TERMS OF SUBCRIPTION;

ONE DOLLAR PE ANNUM, *if paid in advance* If not paid *strictly in advance* ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS will be invariably charged.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of TEN LINES BREVIER (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

One square, three months, three dollars; six months, five dollars: one year, eight dollars.

Fractions of a square will be charged as a square.

Yearly and semi-annual advertisements must be paid quarterly.

Advertisements not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered to be discontinued.

The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Friday Morning, October 12, 1877

GEORGE A. HANSON, EDITOR.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY:
THOMAS J. KEATING,
Of Queen Anne's Co.

FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES:
GEORGE W. SPENCER,
GEORGE H. THOMPSON.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:
JAMES R. JONES,
GEORGE W. DAVIS,
WILLIAM V. LUCAS,
THOMAS P. DIXON,
T. ROMIE STRONG.

FOR SHERIFF:
CHARLES H. DAVIS.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
H. H. GRESHAM.

☞ All contributions, intended for our first page, must be delivered on or before Thursday, to secure an early publication.

A MEETING

OF THE

Democratic Conservative Voters

OF KENT COUNTY,

Will be held at the Court House in Chestertown, THURSDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

18*th OCTOBER*, 1877.

A cordial invitation is given to all persons who feel an interest in the issues of the present canvass, to come and hear them fairly and fully discussed.

The meeting will be addressed by

HON. THOMAS J KEATING,
Candidate for Comptroller;
HON. BARNES COMPTON,
HON. GEORGE COLTON,
Oct. 12, 1877. And others.

☞ There never was a time, in the history of the Democratic party, that the political sky looked brighter or more hopeful than the present. The head of the administration, which now holds adverse and fraudulent possession of the government, has been forced by Democratic Congressional legislation, the weight of public opinion, and the solemn oath of his office to heed and obey the warnings of Democratic statesmen, to listen to the cries of anguish from an oppressed people, to remove the bayonets of Federal and partizan tyranny from long suffering and outraged communities and once more to restore to its proper place, in the estimation of the country, that lately forgotten charter of our Union, the Constitution of the United States. For this blessed consummation of good out of evil, we are solely indebted to the firm and consistent adherence, to first principles, of the Democratic party. Through wind and storm, through disasters dangerous and crushing defeats, in days of darkness and brief hours of sunshine, the Democratic party has continually kept before the peoples' eyes its great principles, Reform, Reconciliation, Re-union, the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was—

"A Union of States, a Union of lands,
A Union of hearts and a Union of hands."

In this way, it has educated the public mind and paved the way towards an era of good feeling; so that, now, there can scarcely be found a man, even in New England, so poor in spirit or so lost to every humane sentiment as to bow down and worship at the lying shrine of the bloody-shirt.

The occupation of the Republican party is gone, and its principles and policy, whatever they once were, are things of the past. Though defunct, its features are still disfigured with the deep lines of sectional hate and sanguinary persecution. Who could wash its crimson hand or who can soothe the dead? The mighty shibboleths which once stirred the Northern heart, to madness, against the suffering South, now, fall upon unwilling ears, and, save in New York, where the Oneida Chief wields the tomahawk, and Maine, cursed with Blaine, the Republicans generally accept with good grace the Constitution of the United States as expounded by his Fraudulency in "my Southern policy." The Northern press too is wondrous kind, and is very fond of praising the climate, lands and people of the sunny South.

A new era of peace, prosperity and happiness is dawning upon us, and the Democratic party will soon be called upon to assume the responsibility of conducting the councils of the nation, and directing the energies of our people, through new and untried streams of prosperity and wealth. It therefore becomes the duty of the party, in view of the future, close upon it, to strengthen and purify its organization, and of each and every member of it, to yield ready and prompt obedience to its behests, for by so doing the best interests of the country can, alone, be subserved.

We hope to hear no more of disaffection, among the Democrats of Kent. What, old Democrats, baptized in the faith and scarred with many honorable wounds, will you, can you, dare you, in the face of your life-long record, desert your glorious and much loved standard, around which are twined the very tendrils of your hearts, in this triumphant hour, when the success of our time honored principles is crowning our efforts, and peace and prosperity, with untold blessings is smiling upon our re-united land! Who can be a recreant now?

