The Chestertown Transcript

Only ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LOCAL NEWS.

☞TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

I have arranged with Mr. Perkins to fill all unexpired contracts for subscriptions to the TRANSCRIPT which have been *paid to him*. He will collect all unpaid subscriptions to and including July 20, 1877. From that date subscriptions are payable to me; and I earnestly request all subscribers to pay their subscriptions before the expiration of September, and thereby avail themselves of the lowest rate which is payable in advance, viz: $1.00. After October the 1st., all subscriptions, not paid for at the time of subscribing, will invariably be $1.50. GEO. A. HANSON.

TO ADVERTISERS.

All persons who advertise in the *Transcript* to the amount of fifteen dollars and pay cash for the same will receive the *Transcript*, for one year, free of charge.

"Too Late"

Came to us too late for this issue. All contributions intended for the first page should be sent to us Toursday.

The Teachers' Association

For Kent County, met on last Saturday, at the school room in Chestertown. The day was inclement, but twenty-one teachers answered to their names during the session.

Officers were elected for the year, as follows: E. F. Perkins, President; Henry Tonkin, Milton Melvin, J. W. Corey, Dr. J. A. Perkins and J. V. Crosby, Vice Presidents; Joseph Peterson, Corresponding Secretary, and T. M. Pinkind, Recording Secretary.

The resolution laid over from the previous meeting to amend the Constitution by substituting Friday for Monday, in Article 4th—Meetings—was adopted unanimously.

At the afternoon session, the question, "How to teach reading?" was taken up and discussed generally by the members. "How to teach the dictation of the fifth grade," was also fully debated. Mr. J. V. Crosby, temporarily presiding, gave his views at considerable length, pronouncing it one of the most valuable exercises of the school room.

The committee reported the following questions for the next regular meeting, on Friday, November 16th:

Geography—How much should be taught, its practical value, &c.

The best method of teaching *Holmes'* history.

Mrs. E. F. Clift was appointed Essayist for the next meeting, and Mr. Joseph Peterson will deliver the address.

Singular Accident.

A singular but very serious and painful accident, befell Mr. Samuel Fisher, a resident of this town, last Sunday afternoon. Mr. Fisher, it appears, was, in company with his son who was driving, seated in his carriage, proceeding along Queen street towards High, leading a horse by a rope halter, the end of which he had wrapped around his left hand, his elbow on the back of the carriage, against which he was leaning, and his hand grasping one of the standards. The horse was quietly trotting along behind the vehicle, when, on turning into High street, he suddenly jumped back, and with such force as to fearfully mutilate Mr. Fisher's hand, to which the halter was attached. The sufferer was taken immediately to the drug store of Mr. T. W. Wickes, where Drs. Holton and Hines rendered all the relief in their power. It was found that the fore finger was torn entirely off, with the tendons attacked, they having been severed some ten inches up the arm; the end of the middle finger torn off, the flesh down to the bone pulled from the little finger; in fact, almost the entire hand was most shockingly mutilated. Dr. Frank Hines performed the necessary amputations, the patient being under the influence of chloroform. Mr. Fisher is getting along in years, and not at all vigorous. He has always been an upright, sober, hard-working man, and in his misfortune has the sympathies of the community. We are glad to learn that Mr. Fisher is doing as well as could be expected.

Orphans' Court.

Present, Judges Nicholson, Shallcross and Willson.

Letters of Administration on the personal estate of William N. C. Anderson, were granted unto George E. Harrison, Alday Clements and J. W. Jarman were appointed to appraise the said estate—the usual notice to creditors was ordered.

Sophie H. Betton was appointed guardian to Eleanor L. Betton.

T. W. Eliason, Jr., admr. of James H. Smith, returned an inventory of the personal estate of said deceased, and received an order for the sale thereof.

S. C. LeCompte, admr. of William H. LeCompte, received an order for the sale of the personal estate of said deceased.

Joseph P. Ireland and F. H. Taylor were appointed to appraise the annual value of the real estate of A. M. Gooding.

