Go Feel What I Have Felt.

[A young lady in New York was in the habit of writing for the Philadelphia Ledger on the subject of Temperance. Her writings evinced such deep emotions that a friend of her's accused her of being a maniac on the subject, whereupon she wrote the following stanzas:

Go, feel what I have felt;
Go, bear what I have borne—
Sink 'neath the blows a father dealt,
And the cold world's scorn;
Then suffer on from year to year—
The sole relief, the scorching tear.

Go, kneel where I have knelt,
Implore, beseech and pray—
Strive the besotted heart to melt,
The downward course to stay;
Be dashed with bitter curse aside,
Your prayers burlesqued, your tears defied.

Go, weep as I have wept,
O'er a loved father's fall—
See every promised blessing swept—
Youth's sweetness turned to gall—
Life's fading flowers strewn all the way
That brought me on to man's decay.

Go, see what I have seen,
Behold the strong man bow—
With knashing teeth, lips bathed in blood,
A cold and livid brow—
Go, catch his withering glance, and see
There mirrored his soul's misery.

Go, hear, and feel, and see, and know,
All that my soul hath felt or known;
Then look upon the wine-cup's glow,
See if its beauty can atone—
Think if its flavor you will try
When all proclaims, "'Tis drink and die!"

Tell me I *hate* the bowl—
Hate is but a feeble word;
I loathe, abhor,—my very soul
With strong disgust is stirred;
Whene'er I see, or hear, or tell
Of that dark beverage of hell.

TURKISH WOMEN.

THEIR CHARACTER, HABITS, AND PRIVILEGES.

Mr. J. Lewis Farley, in his recently published work on "Modern Turkey," thus speaks of Turkish women:

It is generally supposed in Western Europe that the harem is a prison in which the Mussulman wife is closely immured. But the word harem means simply that part of the house allotted to the women, as the word *selamilk* signifies that part allotted to the men. Entry into the harem is interdicted to strangers because it is the sanctuary of conjugal love, but seclusion does not in any way exist, and there are no women more free in their going out and coming in than the Mussulman women. The harem, however, has not always been inviolable, for Ibrahim, grang-vizier of Selim, was permitted free entrance into the harem of his master, and conversed at his will with the mother and wives of the Sultan. The woman of the Almoravides too, walked with their faces uncovered until Mohammed-ben-Abdallah, disciple of the celebrated Al-Gazzali, re-established the discipline of the Koran, after he had been placed at the head of the Almonhades. Among the Turks women enjoyed considerable liberty up to the reign of Solyman the Magnificent, when several restrictions were imposed in order to assure their inviolability and protect them from the licentiousness of men.

At the present day, however, women in Turkey enjoy as much, if not more, liberty than their sisters of the west. The Christian woman has, undoubtedly, more liberty to do evil. She has the liberty of showing herself nearly half naked at balls and representing *tableaux vivants* at theatres. She has the liberty of making a trade of love; for, with us, love has its permanent army and its extraordinary budget like war. Turkish civilization has not advanced as far as that, while, on the other hand, Mussulman women have quite as much liberty to do good; and, although they may have some desires unfulfilled, they nevertheless have little reason to envy their Christian sisters. Our law sacrifices the woman to the man. With us, a married woman remains always a minor. She has neither the power of managing her own property, nor the right to dispose of it. An unnatural husband can sell everything, even to the furniture, without being obliged to leave his wife as much as a table or a chair, which she may, perhaps, have paid for with the produce of her own labor. She cannot appear in a court of justice without the consent of her husband; she has not the right of directing the education of her children or opposing their marriage, and she cannot act as guardian to an orphan other than her own son or grandson. Paternity being ignored, the woman alone has the burden of natural children, and the shame of faults committed through passion. In fine, a woman without fortune is a pariah condemned by law and Christian manners to all the consequences of isolation and misery. Islamism, on the contrary, is full of solicitude for woman. Legal polygamy apart, she is not subject to the various inconveniences suffered by her sex in other lands. Thanks to the principle of absolute equality which obtains among the Turks, the humblest slave can marry the highest personage; and every woman that bears a child to a man has the right to claim the benefits of paternity for her offspring. Besides, polygamy is not obligatory; and, if the advantages of monogamy are sufficiently apparent to a Mussulman, he is perfectly free to have only one—a custom which is now frequent and likely to become still more general.

