TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, half [illegible] in advance, ONE AND A HALF DOLLARS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

OF TEN LINES BREVIER (or its equivalent in space) or less, will be inserted three times for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

One square, three months, three dollars; six months, five dollars: one year, eight dollars.

Fractions of a square will be charged as a square.

Yearly and semi-annual advertisements must be paid quarterly.

Advertisments not stating the number of times they are to be published, will be continued and charged for until ordered obe discontinued.

The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Friday Morning, Feb. 22, 1878

GEORGE A. HANSON, EDITOR.

An Explanation.

We hereby inform FRIEND of a SALOON KEEPER that we decline to publish his communication, and for these reasons. It contains personal attacks upon several of the most respectable citizens of this community. Such attacks are cowardly under cover of an assumed name, and would be highly improper above his own proper signature. The columns of the *Transcript* are not open to the reception of vulgar abuse of worthy citizens simply because they belong to the other political party. We believe and we are glad that we do believe that there are many honest men among those who differ with us in Religion and Politics. We hope that we possess that large charity which enables us to trust that there are some honest men who differ from us in regard to the momentous question of temperance reform now agitating this community, but we confess that the letter of FRIEND OF A SALOON-KEEPER has placed him beyond the scope of that hope.

Instead of those whom he names, he it is, who is the "*narrow-minded hypocrite*," for he seeks to harm when he professes "friendly feeling;" he it is, who is the "*fanatic in religion and politics*," for he would cover with abuse and bespatter with vile slander good and true men, because they differ with him in politics and worship in another meeting-house; he it is, who is the "*cowardly sneak*" who endeavors to ruin the "*business of an honest man*," for he threatens us with the withdrawal of his own pitiful, unsought patronage and the anger of all "*honest liquor-dealers*" and the whole army of their "*whole-souled customers*," and he is, yes, he says it himself, the FRIEND OF A SALOON-KEEPER! That saloon-keeper keeps very bad company.

The FRIND OF A SALOON-KEEPER has a perfect right, under the Constitution of the United States to settle his bill, at the office, and stop his subscription to the *Transcript* and deprive his family of the opportunity of reading a decent paper.

The FRIEND OF A SALOON-KEEPER has not a right, under the Constitution of the State of Maryland to use the columns of the *Transcript* as a vehicle for low and vulgar abuse of better men than himself. The FRIEND OF A SALOON-KEEPER has not a right under the Laws of Congress to send us, through the Post Office, letters, written under the garb of "friendly feeling" threatening us with the dire anger and displeasure of himself and the friends of the liquor dealers of Kent county.

In conclusion, though we desire to deserve the good will of our fellow citizens, we wish it to be distinctly understood in reply to the above mentioned and other communications, of similar import, that no persecutions, proscriptions nor threatening letters will deter us from expressing our well-formed sentiments upon the great and vital question of Local Option in and for Kent County, Maryland.

The Eastern Question.

For the present, the war-cloud has lifted from Europe. Russia, Austria and the German Empire are in perfect accord, to preserve the peace, as against England, if possible. They are acting as a unit and have utterly ignored British influence in their councils, and paid no heed to her warlike demonstrations. All of England's bluster and her mighty men-of-war were treated with contempt by Russia, who eagerly availed herself of every false move of the English cabinet to make a counter one. While our ears were straining to catch the boom of the first gun, the little voice of Austria whispered "hands off" to Russia, and lo, the mighty bear drew in his hungry claws, and the British fleet took wing for a safer anchorage. England stands now isolated and alone, stripped of her prestige and continental influence.

The Silver-Craze.

As will seen in another column the Silver-Bill has been passed in the Senate. The leading merchants of the cities have already added ten per cent. to the prices of their merchandize, and the people will, after a while, find out that "cheap money means high prices for all the necessaries of life.

The Comet of St. Michaels

[illegible] *Advertiser* of St. [illegible] the breeding and [illegible] enumerated and [illegible] articles, headed, [illegible] com-

munication which appeared in the *Transcript*, in the issue of the 8th inst. As a literary curiosity we reproduce it, and publish it as a memorial of the folly of a writer who thinks he is a genius in comic composition.

