LOCAL NEWS.

We learn that Mr. R. C. Berkeley, late of Washington College, has been appointed to the chair of Ancient Languages in the University of West Virginia.

ORPHANS' COURT.—Present, Judges Beck, Scott, and Hepbron.

The court passed a number of claims against the estates of deceased parties.

Letters of administration on the estate of Barrett C. Catlin, late of Kent county, dec'd., were granted and committed unto Joseph Catlin and John H. Evans, who gave bond in the penalty of eight thousand dollars, with Joel R. Clements and John H. Evans, Jr., as sureties. David Clements and Wm. N. C. Anderson were appointed to appraise said estate, and the usual notice to creditors ordered.

Ordered, that Nathaniel W. Comegys and Jacob Highley be appointed to view and determine the annual rental value of the real estate of Philip A. M. Brooks, a minor, in the hands of Samuel H. Blackiston, his guardian.

The last will and testament of Richard W. Ringgold, late of Kent county, dec'd., having been admitted to probate by the Register during the recess, was ordered to be recorded.

William F. and Edwin S. Morris, administrators of Sarah A. Morris, returned their fourth administration account, which was passed and ordered to be recorded.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement of the old established firm of Chapman & Lambert, who are prepared to repair and furnish any part of the Bickford & Huffman Drill. They also have on hand, and are ready to supply, their celebrated Corn Hoe. This old firm has established something more than a neighborhood reputation as prompt, reliable and skillful workmen. Read their advertisement.

REV. P. COOMBE, who is canvassing in the employ of the Maryland State Temperance Alliance, delivered three lectures in the Court room this week. They were well attended. Mr. Coombe fully sustained the high reputation as a champion in the temperance cause, which had preceded him, and his efforts here have been very successful.

MARYLAND INSTITUTE.—The twenty-seventh Annual Exhibition of the Maryland Institute for the promotion of the Mechanic Arts, will commence at the Hall on Baltimore street, on the first day of October, and continue open until the 31st of October. No pains are being spared to make it surpass all its predecessors in attractions.

The Gold Medal will be awarded by the *unanimous* vote of the Committee to the inventor of a machine, or discoverer of a process which shall be adjudged to be so important in its use or application as to supplant every article previously used for the same purpose in some branch of the useful arts.

For information apply to C. W. BENTLY, President, or JOHN S. SELBY, at the Institute.

A VALUABLE WORK ON THE WEST.—"The Undeveloped West; or, Five Years in the Territories." Being a complete history of that vast region between the Mississippi and the Pacific; its resources, climate, inhabitants, natural curiosities, etc., with life and adventures on praries, mountains, and the Pacific coast. By J. H. Beadle, Western Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, and author of "Life in Utah," etc., Published by the National Publishing Co., of Philadelphia.

The most attractive, as well as the most remarkable portion of our country, is that which lies West of the Misssissippi. It is attractive to the emigrant, because it is to that region that he looks for a home; to the student of nature, because of the stupendous marvels of creation in which it abounds; to the capitalist, because of its wonderful capacity for producing wealth. It is a land of grandeur, beauty and romance.

Mr. Beadle spent five years in the Great West, for the especial purpose of exploring the country. Setting out on foot, he traversed the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Texas, as well as Dakotah and the Indian Territory; visiting in person all that was worth seeing; examining the lands, living and conversing with the people, and gaining for himself a fund of information, based upon his own observations and discoveries, more extepsive than one man in a million can obtain.

He explored the various routes of the great Pacific railways, and spent months with the Indians, both friendly and hostile, studying their character and habits. He allowed no personal peril to deter him from the execution of his plan. Thousands of lonely miles were traversed by him, and he endured fatigue, hunger and many dangers, that he might make known the true character of the land and people in which and among whom his wanderings were made.

The book is sold by subscription only, and the publishers want agents in every county.

