The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Friday Morning, April 21, 1876.

Only One Dollar a Y[ear]

☞The trustees of the Johns Hopkins University have agreed upon two more of the resident scientific staff of the University, and have elected as a Professor of Chemistry, Dr. Ira Remsen, of Williams College, Mass., and as a professor of Physics, Mr. Henry A. Rowland, C. E., of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, in [illegible] is progress to

THE STEWART-HILTON TRANSFER.

The will of the late A. T. Stewart has not only disappointed many persons in New York who had expected that much of his fortune would be bestowed upon public charities, but the action of his widow since in disposing of his partnership interests to Judge Hilton in exchange [illegible] million dollars that Mr. Stewathed to that friend, also takes Yorkers greatly by surprise. appointed Judge Hilton to act Stewart "in managing, closing ling up his partnership business rs," directing the judge "while to exercise a sound discretion in his partnership affairs to a ter- and discharging all obligations d therewith," "for which ser- e gave to the Judge the one mil- ollars in question. It will also be ered that with the will, and by hority of the widow, a letter was d from Mr. Stewart to his wife, ing that he had elaborated plans welfare of his fellow-beings, and should depend upon her to carry t. He added that their friend, Hilton, would give any assistance ower, and referred her to him for

And now Mrs. Stewart on Good the day after the funeral, con- Judge Hilton, for the sum named, interest in the real and personal y belonging to the firm of A. T. & Co., excepting real estate in of New York, the property thus d amounting to many millions of

Stewart states in the conveyance, of the considerations, her desire to te the wishes of her late husband, e business in which he was engag- be continued and carried on, the if he were living, for the purpose g emoloyment to the many per- w engaged in the management of iness of the firm. We have here- uggested that the plans which Mr. t said he had formed for the wel- others may have had reference to ntinued maintenance in operation various business enterprises which founded or acquired. If this was he understood by real charity, his has certainly taken effectual mea- o carry it out, though at present nveyance seems scarcely explicable theory that Mrs. Stewart fully un- od the nature and effects of the ction.

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

tors Baltimorean:—Will you please for the benefit of numerous enquir- hat arrangements have been made mission to the Centennial grounds, hat it is proposed to charge for the ? Your compliance will greatly a very large number of readers.

Yours very respectfully,

A PATRIOTIC CITIZEN.

e cheerfully give such information have in our possession. It is relia- ated that the managers of the Cen- al Exposition have agreed that the of admission to the exhibition shall ty cents, and that the half dollar is e paid with a fifty cent note, and ng else. Ten five cent pieces, two ty-five cent notes, or five ten cent , will not secure your admission, any than will a dollar note admit two or o dollar note four. It is also stated one of the first objections urged nst this was, that it would create a er in fifty cent notes, but this is to be ated by the fact that there will be teen branches of the Centennial Na- al Bank, one at each entrance, where loose change will be converted into cent notes. Persons entering, it is ed, will be obliged to go in single file; adults through one gate and the child- through another. As each one en- , the entrance is registered by a turn- e as they pass. There will be receivers he turnstile, who will decide whether notes tendered for admission are good ad, and who will drop them into a box pared for the purpose. As each note into the box it will register itself, at night it is expected that the stile note box registers will agree; if not, receiver will be denounced as crooked. ere will also be an entrance for those o hold complimentary tickets, and em- yees. It is stated that this singular de of paying for admission has created nsiderable comment, but the plan has en tried in other countries, at World's irs, and is said to have succeeded ad- rably. There will be no trouble about ty cent notes, as there will be plenty of em. The admission fee of fifty cents at e gate will entitle a person to visit all e buildings without additional cost.—DITORS BALTIMOREAN.]

THE DIFFERENCE BEWEEN TWO PROMINENT CITIZENS.

Some of Judge Jere Black's friends ere anxious that the Pennsylvania Democratic Convention should recommend im to the National Convention as a Presidential candidate, but the Convention id not do so. Some days after it adjourned, the story goes, Judge Black happened o meet Judge David Davis, now frequently mentioned as a Democratic can- e in spite of his being an old line

ought to be very good to me, aid Black to Dav[illegible] ndidate."

remain a good

replied Black

WHO IS INDICTED, AND FOR WHAT.