This adverbially adverbial author of "A Chestertown Affair" should learn that it is unfair to misquote even an antagonist; that the rules of criticism require that the critic should at least possess the merit which he condemns as wanting in [illegible] attack, and that he who lives in glass houses ought not to throw stones.

We think it necessary to say more than the card of B. B. W., in another column, is sufficient for his purpose.

We sincerely hope that the Editor of the *Comet* has recovered from his "paroxysm;" if he has not, let him re-read the article which we publish below; we assure him that in it, he will find an antidote for vanity and get up from the hard task a wiser and a braver man, and also with the pleasing consciousness of knowing, that, without the slightest provocation, he has wantonly wounded the feelings of a worthy, upright and highly respected gentleman.

This memorial of genius reads as follows:

A CHESTERTOWN AFFAIR.

The grand social affair that ever occurred on the peninsula of ours, at least since colonial times, "came off" this winter in Chestertown. It was duly reported in the *Transcript* by a correspondent. We have read the account, and mused over it in paroxysms of delight, and with the keenest emotions of pleasure.

The 24th of January, 1878, was the long-to-be-remembered date.

"It was a fortune," says the *Transcript*, "to attend an entertainment hall in Chestertown, by an highly gifted preceptress."—Enviable region! an invitation! The congratulation of the people, from Bohemia Manor to Crystone are yours!

"Indeed it was an affair, for there was a flow of the least of reason." We, who were [illegible] from that flow and that feast have missed but the only desirable thing the nineteenth century has produced. The flow must have been truly grand, and the feast grand.

"The stage manager performed his part very graceful." Courageous correspondent! Right under the awful shadow of Washington College you dare exercise the privilege of the American newspaper writer, and select your own words. In such a flow and feast who would give any regard to adjectives and adverbs?

"There was also present a gentleman from Philadelphia, Professor Clift, who performed with Miss Hall, on the piano, in a delightful strain on the violin." Music fit for the gods, and a description worthy of—the—

"A grand solo was twice sung by Professor F. of Chestertown (to the great admiration of the audience) who is teaching a class of German, a musical class here, and who is highly esteemed by all judges to be [illegible]" which is, *prima facie*, [illegible]

"I tell you, [illegible] will have some trouble to find musical talent than can be found in Chestertown, for its size, and which can boast of as many pretty girls and [illegible] can nowhere else be found, according to the number of its people celebrated for the high culture and general intelligence and refinement!" That's true. Don't you think so, brother Hanson? Or will you take the trouble to search all over nowhere for prettier girls and belles and more musical talent?

"The tableaux were truly grand, their statuary like appearance, reflected by a calcium light made them look truly grand." The whole affair was truly grand, and so is the description.

"The only trouble was, it lasted too short a time, but it taught a lesson, that life too was evanescent, and soon passeth away."

This fine moral reflection thus interjected in the very midst of this eloquent description, bringing to one's mind the certainty of death and the uncertainty of the time thereof, is truly grand.

Other quotations might be made but enough has been said to show the truly grand treat Chestertown enjoyed upon this auspicious occasion, and to mark the rising of a bright, particular star in the horizon of peninsular journalism."—*St. Michael's Comet.*

A CARD.

Chestertown, Feb. 16th, 1878.

MR. EDITOR:—There has arisen, in the town of St. Michael's a comic luminary named Hadaway, or some other way, a very bad way, to my thinking, who has assumed the privilege of criticizing my description of the tableaux which came off in Chestertown, a short time ago. When I read the article my most charitable thought was that it was written by some mush-room or toad-stool that had suddenly sprung up, from a bed of putrescent matter, or by a chronic dyspeptic who was mad with himself and the rest of mankind and, for something to do vented his spleen upon an humble correspondent of the *Transcript*. Every monkey will climb a pole sometimes, and the *Comet* of St. Michael's *Advertiser* has always been more noted for spreading its tail than showing its head.

The County of Talbot must be barren of news and the sanctum of its Editors very devoid of brains or intellectual resources to compel them to come to Kent for items. Its Editors must indeed have little to do, if they have time to become scavengers for the peninsular and hunt up all the short-comings of the correspondents of their brother Editors.