☞ Last Friday, the 5th instant, Chief Justice Cartter issued a warrant on the requisition of the Governor of South Carolina, for the arrest of Senator John J. Patterson, who is charged with conspiring to bribe members of the General Assembly and counseling and procuring Niles G. Parker to commit grand larceny, &c. He avoided arrest, by secreting himself, until his counsel had prepared a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. The case will be heard on the 17th inst., two days after the meeting of the extra session of Congress. His defence is purely technical; the main point being that he is a Senator of the United States and is not a fugitive from justice. He thinks his privileges as Senator will save him. The Senate has often proved to be a safe asylum for rogues, but the days of Grantism are passed.

☞ It is reported in high official circles that Spain is about to acknowledge the independence of Cuba. This is good news, to every friend of human liberty, and our people will gladly welcome the Republic of Cuba into the sisterhood of nations.

☞ We are glad to be able to inform our readers, that, Hon. George R. Dennis has entirely recovered from his recent severe illness and will be able to take his seat, in the U. S. Senate. We congratulate him, his friends and the country. In these out of joint times every honest vote is important to the nation.

☞ When the Democrats of the Western Shore are strong enough to carry the State, unaided, and are ready, willing and prepared to do without our votes, it will be time enough for them to attempt to deprive the Eastern Shore of a United States Senator.

☞ The Mexican question is assuming serious importance. What will his Fraudulency do with it?

A despatch from Fort Davis, Texas, announces that a Mexican mob four hundred strong had taken possession of the towns of Ysleta and San Elizario and imprisoned the county officials of Paso county. The lives of all white men are threatened, and, without troops near enough to act, a terrible massacre is believed to be impending. Judge Charles H. Howard is among the prisoners, and is bound with ropes, but was released after surrendering his valuables. An official report from Gen. Sheridan explains that the difficulty in Paso has arisen among our own population, and about the location of the lands on which there are salt lakes, and that no citizens of Mexico have taken part in the trouble, but that the population of El Paso is wholly composed of citizens of Mexican birth.

If it be true, as was stated, that the mob was largely composed of citizens of Mexico, from across the river, and is in retaliation for the American raid, the matter should be thoroughly investigated and dealt with with the utmost delicacy. The U. S. Government should not allow itself to be precipitated, by a few lawless desperadoes, into a war with a friendly neighbor.

☞ The Democrats of Caroline are up and doing. Hon. Daniel Fields opened the campaign with a masterly speech. Meetings will be held all over the county. The Republicans and sore heads will have an uphill road to travel in level Caroline.

☞ It is proposed in Cecil county, to test the sense of the people in regard to local option, at the coming election, by having the words "for local option" and "against local option" printed at the bottom of all tickets used on that occasion. This will afford to the people a fair and reasonable mode of expressing their sentiments and also to their Delegates in the Legislature a safe foundation to base their actions upon. The question of Temperance is a very difficult one to solve. Politicians are notortiously afraid of it, because it is properly speaking outside of politics, and they are timid on every subject involving a question of pure morality. Morality and Religion do not belong to their department. The people, alone, irrespective of party, must settle the matter.

☞ A meeting was held on the 4th inst., in Baltimore, by a number of persons who propose to emigrate and establish a colony in Florida. This association has now a membership of 37 adult males, representing 115 men, women and children. Washington E. Hanson, president; V. O. Spencer, Vice president; and James Collard, Secretary.

Since the Democrats have regained control of the Southern States, peace, prosperity and happiness have once more smiled upon that afflicted land, and its luxuriant crops, rich soil, teeming with every fruit good for the use of man, and balmy climate offer even more than formerly inviting inducements to the immigrant. The people of Florida,—we speak from experience,—are exceptionally courteous, and welcome a stranger with primitive hospitality.

