OUR LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

CAMP MEETING.—The Methodist Protestant Church of Kent circuit will hold a camp meeting at the old well known ground in Baker's Woods, near this town, to commence August 15th. It is thought there will be a large number of tents.

AMPUTATION.—Dr. Wm. H. Meeteer Thursday afternooh amputated the left leg, just above the knee, of a negro boy aged about twelve years, named Wesley Brown, a resident of this place. The Doctor was assisted by Mr. Louis K. Stam --the patient is doing well.

HARVEST.—Some of our farmers coinmenced cutting wheat about the middle of the present week, and harvest will be general the week coming. From all accounts the crop will be unusually good, both in quantity and the quality of the grain.

Oats, except in rare instances, are very indifferent indeed.

THE PASTURES are very bare, owing to the long dry spell, affording very slim grazing, which is very sensibly felt in the falling off of the supply of butter, some farmers only making enough for family use. Dealers here are compelled to seek supplies from the city, thus giving butter consumers an inferior article at the price of the pure, fresh country-made article.

EXCURSIONISTS.—The splendid steamer PENTZ brought to our town last Saturday a large party, the excusion being under the auspices of the Sabbath School of St. Peter's P. E. Church, (Rev. Dr. Grammar's) of Baltimore city. The boat arrived at 1 o'clock and left at 4 P. M., the three hours' interval being employed by the excursionists generally in strolling around, seemingly enjoying the contrast between the bustle, noise, dust and heat of Maryland's great commercial mart and the quiet streets and shady retreats of a country town.

ATTRACTIVE EXCURSION.—We are requested to announce that the Sunday School of the Methodist Prot. Church, Chestertown, are making arrangements for an excursion to Baltimore and Druid Hill Park, on Wednesday, the 16th of July. Ample time will be given to spend several hours at the Park. Particulars in advertisement next week.

CHOLERA.—The continued recurrence of this disease in the cities and towns of the Mississippi valley, has awakened the most lively apprehension in the Atlantic cities—and the most stringent sanitary measures are being resorted to. Would it not be well for our citizens to direct their earnest and immediate attention to the most thorough cleansing of their entire premises? Perfect cleanliness has been demonstrated to be the most effectual preventive against this terrible discase.

The following prescription, known as the "Sun Cholera Mixture," is said to be a preventive when taken in time. It may be compounded without professionall skill; and as the dose is so very small, it may be carried in a tiny phial in the waistcoat pocket, and be always at hand. It is:

Tinct. opii,
Capsici,
Rhei co.,
Menth pip.,
Campho.

Mix the above in equal parts; dose, ten to thirty drops. In plain terms, take equal parts tincture of opium, red pepper, rhubarb, peppermint and camphor, and mix them for use. In case of diarrhœa, take a dose of ten to twenty drops in three or four teaspoonfuls of water. No one who has this by him, and takes it in time, will ever have the cholera. We commend it to our Western friends, and hope that the recipe will be widely published. Even when no cholera is anticipated, it is an excellent remedy for ordinary summer complaint.

THE MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENTS on Monday and Tuesday evenings last, by Mr. Frank A. Conly of Philadelphia, were well patronized, and gave very general satisfaction. We do not know whether Mr. Conly claims to be in the direct line from Proteus, but he certainly has admirable power of changing his expression. The citizens of any of our peninsula towns will lose nothing by hearing him, should he pay them a visit.

SCRIBNER'S FOR JULY.—"The Great South" series of magnificently illustrated articles begins in Scribner's for July. In the first paper entitled "The new route to the Gulf,') Mr. Edward King gives us graphic descriptions of the movement of the army of emigrants into the great South-west land, and of the romantic border life—past and present—of that strange but now rapidly modernizing country. An entertaining illustrated paper on "Low life in Berlin" follows this. A noteworthy article in this number is Dr. Newell's singular autobiographic paper entitled "Recollections of a restored Lunatic. There are, beside the continuation of Arthur Bonnicastle (in which is chronicled the death of Old Jenks,) stories by Adeline Trafton and Miss Osgood; a bright little article on "Children's Magazines;" a remarkable paper by "An Orthodox Minister" on "The Liberty of Protestantism," and poetry by MacDonald, G. P. Lathrop, B. F. Taylor, Miss Annan, and others.