I have already said that the Mussulman laws are very favorable to women. For example, she is of age at nine years, and, when married, can manage her own property, and dispose of a third of her fortune. She can abandon the conjugal domicile for a just cause. If the husband has not sufficient means, the wife is bound to prepare the food and perform the duties of the household for herself and family; but not for guests, or with the object of profit. The wife cannot be compelled to labor for the support of her husband; on the contrary, the husband is bound to provide for the wants of his wife. It is prohibited for the husband to insult or ill-treat his wife. In certain disputes the husband is not believed, unless he produce collateral testimony failing in which, the oath of the wife is as good as his. Should the husband not provide means of existence for his wife, she is authorized to borrow in his name; her right even going so far as the sale of articles especially belonging to him.

Although a wife cannot actually take the initiative for a divorce, she has many ways, if she desire, of rendering it inevitable; and among certain Arab tribes it is sufficient that the woman declares her intention to remarry with another man, who shall be better than her actual husband. It requires four witnesses to convict a woman of adultery; but, as the honor of woman constitutes the principal element of Mussulman society, that honor is naturally guarded by the severest penalties of the law as well as of public opinion. The punishment for adultery is death. While this doom, however, is recorded against infidelity, it stands rather as the expression of public abhorrence than as a law which is to be carried into execution. The annals of the Ottoman Empire record but a single instance of punishment for adultery inflicted by an indignant multitude or rabble who gathered stones at the wayside to cast at the adulteress.

If a woman among the Druses, however, be guilty of conjugal infidelity (an occurrence which is extremely uncommon,) she always pays the penalty with her life. The husband sends his wife back to her father's house, and, with her, the *khanjar*, or daggar, which he had received on his marriage, but without the sheath. This notifies her dishonor which attaches, not to the husband, but to the wife's relations, and can only be washed out with her blood. The father and brothers sit in solemn judgment on the wife at her husband's house, and, if the evidence be sufficient, her doom is pronounced. A father's love is of no avail, a mother's shrieks cannot stay the hand that strikes, nor a sister's tears mitigate the punishment. The executioner, generally the eldest brother, severs the wife's head from her body; and the *tantoor*, with a lock of her hair steeped in blood, sent to the husband, testifies that punishment has been inflicted.

Boston, November 27, 1872.

Messrs. J. H. SMITH & CO., Baltimore.

Yours of the 25th at hand, and we have concluded to consign our stock of CLOTHING saved from the fire to you, and have shipped per fast freight TWENTY CASES, and will forward the balace of our stock as fast as your sales justify it.

Yours respectfully,

RAINSFORD, KILBOURNE & ALDO.

TO OUR PATRONS.

We are pleased to inform you that we have secured the control of over

60,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING

saved from the Boston fire, and shall commence the sale of them to-morrow.—The stock was made up by a first-class Boston house, and we are enabled to dispose of it at 25 per cent, below the actual cost. We can now offer substantial bargains in Clothing. This large stock added to our own, makes the largest and most complete assortment of Clothing ever offered in this city. We name in part some of the goods:

CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS $3.50 to
1,500 BOYS' OVERCOATS 4.00 to 12
$1.50. YOUTHS' OVERCOATS 7.00 15
MEN'S OVERCOATS 7.00 20

BUSINES SUITS, $9, $11, $13, $15, $18 and $20.
BUSINESS PANTS, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50 $6.00
DRESS PANTS, $4.50, $5.50, $6.50, and $7.50

We design to make this a large and speedy sale, and offer such inducements as will lead you to buy. We want our customers and the citizens of Baltimore to have the whole of this Stock of Clothing which, together with our own, will constitute over two hundred thousand Coats, Pants and Vests to be disposed of to the citizens of Baltimore, if they appreciate our efforts to supply them with good, substantial Clothing at low prices. If this stock does not meet with speedy sale, we shall ship it to our Washington house but shall give Baltimore a chance at it first. We have exerted ourselver to get the control of this stock, and trust the citizens of Baltimore will appreciate.—Bear in mind that you can now secure substantial bargains in *CLOTHING* for MEN YOUTHS and BOYS.