THE UNITED STATES GRAND LODGE OF ODD-FELLOWS.—Preparations for the annual assemblage of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, in Baltimore, on Monday next, have been completed at the Hall, on North Gay street, and quarters for a majority of the 130 or 150 representatives expected have been secured at hotels and boarding houses. It is likely that the session will continue six or seven days. The grand body comprises four representatives from each State. Grand Sire Logan, of Kansas, who is United States minister to one of the South American States, is the present presiding officer of the supreme body of the order, but in his expected absence Deputy Grand Sire Durham, of Kentucky, will fill the chair.

The Hall on Gay street has been thoroughly renovated and freshened up for the assemblage. The building has been painted outside and inside, and looks well. The grand saloon in the southern wing of the building, in which the sessions of the Grand Lodge will be held, has been newly carpeted, requiring 480 yards of stuff, and the halls and passage-ways have been laid with fresh drugget, the whole interior presenting an inviting and comfortable appearance. The saloon is elegantly fitted up; the walls are hung all around with portraits of distinguished members of the order who have filled the chair of the Grand Sire, with the full length portrait of Thomas Wildey, founder of the order in the United States, occupying the center, over the presiding officer's chair. Mahogany desks, and chairs cushioned in horsehair, to accommodate 220 persons, are ranged in semi-circular rows. All the furniture is highly polished and the surroundings are tasteful and elegant. The committee of the board of managers of the Grand Lodge of Maryland having charge of the preparations consist of Messrs. Charles H. Rawlings, John Ball, John T. Maddox, Charles W. McCullough and Jacob Rodgers, and Grand Secretary John M. Jones, Esq.

A NEW MOTOR FOR FARMERS.

[From the N. Y. Bulletin.]*

A STEAM ENGINE WORKED BY STRAW AND OTHER FARM REFUSE IN PLACE OF COAL.

A very interesting trial was recently made at the Vienna Exhibition, before experts, of a new patent steam engine for burning straw and other vegetable products in place of coal. The engine is considered one of the greatest novelties of the Exhibition, and if successful, it is destined to revolutionize agricultural labor. by affording a cheap motive power derived from the ordinary waste and refuse of the farm. The theoretical principle of the invention is to burn straw, reeds, and other similar vegetable substances, by means of a self-acting mechanical arrangement, which continually forces the straw, &c., into the fire-box, in the form of a fan, holding it in suspension there, so that each piece is subjected to the action of the flame, and no impediment is offered to the ingress of a sufficient amount of atmospheric air. A 10-horse power engine was used for the experiment, making 140 revolutions per minute, and the brake was loaded for a duty of 10-horse power. 355 lbs. of straw was carefully weighed, consisting partly of straight rye and partly of loose broken wheat straw purposely mixed, in order to test the capabilities of the engine for burning all kinds of fuel of this description. It required 46 minutes to consume the straw, steam being kept up during the whole time at a pressure of 70 lbs. per square inch with the greatest regularity. The result gives a consumption of about 24.5 lbs. of straw per horse power per hour, and, as an engine burning average coal under similar circumstances would have required about 6.4lb. per horse power per hour, it appears that rather less than 4 lbs. of straw are equal to 1 lb. of coal. In thrashing, about nine sheaves of straw are required to thrash 100 sheaves of wheat or barley. Everybody present was highly satisfied with the results of the experiment, as it has long been the desire of the farmers of all countries to find some means of using steam power without incurring the enormous expense of bringing coal and wood from a long distance. This invention completes another link in the history of the steam engine, and will enable every farmer who grows more straw than he requires for the use of his land, and who is miles from a coal mine or a forest, to use steam instead of animal power, and at a far less cost than hitherto.