G. Vickers, admr. of John K. Willis, was authorized to have repaired certain property of his intestate.

Delays are Dangerous.—If this axiom is true respecting the ordinary affairs of life, still more obviously so as regards the exigencies of approaching disease. Unquestionably! Yet how many neglect to practically recognize this plain truth when health is in the balance. Of the many premonitory symptoms of disease a hacking cough is the most prophetic of peril. Arrest it at the outset with Dr WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL and so avoid Consumption. Bronchitis Inflammation of the Lungs, Coughs Colds, and, indeed, all Affections of th Respiratory Organs are entirely cured b this sovereign remedy, which also eradicates Dyspepsia, Gravel, Piles, Nervous Debility, Torpidity of the Liver, Urinar Difficulties, Constipation, Palpitation of the Heart, Scrofulous Affections, and the infirmities peculiar to the gentler sex. This Cordial derives its virtues from the vegetable kingdom, and is infinitely to be preferred, both on account of its superior efficacy and freedom from nauseous and injurious properties to the officinal drugs so often administered with no other effect than to offend the palate and disorder the stomach. The PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL can always be relied on to do what is claimed for it. Sold by all druggists. Principal Depot No. 916 Filbert st., Philadelphia.

How utterly foolish to prance around one's room all night with a most terrible Toothache, when a few drops of Keller's Roman Liniment would cure it in two or three minutes. All pain and discomfort vanish immediately upon its application, and everywhere this preparation is regarded as a household necessity.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S SUCCESSOR.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Sept'r. 10.—The apostles of the Mormon church, joined by J. W. Young and David H. Wells, late committee of Brigham Young, publish a circular at length, saying that September 4 they held a meeting, waited upon the Lord, who blessed them, and who revealed to them the steps they should take. John Taylor, senior apostle and acting president of the twelve, was unanimously sustained in that position; also that a quorum of twelve apostles is a presiding quorum and authority of the church. This was the plan pursued at the time of the death of Joseph Smith, and was so ordered by Smith and sustained by Brigham. To facilitate the transaction of business it was ordered that President John Taylor be assisted by John W. Young, Daniel H. Wells and George Q. Cannon.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF MARYLAND.—MEETING OF THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Pursuant to call of the chairman the democratic State central committee met in Baltimore at the Maryland Institue a few days ago, with closed doors, Hon. Joshua Vansant presiding; Wm. H. Vanderford, or Carroll county, temporary secretary, in place of Mr. Jas. A. L. McClure, detained by sickness. The following resolutions, submitted by F. Dorsey Herbert, of Washington county, were adopted:

Resolved, That the State convention of the democratic party be held in the city of Baltimore on Thursday, September 27, at 12 M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of comptroller of the treasury.

Resolved, That the members of the State central committee for the several counties and the legislative districts of the city of Baltimore be requested to designate the time and place for holding primary meetings, county and legislative district convention, except such counties as have selected delegates to said convention, or have already called their conventions and that each county and legislative district shall be entitled to the same representation in the said convention as the said counties and legislative districts are entitled to in both branches of the State Legislature.

Thomas J. Turner, of Prince George's county, moved that the convention be held one week later than the date specified in the above resolution, which was seconded by Michael Bannon, of Anne Arundal county, but the original resolution prevailed. No reason was advanced for the desired postponement, but it was probably owing to the fact that some of the lower counties have not as yet held conventions or primaries. Except for this one instance there was a feeling of general unanimity in the meeting. The vacancy caused by the recent death of the late J. Rush Streett, of Harford county, was filled by the election of C. H. Streett.

Colonel F. Raine, of Baltimore, presented a resolution in favor of colonization in Maryland by legislative action in antagonism to driving persons desiring to exchange the workshop for the plow from our midst.

Col. Raine said the opportunities for settlement were as good in Maryland as in any other State, notwithstanding the efforts of interested persons to attract the labor of our sorely tired and dissatisfied workingmen to other parts. He said it was good democratic policy—a policy identical with the past efforts of the party—to prove not only by word but by deed that the welfare of the many was and should be the chief object of democracy.

No action was taken on the resolution, as not properly belonging to the business of the committee, which has prescribed limits. The sentiments of the resolution and of the speaker, however, were favorably received.