In "Topics of the Time," Dr. Holland discusses American Morals, Skilled Domestic Service, and Summer Play. In "The Old Cabinet" we find The Stove that makes its own Twilight, Within and Without, Ideal and Real, Song of a Heathen—sojourning in Galilee, A. D. 32. The Book Reviews are more than usually full and readable, and the other departments have their customary interest. Bret Harte's new story will begin in the August number.

ORPHANS' COURT.—Present, Judges Beck, Scott and Hepbron.

The court passed a number of claims against the estates of deceased parties.

On application, John A. Hersch was appointed guardian to his five minor children, viz: Elizabeth Jane, Hester Elmer, Georgeanna Helen, Sallie Catharine, and Maggie Louisa Hersch, and gave bond with William Stevens and Benj. F. Beck as sureties.

Richard C. Johnson, admr. of Wm. C. Pennington, dec'd., returned an inventory of the personal estate, which was proved and ordered to be recorded: and obtained an order for the sale of the same.

On application of Henrietta Boyd, guardian to Henry L. Boyd, David Clements and John Nowland were appointed to view and estimate the annual rental value of the real estate of said minor.

C. H. Baker, admr. of James H. Parsons, returned his first admr. account, which was passed and ordered to be recorded.

Sam'l. Burgess, admr. of Sarah A. Burgess, returned his second and final admr. account, which was passed and ordered to be recorded.

Sam'l. Burgess, admr. C. T. A. of Lambert Wickes, returned his second and final admr. account: passed and ordered to be recorded.

Robert J. Lusby, admr. of John M. Hudson and acting guardian to Walter K., George T., Edward E., Margaret A. and Catharine E. A. Hudson, returned separate guardian accounts for the years 1871-2, which were passed and ordered to be recorded.

The guardianship of Elias Deputy, guardian for John L. and Nora Deputy was, for cause, revoked by the court, and George Vickers, Esq., appointed new guardian.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Commissioners have been engaged in making their annual levy.

The basis of taxation for the present year is—

Assessment for county tax, $7,955.27, at a total per centum of 85 cts. in the $100,	$67,621.98
Assessment for State Tax, $7,877,188, at 17cts. in $100,	13,391.22
Whole amt. of State and county tax, at 102 cts.,	$81,013.20

The percentum of taxes is—

For Co. exp. 48½c. in the $100		$38,621.98
For schools 20½c.	"	16,000.00
R.R. bonds and int. 16½	"	13,000.00
Total for county, 85 cts.	"	
For State, 17	"	
Total 102 cts., being ten cents less than last year.		

MR. EDITOR—We are sorry to learn that the expected literary celebration of the Mount Vernon Literary Society of Washington College, contemplated on the 8th prox., has been abandoned. The Society had secured the services of Col. Geo. A. Hanson to deliver the address, but unexpectedly failed to make the other necessary arrangements, owing to the extraordinary labor required from the majority of the speakers (members of the Society) who belong to the graduating class. T. B.

COUNTY NOMINATING CONVENTION.—Pursuant to adjournment, the Nominating Convention of Democratic Conservative party reassembled at the Court House, on Tuesday, June 24th, 1873.—The officers were all in their places. The roll of members was called, and there being a vacancy in the delegation from the 4th Dist., Mr. Charles H. Davis was proposed and recognized as a delegate in place of Mr. J. W. Loud, the absent member.

The call was read showing the object of this meeting of the Convention to be to nominate a candidate for Register of Wills.

Jos. P. Ireland, Esq., of the 1st District then gave the result of the election in that District on Saturday last, stating there were 444 votes cast, each of the two candidates, Messrs. Comegys and Crouch receiving 222, thus failing to designate either as the choice of the District.

Mr. Ireland, further stated, that as the friend of Mr. Comegys he was authorized to withdraw his name in order to secure the entire harmony of the party.