☞ On the presentment against Judge George Yellott, "for drunkenness, rendering him unfit to maintain the dignity of the Court, being unable to discharge the duties of the position, and bringing the Court over which he presides in to disrepute and disgrace," the grand jury of Baltimore county, on the 4th inst., filed a "true bill," containing five counts. The names of seventeen witnesses appear on the back of the indictment. It is said that Judge Yellott desires an early trial.

☞ The *Anne Arundel Advertiser* publishes a touching appeal. The last sentence is worthy of the attention of the subscribers and customers of the *Transcript*. Times are hard, and we would be glad if they would promptly pay up and help us to defray the current expenses of the office. Here is the appeal:

AN EDITOR'S APPEAL.—As the report that we are very wealthy has gone abroad among our subscribers, and has made them awful slow about paying up, thinking, doubtless, we don't want the money, we hasten to say the report of our wealth is false in every particular. If ocean steamers were selling at a cent a dozen we couldn't make the first payment on a canoe. The lightning of poverty has struck us square, and had it not been for an armful of hay our devil managed to steal from a blind mule, our large and interesting family would be without a mouthful to eat at this moment. Is not this a sad picture, and can you, delinquent subscribers, look upon it without feeling the greenbacks in your pocket-books? We do not like to dun, but we must if you fail to take the hint.

JAMES ALFRED PEARCE.

In our last issue we stated that we were "gratified to learn that in some of the Eastern Shore counties MR. JAMES ALFRED PEARCE is favorably spoken of as a suitable candidate for the United States Senate," and the Baltimore *Sun* and *Gazette* noted the announcement of the fact. The *Centreville Observer*, of the 9th inst., fully agrees with our estimate of Mr. Pearce, and says, editorially:

"The Chestertown *Transcript* announces that Jas. Alfred Pearce, Esq., of that county will be a candidate for United States Senator from Maryland in the place of Dr. Dennis, whose time expires in 1879. Mr. Pearce stands second to no man on the Eastern Shore, and would make our State a most excellent Senator. He is a gentleman of high character, of extensive information, and strict integrity."

OHIO.

The election in Ohio, on the 9th inst., has resulted in a great Democratic triumph. The Democracy has elected a Governor and a majority in the Legislature, by about 25,000 majority. This secures the election of a Democratic United States Senator, in the place of Senator John Sherman. The good work goes on bravely.

LITERARY.—The *Maryland Farmer* for October is upon our table. The articles in the Agricultural, Horticultural and Miscellaneous Departments are interesting and instructive. It is a valuable number.

SORE-HEADS.

The *Centreville Observer*, speaking of the *Sore-Heads* in Queen Anne's County, says;

"The Democrats of old Queen Anne's, who have had cause to rejoice at the purity and efficiency of their organization, and who were so much elated at the great and wholesome victory won by them last year, will learn with regret that a few sore-heads who did not receive the nominations at the hands of the party this fall are seeking alliances with Republicans and all the odds and ends in politics for the purpose of bringing out a new ticket composed of different elements with the open and expressed view of defeating the regular ticket and of disorganizing the old party to which they in common with us all owe what of freedom of speech, press and property rights we now enjoy. This effort on the part of these degenerate sons of a worthy party, reprehensible as it might have been in other days, is now positively criminal, and exhibits a love of office highly predominant over patriotism, love of country of gratitude for favors which the old party has done them. That the movement will fail of its efforts all thinking men will readily agree. That it should fail ignominously and disgracefully all men who love the old party will devoutly pray. Its purpose is not to build up a new and better party. It has not and cannot have any such end in view. The old party is quite as good a one as they propose to organize, and its candidates are quite as worthy and competent as any they propose to nominate. They have no platform to adopt, except the one of love of spoils. They have no peculiar principles to enforce upon the public attention, further than office seeking. They have no arguments to advance which should find a hearing and obtain weight with sensible people. They have nothing in fact to offer the people which they have not already got, except themselves, and that the people do not want. They have no following among the Democratic masses outside of a handful of men, dissatisfied, sore-headed and thirsty for office, and depend almost entirely upon the few Republicans and the negroes for their support, and it is by these means they propose to step into office, if at all, disregarding all the usages and appeals of party discipline. It is this disorganized faction, this chaotic mass, this sore-head element which proposes to meet here to-day and "take into consideration" the propriety of trying to break down a party which last year swept the county and elected the chief executive of the nation. These gentlemen by their efforts at disorganization would keep us disorganized and under Republican rule so long as they cannot get offices themselves, keep the South under bayonet rule, the carpet-baggers in office and the Democracy a weak, shattered, harmless mass instead of the powerful party which it has lately grown up into. The people who do not seek office; the people who seek only for good government and believe the Democratic party the proper means of giving it to them should not only refuse to enter into any organization which seeks alliances with Republicans and the odd and ends, offering to share their spoils with Republicans, but should scorn so reprehensible an effort, and discountenance the movement. Hoot at the effort to disrupt the old party; discourage the terrible effort of a few at disorganization, and let them feel the weight of your indignation not only in your words but by your ballots. Make them feel that their effort is disapproved, disdained and stoned."