THE former albums for autographs and pieces of selected and original poetry, how old-fashioned they have become. They are like the ancient samplers, relics of a by-gone age, when moral commonplaces were thought the very clearest axioms of wisdom, and halting verses passed muster for the inspiration of Parnassus. The days of such are gone. The photograph albums have superseded them. It has been especially fashionable at many of the springs and seaside resorts this summer for groups to be taken on the lawn or the beach, and the traveling photographer did a thriving business. The passion abroad is a little different. There it is the interchange of visiting cards, which are carefully kept and form a collection. Invalids pass much of their time in making acquaintances and receiving and returning cards—just as in the time of the Prince de Ligne of elegant memory, the occupation was to use up the greatest number of hats in salutations. Those who have a celebrated name usually put only that name on their cards. Nobles sometimes add their titles, but their crests, never—it is considered snobbish. Officials have generally two classes of cards—one for other functionaries and one for their friends. Some have cards graduated on a fixed scale of intimacy. M. Thiers, for example, has this; "Monsieur Thiers" for the world in general; "A. Thiers" for acquaintances, and "Thiers" simply for old friends.

THE BRIDGE OVER THE SUSQUEHANNAH.—The Wilmington (Del.) Commercial says that the statement made some days ago, to the effect that a new iron bridge over the Susquehannah, at Havre de Grace, was contracted for by the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad Company, is without any foundation. President Hinckley states that a new bridge is not needed, and has not been thought of.

PENINSULA ITEMS.

CECIL COUNTY.

Wash. Hinton, negro, was committed to jail last week charged with killing the infant child of Emeline Hawkins, living near Cecilton.

The P. W. & B. railroad company have determined to substitute an iron bridge in place of the wooden structure now spanning the Susquehanna River at Havre de Grace, and have given the contract to the Baltimore Bridge Company.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

The *Observer* says:

The colored people of this town, with commendable enterprise, have commenced the erection of a new church on the site of the old "Sandy Bottom" church It will, we understand, be a very neat house, and present a good appearance.

The contract for building the new hotel for this town has been given out, and the building is to be commenced to-day or to-morrow. This is good news, and our people will be glad to learn the fact that we are soon to have what every town ought to have, a handsome hotel.

Last fall Messrs. Hall & Feddeman, of this town sold fertilizers to the amount of $30,000 and took notes at eleven months for the amount. They inform us that out of the whole amount not one note went to protest, and only three were taken up by them, which will be paid this week upon the return of the vessel which took out the wheat belonging to the makers of the three notes alluded to. This is very creditable to our people, and worthy of mention.

A QUEER RETRIBUTION.

HOW AN OLD LADY FOILED TWO VILLAINS IN LOUISIANA.

The Opelousas (La.) Journal, of the 15th ult., is responsible for the following: "Down in the Parish of St. Martin an old widow lady, whose children had all married off and left her alone, had been persuaded to sell her little place and live with them. She sold her land, buildings and improvements one day for $2,090, and received the money in cash on the spot, in her own house, where the act of sale was passed before two witnesses, the number required by law, and who witnessed also the payment of the money. In a short time she was to give possession, but she remained in the house the night following the sale, all alone, or with no masculine adult inmates, as was her custom. That night two negro burglars broke into the house and demanded her money or her life. She gave it to them, but begged them to let her have one hundred dollars of it, as she owed that amount, and wanted to pay the debt, when she would be satisfied. They finally consented to let her keep the one hundred dollars. They then ordered her to make some coffee for them to drink. In doing so, she bethought herself of some strychnine she had in the house, and quietly dropped it in the pot of steaming coffee, and placed it on the table, with cups, spoons and sugar for them to pour out and sweeten to their taste. This they did, and drank in a jolly mood, each one having nine hundred and fifty dollars in his pocket. But in a few minutes the tables were turned. One gave up the ghost where he sat at the table in his chair, and the other got up, staggered off a few feet, and tumbled over into eternity. The good old lady recovered her money, and on examining the person of the black burglarious robbers, they turned out to be the two witnesses to the act of sale, both white men blackened for the occasion—both her neighbors, and one was her cousin."

MANUFACTURE OF GAS FROM WATER.