Wm. B. Usilton, of the 4th Dist., said: In the same spirit which prompts Mr. Comegys to withdraw his name from the contest—sacrificing personal considerations for the general interest of the party—Mr. Crouch also asks the withdrawal of his name.

The Convention then took a recess of 10 minutes, and upon reassembling, it was decided to go into the nomination of a candidate for Register of Wills.

Mr. Ireland of the 1st. District nominated WILLIAM STEVENS of the 5th District.

Capt. James Cohee, of the 3d District nominated JAMES KENDALL, of the 5th District.

The first ballot resulted in the nomination of Wm. Stevens, he having received all but two votes—Messrs. Cohee and Pennington voting for Mr. Kendall.

Upon motion of Mr. Pennington, the nomination of Mr. Stevens was made unanimous.

A committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Saml. Hurlock, Geo. W. Price and Jonn Greenwood of Wm. was appointed to wait upon Mr. Stevens and inform him of his election, and request his presence in the Convention. After a short absence the Committee returned in company with Mr. Stevens, and introduced him to the Convention.

In appropriate and graceful terms, Mr. Stevens acknowledged the compliment paid him and signified his acceptance of the nomination.

After some remarks by other members, a resolution was passed expressing a high appreciation of the motives which prompted the withdrawal of Messas. Comegys and Crouch, and predicting for the whole ticket a triumphant election.

For County Surveyor, C. A. Baker Esq., was nominated.

The chairman was requested to ask of the Central Committee the appointment by them of a committee of two persons in each district to see to the thorough organization of the party.

The Convention then adjourned,

LEWIN USILTON, Pres't,
DAVID JONES, Vice Pres't.
WM. B. USILTON, Sec'y.

MISS ANTHONY'S CASE.

In November last Susan B. Anthony voted at the election in Rochester, New York, for member of Congress. She has been lately tried for illegal voting and convicted. The case was one to test the right of women to vote under the fourteenth amendment.

The opinion of Judge Hunt, of the United States Supreme Court, in this case, which opinion accompanied the direction of the court to bring in a verdict of guilty, is spoken of as a very clear exposition of the original intent and the utmost scope of the fourteenth amendment of the federal constitution. Under the fourteenth amendment, which equalizes representation upon population, and declares that no State shall abridge the rights of citizens of the United States, Miss Anthony claimed that citizens of the United States was to vote, and that the laws of the State of New York, which limited suffrage to men, were in conflict with the fourteenth amendment of the federal constitution. The decision of Judge Hunt is instructive and valuable. The right of voting he truly declares to be inherent in none, but is a right conferred by State laws, and that these laws can also direct the uniform conditions under which it can be exercised. The rights of citizens secured by the fourteenth amendment are their rights in their capacity as citizens of the United States, which rights, he speaks of as specific in character and not large. In number, enumerating a few of them, such as the right to jury trial, to the writ of habeas corpus, to transact business, to acquire and dispose of property, to self-defense, &c. He also decides that the fourteenth amendment secures to citizens who live in States the right to vote "*according to the laws of the State in which they live.*" The judge declares that "if the State of New York should provide that no person should vote until he had reached the age of thirty-one years, or after he had reached the age of fifty, or that no person having gray hair, or who had not the possession of his limbs, should be entitled to vote, I do not see how it could be held to be a violation of any right derived or held under the constitution of the United States. He might say that such regulations were unjust and tyrannical, unfit for the regulation of an intelligent State; but if rights of a citizen are thereby violated, they are of that fundamental class derived from his position as a citizen of the State, and not those limited rights belonging to him as a citizen of the United States." Judge Hunt also fortified his opinion by the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Louisiana slaughter-house case, that it was not called upon to rectify wrongs done a person by any State laws which were not in express conflict with the federal constitution; and also in the case of Mrs. Myra Bradwell, who complained that the State of Illinois did her injustice by limiting the office of attorney to males, whereas she claimed to be qualified for practice. The court decided that her wrongs could not be repaired by interfering with Illinois laws not in conflict with the federal constitution. The wrong done to citizens of Louisiana by the law of that State giving a monopoly to certain parties in New Orleans to do all the slaughtering for that city, is no doubt a great one—and nearly one-half of the Supreme Court thought that it was in the power of that court to correct so great a breach of popular rights, but a majority of one thought differently—and hence the wrong goes unrighted for the want of constitutional power, as is held by the court, even under the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments, which were designed only to give to colored men the rights which white men already enjoyed. Apart from the foolish assumption of Miss Anthony, these decisions are of great practical importance as showing that in the opinion of the United States Supreme Court the States have some rights left which that tribunal at least feels bound to respect, even though, as in the Louisiana case, they may be wrongfully exercised.