The counties and legislative districts represented at the meeting were as follows; Anne Arundel. Hon. M. Bannon James Revell, Dr. Eli J. Henkle; Baltimore county, Lewis J. Turner, William Isaacs, John Merryman; Caroline, Daniel Fields, Philip W. Downs; Carroll, Wm. H. Vanderford; Charles, John Mitchell; Dorchester, Clement Sulivane; Frederick, Outerbridge Horsey; Garrett, Mr. McHenry; Harford, John Carroll Walsh; Howard, Arthur P. Gorman, Thomas Hunt, Wm. Peters; Kent, James Alfred Pearce; Montgomery, Mr. Jones; Prince George's, Thomas J. Turner; Queen Anne's, John B. Brown; Somerset, George R. Dennis; Washington, J. Cowdy, F. Dorsey Herbert; Talbot, Mr. Harrington; Wicomico, Gen. H. Humphreys; Worcester, A. J. Merrill; Baltimore city, first district, Henry Cashmyer, J. Q. A. Robinson; second district, Col. Frederick Raine, B. Smith; third district, Jos. H. Kreager, William F. McKewen, E. W. Albaugh.

Among others present at the Institute were Col. Geo. Gale, of Still Pond, Kent county, who has been identified with the democratic party of Maryland for the past fifty years; George Colton and Dr. Wells of Annapolis; Adjt. Gen. Frank A. Bond, Milton Y. Kidd, Joseph B. Seth, Talbot county; Henry Aisquith, State's attorney of Anne Arundel county; Mr. Howard of Harford county; George H. Carman, Baltimore county; B. L. Harig, of this city, and others.

The names most prominently mentioned in connection with the State comptrollership are Thomas J. Keating, of Queen Anne's county; Dr. George W. Gale, of Somerset county; Dr. Parker, of Worcester, and Horace Resley, of Allegany county.

THE DEATH OF THIERS.

France is not weeping to-day as at the death of Napoleon I. or the execution of Louis XVI. Thiers was not a sovereign, nor was he even the master of France.—He was merely her wisest counsellor and her shrewdest statesman, and his death will be lamented all over the country with the same sincerity with which the death of a venerated guardian is lamented by a family of orphans. The tears are not tears of love; but they are not the less warm on that account. For a long time to come France will remain a child; now that she is without a sovereign she is an orphan besides, and her need of a guardian like Thiers is felt every moment. Whether in power or not, his influence remained equally powerful. He has moulded the mind of his ward and guided her conduct for fully half a century. When the ward broke loose at times or got into trouble, it was Thiers who came to the rescue. He was never loved, but his opinion and advice were always respected. He was beyond question the most useful man of France, and he was so not only in politics, but in literature, in art, in the science of war, in every branch of human knowledge which has a direct practical bearing on the life of a nation.

In parliamentary eloquence he was as powerful, if not as brilliant, as Mirabeau. In history he equals Livy. In politics he was not surpassed by Pitt; while in diplomacy he was worth Talleyrand and Metternich combined. His low extraction, his obscure youth, his not irreproachable early manhood, were all forgotten. From the day when he first became a Cabinet Minister, forty-seven years ago, he remained an unshaken power. At the close of the great national crisis in 1871 he became the master and redeemer of his country; and at the age of eighty, on the very eve of his death, he was still constdered the only man fit to preside over her destinies. There is not another man like him anywhere, and there is not another country which so much needs such a man.

Who is there to take his place? Many people think Gambetta to be the coming man; but it is a mistake. Unless he should live a quarter of a century longer—which is not probable, for he is suffering from heart disease—he will never step higher than a Senator, a Deputy, or, at the outside, a Cabinet Minister. He is too young, his past is too fresh in people's memory, and he himself has too much common sense to put himself forward.—The only person fit to take the place of Thiers is Grevy. He is a man with probably the cleanest record among French politicians. He is a sincere republican and an excellent lawyer. He has not the versatility of Thiers, he does not shine in literature; he will not meddle with military matters, or assume the role of an art critic. But his natural genius, his experience in politics since the days when he fought on the barricades of 1830, and over thirty years of parliamentary labors, make of him the natural leader of the opposition the moment Thiers is no longer there. And should MacMahon be the republican candidate for the Presidency. He is, at the present moment, the man to whom France can most safely intrust power.

But if the country is mourning, there is a partity in it which must be jubilant, and that is Broglie's party. Thiers's death will give the Government candidates many an extra vote. The peasants knew that to vote the opposition ticket was to vote for Thiers. Now they no longer know who will be the leading spirit of the opposition, and they will cast their vote for the existing Government.