On Tuesday a number of gentlemen, amounting to something like a hundred, started from the London bridge station by special train to Chichester, in order to see the works of the new gaslight company erected there for the production of the new gas, and to form for themselves a judgement as to the quality of the gas, as exemplified in the city of Chichester, which is now lighted with the new material. Amongst those present were Lord Claud Hamilton, M. P., Mr. Routh, Colonel King, Colonel Muter, Mr. Goddard, Mayor of Ipswich, Mr. J. Johnson, and the representatives of over twenty gas companies. On the arrival of the train at Chichester, Mr. Spice, the manager, took the company over the works, and before doing so said: They were all aware that this company purchased the patent of Mr. Ruck, adopted it to the full extent, and introducted it in the form of a new company. The process consisted in passing water through a retort, causing it to flash into steam, and then to superheat it. The water was returned into the retort in the presence of coke. If they were in Ireland they would use peat, but coke in this country was the most convenient and less costly material. It was then passed on to a purifier, which contained a collection of iron scraps, iron chains, short and broken pieces, and then through a washer, and then through a purifier containing oxide of iron, by which means the sulphur was taking out. Thence it was passed into a reservoir containing petroleum spirit, the gravity of which was less than 0,680. It was then passed to the gas-holder.

From a ton of coke in the retort they got 123,000 feet of gas. They used about twice that quanity of coke in the furnace. Thus it took three tons to product 123,000 cubic feet of gas. But they found that gas expanded by passing through the spirit to the extent of twenty-five per cent., so that they actually got 165,000 cubic feet of lighting gas from the materials he had named. The gas consisted of a compound containing hydrogen, carbonic acid, and carbonic oxide, and the quanity of spirit required was 1½ gallons. Labor, wear and tear, and materials might be put down at 7½d. per 1,000, coke 5s., the whole being 2s.4d. per 1,000. These figures applied to the 132,000 cubic feet of gas, from which, if they deducted the cost of the process he had named, they would arrive at the cost of the 165,000 cubic feet. With regard to gas companies, he held that it was desirable, in the present state of affairs in the coal trade that gas managers should endeavor to seek relief from other quarters, and, so far as he was concerned, this had been one of the motives by which he had been guided. He had felt that if water gas could be made at less cost and of equal quality, as far as light-giving propertise, as coal gas, a benefit must needs be conferred upon gas companies, whether at home or abroad.

When he first proceeded to inquire into the subject he had little idea that it could be of much value to gas companies in England; but he thought that if a permanent gas was procurable in this way it would be a great advantage to those engaged in foreign undertakings where coal was not easily procurable. But when he found that he could make 18 candles gas from water, with the aid of coke and petroleum spirit at a cost of 1s. 8d. per 1,000 cubic feet, it dawned upon him that while gas coals cost nearly 30s. per ton, and gas therefore of the same quality most cost 5s. 6d. per 1,000, might here find his way to the practical working of something that would be a value to gas companies at home.

Mr. Spice then observed that the material for the manufacture was practically inexhaustable. Where coke was not obtainable they could have recourse to lignite; and as for petroleum, he quoted the sales for one week of that article from the wells of Pennsylvania, which amounted to 15,000 barrels, at the price of 2d. per gallon. The gas of the city, which is supplied by the new company, burned with steadiness and clearness, but it did not seem to give more illuminative power than the gas from coal. This, however, might have been owing to the circumstances that the lamps in Chichester are farther apart than in London.—*London Daily News, August* 14.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN BALTIMORE.—On Wednesday morning about half-past two o'clock a fire broke out in the upper portion of the Holliday Street Theatre and soon destroyed the entire structure. The City College Building adjoining was also partially destroyed, and the St. Nicholas Hotel, the building at one time known as the Voshell House was also partially burnt. The Holliday St. Tneatre, is well known as an old land mark of Baltimore, and for the past eighteen years has been under the control of Mr. John T. Ford, whose loss will be heavy.

In 1775 and 1776 the "Play House" on Holliday street was built, and in 1811 and 1812 the building just destroyed erected.

One of the notable incidents in the history of the theatre is, the fact that the "Star Spangled Banner," was first sung before the public on this stage in October 1814, by Mr. & Mrs. Durang.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Bull's cough Syrup. This valuable preparation has now stood the test of over twenty years, and we can recommend the same as the best, safest and most agreeable medicine for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the Disease.