I do not profess to be a scholar; but would like to know where and in what grammer school this Hadabadway graduated himself, for I would be curious to learn what degree in gentility and litterary courtesy he took. I suppose, he is a B. *G. G.* B. B. W.

☞ The Wilmington (Del.) Commercial says of the silver bill: "It is a shameful measure even as it stands, and is a blow at our nation's honor and credit which will injure us forever."

OUR ANNAPOLIS LETTER.

Annapolis, 16th February, 1878.

DEAR COLONEL;—The sensation of this week, was the speech of Hon. Montgomery Blair, last Thursday, *subject*, BLAIR. The occasion attracted many strangers, almost emptied the Senate and drew a full house. Now, I am not a professional reporter, only writing by way of amusement and to gratify an old friend and, be it confessed *sub rosa*, a little of the *cacoethes scribendi*, and therefore will not pretend to give you a full report of his speech. In fact, I am too lazy to do it, if I could, and the oration was worthy of spilling so much ink. The impression Mr. Blair made upon me was that he is a great man, in many respects, that is to say, he has a great mind to be a great man, if he can. he is greatly over-rated, he is greatly puffed up, in his own conceit, he is greatly admired by one of his father's children, who is not his brother or sister, he is great, yes he is a great humbug. His speech, in part, was a tirade against many of the leading men of the country, whom the public have honored with confidence more than himself. He attempts to use the name of Gov. Samuel J. Tilden as a spell to conjure up, out of the vasty deep of political prejudices, all the dead issues of 1877 and the ghosts of the departed hatreds which ought to be forever laid in the sepulchre of oblivion. His recent ignominious defeat for Senator still rankles in his bosom, and the venom of disappointed ambition, which maketh the human heart a bag of gall, pointed, with personal bitterness, many of his well rounded periods, and destroyed the effect of all his logic. His effort was entirely without effect,—*vox et praeterea nihil*. Mr. Blair has always been famous for his oracular vaticinations, but unfortunately for him, he has a few believers as Cassandra, and fortunately, for the public, his predictions are unlike the gift of Apollo.

I cannot answer your questions, in regard to the Local Option Law for Kent County. Whether it will ever get out of the hands of the Committee and see the light of day, is more than I can tell, at present. If I knew the secret desires of those who have it in charge, I could tell you with absolute certainty. Of one thing you may be sure. Just what the representatives of Kent County desire to be done with it, will be done. The history of the Local Option Law for Kent County, in the session of 1874, will be repeated. That is to say the Kent delegates will be confidentially consulted and their wishes carried out, in spite of any public declarations to the contrary. "You tickle me and I will tickle you" is the motto here. Which means, you vote down the foolish desires of my constituents and save me from blame, and I will vote down the wishes of your people and save you harmless.

In very truth, I fear that the Temperance men have got too many irons in the fire and will reap the fruit of want of foresight. They have allowed the enemy to change the line of battle and weaken their front. In the first instance, several counties asked for Local Option Laws. Against these reasonable requests the Whiskey-Ring could make no objection. Therefore it sounded the members and finding that a certain number (not a majority) were favorably disposed towards Temperance, the Ring formed its plans accordingly, and by insidious suggestions induced the preparation of a law for the whole State, a general Local Option Law. The Temperance people, good easy folks, believe that they originated the idea; but I tell you, that, it was designed by the Whiskey Ring to throw dust in the eyes of the Legislature and prevent the passage of the several Local Option Laws asked for by the counties.

It is well known, here, that there are many members who will vote for a Law for, say, Kent County, but are bitterly opposed to Option for their own county; and who will with pleasure give to your people the privilege of banishing liquor-traffic, but will oppose a general Law because that will affect their own county.