The death of Thiers at this moment is a greater calamity for the Republican party in France than it would have been had it taken place six weeks later.—*New York Sun.*

JUSTICE BRADLEY'S CONFESSION.

STOWE, Vt., Sept. 2, 1877.

EDITOR OF THE ADVERTISER—*Sir:* I perceive that The New York Sun has reiterated its charge that after preparing a written opinion in favor of the Tilden electors in the Florida case, submitted to the Electoral Commission, I changed my views during the night preceeding the vote in consequence of pressure brought to bear upon me by Republican politicians and Pacific Railroad men, whose carriages, it is said, surrounded my house during the evening. This, I believe, is the important point of the charge.—Whether I wrote one opinion or twenty in my private examination of the subject is of little consequence and of no concern to anybody, if the opinion which I finally gave was the fair result of my deliberations, without influence from outside parties. The above slander was published some time since, but I never saw it until recently, and deemed it too absurd to need refutation. But as it is categorically repeated, perhaps I ought to notice it. The same story about carriages of leading Republicans and others congregating at my house was circulated in Washington at one time, and came to the ears of my manily, only to raise a smile of contempt. The whole thing is a falsehood. Not a single visitor called at my house that evening; and during the whole sitting of the Commission I had no private discussion whatever of the subjects at issue with any person interested on the Republican side, and but very few words with any person. Indeed, I sedulously sought to avoid all discussion outside the Commission itself. The allegation that I read an opinion to Judges Clifford and Field it entirely untrue. I read no opinion to either of them, and have no recollection of expressing any. If I did, it could only have been suggestively or in a hypothetical manner, and not intended as a committal of my final judgement or action.—The question was one of great importance, and, to me, of much difficulty and embarrassment. I earnestly endeavored to come to a right decision free from all political or other extraneous considerations. In my private examination of the principal question (about going behind the returns) I wrote and rewrote the arguments and considerations on both sides as they occurred to me, sometimes being inclinced to one view of the subject, and sometimes to the other. But finally I threw aside these lucubrations, and, as you have rightly stated, wrote out the short opinion which I read in the Florida case during the sitting of the Commission. This opinion expresses the honest conclusion to which I had arrived, and which, after a full consideration of the whole subject, seemed to me the only satisfactory solution of the question. And I may add that the more I have reflected on it since, the more satisfied have I become that it was right. At all events, it was the results of my own reflections and consideration, without any suggestions from any quarter except the arguments adduced by counsel in the public discussion, and by the members of the Commission in private consultations.

As for the insinuation contained in a recent article published in a prominent periodical by a noted politician, implying that the case was decided in consequence of a political conspiracy. I can only say (and from the peculiar position I occupied on the Commission I am able positively to say) that it is utterly devoid of truth, at least so far as the action of the Commission itself was concerned. In that article the writer couples my name with the names of those whom he supposes obnoxious to public odium. The decencies of public expression, if nothing more, might well have deterred so able a writer from making personal imputations which he did not know to be well founded.

Yours respectfully,

JOSEPH P. BRADLEY.

HUSBAND AND WIFE BRAINED IN BED.

A WOMAN ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF BEING THE MURDERER.

From the Baltimore Sun.

EASTON, Md., Sept. 10.—James Fitzjarrel, and his wife, Anna A. Fitzjarrel, aged invalids, were murdered while in bed on Friday night, James Fitzjarrel was the father N. C. Fitzjarrel, late Sheriff of this county, a member of the last Legislature. The man was seventy-five years of age, and his wife was about the same age. They were married in 1868. They lived alone in an old house in Jarreltown. Mr. Fitzjarrel had been bedridden with chronic rheumatism for nine years, and could not move without assistance. Mrs. Fitzjarrel was very deaf. Both were found murdered in bed on Saturday morning. The instrument used was a blacksmith's chisel hammer, belonging to the house, the handle bearing stains of blood. Mr. Fitzjarrel received nine blows with the chisel edge of the hammer. Three wounds are on his head, one penetrates the throat, two on the left jaw, one on the left side of his nose, one on the same cheek, and one on his right collar bone. The blow on his head and eye split the skull. His wife received three blows, one terrible blow over the right eye that brained her, another severe blow over the left eye, and a slight blow on the right hand, as if she had held it up for protection. The husband was found on his back, having been unable to move, and the wife in her bed on her right side.