EXCITMENT AT DRUG STORES.—There has been a general rush the last month at the Drug Stores in Kent County for Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup.

It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and for any person suffering with a severe cough, heavy cold settled on the breast, consumption or any disease of the throat and lungs it has no equal in the world. Our regular size bottles are 75 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sample bottles free of charge.

For sale by Druggists and dealers everywhere, and wholesale by C. F. Stam & Bro., Chestertown, Md.

A CARD.

AUGUST 1st, 1873.

All indebted to Thomas H. Whaland will be good enough to settle. It would give him much pleasure to indulge for any length of time if it were possible, but he owes some money which must be paid either by collections, borrowing at a premium, or assigning paper at a discount, which he ought not to be compelled to do with the amount of money he has due, and which ought to have been collected a long time ago. His professional engagements will not allow him to make individual calls. Hoping this notice will relieve him from any more unpleasant proceedings, he remains,

With much respect,
THOS. H. WHALAND.
Aug. 2, 1873—tf.

ORDER NISI.

HENRY W. ARCHER,
vs.
JOSEPH MORRIS AND OTHERS.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, In Chancery.

ORDERED, this 25th day of August, 1873, that the sales made and reported by Henry W. Archer, Trustee in the above entitled case, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 30th day of October next: provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 30th day of September next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $12,500.

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True copy—Test:
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
Aug. 30, 1873—4t.

HAIR AND LIME.

On hand and for sale PLASTERER'S HAIR and WHITEWASH LIME, by the peck or barrel. J. W. CARROLL.

Summer ANNOUNCEMENT For 1873.

Handsome styles,

For Men and Boys,

—AT—

THE POPULAR

Clothing Store

ON BORDLEY'S CORNER,
CHESTERTOWN.

—:o:—

SAM'L. MERRITT. WM. J. McFEELY.

S. MERRITT & CO.

HAVE JUST OPENED

A LARGE & SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Gents', Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING,

Gents. Furnishing Goods!

AND

HATS AND CAPS.

—:o:—

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO

CUSTOM WORK.

FITS GUARANTEED!

IF YOU WANT GOOD GOODS, WELL MADE UP, AND CUT IN STYLE! COME AND SEE US.

S. MERRITT & Co.,
BORDLEY'S CORNER,
June 14. CHESTERTOWN.

Furniture.

Parlor Suits in Rep or Hair Cloth	$15 to $150
Solid Walnut Chamber Suits	50 to 100
Fancy Painted Cottage Suits	22 to 50
Parlor Sofas and Tetes	16 to 44
Fine Home-made Bedsteads	7 to 50

CUT THIS PRICE LIST AND KEEP IT.

F. W. PLUMMER,

Successor to EASTMAN & ROGERS

49 Hanover street,

NEAR PRATT] BALTIMORE.

Boston, November 27, 1872.
Messrs. J. H. SMITH & CO.,
Baltimore.

Yours of the 25th at hand, and we have concluded to consign our stock of CLOTHING saved from the fire to you, and have shipped per fast freight TWENTY CASES, and will forward the balace of our stock as fast as your sales justify it.

Yours respectfully,

RAINSFORD, KILBOURNE & ALDO.

TO OUR PATRONS.

We are pleased to inform you that we have secured the control of over

60,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING

saved from the Boston fire, and shall commence the sale of them to-morrow.—The stock was made up by a first-class Boston house, and we are enabled to dispose of it at 25 per cent, below the actual cost. We can now offer substantial bargains in Clothing. This large stock added to our own, makes the largest and most complete assortment of Clothing ever offered in this city. We name in part some of the goods:

CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS	$3.50 to 1,500
BOYS' OVERCOATS	4.00 to 12
$1.50, YOUTHS' OVERCOATS	7.00 15
MEN'S OVERCOATS	7.00 20
BUSINES SUITS,	$9, $11, $13, $15, $18 and $20.
BUSINESS PANTS,	$2.50, $3.50, $4.50 $6.00
DRESS PANTS,	$4.50, $5.50, $6.50, and $7.50