CHILDRENS OVERCOATS, $3.50 to $6
BOY'S OVERCOATS, $4 to $10.
MEN'S OVERCOATS, $7 to $15.
BOYS' SUITS, $9 to $15.
YOUTHS' SUITS, $9 to $15.
MEN'S SUITS, $9 to $18.

We have increased our corps of salesmen so as to be able to wait on all as promptly as possible during the sale of these goods.

J. H. SMITH & CO.,
Marble Hall Clothiers and Tailors,
48 and 50 West Baltimore st.
December 21, 1872—y

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate, in Kent county, Maryland, of

CURTIS CORDRAY,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 1st day of April, 1874; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of September, 1873.

CHARLES T. WESTCOTT,
ISAAC R. LEVERTON,
Sept. 6, 1873—4t. Administrators.

ORDER NISI.

HENRY W. ARCHER,
vs.
JOSEPH MORRIS AND OTHERS.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County. In Chancery.

ORDERED, this 25th day of August, 1873, that the sales made and reported by Henry W. Archer, Trustee in the above entitled case, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 30th day of October next: provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 30th day of September next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $12,500.

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True copy—Test:
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
Aug. 30, 1873—4t.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

New Stock.

JOHN T. DODD. JOHN N. DODD.

JOHN T. DODD & SON

HAVE just received and placed a their *NEW YARD UP TOWN*, full supply of all kinds of

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, SHUTTERS, &C

No. 1 HEART CYPRESS SHINGLES
No. 1 SAP do. do.
No. 1 WHITE PINE PALES,
No. 1 HEMLOCK do.
WHITE PINE FENCING,
HEMLOCK do.
PLASTERING LATAS,
WHITE PINE CULLINGS & SELECT SCANTLING, JOIST & BILL STUFF

REMOVAL.

WE have removed our Yard from the old stand of Wm. Vannort, to our yard in the rear of our Carpenter Shop, where we can be found at any hour.—Thanking our customers for their past patronage, we respectfully aska continuance of the same at our New Yard up town.

UNDRTAKING will receive our special attention as heretofore.

JOHN T. DODD & SON.
April 20, 1872.

GROCERIES,
WINES AND LIQUORS

NOTICE.

TO ALL LOVERS OF GOOD BRANDIES, WINES, TEAS AND GROCERIES.

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER GREAT inducements to customers, wholesale and retail. Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Green and black teas, of choice chops; Coffee—Java, Laguyra, Rio, &c.

English and American Pickels, Capers and Condiments, Olives, Italian Maccaroni and Vermecilla. Fresh canned Fruits of all kinds; Canned Meats and Fish; Foreign and Domestic Preserves and Jellies. I have on hand a fine stock of

Old Brandies, Wines, Whiskies

which I offer to Hotel keepers at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, and ask a call.

THOMAS M. GREEN.
West Baltimore Street, near Holiday
Sept. 25, 1842—y.

COMFORT.

S. MERRITT & CO. are now prepared to fit you up for the warm weather, having just opened

A SPLENDID STOCK OF LINEN SUITS,

BOTH FANCY AND PLAIN; ALSO,

STRIPED AND PLAIN ALPACA Seersucker, Drap Te Ta, and other thin Coats;

WHITE LINEN DUCK SUITS, AND WHITE VESTS.

Straw Hats

in great variety, embracing all the latest styles, both for men and boys.
June 14, 1873.