[COMMUNICATED.]

FAIRLEE, 4th Oct., 1877.

Col. Hanson:—The enclosed address, read to the 1st Regiment Maryland Cavalry, near Salem, Roanoake county, Va., April 28, 1865, has never to my knowledge appeared in print. As a record of those "sad days," and as a memento of the war, it may prove interesting to some of your many readers. Gen. Munford refers to this command as "you who struck the first blow in Baltimore, and the last." It is an historical fact that the last conflict made by any portion of the army of Northern Virginia, (Gen. Lee's army,) with the Federal troops, was a cavalry charge ordered by Gen. Munford, and made by the 1st Maryland Cavalry, on Sunday, April 10th, 1865, about 3 P. M., while the negotiations for the surrender of General Lee's army were pending, (of course, then unknown to Gen'l. Munford), who with Fitz Lee's cavalry division had literally cut his way through the enemy's lines, and then was on the road to Lynchburg, from Appomatox Court House. In this last "grand charge," one of the *bravest* young soldiers of this gallant command was killed, or motally wounded, and died a few hours thereafter, WM. E. PRICE, of Washington city, D. C., a member of Co. E., 1st Maryland Cavalry, a son of W. Ferdinand Price, formerly of Kent Co., a gallant, good and true soldier, who had braved the hardships so many long years thus to fall at the close of the struggle—and yet, many a brave soldier as he witnessed this young hero as he fell from his horse during the charge, and with a tearful eye mourned his loss, envied him; for it was not his lot to see—as *we all* then thought—that all was *lost* save honor.

Perchance in the next edition of the "History of Kent," we may see it recorded that the last "fight made by the army of Northern Virginia, was made by the 1st Regiment of Maryland Cavalry, and the last soldier killed in an actual engagement in said army, was WILLIE E. PRICE, a descendant of a Kent county family."

EX-CONFEDERATE.

HEAD QUARTERS FITZ LEE'S CAV. DIV., April 28th, 1865.

To the gallant boys who claim the song—

"I hear the distant thunder hum,
The old line's bugle, fife and drum,
My Maryland—my Maryland.
She is not dead, nor deaf, nor dumb;
Huzza! she spurns the Northern scum,
She breathes, she burns, she'll come, she'll come;
Maryland! my Maryland!"

You my veteran friends who have weathered the storm, may now sing your song with proud hearts. It could once be heard on every lip; but after the Maryland campaign it was discarded. But your gallant little band caught up another air—

"Light hearts we bore to Virginia land,
Tho' shadows fell o'er us fast, my boys;
We'll drain our cup with a steady hand,
And we'll smile, what e'er may be our fate, my boys.
Many of us may sleep beneath Virginia's sod;
Many may go back to our homes, my boys,
But the hearts that are true to their country and God,
Will all report at the Grand Reveille, my boys."