The cunning scheme of the Whiskey-Ring is, by soft words and liberal promises to induce the county members to allow their local temperance bills to stop, upon assurances that a general law is better calculated to do good and will surely be enacted; that agitation by individuals will do harm, that local laws are invidious, and that too persistent advocacy of individual measure will disgust modrate friend of temperance, etc. By such plausible reasoning, and sugar coated lies, the Ring is persuaded that the vote on the general Law can be put off until the end of the session, and then defeated. The vote is to be delayed until such a time as will forbid the consideration of any Local Option Laws for the counties. Will the representatives of Kent county be deceived and allow their bill to slumber, the sleep that knows no waking, in the Committee room? I hereby give you and them fair warning. If they, through inertness or deception, suffer the wishes of their constituents to be ignored, they are blind leaders and ought to be held to a strict accountability.

I do not think that the people of Kent county will again tamely accept such an explanation as was given them four years ago. If the delegates of a county cannot get a Local bill through a Legislature, it is proof positive that they are unfit for the place. Mind you, I have a high respect for the Kent delegation.

The biggest Temperance iron, in the fire is Bannon's Bell-Punch Bill. It will be its fate, is now impossible to predict. It, however, has one merit, in the eyes of the average legislature; it promises to make money and thereby reduce the tax on real estate. It removes a burden from off the shoulders of valuable property and useful citizens and imposes it upon the vices of the depraved and upon the most useless class of our citizens, the thriftless dram-drinkers and utilizes for the public good a portion of the squanderings of spendthrifts. That you may have an insight to its practical bearing, I inclose copy of its sections:

SEC. 1. *And be it enacted*, That after the [illegible] provided for in the next preceding section, shall have been placed in the bar-room or place of business, of licensed dealers, it shall be the duty of the retail dealer, immediately on sale of every half-pint, fraction or multiple thereof, of ardent spirits, wines malt liquors, or any mixture thereof, in the presence of the purchaser, or person to whom it is delivered, to turn the crank of the proper register until the bell has struck once, and the indicator on its dial has moved one point or number for each half-pint, or multiple thereof, so sold, up to and including one gallon, it shall be the duty, in like manner, of the bar-room keeper immediately upon the sale of each drink of wine, ardent spirits, malt liquors, or any mixture thereof, in the presence of the purchaser or person to whom it is delivered, to turn the crank of the proper register until the bell has struck once, and the indicator on its dial has moved one point or number for each drink sold by him; the true intent and meaning of this section is, that in the case of a retail dealer, the sale of each half-pint, or fraction thereof, shall constitute the unit or basis of taxation, and in the former case the bell shall be struck once and the indicator on the dial be moved one unit for every half-pint, or fraction thereof, sold, and in the latter case, the bell is struck once, and the indicator moved one unit for every drink sold; that is to say, for the sale of a half-pint or less, the retail dealer shall register one number on the dial, in the manner above required; for the sale of quantity in excess of a half-pint, and less than a pint, he shall register two units; and for the sale of a pint and a half, he shall register three units, and in the same ratio for each half-pint sold, multiple, or fraction thereof, un to and including one gallon, he shall register one unit; the following table is appended for the better illustration of the scale of assessments to be used by the officers acting under the provisions of the section:

Quantity of Liquor.	No. of Registrations,	Ale, Lgr. & Wine.	Mlt. Liquors.
Less than ½ pt	1	2 cts	½ ct
½pt	1	2 cts	½ ct
More than ½ pt & less than 1 pt	2	4 cts	1 ct
One bt	2	4 cts	1 ct
More than a pt and less than 1 and ½ pt	3	6 cts	
1 and ½ pt	3	6 cst	
More than 1 and ½ and less than 2 pts	4	8 cts	
2 pts	4	8 cts	
½ gallon	8	16 cts	
1 gallon	16	32 cts	

There are some who object, that, the Bill is cumbersome in its details, difficult to understand and that it will be the occasion of much fraud, etc. The latter argument is too stale for consideration. Every law, that can, will be violated. Why not abolish the law against murder? It can be violated, and will be set at naught as long as human nature remains what it is.

CORDE.

[COMMUNICATED.]

TEMPERANCE, TAXES, &c.

MR. EDITOR:—Various subjects agitate the mind of the rural denizens about this time. Newspapers furnish a better medium of communication, on account of distances: than conversation and private correspondence. Please allow this explanation to open your columns to the animadversions of a fellow citizen.