Kent County R. R.

TIME TABLE:

TO TAKE EFFECT
Saturday, November 16, 1873
GOING EAST.

Leave Chestertown	6:30 A.M.	
" Worton	6:48 "	
" Lynch's	6:55 "	
" Still Pond	7:02 "	
" Kennedyville	7:17 "	
" Black's	7:32 "	Q. A. & Kent
" Lambson's	7:46 "	R. R.
" Massey's	8:02 "	1:24 P. M.
" Morris'	8:12 "	1:38 "
" Vandyke's	8:22 "	1:52 "
Arrive at Townsend	8:36 "	2:10 "
" Wilmington	10:15 "	3:55 "
" Philadelphia	11:45 P.M.	5:18 "
" Baltimore	1:05 "	8:10 "

GOING WEST.

Leave Baltimore	7:25 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
" Philadelphia	8:30 "	5:00 "
" Wilmington	10:10 "	6:25 "
" Townsend	11:40 "	6:25 "
" Vandyke's	11:55 "	8:15 "
" Morris'	12:05 P.M.	8:25 "
" Massey's	12:20 "	8:36 "
" Lambson's	12:30 "	
" Black's	12:40 "	
" Kennedyville	1:00 "	
" Still Pond,	1:10 "	
" Lynch's	1:15 "	
" Worton	1:25 "	
" Chestertown	1:35 "	
" Vickers'	1:55 "	

All trains daily, (Sundays excepted.)
Stations marked * have no agents.

To insure connections with trains on the Delaware Railroad, shippers must have their marketing at stations at least one half hour before the train is due.

Trains run to Vickers' and Parsons' stations for freight only.

CHARLES H. PLATT,
Nov. 30, 1872. *Superintendent.*

BOARDING.

MRS. RACHEL WRIGHT has removed to
152 Lombard Street,
Between Sharp and Hanover Streets,
BALTIMORE.

☞ Transient and permanent boarders accommodated. [July 19, 1873—3m.

JOHN T. DODD & SON,
J. T. Dodd. *J. N. Dodd.*

Undertakers,

And dealers in all kinds of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Shutters, Contractors and Builders.

Orders by mail will meet with prompt attention. Jan. 11, 1873.

Coal, Coal.

For cooking and other purposes, delivered at any station on the Kent county railroad, by giving short notice.

TERMS—CASH.

Address GEO. W. JONES,
March 29, 1873—tf. *Kennedyville.*

WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND JEWELRY!

JUST RECEIVED AT E. T. WILLIS',
a full assortment of the above named Goods, together with

SILVER PLATED WARE,

SPECTACLES, &c.,

Call and examine the Stock and the

Great Reduction in Price!

E. T. WILLIS is the sole Agent for the celebrated *SCHAFFHAUSEN SPECTACLES* and EYE GLASSES, manufactured at Schaffhausen, Switzerland.—The superiority of these grest eye preservers consists in the careful mathematical accuracy in the construction of the lenses, being manufactured of the best white flint glass, the exact shape of the eye, thus obviating all glimmering and wavering of the sight, dizziness, and all the other train of evils produced by the use of inferior spectacles. Every one whose sight is failing understands its value. at ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING done on short notice and BETTER than can be done elswhere in the county.

Chestertown, May 4, 1872.

GREAT BARGAIN STORE.

A GREAT BARGAIN STORE IS now open on the corner of HIGH AND CROSS streets, in the "Burchinal Building," and every effort is made to sell Great Bargains to every customer who comes with the *CASH* or *cashable Produce*. All who wish to receive the value of their money, must come to the Great Bargain Store without fail, where they will find a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

NOTIONS,

Ready Made Clothing,

Piece Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

Come one! come all! and see for yourselves, and be convinced!

M. BALL

Corner High and Cross streets,
Burchinal Building.

☞ ORDERS FOR SUITS to be cut and made, are respectfully solicited, and will be promptly attended to.