This has ever been the spirit of the Maryland Battalion. Three years ago the chivalrous Brown joined my old regiment with twenty-three men. Yes, with twenty-three Maryland volunteers, eager and anxious for the fray. If they had a care, a trouble or a wish on the mind, it was to meet and conquer their country's foes. As they grew in numbers their friends and reputation increased. They were soon too strong to remain with me, and able to take care of themselves. 'Twas here I learned to admire, respect and love them, for all those qualities which endear soldiers to their officers. Need I tell you now, when I see you standing *high above all other soldiers* and *alone*, that my heart swells with pride, to think that your course, so bright and glorious, was linked in a small degree with my old regiment. Would that I could see the mother and sister of every man of this proud old command, and tell how nobly you have represented your State, and our cause. But the people of Virginia will not forget you. The fame you have won, will in after years be guarded by old Virginia, with the pride she feels in her own true sons. You have fought the good fight, and the few surviving members of the old command and Company K, might well say—

"When I remember the friends so linked together,
I've seen around me fall, like leaves in wintry weather,
I feel like one who treads alone some banquet hall deserted,
Whose lights are fled and garlands dead, and all but me departed."

But it was enough for them to remember that

"The despot's heel is on thy shore,
Maryland—my Maryland,
His torch is at thy temple door,
Maryland! my Maryland!

If they fell, it was sweet to know that they were striking for the loved ones at home. I trust they have gone to a brighter and happier land.

It becomes us now to separate, men of Maryland; but the ties which have so long bound us together will not be broken forever. They will live in memory, and in after years, we'll revel over our joys and dangers, and whenever or wherever we meet, we may say *this is my old familiar friend*. The cause is not yet dead. I feel sure the great battle will yet be fought. I have ordered the old Brigade to remain at home, and be ready whenever and wherever called upon. I know the gallant Col. Dorsey, and his braves, will rally again, and though Virginia and Maryland are now overpowered, we will yet join hands, and fling our glorious battle flags to the breeze, as an emblem of their majesty and strength.

In conclusion let me urge upon you to keep quiet, bide your time, and keep your armor burnished. You who struck the *first blow* in *Baltimore*, and the *last*, have done all that could be asked of you. Had the rest of our officers and men adhered to our cause with the same devotion, today we would have been free from the Yankees. May the God of Battles cheer you. With many thanks for your generous support, and a hearty God bless you, I bid you all farewell.

T. J. MUNFORD, Brig. Gen.
Comdg. Fitz Lee's Cav. Div.

KENT COUNTY, 9th Oct. 1877.

Mr. Editor: A few days ago we took a ride through the country and stopped at a friend's and afterwards took tea with Mr. Joseph Rasin, a retired merchant, near the village of Langford. He has a beautiful place, situated upon an eminence, in one of the beautiful rural districts of this county, and has every comfort around him. His place overlooks a fair landscape, to the left we see beautiful farm houses that dot the country for miles in a rich and fertile region; beyond, to the South, flows a beautiful stream that empties its waters into the Chester river: to the east, lies the county seat of this county, not far distant, to the north, lies another district of country, with its beautiful hedges and lofty spires from the barns pointing to the heavens. We wondered that more people are not farming, enjoying the quiet of rural life and not crowded into our towns and cities, that are already full, where they must undergo the noise and monotony of city life. A farmer with ordinary care has his bread and water sure, without the care and vexsation of providing from day to day. I would not have you think that I thought that all farmers are truly happy, for no doubt, had we consulted them, they would have told us that they too have their trials and troubles, "every heart knows its own bitterness;" but we thought they ought to be measureably happy, with so many of life's comforts around them. By the fall of our first parents, we were doomed to trials and troubles, and by the sweat of our brows shall we eat our bread. Many of our troubles are imaginary, and unless we are religious we cannot be truly happy, even were we to possess the gold of Ophir.

I still wonder why more persons do not farm and endeavor to lead religious lives, away from the temptations of a city, for then they could be happy having their garners full and if they choose their presses bursting out with new wine, and their children growing up like olive plants around their tables, their sons sturdy tillers of the soil and their daughters as blooming as the rose. Young man go to farming in old Kent, whose soil is of the best quality and the husbandman receives good return for his labor.