Orville E. Babcock is indicted for conspiracy to falsely accuse a reputable citizen of Washington of a most odious crime. The name of that citizen is Columbus Alexander, and he was to be falsely accused of breaking open a safe and stealing therefrom certain valuable papers. It may be remarked that originally the word conspiracy was used almost exclusively to signify an agreement of two or more persons falsely to indict one, or to procure him to be indicted, of felony.

And who is Orville E. Babcock who thus stands indicted? For seven years past he has exercised, as secretary to the President, a very large part of the office of President of the United States. He has stood between the people and the President. He has undoubtedly influenced hundreds and even thousands of appointments. He opened the letters of the President, and showed to him only such as he saw fit.

When Gen. Babcock was accused of a crime against the revenue of the country, the President shielded him by his influence, and the Attorney-General came to his rescue by the issue of a most extraordinary order. Will he be protected now?

Fortunately Congress is now in session. The House of Representatives is invested with the power of impeachment, and any further attempt to protect, by official influence, this man who has betrayed so many trusts, will be likely to put those who shield him in danger.

Next to the indictment of the President, is this indictment of the man who, more than any other, stood in his place and acted for him. The shadows fall upon the White House, and the dark days are at hand.—*New York Sun.*

☞From all sections of the country, from newspapers of the most diverse politics and of no politics at all, there comes up a loud call to Mr. Blaine, asking him to demand an investigation into that sixty-four thousand dollar transaction. In a card printed in the *Gazette* Tuesday morning Mr. Harrison declares that he is willing to go before any committe and tell the whole truth. This is exactly what Mr. Blaine seems anxious to avoid. Mr. Harrison also says that when the Credit Mobilier investigation was going on three years ago he wrote to Jeremiah Wilson, requesting him to ask certain questions in regard to this very matter. But they were never asked. Wilson was then a Republican Congressman from Indiana, and Mr. Blaine was Speaker of the House of Representatives. At the time there were vague rumors afloat that Mr. Blaine was in some way implicated, but they were never investigated, and the friends of the then Speaker, when it was all over, congratulated themselves upon his escape. The Maine statesman has denied the Harrison story and printed a couple of letters giving him a clean bill of health, but this has failed to satisfy the country. If Mr. Blaine is, as he says, entirely innocent an investigation can do him no harm. It will make his purity and honesty shine out all the brighter, and make him stronger at Cincinnati. As it stands now no convention would think of nominating him with so serious a charge against him unanswered save by himself, and that in a very unsatisfactory way. Mr. Blaine should demand an investigation at once, and if he does not the House should order one. It is only simple justice to him to do so.—*Balt. Gazette of Wednesday.*

☞"I reckon people are satisfied now," said Mrs. Galbraith, as she walked out of a court-room in Hopkinsville, Ky., with her third husband, after a jury had failed to convict her of murdering her second husband. The people were not satisfied, however, and every night her house is guarded against lynchers. She was a beautiful widow, and had two offers of marriage. One was from young Mr. Galbraith, who was poor, and the other was from old Mr. Wolf, who was rich. She accepted Wolf, avowedly because she loved his money, and two months afterwards he was murdered. Having secured his property she married Galbraith. The proof of her guilt fell short of satisfying the jury.

☞The divinity that hedges a King does not, it seems, encompass the person of an Emperor when driving in the streets of a free American city. While Dom Pedro was driving down Sixth avenue, New York, at an early hour on Monday morning, his carriage was run into and wrecked by an ice-cart, thus presenting forcibly to the mind of his majesty the boasted republican disregard of the sacredness of kingly persons. Fortunately the Emperor escaped injury, and another vehicle being procured, the drive was continued.

☞The disagreement between the State Department and the English Foreign Office in the matter of the extradition of Winslow bids fair to end in the abrogation of the extradition treaty. Secretary Fish has sent a despatch to the English Foreign Office persisting in his demand for the unconditional surrender of Winslow, while England refuses to surrender the culprit except upon the guarantee that he shall not be tried only on the offence for which his extradition is demanded.