The highest cash price paid for Rags, Old Iron, Grain and Produce.

Chestertown, Aug. 3, 1872.

CONFECTIONERY!

JAMES H. SMITH,

AT THE OLD STAND opposite the Court House, invites all in want of articles in his line to give him a call.

Among his stock will be found a full assortment of

RAISINS, CURRANTS, PRUNES FIGS, CITRON, ORANGES, LEMONS, DATES,

And Pure SPICES.

A general assortment of

FRENCH and PLAIN CANDIES AND CONFECTIONERY,

COCOA, CHOCOLATE AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

CANNED FRUITS AND PICKLES WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, CHOW-CHOW.

CRACKERS, ALL VARIETIES.

CAKES AND NUTS, ALL KINDS;

Toys, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Articles LAMP FIXINGS,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
January 11, 1873.

REMOVAL.

WHEN YOU VISIT THE CITY GO TO

W. H. RINGGOLD,

191 West Baltimore Street,

THREE DOORS ABOVE LIGHT, AND BUY ALL YOUR

UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

He can sell them

Cheaper than any one!

And you can

Pay your expenses in your purchases!

☞ DON'T FAIL TO GO: HE HAS THE VERY ARTICLE YOU WANT..

Do not forget the Number!

W. H. RINGGOLD,
191 West Baltimore street,
Three doors above Light.
June 15, 1872.

PURE WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL,

West Virginia Lubricating Oil, and Pure Neats Foot Oil, for sale by the pint, gallon or barrel. *C. F. STAM & BRO.*
April 12, 1873.

THE FARMER'S FRIEND.

MARYLAND POUDRETTE,

Manufactured by the Health Department of Baltimore city,

FROM NIGHT SOIL AND ASHES.

A very valuable manure, rich in Phosphates, Lime, Ammonia and other Alkaline Salts. Packed in bags or barrels.

RESULT OF ANALYSIS.—The article represented by this sample compares favorably in its chemical constituents and mechanical preparation with the various manufactures sold under this name. It is uniform, FINE and DRY, and contains, in a Ton of 2,000 lbs.,

36.04 lbs. of Ammonia.
105.53 " Bone-Phosphate of Lime.
15.07 " Alkaline Salts.
28.88 " Lime.

And according to the valuation laid down by the United States Commissioner of Agriculture. The commercial value of the article is $20.00 per ton in barrels.

G. A. LIEBIG, PH. D.

For sale by
JERRY NICOLS, AGENT,
92 Light street wharf, Baltimore.

AGENTS.—Hines & Burchinal, Chestertown, and Geo. Beck, Trappe.

$15.00 per ton, cash.
$20 per ton double refined for drilling.
Aug. 16, 1873—2m.

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Tax Payers of the Third Election District of Kent county, that I have received my books for the present year, and am now prepared and desirous to receipt for taxes for 1873.

WM. HEPBRON,
July 26, 1873—tf. *Coll. of 3d Dist.*

JAS. WARDEN. JAS. A. MERRITT.

Warden & Merritt,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

GRAIN, FLOUR & COUNTRY PRODUCE

72 South Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Seasonable Goods.

The subscriber has received from the city a full supply of

Ready Made Clothing,

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

Groceries,

CONFECTIONERY,

and other seasonable goods, which he will sell cheap for Cash or Produce.

☞ *GOOD POULTRY WANTED*—for which the highest price will be paid.

JOS. E. WEER,
Dec. 21, 1872. Kennydville, Md.

Tax Collector's Notice.

The subscriber, Collector of Taxes for the Fourth Election District of Kent county, hereby notifies the tax payers of the district that their taxes for 1873 are due, the books are in his hands, and he is ready to receive and receipt.

All indebted for taxes for 1872, are notified that unless promptly paid the amounts due will be collected by the shortest process known to the law, without respect to persons.

C. H. DAVIS,
Aug. 2, 1873—tf. Collector.

Dr. BULL'S



COUGH SYRUP,

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the Disease.