AN OBSERVER.

HAYES ALARMED,

AND ANXIOUS TO THROW OIL ON THE TROUBLED WATERS OF NEW YORK POLITICS.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Hayes dosen't want the Union League meeting in New York to be held. As he said to a friend the other day, he desires to pursue the policy of conciliation and conciliation even toward Senator Conkling; that it was his great ambition to throw oil on the troubled waters and prevent men's angry passions from rising. Two of Hayes's favorite expressions are "throw oil on the troubled waters," and "don't let your angry passions rise;" hence the genuineness of his reported remark is undoubted. But his motive in wanting the Union League meeting in New York abandoned is not a desire to "throw oil on the troubled waters." He dosen't want to have fuel added to Conkling's wrath. He is really alarmed at the portentousness of the storm which is brewing in the Empire State. He is not at all pleased with the inactivity of Evarts, who should have known what the sentiment of the party in his own State was, and made some effort to "throw oil," &c. His feeling toward Evarts was not improved when he learned that more than two months ago the Secretary of State was informed in detail of the plans of Senator Conkling's friends. It was a great lack of foresight. Hayes thinks, in his Premier not to have set about "throwing oil" the instant this information was communicated to him.

☞ Among the papers left by Andrew Johnson is an original letter from Senator Morton, requesting that Jefferson Davis be sent to Indiana for trial. A single sentence will show its animus: "There will be no difficulty in getting a jury that will do justice to the government—and to Davis." It appeared from this that Senator Morton had the "sour apple tree" already prepared. Mr. Johnson's reply was very guarded and raised a question of jurisdiction of the Indiana courts to try the confederate President.

LIFE, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness are vouchsafed to all in this free land of ours; yet these blessings, with wealth and culture superadded, are unenjoyable without perfect health. This condition of health depends upon scrupulous care of the body, good appetite, easy digestion, and prompt riddance of waste matter. Personal regard to the rules of living, and the judicious use of that superior Tonic, Alterative and gentle Purgative, Keller's Vegetable Life Drops, will insure the inestimable blessing—Health.

Marriages.

STAM—ROBERTS.—On the 9th day of October, in St. Paul's Church, Chestertown, by Rev. S. C. Roberts, Mr. COLIN F. STAM to Miss ANNIE H. ROBERTS, daughter of the officiating clergyman—both of Chestertown, Md.

New Advertisements.

PROPOSALS
For a New Bridge.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of Kent and Queen Anne's Counties will meet at the Hotel of J. C. Slaughter,

ON WEDNESDAY,

The 14th day of November,

1877, for the purpose of receiving sealed Proposals to

BUILD A DRAW-BRIDGE OVER CHESTER RIVER, AT CRUMPTON,

and approaches thereto, according to plans and specifications to be seen at said Hotel.

Said Bridge to be commenced about the first day of May, 1878, and completed so as to admit of public travel, by the 1st day of June following.

The contractor will be required to give good and sufficient bond for the proper completion of said work.

Persons making proposals will state CASH price, also the credit price if required to wit till January 1st, 1879.

All communications addressed to

JOEL C. SLAUGHTER,
CRUMPTON,
Queen Anne's county, Md.,

Will receive prompt attention.

By order.

T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk
To Commissioners of Kent County.
Oct. 12, 1877—4t.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF
THE KENT NATIONAL BANK
Of Chestertown,

At Chestertown, in the State of Maryland, at close of Business, Oct. 1st, 1877.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts,	101,406.43
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	24,993.60
Due from Redeeming Agent,	114,397.66
Due from other National Banks,	56,624.41
Due from State Banks and Bankers	8.12
Banking House,	2,250.00
Expenses and taxes paid	1,772.88
Checks and cash items,	280.86
Gold checks	1,875.00
Bills of other Banks,	33,535.00
Fractional currency and Nickels,	161.52
Gold	148.00
Silver	600.00
Legal Tender Notes,	25,600.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer,	2,250.00
Total,	$415,916.48

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	50,000.00
Surplus fund,	10,000.00
Undivided Profits,	13,520.26
National circulation outstanding,	45,000.00
Individual deposits,	296,539.73
Due to other National Banks,	656.61
Due to State Banks and bankers,	199.88
Total,	$415,916.48

State of Maryland, County of Kent, ss.