☞ The California people are wondering how they shall vote. The new election law is very particular in requiring that the tickets shall be twelve inches long, and that the printed matter shall be "single leaded," and in long primer type. Now, in San Francisco, sixty-two officers are to be voted for, and their names and those of the offices which they seek cannot possibly be printed on a twelve-inch ticket in legal form. It is simply a typographical impossibility, and if the code manufacturers had consulted some printer before meddling with what they did not understand, they would have escaped the perpetration of a grave absurdity.

THE LEAGUE OF JUSTICE.—The St. Louis Republican, says that a secret society exists under the name of the "League of Justice," numbering 260,000 members in the States of Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and Missouri, pledged to procure the reduduation of bonds issued in aid of railways, and to prevent companies from giving title by sale to any lands claimed under grants from Congress.

PENINSULA ITE MS.

CECIL COUNTY.

Seminole Lodge No. 41 Knights of Pythias, have begun the erection of a Hall at Cherry Hill to cost about $6,000. It is to be three stories high, the lower story for a store, the second for a lecture room, and the upper story for the meetings of the Kodge.

Alexander Johnson, alias Cuff (colored) escaped from the Elkton jail by scaling the wall 23 feet high, week before last.

CAROLINE COUNTY.

The Denton Union says:

It is estimated, that there has been shipped from this Peninsula, the present season, to Philadelphia and New York alone, over five million qnarts of strawberries.

A Thousand Acre Land Claim.—Mr. J. Brody Wilson, of Calloway Co., Kentucky, gives notice in another column, that he claims the title to about one thousand acres of land, lying in the first election district of this county, between Greensborough and Bullocktown (now Templeville.) The land is known as the Culbreth and Wyatt land, and there may be parts of other tracts included. The grounds of the claim we learn are those of primogenitureship, and although in the power of an heir in possession to break the entailment, the legislature having years ago made special provision for this purpose, in this instance the eldest male heir having failed to take advantage of the legislative enactment, the right now vests in Mr. Wilson under the English statue. Mr. Wilson has employed counsel and will prosecute the claim speedily.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY

The Observer says: Wm. Smith, colored, was arrested on Wednesday charged with being accessory to the shooting of Ross. He had a hearing before Justice Goldsborough, who, in default of bail, committed him to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury at the November Term of our Court. Ross, the wounded man, has sufficiently recovered to be able to appear against Smith as a witness.

We are going to have a new hotel in Centreville. On Saturday week an architect from Baltimore was here taking the dimensions of a site, &c., for the purpose of making drawings of the proposed new building. It is designed to have the house completed and ready for occupancy by the first of November. A number of new buildings have recently been erected in our town, and when the unsightly walls of the old hotel are removed, and a fine modern building erected in their stead, Centreville will present quite a respectable appearance.

THE PROPOSED MARYLAND AND DELAWARE SHIP CANAL.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce makes the annexed reference to the projected ship canal across the peninsula from the Delaware to the Chesapeake bay, from which it will be seen that it is proposed to depart from the minimum depth of the Maryland charter, of 18 feet, and the recent action of the Delaware Legislature, of 15 feet, and make the canal the necessary depth of 25 feet, to accommodate the Baltimore harbor. The correspondent says:

Mr Horace Tibbetts and United States Senator George Vickers, of Maryland, have organized, under a charter from the State of Maryland and right of way from the State of Delaware, an association to construct a ship canal between the Chesapeake and Delaware bays. They propose to take the mouth of Sassafras river as the entering point on the west side, and the mouth of Blackbird creek as the outlet on the Delaware bay side. The distance across is thirty-two miles. Of this twelve miles of Sassafras river is navigable, and the remaining twenty miles must be cut and dredged. The depth proposed is twenty-five feet throughout the entire distance; eighty feet wide in the deep cuts, and wider at the dredged points, so as to allow vessels of the largest class to go through, and, at certain points, to pass each other.