The night of the murder was very dark, and it was raining hard. Two hundred and fifty dollars in greenbacks and forty-nine silver trade dollars, which it was known Mrs. Fitzjarrel kept in a small trunk, were missed. The keys, which were kept in a box in a bureau, were also missing, and the trunk was locked after the robbery and had to be broken open.

After the funeral, the authorities decided to arrest Mrs. Kate Waddell, who lives just across the road in one of four or five small houses owned by the Fitzjarrels. N. C. Fitzjarrel lives with his family within four hundred yards of where his father and aunt were murdered. Mrs. Waddell was in the habit of waiting on the old couple, and was more familiar with the premises and pecuniary affairs of Mrs. Fitzjarrel than any one else in the neighborhood. Mrs. Waddell was arrested on Sunday afternoon, and is in Easton jail. Mrs. Waddell had been talking of leaving the country, and her arrest was made on suspicion merely, without any direct evidence.

☞A prominent Methodist paper in Pennsylvania, reviewing the work of this year's camp meetings, states that the conversions have been very few, indeed, as compared with the results of ordinary protracted meetings in the churches. The reason assigned for this unwelcome statement is that modern camp meetings have degenerated into pleasant social gatherings in the woods and at the seaside. It is feared that a large number of those who assemble at these meetings are drawn together, not as in olden times for purposes of religious communion and quickening, but to pass a portion of the warm weather in cool places and enjoy the excitement of large gatherings of agreeable people. The system of entrance fees and Sunday trains are also mentioned as operating against the spiritual success of the summer meetings. All these criticisms are made by the truest friends of Christianity, and the paper in which they appear supplements them with the hope that they may lead all camp meeting managers to avoid these obstacles in future.

☞We should like to contribute something towards settling the problem of Osman's Pasha's identity before that curious question becomes involved in international complications, or worse. If the authorship of the battle of Plevna should ever come to be debated like the authorship of "Beautiful Snow," there is no telling what the consequences may be.—The claimants, so far, are Bazaine, Frenchman, and Crawford, American. Let us suggest, at once, in furtherance of the solution, that the whereabouts of Sergeant Bates be ascertained: that the Count Joannes be hunted up; that detectives be put upon the tracks of George Francis Train and Colorado Jewett, so that an alibi can be proved in case the ambition of either of these warriors should outrun his discretion.—*Baltimore Bulliten.*

The Registration.

Fourth District.

NEWLY REGISTERED.

White.

B

Boyd Henry L — Brown William H

C

Counsill Thomas — Chapman Joseph H

F

Fleming Benj F

H

Hines W Frank — Hubbard Martin E

M

Miller J. A. — Miller Henry K

R

Ringgold John E — Roland Chas E

S

Sparks Henry A

T

Toulson M A

W

Wheatley A B

Colored.

B

Boyer Cornelius

G

Granger James

T

Trusty Samuel

W

Wilson Henry Thomas

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the above is a correct List of the voters registered by me at the sitting on the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th days of September, 1877.

E. T. WILLIS.

Register of the 4th Election District.

Deaths, Transfers and Removals.

White.

B

Benjamin David A — Benjamin Alfred L
Bramble John T

C

Copper John C — Carroll Theodore F

D

Davis Samuel A

G

Greenwood Henry N

H

Harding William — Hance Geo W
Hall John T — Hynson Andrew J

L

Legg Moses

P

Paynter Shaderick D.

R

Russell A. M

S

Smith James H — Stam Louis K
Simmes Henry H. — Siguin Chas H

T

Trout J Wesley

Colored.

C

Chase Simon

T

Frisby James

H

Hacket Emory D

M

Murray William

S

Stevens Henry

W

Wilson David M. — Webb James R

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the above is a correct List of Deaths, Transfers and Removals Stricken from the Registration list at the Sitting on the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th days of September, 1877.

E. T. WILLIS.

Register of the 4th Election District.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

ALFRED JERVIS,
late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 21st day of March, 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 21st day of August, 1877.