TEMPERANCE, LOCOL OPTION.

Well, these subjects have able advocates and they are being gloriously supported and ventilated *pro* and *con*.

After all, reforms must come from *conviction* and *faithfulness* to conviction. You cannot make Christians, Philanthropists, Good Samaritans, or scarcely any other good living thing, *by force*. It has been reduced to a certainty that the law of kindness is best even for a beast. Local Option, however, is not a very *oppressive* measure. The Toper can lay in a stock of his darling whiskey, keep it at home, and be happy under his own "vine and fig-tree." And then his good wife will know where to find him and put him to bed. Locol Option seems to be consistent with democratic republican government—the right of the people to rule.

If a majority of the people of a neighborhood are satisfied that a whiskey mill is a nuisance—full of evil to society—a temptation to the young, the thoughtless, the weak, it seems reasonable that they should have the right to abate the nuisance.

But people may be temperance advocates, from interest, from fanaticism, from fashion. All this is not *conviction*; and like the house built on the sands, it will not stand.

If an individual will *patronize* a drinking ranche, he ought not to be very *proscriptive* towards those who keep it.—There is no question of the fact that some conscientious persons have kept drinking saloons. You and we, Mr. Editor, could not do it, perhaps—and *perhaps* we could or might. Reforms and progress come gradually.

David, the Lord's favorite, had several wives, etc.

You and *we* are only allowed *one*, [painful restriction, Mr. Editor.] People *used* to hold slaves. That patriachal institution has gone where the "wood bine twineth." Tobacco is very generally used indeed. Yet we hear the mutterings of the distance. Look out for a raid a few years hence on the "*fine-cut*," "*dulcissimus*"—the quid, the pipe and the snuff. Some "*hearts ahead*," as Jack the tar has it. Hence after all, Mr. Editor, we must "*be sure we're right, then go ahead*." And we must not, by any means, lose sight of *charity*.

TAXES.

From the earliest dates of history we read of *Taxes*. Death and Taxes are thought by some to be the only certainties of existence. Taxes has a dreadful sound to the man who has to pay them, but strange to say is *harmony* itself to the receiver. "Why kick against the pricks?" Oh you growling Anti-Taxist! Next year, you will discover beauty-music, in the name and in the sound. You will become an officer—state, county or municapal. That which is now your *bane*, will then become your *antidote*. Taxes are like good beef—they will stand more consecutive and continuous use and abuse, than any other two ingredients of human support and gratification, that we can bring to the view, or the operation of our gastric economy. But let us be *grave*. The "kernel in the shell," of the whole difficulty is the *politician*, he who gets his living through politics and expects *to keep on getting it*, that way. *His* is a *system*. *His* is an *army, organized, equipped, compact*, and *his commissariat*, and every thing else is dependent upon the Taxes. Deny him the treasury *teat*, and he perishes immediately. Why then growl about the Taxes?

Young man, you will go to the polls next year, as docile as a sheep, and at the bidding of the *politician*. If you really *mean* dissatisfaction, you will have to cut yourself loose from party! Are you ready for that? There is no longer in *any* party much besides *office holding* and *office seeking*. The talk of principle, is but the vagary of some visionary theorist. *Principles have been* and *will be again*, but *just now, they are in the shade*. The *pocket* is the vital inspiration of the patriotism of to-day. It *does* seem *hard*, that our gentlemanly rulers should have fat salaries, which *diminish not* while the farmers produce is bringing about *half* the price it brought when the said salaries were established. And to have the Tax rate increase from year to year, while property and produce go down, *is* calculated to go against the grain, in a double sense, but we all know the *causes* and few are willing to face the difficulty, with all its unpopularity. So let us bear our burdens in patience. Yet a very few years and the wicked politicians "will cease from troubling" and the weary tax payer "will be at rest." All of which is entirely consistent with the doctrine of compensations, and the laws of gravitation—"what goes up has to come down."

VINDEX.

☞ N. B.—We should be glad to hear from Vindex again, and particularly to learn why he thinks being allowed to have only one wife a "painful restriction." The question is a novel one to us and we hope that he will favor us with his views upon that subject.—ED.