TO BE HAD OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle or Five for $1.

A. VOGELER & CO., Agents, Baltimore, Md.
Sept. 13, 1873—6m.

GROCERIES, and PROVISIONS

HAVING taken the store room formoccupied by Mr. A. M. Russell, I would respectfully inform my friends and the public that I intend to keep

A FIRST-CLASS

Grocery and Provision Store,

consisting in part of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS, FLOUR,

BACON, LARD, BUTTER, MOLASSES, Vinegar, Salt Fish, Soap, Buckets, Brooms, Coal Oil, &c.

Tobacco, Cigars, and Snuff.

VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS

NOTIONS OF VARIOUS KINDS,

CANDIES, NUTS,

and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold *LOW for CASH.*

☞ All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods, or at a cash price.

Store opposite M. E. Church, Chestertown.

J. W. CARROLL.
November 16, 1872—tf.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to me for Taxe must come forward and pay the same, or I certainly shall be compelled to collect by law. Money I want and must have.

C. W. WARREN,
Tax Collector, Second District,
July 19, 1873—tf. Kent Co., Md.

Vendue Notes.

A good supply always on hand low at the

AN IMPORTANT SALE

ON account of the condition of my health and the advice of my Physician, I have concluded to discontinue the mercantile business for a more active life. My many warm friends in Kent county will accept my hearty thanks for their many kind acts, patronage and confidence so liberally manifested towards me for the last fourteen years.

WE WILL TO-DAY COMENCE TO SELL OFF

THE ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.

We have some very desirable Goods in every line of our business. Persons in want should not fail to go immediately to VICKERS' to procure

BARGAINS IN REALITY!

To any Merchant!

Who would like to engage in the trade, we

OFFER A RARE CHANCE!

The best store room and fixtures in Chestertown. Our stock of goods will speak for itself. A well selected, clean, and nice stock. *Will be sold on easy terms.*

Respectfully, WM. A. VICKERS.
November 9, 1872.

VICKERS

OFFERS THE BEST CITY MADE

Boots aters and Shoes,

for Ladies, Misses and Children,

25 per cent. Cheaper

THAN ANY STORE IN TOWN!

Go to VICKERS' and get Bargains in almost everything. He is selling off to close business. Nov. 9, 1872.

Iron in the Blood

PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC SYRUP

MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the System. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, *and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or accompanied by debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol, in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.*

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP *blown in the glass.*

Pamphlets Free.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors,
No. 1 Milton Place, Boston.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

COAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned having on hand a supply of Coal, both hard and soft, of different sizes, intends to continue the business, and will furnish it as low as can be bought in Chestertown of the same quality—for the cash—giving 2240 lbs. to the ton, weighed by true platform scales.

J. T. TWILLEY.
July 19, 1873—tf.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

FREE FROM SLATE AND DUST, shipped direct from the mines, to any station on the Kent or Queen Anne's R. R., at lowest market rates. For particulars apply to

GEO. M. D. CANN, or
GEO. W. BUSH & SON,
Wilmington, Del.

For Chestertown apply to J. W. Collins, P. M. [July 25, 1873—3m.

WM. TOMLINSON WM. T. TOMLINSON

WM. TOMLINSON & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain, Live Stock and Country Produce Generally,

No. 80 Light St. Wharf, Balto.

ORDERS FOR GROCERIES, SEEDS Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other Merchandise promptly filled.

☞ *Consignments respectfully solicited.*
Jan. 19, 1872—y

A Fine Assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

In which I cannot be undersold. A discount of *ten per cent.* allowed on PATENT MEDICINES.

White Lead, Paints, Oil,

Turpentine, Varnish, Putty, Glass, &c.