☞A safe deposit vault just completed in London is deemed invulnerable. It is sunk forty-six feet into the ground, with walls of brick and concrete six feet thick. Inside this structure is the safe, seven feet thick, made of fire brick and [illegible] iron. The metal doors weigh [illegible] each, and are swung by hy-

BALTIMORE GRAIN MARKET

From the Sun, of Wednesday.

Receipts to-day 8,600 bushels Wheat 14,000 bushels Southern Corn, 71,000 do. Western do., 1,650 do. Oats, 1,340 do. Rye. Stock in Elevators 76,659 bushels Wheat, and 290,823 do. Corn. There was a better offering of Wheat today, and the market was more active, though unchanged in price. The sales were 2500 bushels Maryland amber at $1 63; 2500 bushels red at $1 40 for common, 1 50a$1 58 for fair to good, and $1 60 for prime; 800 bushels Pennsylvania red delivered at $1 58; 400 bushels on track on private terms; 400 bushels Western prime white at $1 60, and 300 bushels common red on track at $1 25. We also learn of a sale of 1500 to 2000 bushels Virginia red in Elevator at $1 60. The market for Corn was heavy, with a decline of 1c per bushel. Western closing dull and weak, spot and near delivery offering at reduced figures, without finding buyers. The sales of Southern were 1500 bushels inferior white at 58a61 cents; 3000 bushels good do. at 63 cents; 8000 bushels prime do. at 64 cents, and 1600 bushels prime yellow at 65 cents. Of Western the sales were 10,000 bushels mixed for April delivery (yesterday after 'Change,) 20,000 bushels mixed at 65½ cents, and 10,000 bushels No. 1 white at 65½ cents, both for delivery; (to-day) 8000 bushels mixed at 66 cents; 3200 bushels and 65½ cents, and 2400 bushels rejected on track at 55 cents, all spot. At the close spot mixed was offered at 65½ cents, without buyers; April 64½ cents bid and 65 asked; first half May 63⅛ cents bid and 63½ asked, and all May 62½ cents bid and 62¾ cents asked. Oats are in good demand and market firm; sales 650 bushels Southern at 48 cents, and 700 bushels bright Western at 46 cents. Rye is active and firm; sales to-day 140 bushels inferior at 80 cents; 400 bushels prime at 85 cents, and 1200 bushels to arrive at 85 cents.

Marriages.

STRONG—WEBB.—At the M. P. Parsonage, on Thursday last, by Rev. C. W. Thompson, CHARLES C. STRONG to Miss JULIA WEBB.

Friend Charles is finally in the webb noosed;
I pray that his days may be happy and long,
For a trouble he'll find, now, to get loosed
From the Webb which he by consent made Strong. C.

New Advertisements.

FESTIVAL AND CHARADES.

A FAIR for the benefit of the Episcopal Chapel, will begin in the Town Hall at GALENA, on *TUESDAY, the 26th inst.*, at 7 o'clock P. M.

On Wednesday and Thursday evenings CHARADES will be given.

☞SUPPER and REFRESHMENTS every evening.

The Music for Wednesday will be furnished by the *Millington Band.*

Tickets to Charades 25 cents.

FIFTH DISTRICT TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION Will meet at Edesville, April 22d, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Questions for discussion:

1st. What can Teachers do to create an interest on the part of parents in the progress of their children at home?

2d. Is it necessary to introduce corporal punishment into the schools, or to retain it where now in use?

Mr. T. A. Hopkins, Essayist.

E. COPENHAVER, *Secretary.*

April 21, 1876.

THIRD DISTRICT TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION Will meet at the school house in school district No. 3, Worton, on *Saturday the 22d instant*, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Question for discussion:

"What real benefit might the schools, the patrons and trustees, receive from these District Associations, if they were generally attended?"

The President to call on all the members to speak on the question.

Miss Florence Janvier to write an Essay, to be read before the Association.

All the members of the Association are requested to attend.

By order. J. A. HARPER, *Secretary.*

April 21, 1876.

Fashions for Spring and Summer.