The company propose to accomplish the work without a single lock. This locality has been surveyed and pronounced feasible, but other surveys will be made before a final location is determined. The theory upon which the canal is to be made useful to commerce and profitable to the owners is, that Baltimore being so much nearer the West and South-west will gain through this shorter and cheaper outlet for large vessels to New York a much greater trade than she has, and be able to furnish Cumberland coal at New York nearly $1 per ton cheaper. Baltimore is nearer by rail than New York to Chicago 152 miles; Cincinaiti, 240 miles; Louisville, 246 miles, and St. Louis, 210 miles. Coal now costs from Baltimore to New York, by rail, $4 per ton; by sea $2.15 per ton. This canal, they say, will save 220 miles distance around the dangerous Cape Charles, and enable them to send coal from Baltimore to New York for $1.25 per ton. Last year 1,200,000 tons of coal were sent from Baltimore to New York. Though it is expected that a private company will manage the scheme, it has been laid before the Senate committee on transportation to the seaboard, and will be examined and reported upon with the others at the coming session of Congress.

RICHMOND VA., June 23.—The seconds in the Mordecai and McCarty duel made a successful effort to get bail to-day. They were taken on a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Lacy, of New Kent county, below Richmond and after hearing the case and argument of counsel, they were admitted to bail in $5,000 each to appear before the grand Jury on the 7th of July.

HANDY USES FOR POSTAL CARDS.—A correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce* inquires whether it is against business etiquette to acknowledge the receipt of a letter on a postal card by "yours at hand and contents noted," or to acknowledge the receipt of a remittance by "yours of yesterday received, with inclosure, as stated, in full to first instant." The *Journal* says there is nothing "mean" in such a use of postal cards, but rather a positive advantage since no one side will be the acknowledgement of the receipt of money or order, and on the other the evidence of the date when it passed through the mails. This revives the old advantage of writing a letter on a single sheet of paper, folding it, writing the address on the outside, and mailing it to its place of destination. According to this method the official postoffice stamp showed when and where the letter was mailed. On the introduction of envelopes this advantage was lost since the writing was on one piece of paper and the direction and stamp on the other, and there being no connecting link between them, the actual mailing of a letter in an envelope is very hard to prove. There is to be had, however, at some of the stationers, a combination of the letter-sheet and envelope on one piece of paper, and this has the handiness of the envelope with the advantage of preserving the postmark.

AUGUST FLOWER.—This great Dyspepsia Panacea has the largest sale of any other preperation in the world. Why? because we say to every one that is afflicted with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Head-ache, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Indigestion or any disease depending upon pure blood, healthy Liver and Stomach, to call at C. F. Stam & Bro's. Drug Store, in Chestertown and get one of our sample bottles free of charge. Regular size 75 cents. Two or three doses will relieve any case.

For sale by Druggists and dealers everywhere, and wholsale by C. F. Stam & Bro., Chestertown, Md.

Order of Ratification.

JOSEPH B. BAKER,
vs.
ABEL J. REES.

In the Circuit Court for Kent county, in Equity. April Term, 1873.

Ordered, that the sales made and reported by Joseph B. Baker, the Mortgagee within named, of the Real Estate of Abel J. Rees, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown, on or before the 12th day of August next: provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed at Chestertown, once in each of three successive weeks before the 12th day of July next.

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True copy—Test:
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
June 14, 1873—4t.