JOS. E. WEER,
Kennedyville, Md

THE

EUREKA

FANNING MI

The Greatest Invention

OF THE 19th CENTUR

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTER

THE attention of Farmers and Mechanics is particularly directed to the combined economy, utility and practicability of the Eureka Mill, and to the many other advantages it possesses over every other Fanning Mill which has been introduced to the public. It is the fruit of long and patient investigation by the inventor, who has made it his constant study for over twenty years. He has secured several patents for Mills, and has always been rewarded with the best success. But not feeling satisfied with his former attainments, he determined to reach the climax, and now he now believes that his new invention will warrant him in exclaiming in the joy of his heart, like the philosopher, Phythagoras, EUREKA, signifying in the Grecian language, "I have found it." This has given the name to this new Mill.

In this Mill are all the former improvements, to which have been added several more, adding still greater advantages than were at first anticipated, or even thought possible by the inventor himself. It embraces the three great essentials necessary in every invention.

It combines Utility, Economy and Practicability!

THE EUREKA MILL

Is small and lighter, and is capable of doing more and better work in a given time than any other Mill ever invented. It is the only Mill that will successfully remove from wheat such pests as Cockle, Garlic, Oats, Rye, &c.

Should an extra quality of grain for seed or gristing purposes be required, it can be so arranged as to catch in one box perfect grain, and in the other, grain fit for market or mill. Here is made a great saving usually lost sight of; for nearly one-quarter of the grain cleaned in the common Mills is lost when sown, on account of shrunken kernels and inferior grain. The Eureka Mill saves all this, and gives seed every kernel of which will grow when put into the ground, and this saving will, in a short time, pay for the Mill.

HINES & BURCHINAL,
Chestertown, Md.,

Owners of the Mill, are having them manufactured at the Sash Factory and Planing Mill of NOLAND & Co., Port Deposit, Md., which is a guarantee they will be put up in the very best manner.
June 17, 1871—tf.

"RISING SUN"

SALOON,

ON BRIDGE ST. NEAR CROSS, CHESTERTOWN

IS fitted up for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentleman with all the delicacie usually found in the Saloons of the city.

In the Ladies' Saloon, Ladies will be served with Cake, Ice Cream, Oysters in all styles of cooking, Terrapins, Crabs, Beef-Steaks, Fried Ham, all the delicacies of the season, at the short notice.

In the Gentlemens Saloons, Gentlemen will in addition be served with choice cigars.

☞ Parties will be supplied with everything needful for refreshment tables and Ice.

☞ Families supplied with Oysters, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Custard &c., by the gallon upon reasonable terms.

ICE

in large or small quantities for sale, and delivered every morning to regular customers in Chestertown.

The long experience of the subscriber as a caterer, justifies him in asking a liberal patronage from the public.

WILLIAM PERKINS,
Proprietor.

NEW GOODS!

Stoves! Stoves

RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS, and for sale at *VERY SMALL ADVANCE ON FIRST COST!* Call and examine my large assortment of

Hardware,

CUTLERY,

TINWARE,

Japanned Ware, Wood Ware,

AND

STOVES.

We have the Excelsior Cook Hot Blast, Spear's calorific Anti-Dust Cook splendid Coal Stove; All Right Cook, Niagara, Continental, Champion cook, and several other Cook Stoves, which we will guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

Morning Glory,
Spear's Anti-Clinker Hot Base,
Magic Light Base Burner.

These three above are self-feeders.

Token Base Burner with Reflector Dawn, Comet, Myrtle, Vulcan, and Crystal Egg Stoves, Casket, for wood and coal; Tuscan, Union Air Tight, Woodland, Flame, &c;

SPEAR'S GOLDEN LIGHT, and BIBB'S SILVER PALACE,

For sale at city prices, and put up to heat one, two and three rooms.

Store opposite the Court House.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.
Chestertown, Nov. 2, 1872.

SHOULD YOU NEED SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS,

DRAWERS OR SOCKS, you will find the best stock in Chestertown, at

May 10. S. MERRITT & CO'S.

RASIN & CO.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

No. 73 South Street,

Opposite Corn and Flour Exchange,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Personal attention to all business entrusted. Jan. 11, 1873.

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