I, WM. N. E. WICKES, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. N. E. WICKES, *Cashier.*

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 6th day of October, 1877.

J. W. HINES,
Notary Public.

Correct—attest:
C. T. WESTCOTT,
G. B. WESTCOTT,
T. B HYNSON,
Directors.
Oct. 12, 1877.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

ALEXANDER H. WILLSON,
late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 9th day of May, 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of October, 1877.

MARY T. WILLSON,
Oct. 12, 1877. *Administrator.*

Grand Triumph in Horticulture.

GLORIOUS results of a useful life; climax almost reached; FELTON'S NEW BERRIES—CINDERELLA AND CONTINENTAL STRAWBERRIES; EARLY PROLIFIC and RELIANCE RASPBERRIES. The four *best* bearing, *best* carrying, *best* selling, *best* paying, market berries.

☞ Illustrated circulars and price list, giving a history and full description. FREE TO ALL.

GIBSON & BENNETT,
Nurserymen and Fruit Growers,
Oct. 5—3m. Woodbury, N. J.

Bickford & Huffman Drills.

GO TO *HINES & CO'S.*

For a Bickford & Huffman Dril. They are furnishing them 10 per cent. less than last year.

Sept. 28—tf. HINES & CO.

Subscribe for THE TRANSCRIPT.

New Advertisements.

STATE OF MARYLAND,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ANNAPOLIS, Oct 1st, 1877.

IN PURSUANCE of the requirements of Section 6, of Article 39, of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended at January Session, 1876, Chapter 206, and which reads as follows:

"That the Comptroller shall furnish each Officer of the State whose accounts are in arrears at least sixty days prior to a General Election, a full statement of his accounts, and in default of his accounting for such deficiencies within thirty days, then it shall be the duty of the Comptroller to have published weekly for one month, in one or more newspapers, in the county or city in which said defaulters have held, or may be holding office, and in no other newspapers, the names and titles of said officers with the amount of said deficiencies; and the cost of advertisement of the account of each such defaulter may be recovered in the name of the State, against the official bond of such defaulter. But no defaulter whose accounts have remained unsettled for over five years shall be advertised."

I hereby publish the following list of accounting officers in KENT COUNTY who are in arrears to the State of Maryland, and liable to publication under the said law, together with the amount due by each as of this day.

LEVIN WOOLFORD,
Comptroller of the Treasury.

	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Moryan Brown, Collector 1872	$153.42	153.35	$306.77
Jno H Thomas, Collector 1875	37.84	25.67	63.51
Jno. H. Thomas Collector 1876		22.47	22 47
James Brice, Collector 1875		65.69	65.69

Oct. 12, 1877.—1m.

This space belongs to J. H. Simpers & Bro., whose advertisement will appear in our next issue.

ORDER NISI.

GEORGE VICKERS ET AL,
VERSUS
WILLIAM T. BAKER AND OTHERS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR KENT COUNTY. IN EQUITY.
October 11th, 1867.

ORDERED, That the sale of the Real Estate of William T. Baker, deceased, made and reported by Charles H. Baker, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the Twelfth day of December next,—provided, a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the Twelfth day of November next.

The Report states the amount of sale to be $1,600.00.

D. C. BLACKISTON, Clerk.

True copy—Test:
D. C. BLACKISTON, Clerk.
Oct. 12, 1877—4t.

GARDEN VASES, STATUARY,

PEDESTALS, Chimney Flues, Chimney Tops, Drain and Sewer Pipe—furnished at city prices.

Stpt 28 J. K. ALDRIDGE.

For Sale, at
'MING'S!

FRESH SAGE,
Powder and Shot Gun Caps
JACKSON'S BEST BUSHEL BASKET,
Pure Cider Vinegar.
Sept. 28, 1877—tf.

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