Road Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned, examiners, appointed by the County Commissioners for Kent county, to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a public road leading down Broad Neck, from the point on the public road where the lands of William J. Vannort adjoin the lands of Mrs. S. Jessop; said road to continue along the line of division between said lands to the waters of the branch of Langford's Bay, and for a Public Landing on said waters, hereby give notice that they will meet at Trappe, on

Wednesday, the 9th day of July, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to discharge the duties devolving upon them by said appointment and commission.

JAMES P. DECOURSE,
FRANCIS BAKER,
JAMES F. WILKINS,
June 7, 1873—tm. *Examiners.*

Re-Opening.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has re-opened the old established store, (lately occupied by A. L. Gooding, dec'd.,) situated at

CHESTERVILLE, KENT CO., MD.,

and having refitted it generally and laid in a large and well selected assortment of Store Goods, is fully prepared to meet all demands for

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE AND QUEENSWARE,

and in fact everything kept in a first-class store. Also, a full supply of

Pure and fresh Drugs and Medicines

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

☞ A full line of Perfumeries, Fancy Goods, Combs, Brushes, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash; or Country Produce taken in exchange.

F. M. GOODING,
July 7, 1873—tf. *Chestervile, Md.*

MERCHANT TAILORING.

ABE SCHWARTZ

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Chestertown and vicinity that he has opened in the store room up town, opposite Captain Thompson's,

A FIRST CLASS TAILOR SHOP

where he keeps on hand an assortment o PIECE GOOD to suit the taste of every man and youth, and is ready to receive orders for

CUTTING AND MAKING UP SUITS

to fit, under guarantee, even at low prises.

Has justacturned from the cities with his Spring nd Summer stock of Goods.

☞ *SCOURING, CLEANING and REPAIRING* done promptly and in the best manner—almost like new.

ABE SCHWARTZ
Chestertown, April 26, 1873—y.

COLIN F. STAM. LOUIS K. STAM.

C. F. Stam & Bro.

CHESTERTOWN, Md.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Chemicals,
PERFUMERY,
AND
FANCY TOILET ARTICLE.

:o:

THOMPSON'S,
FOSTER'S IMPROVED,
BARTLETT,
MARSH, AND
REINHARDT
TRUSSES.
LONDON & PRATT AND HOWE
ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.
SHOULDER BRACES.

:o:

Wax Flower Materials.

:o:

Books & Stationery
OF ALL KINDS,
Can be bought at City Prices from us.

:o:

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
AND
WINDOW GLASS
OF ALL SIZES.

:o:

☞ *DO NOT FAIL TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.*

REMEMBER, we take pleasure in displaying our Goods.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ANSWERED.

C. F. STAM & BRO.
April 12, 1873.

CONFECTIONERY!

JAMES H. SMITH,

AT THE OLD STAND opposite the Court House, invites all in want of articles in his line to give him a call.

Among his stock will be found a full assortment of

RAISINS, CURRANTS, PRUNES, FIGS, CITRON, ORANGES, LEMONS, DATES,

And Pure SPICES.

A general assortment of

FRENCH and PLAIN CANDIES
AND
CONFECTIONERY,

COCOA, CHOCOLATE AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

CANNED FRUITS AND PICKLES, WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, CHOW-CHOW.

CRACKERS, ALL VARIETIES.

CAKES AND NUTS, ALL KINDS;

Toys, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Articles
LAMP FIXINGS,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
January 11, 1873.

1873. 1873.

SPRING TRADE.

A Large and Desirable Stock
OF
SEASONABLE GOODS
NOW IN STORE.

GENTS. CALF SKIN BOOTS,
BROGANS,
FOR FARM WEAR;
AND VERY FULL LINES OF
Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Shoes,
MANY OF THEM OF
SUPERIOR CITY MAKE.

BLACK ALPACAS
AND
PURE MOHAIRS.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
OF VARIOUS WIDTHS.

We are keeping our Stock well up despite the general depression of business.

T. S. WICKES.
Chestertown, May 3, 1873.

HAIR AND LIME.

On hand and for sale PLASTERER'S HAIR and WHITEWASH LIME, by the peck or barrel.

May 3, 1873—2m. J. W. CARROLL.

