading vessels.

The soil is good, and grows Wheat, Oats and Grass very finely, and also Corn. There are about

2,000 PEACH TREES,
Of Choice Varieties,
ABOUT TWO YEARS OLD.

Also, about 600 PEAR TREES,

in excellent condition, and about two years old.

The location is one of the finest in the county, and as a site for a dwelling is probably unsurpassed. The Banks are high and command a beautiful view of the Bay and of the Harford shore, and the country surrounding the premises is also healthy, and the neighborhood one of the best in the county. The Farm is under excellent fencing, and a considerable quantity of Cord Wood might be sold, independent of the Fence Timber left for improvement.

The Farm is divided into seven fields and two lots, and there are two Frame Tenant Houses on the premises.



The BUILDINGS consist of a FRAME DWELLING, quite commodious; Kitchen; New Shed Stabling; Granary, Meat House new; also new Carriage House.

Garden paled and Yard well fenced.

The Farm can easily be divided into two farms.

The land adjoins the property of Mr. J. W. Edwards, and others. Mr. Charles Jewel, the tenant, will show the premises to any who may call to examine them.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE—One fourth cash on the day of sale, or in ninety days from the day of sale, and the balance in three equal instalments in one, two, and three years from the first day of January next, with interest from that time, to be secured by Bond and Mortgage on the estate, with assignment of Policy of Insurance on the Buildings, the proceeds of which, in case of fire, to be appropriated to rebuilding.

JAMES W. SKIRVEN,
WM. T. TOMLINSON and wife,
SARAH E. TOMLINSON, formerly Sarah E. Skirven,
SARAH E. SKIRVEN, (widow.)
May 17, 1873—tds.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Stockholders, in "THE KENT MUTUAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION" are hereby notified to attend their regular meeting this SATURDAY evening on SPECIAL business, By ORDER,
T. W. RUSSELL, SECRETARY.
May 17, 1873—1t.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to us for years 1871 and 1872, will please call and settle immediately.

C. F. STAM & BRO.
May 10, 1873—3t.

New Advertisements.

Trustee's Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF A DECREE in the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Chancery, the subscriber as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Hotel of J. Pennington, in Galena, Kent Co., Md., on

WEDNESDAY,

The 18th day of June, 1873,

AT 3 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

ALL THAT FARM,

called "Bright Helmstone," which is described in deeds from the heirs-at-law of Solomon Semans to Joseph Morris,

Containing 236 Acres,
MORE OR LESS,

of which about two hundred acres are in cultivation, and the rest is *WOOD.*

This Farm is situated in Kent county, Maryland, near Morris' Station, and about three miles from Massey's Station on the rail road leading from Chestertown to Townsend, and thence to Baltimore and Philadelphia.

The improvements consist of a two story Brick Dwelling House,



with frame addition, good barn, stables and other Farm Buildings, all in good condition.

A PEACH ORCHARD,
Containing about 1000 Trees,
AND A SMALL APPLE ORCHARD.

The land is well fenced and of good quality.

ALSO, A LOT OF WOOD LAND,
CONTAINING ABOUT 20 ACRES,

which is particularly described in a deed from E. E. Massey to Joseph Morris, dated on or about the fifth day of April, 1854, and recorded among the Land Records of Kent county.

ALSO, ALL THAT PARCEL OF LAND

situated in Galena, in Kent county, which was conveyed by Richard Hynson, Trustee, to said Morris, by deed dated 13th of September, 1861, and recorded in Liber J. K. H., No. 2, folio 632, containing

Seven Acres, more or less.



Upon this last mentioned property there is a good and substantial Frame Dwelling House, with carriage house, stable, corn house, garden, &c. Also, a

FOUNDRY, MACHINE SHOPS,
BLACKSMITH SHOPS,

AND SEVERAL OTHER VALUABLE BUILDINGS.

The entire parcel will be sold all together, or in lots to suit the convenience of purchasers.

THE TERMS OF SALE prescribed by the decree are, That one third of the purchase money shall be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in two equal instalments, at six and twelve months thereafter, with interest, and security approved by the Trustee.

HENRY W. ARCHER,
May 17, 1873—tds. *Trustee.*
☞ Kent News copy.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons entitled or claiming to be entitled to share in the distribution of the personal estate of Samuel W. Canady, late of Kent county, deceased, are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at Chestertown on TUESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1873, at the room of the Orphans' Court, at 11 o'clock A. M., in order that the said distribution may be made under the direction and control of the Orphans' Court for Kent county.

R. HYNSON, Admr.

THE above notice having been read and considered, it is, this thirteenth day of May, 1873, ordered that the same be and is hereby approved by this Court.

JAMES BECK, of Geo.,
CORNELIUS J. SCOTT,
WM. T. HEPBRON,
Judges of the Orphans' Court for Kent county.
Test: E. CROUCH, Reg. Wills.
May 17, 1873—4t.

KENT COUNTY

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

THE COMMISSIONERS of Kent county will meet at their office in Chestertown,

ON TUESDAY,
The 25th day of March, 1873,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., and will continue to meet at the same place and hour

EVERY TUESDAY,
Until the 20th day of May next,

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since the general valuation and assessment of 1872, are particularly requested to attend at an early day and have their tax accounts adjusted. After *TUESDAY*, the 20th day of May next, no alteration in the assessments will be made during the present year.

All persons having ACCOUNTS against the county, are requested to bring in the same, on or before

Tuesday, the 20th day of May next,

otherwise they will not get into this year's levy. All accounts presented to the Court will be required to be under oath. All new applications for Pensions must be in writing, stating the residence, condition and circumstances of the applicant, and signed by two or more persons having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

JOHN RUSSELL,
Clerk to Commissioners for Kent Co.
March 15, 1873—tm

You Want a Nice Suit Made Up,

AT A LESS PRICE THAN A CITY TAILOR WOULD CHARGE YOU, Call on

S. MERRITT & CO.,
May 10. Chestertown.

CORN MANURE.

THE attention of the farmers of Kent is invited to the above Fertilizer. It is VERY RICH IN POTASH, and is highly recommended to PREVENT CORN FROM FRENCHING. It was used in Kent last spring, and its success for this purpose was such as to fully warrant its recommendation.

Price $35 per ton, delivered in Chestertown.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.
March 22, 1873—2m.

On hand and for sale PLASTERER'S HAIR and WHITEWASH LIME, by the peck or barrel.

May 3, 1873—2m. J. W. CARROLL.

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