ABE SCHWARTZ,

MERCHANT TAILOR

FROM

PHILADELPHIA

RESPECTFULLY invites his friends and the public to call and examine his new

Spring and Summer Goods And Styles,

RECEIVING DAILY from the Eastern markets.

Fine Goods A SPECIALITY.

BLACK CLOTHS OF THE FINEST GRADES

In *ENGLISH and FRENCH CASSIMERES* we have styles that must please the most fastidious.

☞Feeling confident that we understand the needs and wants of this community, and that we are now prepared to meet its demands *both in styles and prices*, we again solicit an examination before purchasing elsewhere.

☞*We guarantee a fit in every case.*

ABE SCHWARTZ

April 21, 1876.

A New Fertilizer!

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS TO

Our Superior article of Fertilizer,

which we offer at LOW figures and on easy terms. A sample of the same may be seen at our office, next door to Kent National Bank.

HINES & CO.

April 7, 1876—[illegible]

Public Local Law.

OPERATIVE IN KENT COUNTY.

CHAPTER 355.

AN ACT to repeal section fifty-six of the Public Local Law, title, "Kent County," sub-title "Chestertown," passed on the first day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and to re-enact the same with an amendment.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That section fifty six, title "Kent County," sub-title "Chestertown," of an act passed on the first day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, be and the same is hereby repealed, and re enacted to read as follows:

56. The money which shall be annually levied by the County Commissioners of Kent county, for repairing the streets, lanes and alleys of said town, shall be paid to the said Commissioners or their order, and shall be expended by them for that purpose; and they shall appoint in the month of June, annually, a Supervisor of said streets and alleys, and of the public road between said town and Whaland's Mill, and between said town and Thomas P. Dixon's gate, formerly Samuel Thomas's gate; and the said County Commissioners shall levy the sum of three hundred dollars annually for the use of said Commissioners for said town, but not until they are satisfied that such appointment of supervisor has been made and accepted.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 7th, 1876.

JOHN LEE CARROLL, Governor.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY, that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of Assembly passed January Session, 1876.

AUGUSTUS GASSAWAY, Secretary of the Senate.

M. Y. KIDD, Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

MARYLAND SCT:

I, James S. Franklin, clerk of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, do hereby, certify that the aforegoing is a full and true copy of the Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, of which it purports to be a copy, as taken from the original law, deposited in and belonging to the office of the Court of Appeals of Maryland.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand, as Clerk, and affix the Seal of the said Court of Appeals, this 13th day of April, 1876.

SEAL

JAMES S. FRANKLIN, *Clerk.*

April 21, 1876—3t.

Public Local Law.

OPERATIVE IN KENT COUNTY.

CHAPTER 99.

AN ACT to repeal section eighty-one of article fourteen of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub-title "County Commissioners," and to amend and re-enact the same with amendments and to add a sub-section thereto, and to provide for the appointment of two County Commissioners by the Governor, to serve until the next general election.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That section eighty-one of article fourteen of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Kent County," sub-title "County Commissioners," be, and the same is hereby repealed, amended and re-enacted with an amendment, and to add a sub-section to said article and section so as to read as follows:

81. There shall be five Commissioners for Kent county.

SUB-SECTION. The county commissioners shall have the general supervision of the public roads in Kent county, and the work done thereon, and for this purpose they shall at their first meeting in January after their election and qualification, assign among themselves the different districts of the county, one of said commissioners to each of said districts, whose duty it shall be to supervise all the public roads in the districts assigned to him, and to go over said roads at least one and not more than two days in each month, for which service they shall be entitled to same per diem and mileage as for other duties performed by them; and before the accounts of any person appointed as supervisor under them by the board of county commissioners are passed and paid by the said board, they shall first the endorsement and approval of the said county commissioners thus assigned to, and put in charge of said district.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted by the General Assembly*, That until the next general election there shall be appointed by the Governor, two persons of said county, one to reside in the first election district and the other in the second election district of said county, to serve as county commissioners with the three already in office until the next general election, and the board thus enlarged, shall at their first meeting after the qualification of the two thus appointed, assign among themselves the roads as provided for in the sub-section hereinbefore enacted, and said board of County Commissioners shall meet as often as necessary from the first day of January until the annual levy shall be made, but shall not meet after said levy and until the first day of January next succeeding, except on the first Tuesday of each month.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 23, 1876.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of Assembly passed January Session, 1876.