The Place to Get
GOOD CULTIVATOR TEETH!
FOUR DIFFERENT KINDS AND SIZES,
AND ALL PURE STEEL!
Over Five Hundred Sets Sold!



PLOWS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, *FARM WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS,* EXPRESS WAGONS
DEARBORNS, &c.

The undersigned would respectfully return their thanks to the people of Kent and the adjoining county for their liberal patronage during the past nine years, and feel confident we shall receive the same as long as we continue to use the *best material* and employ none but the *best workmen*, thus giving a guarantee on all we do.

In the *WHEELWRIGHT DEPARTMENT* we use the best Lumber, and that well seasoned.

In the *BLACKSMITH LINE*, we do the most of the work, and we flatter ourselves, that it cannot be excelled on this Shore.

CULTIVATORS of all styles and paterns; *PLOW CASTINGS*, smooth and of the best temper.

Reapers, Mowers, Horse Powers, Drills and all kinds of implements used in this part of the country, repaired.

HOES of the best brand of steel.

All kinds of Plow castings for sale.

We intend to fix the prices to suit the times.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
May 10, 1873—tSept.15.

Kent County R. R.



TIME TABLE:
TO TAKE EFFECT
Saturday, November 16, 1873

GOING EAST.

Leave Chestertown	6:30 A.M.		
" Worton	6:48 "		
" Lynch's	6:55 "		
" Still Pond	7:02 "		
" Kennedyville	7:17 "		
" Black's	7:32 "	Q. A. & Kent	
" Lambson's	7:46 "	R. R.	
" Massey's	8:02 "	1:24	P. M.
" Morris'	8:12 "	1:38	"
" Vandyke's	8:22 "	1:52	"
Arrive at Townsend	8:36 "	2:10	"
" Wilmington	10:15 "	3:55	"
" Philadelphia	11:45 P.M.	5:18	"
" Baltimore	1:05 "	8:10	"

GOING WEST.

Leave Baltimore	7:25 A.M.	2:05	P. M.
" Philadelphia	8:30 "	5:00	"
" Wilmington	10:10 "	6:25	"
" Townsend	11:40 "	6:25	"
" Vandyke's	11:55 "	8:15	"
" Morris'	12:05 P.M.	8:25	"
" Massey's	12:20 "	8:36	"
" Lambson's	12:30 "		
" Black's	12:46 "		
" Kennedyville	1:00 "		
" Still Pond,	1:10 "		
" Lynch's	1:15 "		
" Worton	1:25 "		
" Chestertown	1:35 "		
" Vickers'	1:55 "		

All trains daily, (Sundays excepted.)

Stations marked * have no agents.

To insure connections with trains on the Delaware Railroad, shippers must have their marketing at stations at least one half hour before the train is due.

Trains run to Vickers' and Parsons' stations for freight only.

CHARLES H. PLATT,
Nov. 30, 1872. *Superintendent.*

Kent County Agricultural Association No. 1,

Will hold its third Annual Fair at Worton Station, commencing on

Tuesday, September 30th,

and continuing three days.

Ample provision is being made to secure every possible benefit to exhibitors and visitors.

Bids received for the following privileges:

Refreshment and Dining Saloon; Soda Fountain; Horse Pound; Barber Shop.

☞ For Premium Lists and other information, address (enclosing stamp) the Secretary,

E. A. VANNORT, M. D.,
Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.
April 5, 1873—tf.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate, in Kent county, Maryland, of

WILLIAM C. PENNINGTON,
late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of January, 1874; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 17th day of June, 1873.

RICHARD C. JOHNSON,
June 21, 1873—4t. Administrator.

JAS. WARDEN. JAS. A. MERRITT.

Warden & Merritt,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FLOUR & COUNTRY PRODUCE
72 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Kent county, letters of Administration D. B. N., on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., not already administered, of

THOMAS B. FLOWER,
late of the State of Massachusetts, deceased.

All Persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of December, 1873; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 27th day of May, 1873.

GRORGE VICKERS,
May 31, 1873—4t. Administrator.

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