We design to make this a large and speedy sale, and offer such inducements as will lead you to buy. We want our customers and the citizens of Baltimore to have the whole of this Stock of Clothing which, together with our own, will constitute over two hundred thousand Coats, Pants and Vests to be disposed of to the citizens of Baltimore, if they appreciate our efforts to supply them with good, substantial Clothing at low prices. If this stock does not meet with speedy sale, we shall ship it to our Washington house but shfll give Baltimore a chance at it first. We have exerted ourselver to get the control of this stock, and trust the citizens of Baltimore will appreciate.—Bear in mind that you can now secure substantial bargains in *CLOTHING* for MEN YOUTHS and BOYS.

CHILDRENS OVERCOATS, $3.50 to $6
BOY'S OVERCOATS, $4 to $10.
MEN'S OVERCOATS, $7 to $15.
BOYS' SUITS, $9 to $15.
YOUTHS' SUITS, $9 to $15.
MEN'S SUITS, $9 to $18.

We have increased our corps of salesmen so as to be able to wait on all as promptly as possible during the sale of these goods.

J. H. SMITH & CO.,
Marble Hall Clothiers and Tailors,
48 and 50 West Baltimore st.
December 21, 1872—y

Wm. P. Francis. *Sol. Wright*

FRANCIS & WRIGHT,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

92 Light St. Wharf, Balto.

Particular attention paid to all kinds of Country Produce on consignment.

Orders from the country respectfully solicited and promptly filled.

July 22, 1872-

COLIN F. STAM. LOUIS K. STAM.

C. F. Stam & Bro.

CHESTERTOWN, Md.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Chemicals,

PERFUMERY,

AND

FANCY TOILET ARTICLE.

—:o:—

THOMPSON'S,
FOSTER'S IMPROVED,
BARTLETT,
MARSH, AND
REINHARDT

TRUSSES.

LONDON & PRATT AND HOWE

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.

SHOULDER BRACES.

—:o:—

War Flower Materials.

—:o:—

Books & Stationery

OF ALL KINDS,

Can be bought at City Prices from us.

—:o:—

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

DYE STUFFS,

AND

WINDOW GLASS

OF ALL SIZES.

—:o:—

☞ *DO NOT FAIL TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.*

REMEMBER, we take pleasure in displaying our Goods.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ANSWERED.

C. F. STAM & BRO.

April 12, 1873.

Kent County R. R.



TIME TABLE:

TO TAKE EFFECT

Saturday, November 16, 1873

GOING EAST.

Leave Chestertown	6:30 A.M.	
" Worton	6:48 "	
" Lynch's	6:55 "	
" Still Pond	7:02 "	
" Kennedyville	7:17 "	
" Black's	7:32 "	Q. A. & Kent
" Lambson's	7:46 "	R. R.
" Massey's	8:02 "	1:24 P. M.
" Morris'	8:12 "	1:38 "
" Vandyke's	8:22 "	1:52 "
Arrive at Townsend	8:36 "	2:10 "
" Wilmington	10:15 "	3:55 "
" Philadelphia	11:45 P.M.	5:18 "
" Baltimore	1:05 "	8:10 "

GOING WEST.

Leave Baltimore	7:25 A.M.	2:05 P. M.
" Philadelphia	8:30 "	5:00 "
" Wilmington	10:10 "	6:25 "
" Townsend	11:40 "	6:25 "
" Vandyke's	11:55 "	8:15 "
" Morris'	12:05 P.M.	8:25 "
" Massey's	12:20 "	8:36 "
" Lambson's	12:30 "	
" Black's	12:40 "	
" Kennedyville	1:00 "	
" Still Pond,	1:10 "	
" Lynch's	1:15 "	
" Worton	1:25 "	
" Chestertown	1:35 "	
" Vickers'	1:55 "	

All trains daily, (Sundays excepted.)

Stations marked * have no agents.

To insure connections with trains on the Delaware Railroad, shippers must have their marketing at stations at least one half hour before the train is due.