JOHN Z. CLARK,
F. H. BOULDEN,
Aug. 24, 1877 — *Administrators.*

1115 Wm. T. Hopkins, 133

1115 Chestnut Street and 133 North Eighth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Corsets, Corsets, Corsets!

40,000 PAIRS OF CORSETS,
EVERY DESIRABLE QUALITY AND PRICE, FROM 50c. TO $10 PER PAIR. ALL GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICES.

R. WERLY'S Double-Bone Corsets, at 2 19, 2 25 and $2 50 Reduced from 3 00 and $3 25.
FRENCH WOVEN CORSETS, from 68c to $5 40.
HAND-MADE CORSETS, from 50c to $10 00.
THOMPSON'S GLOVE-FITTING CORSETS, at 85c, 1 08, 1 25, 2 25, 3 00 and $4.
THE "COOLEY" CORK CORSET, at one dollar and upwards.
MRS. MOODY'S Patent Self-Adjusting Abdominal Corsets, all qualities, at prices just reduced, at 2 38, 3 25 and $4 75. Beware of lower-priced and greatly inferior goods being sold as the best Moody Corset. Nursing Corsets at 1 85 and $2 38.
MAD. FOY'S Corset Skirt-Supporters much below former prices. One dollar and upwards.
DR. WARNER'S Health Corsets, quality greatly improved and prices reduced to 1 35 and $1 60.
FRENCH HAND-MADE Coutilla Corsets, from 1 50 to $5 00; all greatly reduced in prices.
CORSET CLASPS at 5c, 8c, 10c, 13c, 20c, 25c, 30c, and 45c per pair. LADISE FORMS at 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, &c.
WE HAVE EIGHT styles of one dollar Corsets, including Woven and Hand-made, the best Corsets at the prices EVER SHOWN in the *American Market.*
UNDERGARMENTS, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MUSLIN SKIRTS, Night Dresses, Chemises, Drawers, Toilet Sacques, Corset Covers, Aprons, &c., all greatly reduced in prices. Our Undergarments are unequalled in quality, variety or cheapness by any other establishment in Philadelphia, and special discounts of 5 and 10 per cent. for cash. Call and see them.
HOOP SKIRTS AND NEW TRAIL BUSTLES.—We call special attention to our new styles of "Champion" Combination, Princess, and all other desirable styles of Hoop Skirts, from 45c to $2 00. Our own make and Eastern makes.—also to our complete lines of Panier Bustles, in every desirable style, 25c to $4 25 Aqualities improved and prices greatly reduced.

We are at all times prepared to show complete assortments of the above specialties, from the finest to the lowest grades, at PRICES that will ALWAYS be found AS LOW or LOWER than any others. Purchasers can save time and money by examining our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Terms Cash and One Price only at each store. Wholesale and Retail.

1115 Chestnut and 133 North Eighth Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

1115 WM. T. HOPKINS. 133

June 15, 1877—4m

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

JAMES H. SMITH,
late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of April, 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 4th day of September, 1877.

THOMAS W. ELIASON, JR.,
Sept. 7, 1877. — *Administrator.*

OLD KENT:

The Eastern Shore of Maryland:

NOTES illustrative of the most ancient Records of Kent county, Maryland, and of the Parishes of St. Paul's, Shrewsbury and I. U., and Genealogical Histories of old and distinguished families of Maryland, and their connections by marriage, &c., with an Introduction, by

GEORGE A. HANSON, M. A.,
Corresponding Member of the Maryland Historical Society, &c.

SCALE OF PRICES:

Octavo—Paper, uncut - - - - - $ 4.00
" Fine Cloth - - - - - 4.50
" Sheep - - - - - - - 5.00
" Half Turkey - - - - 5.50
Quarto—Centennial edition (limited) half Turkey - - - 20.00
" Cloth, do. - - - - - 15.00

For sale at the *Chestertown Transcript* Office, and at John P. Des Forges, Publisher, Baltimore, Md. July 27

Washington College,

CHESTERTOWN, Md.

Founded 1782.

THE next session will begin *WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26th.*

Instruction in the usual branches of a College Course, with special studies for those who do not desire a full course. There is also a Preparatory Class.

Board per week $4; roomrent $5, and fuel $4 to $6 for the scholastic year. Tuition: English $40; English and classics or modern languages $50; for all branches $60.