A. GASSAWAY, Secretary of the Senate.

M. Y. KIDD, Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

April 21, 1876—3t.

CLIMAX SHIRT,

MADE of *Wamsutta Muslin* and 2100 Linen—only $1.00.

J. H. SIMPERS & BRO.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!! A large stock, and at the LOWEST PRICES.

J. H. SIMPERS & BRO.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters Testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JACOB SHALLCROSS, late of Philadelphia, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of November 1876; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of April, 1876.

SERECK F. SHALLCROSS, *Executor.*

April 21, 1876

Public Local Law,

OPERATIVE IN KENT COUNTY.

CHAPTER 41.

AN ACT to protect fish and wild-fowl in certain of the waters of Kent county.

SECTION 1, *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to lash or beat the waters of Fairlee Creek, Worton Creek, Lloyd's Creek, Still Pond Creek, Churn Creek, Turner's Creek or any other of the creeks or arms of the Sassafras river within the bounds of Kent county in this State, with rods, poles or sticks or any thing else, or to make noises on the decks of any boat, or on any part of any boat by the use of clogs or wooden shoes, or by any other instrument or means or in any other manner for the purpose of driving fish into any seine, fish-basket or any other contrivance for catching fish, nor for the purpose, or which will have the effect of driving or frightening wild ducks or water-fowl of any description from their feeding or roosting gounds in the waters hereinbefore described of said county.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That any person violating any of the provisions of the preceding section shall pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars, and forfeit the boat together with her tackel and apparel, and her seine and all other property on board of her at the time of her seizure.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That on information given on oath to a justice of the peace of said county most adjacent to the waters in which it is claimed a violation of the first section of this law is being or has been committed, he shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the offender or offenders and the seizure of the boat, together with all her tackel and apparel and all other property on board and in their possession, which warrant shall be directed to the sheriff or some constable of said county, and the sheriff or such constable may summon the *posse comitatus* to aid him in making any arrest and seizure authorized by this act.

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted*, That upon the arrest of the offenders they shall be taken before a justice of the peace most adjacent to the waters in which the offence has been committed and tried, and if found guilty shall pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars, to be recovered as other small debts are now recovered, and the said justice shall condemn all property seized by the officer making the arrest, which shall appear in proof to have been in the possession of the parties found guilty, or used by them in violation of the first section of this act, and adjudge and decree the same to be sold.

SEC. 5. *And be it enacted*, That the property so as aforesaid condemned, shall be sold by the officer making the seizure on ten days notice by either written or printed advertisement placed in four public places, and the proceeds of the sale after deducting the costs of the proceedings and the expenses of sale, shall be divided as follows: one-fourth to the officer making the seizure, and the residue to be divided equally among the persons who aided him in making such seizure.

SEC. 6. *And be it enacted*, That any party who has been adjudged guilty of a violation of the provisions of this act and feels himself thereof aggrieved, shall have the right of appeal to the Circuit Court of the said county.

SEC. 7. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March, 9, 1876.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of Assembly passed January Session, 1876.

A. GASSAWAY, *Secretary of the Senate.*

M. Y. KIDD, *Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.*

April 14, 1876—3t.

OFFICE OF KENT CO. R. R. CO.,

CHESTERTOWN, April 12, 1876.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Kent Co. Rail Road Company will be held at the Court House in Chestertown, on *Monday, May 8th*, 1876, at half-past 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

JOHN F. BINGHAM, *Secretary.*

April 14, 1876.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

MARTHA MEEKS, late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of November 1876; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 11th day of March, 1876.

HOWARD MEEKS, *Administrator.*

April 14, 1876

SWEET POTATOES FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has a lot of very fine *sweet potatoes for sale.*

EDWARD SLAUGHTER.

April, 7 1876—[illegible]

AXES.

AXES, [illegible] AXES.

ONLY $1.25, and [illegible] for 30 days, by J. K. [illegible] DGE.

Dec. 16, 1875.

Subscribe for the Tra[illegible]

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