Trains run to Vickers' and Parsons' stations for freight only.

CHARLES H. PLATT,
Nov. 30, 1872. *Superintendent.*

LAST NOTICE.

TAX PAYERS of the Third Election District for Kent county, who have not paid their taxes for 1872, are hereby notified that this is the last notice I shall give. After the 15th day of September next, I shall proceed against all who are in arrears for that year.

WILLIAM HEPBRON,
Coll. for 3d Election District.
Aug. 23, 1873—1815.

$20.00 REWARD.

Strayed



From the premises of the subscriber, near Lynch's Station, on the 7th instant,

A GRAY MARE,

above medium height, with white wavy mane and tail. Twenty dollars reward will be paid for her return.

R. W. WHALAND.
July 26, 1873—tf.

SPOKES, RIMS, AND PLOW HANDLES

JOHN G. DAVIS & SON,
UNION SPOKE WORKS,
S. W. Corner Leopard and Otter Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ *Send for Price List.*

FOR SALE,

A VERY DESIRABLE BUILDING LOT in Chestertown, near the residence of Mr. W. F. Massey.

Apply to E. F. PERKINS.
Aug. 30, 1873—3t.

If You Want a Nice Suit Made Up.

AT A LESS PRICE THAN A CITY TAILOR WOULD CHARGE YOU, call on

S. MERRITT & CO.,
May 10. Chestertown.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to me for Taxe must come forward and pay the same, or I certainly shall be compelled to collect by law. Money I want and must have.

C. W. WARREN,
Tax Collector, Second District,
July 19, 1873—tf. Kent Co., Md.

GROCERIES, and PROVISIONS.

HAVING taken the store room formoccupied by Mr. A. M. Russell, I would respectfully inform my friends and the public that I intend to keep

A FIRST-CLASS

Grocery and Provision Store,

consisting in part of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS, FLOUR,

BACON, LARD, BUTTER, MOLASSES, Vinegar, Salt Fish, Soap, Buckets, Brooms, Coal Oil, &c.

Tobacco, Cigars, and Snuff.

VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS

NOTIONS OF VARIOUS KINDS,

CANDIES, NUTS,

and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold *LOW for CASH.*

☞ All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods, or at a cash price.

Store opposite M. E. Church, Chestertown.

J. W. CARROLL.
November 16, 1872—tf.

Vendue Notes.

A good supply always on hand, for sale low at the TRANSCRIPT OFFICE.

Chestertown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, AT

CHESTERTOWN,

KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.

OFFICE ON COURT STREET.

EBEN F. PERKINS. Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, *if paid in advance.* If not paid within three months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be charged.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of TEN LINES BREVIER (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

One square, three months, three dollars, six months, five dollars: one year, eight dollars.

Fractions of a square will be charged as a square.

Yearly and semi-annual advertisements at moderate rates.

Yearly and semi-annual advertisements must be paid quarterly.

Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered to be discontinued.

JOB PRINTING.

Our supply of type for Job Printing (to which we are from time to time making additions) is ample for all ordinary work in that line; and the variety is sufficient to enable us to get up jobs neatly and well displayed.

HANDBILLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

SUITABLE FOR

PUBLIC SALES,
TRUSTEES' SALES,
MERCHANTS,
MECHANICS,
TRADESMEN, &c.

CARDS, CIRCULARS, &C.

Our new "Kellogg" Jobber is one of the best and fastest presses in the country, does as rapid and as nice work as any other, and possesses some essential improvements over those of any other make. New and very pretty type has been added to our assortment, enabling us to print

BUSINESS CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
EXCURSION TICKETS,
BALL TICKETS,
ENVELOPES, &c., &c.,

in good style, and in many instances at LESS than city prices, and very rarely, if ever, higher.

COLORED CARDS.

A good stock of assorted colors and sizes of Card Board always kept on hand Also, paper for Bill Heads, Circulars, &c.

☞ TERMS CASH.

©Maryland State Archives msa_sc3326_scm8203-0842