For Circulars address

WM. J. RIVERS,
Aug. 10, 1877. — Principal.

To the Farmers

OF

Kent and Queen Anne's Counties!

HINES & CO.,

ARE still selling *Lister's Standard Phosphate* which has given such entire satisfaction for the last three years. They are able to furnish certificates from the leading farmers of both Counties. And are selling it entirely on its own merits, feeling assured, if fully tested with any other leading Fertilizers, that it will give full satisfaction.

Call at their office and get a circular.

HINES & CO.

Next door to Kent National Bank.
Aug. 10, 1877—3m.

FAIR! FAIR! FAIR!

THE CATHOLICS of Chestertown and vicinity propose holding a Fair, in the TOWN HALL,

Commencing SEPT'R. 10th, and closing SEPT. 18th, inclusive.

Among the many valuable articles to be disposed of in Chances are:

A HANDSOME NEW TOP BUGGY,
A BEAUTIFUL AFGHAN,
A SEWING MACHINE,
GOLD CROSS,
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
SILVER WARE, ETC.

ADMISSION .....10 cts.
Aug. 24, 1877—3t.

Subscribe for THE TRANSCRIPT.

LIST OF GRANGERS OF P. H.

In Kent County, Md.,

FOR 1877.

ENTERPRISE, No. 2, Kennedyville. Thomas J. Shallcross, Master; Dennis J. Nowland, Overseer; H. C. Wallis, Lecturer; D. U. Dewees, Treasurer; L. C. Justis, Jr., Secretary; William Archibald, Steward; John M. Morgan, Ass't. Steward; William A. Kennedy, Gate Keeper. Meets Saturday afternoons, at 2 o'clock.

HOPE, No. 13, Hanesville. Master, E. P. Janvier; Overseer, Dr. F. Worrell, Lecturer, W. C. Stephens; Steward, Wm. T. Nicholson; Ass't. Steward, C. W. Stephens; Chaplain, S. Vannort; Sec'y. R. G. Nicholson; Ceres, Mrs. E. P. Janvier; Pomona, Miss Annie Parsons; Flora, Miss Maria Parsons; Stewardess, Miss Annie Stephens. Meetings every Thursday, P. M.

FAIRLEE, No. 8, Rees' Corner. J. H Gale, W. M. Abel J. Rees, W. S. Meeting every Saturday, 2½ o'clock.

KENT COUNTY GRANGE, No. 6, composed of Delegates from Subordinate Granges, meets the first Friday in each and every month. Thomas J. Shallcross, Master; J. W. Howard, Overseer; Wilbur C. Stephens, Lecturer; Dr. Frederick Worrell, Treasurer; Robert S. Griffith, Chaplain; B. F. H. Caulk, Secretary; William H. Stewart, Steward; William Ayars, Ass't. Steward; J. F. Wilson, Gate Keeper.

☞Granges not reported above will please report to the *Transcript.*

HALL'S HOTEL

Chestertown, Md.

THE undersigned, thankful for past patronage, and being more fully prepared than ever before to accommodate the traveling community, would ask their attention to his extensive alterations and improvements; where he has been established for the last 12 years.

They will find here new and comfortable chambers, and a table supplied with the best the market will afford; while the Stabling is roomy and well ventilated.

It may be added, that this is the only regularly licensed Hotel in the town, and that he is confident that he will be able to supply the wants of all.

JOHN HALL.

P. S.—My BAR is supplied with various kinds of Liquors, and a polite barkeeper, who will, with pleasure, attend to the wants of all customers.

July 27, 1877—3m.

T. S. WICKES,

GENERAL STORE,

High street above Cross street,

CHESTERTOWN.

1877. Spring Trade. 1867.

APRIL AND MAY.

A LARGE and desirable Stock of *GENERAL MERCHANDISE* kept constantly on hand, accessions of New Goods frequently made during the season.

Prices close, and in full sympathy with the tightness of the times.

Bell & Stam,

PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

97 Park Place,

NEW YORK.

W. E. C. BELL,
LOUIS K. STAM.

July 20, 1877—tf.

Pure Cider Vinegar,

GUARANTEED GENUINE,

On hand and for sale by

T. S. WICKES

September 5, 1876.

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