FULL TEXT OF THE MEASURE AS IT FINALLY PASSED THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The following is the full text of the silver bill as it passed the Senate at 5 o'clock this morning:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there shall be coined at the several mints of the United States, silver dollars of the weight of 412½ grains Troy of standard silver, as provided in the act of January 8, 1837, on which shall be the devices and superscriptions provided by said act, which coins, together with all silver dollars heretofore coined by the United States of like weight and fineness, shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than two million dollars worth per month, nor more than four million dollars worth per month, and cause the same to be coined monthly as fast as purchased, into such dollars. And a sum sufficient to carry out the foregoing provision of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. And any gain or seigniorage arising from this coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury, as provided under existing laws relative to the subsidiary coinage, provided that the amount of money at any one time invested in such silver bullion, exclusive of such regulating coin, shall not exceed $5,000,000; and provided further, that nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the payment in silver of certificates of deposits issued under the provision of section 254 of the revised statutes.

SEC. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. That immediately after the passage of this act the President shall invite the governments of the countries composing the Latin union, so called, and of such other European nations as he may deem advisable, to join the United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver, for the purpose of establishing, internationally, the use of bimetallic money, and securing fixity of relative value between those metals, such conference to be held at such place in Europe or in the United States, at such time within six months as may be mutually agreed upon by the executives of the governments joining in the same, whenever the governments so invited, or any three of them shall have signified their willingness to unite in the same.

SEC 4. The President shall by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint three commissioners, who shall attend such conference on behalf of the United States, and shall report the doings thereof to the President, who shall transmit the same to Congress. Said commissioners shall each receive the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars and their reasonable expenses, to be approved by the Secretary of State, and the amount necessary to pay such compensation and expenses is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 5. That any holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposite the same with the treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than $10, and receive therefore certificates of not less than $10 each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. The coin deposited for, or representing the certificates shall be retained in the treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued.

The title of the bill as amended is; "A bill to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal tender character.

HORSE NOTES.—A large number of well known horsemen and proprietors of extensive livery stables of Baltimore, Washington, and other cities, and among whom are the following gentlemen: Geo. D. Stewart, Esq., proprietor of the 'White Stables,' Messrs. Ehrman & Co., John D. ward, Esq., of Messrs. Ward Brothers; Mr. H. S. Garber, D. W. De Haven, Esq., John F. Price, Esq., and Charley C Mills, have given their unqualified endorsement to Keller's Roman Liniment as a most excellent Remedy for cuts, bruises, sprains, sores, lameness, and other troubles and diseases of horses. As an instantaneous pain extracting and healing remedy for man and beast, there is nothing under the sun equal to Keller's Roman Liniment. Price fifty cents.

Deaths.

SPENCER.—In Philadelphia, on the evening of Feb. 8, CATHARINE M. SPENCER, in the 72d year of her age widow of the late Col. Wm. A. Spencer of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

WILMER.—In Baltimore, on the morning of Feb. 10, 1878, Miss REBECCA WILMER, in her 88th year.

JOINER.—Died, on the 16th of January, 1878, SADIE, infant daughter of Chas. and Augusta Joiner, aged 14th months.

Little Saidie was the darling pride of our hearts and home; but there came an angel saying, do come, weep not father, weep not mother that your little Saidie is gone, weep not sister, weep not brother, your parting will not be long.

Yet, again, we hope to meet you when the storms of life are passed, then in Heaven, there to greet you, when no farewell tears are shed.

A FRIEND.

New Advertisements.

AT PRIVATE SALE

2 of the BEST FARMS in Kent County, one of 200 Acres;

One of the best houses in Chestertown; *Money to Loan.*

C. H. BAKER, Att'y.

Feb. 22, 1878—tf.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by one of the Justices of the Peace for Kent county, at the suit of Thomas H. Horsey against William Rodgers, and to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest, at law and in equity of the said William Rodgers, in and to that

STORE-HOUSE and DWELLING

IN GALENA,

On the street leading to Georgetown, now occupied by George T. McCaully and Rev. Mr. Gaylord.

And I hereby give notice, that on the

15th day of MARCH, 1878,

AT TEN O'CLOCK A. M.,

At the Hotel of William Pennington, in Galena, Kent county, Maryland, I will offer for sale the said property so seized and taken in execution to the highest bidder, by public auction, for cash

H. S. HURLOCK, *Constable.*

Feb. 22, 1878—tds. [5.00]

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE COUNTY SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS have determined that the practice of *barring out* teachers on SHROVE TUESDAY, commonly called PANCAKE-DAY, must be discontinued.

Pupils of the Public Schools are hereby warned, that the law will be enforced against all offenders.

Trustees are requested to see this resolution enforced; and Teachers to read the notice three different days in their School.

By order of the Board.

E. F. PERKINS, Sec.

Feb. 15, 1878—3t.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

THOMAS W. HYNSON.

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of September 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 12th day of February 1878.

MARY S. HYNSON,

Feb. 15, 1878. *Executrix.*

Gold and Silver Wire PICTURE CORD.

PORCELAIN HEAD PICTURE NAILS, SCREW EYES and BRASS SCREW RINGS

At J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Feb. 15, 1878.

FARMERS!

CALL and PURCHASE ONE OF OUR ORIGINAL PACKAGES OF

Carriage Bolts.

One hundred Bolts for the small sum of two dollars. ½, five and one sixteenth and ⅝ inches in diameter. 2 inches to 6 inches long, inclusive.

At J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Feb. 15, 1878.

PERCH AND SHAD NETTING,

CORKS, COTTON ROPE, all sizes. SEINE TWINE, &c.,

At J. K. ALDRIDGE.

Feb. 15, 1878.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

SAMUEL H. TIMMS,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of September 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 5th day of February, 1878.

J. W. IVENS,

Feb. 8, 1878. *Administrator.*

MEN'S, BOYS and YOUTH'S

Winter Boots.

Gents Double Soled Sewed Boots

CITY MADE.

WOMEN'S PEGGED BOOTS.

WE have now on hand, a fine assortment of the above Goods—*all first class*—and are offering them at *extremely close figures*, to close them out.

THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, January 29, 1878.

Rubber Goods

For The Early SPRING FISHING

Hats--Coats--Boots.

We have now in Store a full line of Rubber Goods, and are offering them to Fishermen and others at low City rates.

T. S. WICKES.

January 29.

Mann's Red Axes

KNOWN as the "*Red Mann Axe*," and claimed to chip more easily than any Axe now in use—all sizes and weights—on hand and for sale by

THOMAS S. WICKES,

Chestertown, January 29, 1878.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of Administration c. t. a. on the personal estate in Kent county, Md., of

HETTY SWIFT, (colored),

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 22nd day of August 1878; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 22d day of January, 1878.

CHARLES H. BAKER.

Jan. 25, 1878 *Executor.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

SAMUEL A. HOUSE,

vs.

EDWIN CROUCH.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the creditors of the said Edwin Crouch, to file their claims before the undersigned, within two months from the 2nd day of February, 1878. Properly authenticated.

EDEN F. PERKINS,

Feb. 1, 1878—4t *Special Auditor.*

SKIN DISEASES. CURE GUARANTEED. If you have any *SKIN DISEASE* consult DR. VAN DYKE, in person or by letter, (advice free.) Office 1510 MOUNT VERNON STREET, PHILADELPHIA. Oct 26—1y

ALONZO MING

Has removed to Main street,

Opposite Kent National Bank.

For Sale,

CRANBERRIES,
APPLES,
BUCKWHEAT,
SWEET CIDER,
HOMINY,
CHEESE,
POWDER, SHOT,
OATS, CORN, POTATOES.

Dec. 14, 1877—tf.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

CALL, and examine the large assortment and new styles of Stoves, which are selling lower than ever before in Chestertown.

Sept 28 J. K. ALDRIDGE.

NAILS! NAILS!! by the keg. Very cheap.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.

BUFFALO ROBES! BUFFALO ROBES!! For sale very cheap, at

J. K. ALDRIDGE'S.

Nov. 30, 1877

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