TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, but *if paid in advance*, ONE AND A HALF DOLLARS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

TEN LINES BREVIER (or its equiva Ott in space) or less, will be inserted three lenes for One Dollar: Twenty-five cents timeach subsequent insertion.

for ne square, three months, three dollars; Omonths, five dollars; one year, eight sl x rs.

Fractions of a square will be charged as a square.

Yearly and semi-annual advertisements must be paid quarterly.

Advertisements not stating the number times they are to be published, will be ned and cha ged for until ordered ontinued.

Transcript,
TOWN, MD.
April 19, 1878.
ON, EDITOR.

Counties.

4. On folio 65: To Thomas Eartin, all that parcel of land, contrining 80 acres called Martin's Neet, lying in Chesapeak tay, and on the eastern side of said bay, in the county of Baltimore, and on the north side of a creek in the said bay called Fendall's creek. This patent bears date 18th of June 1675.

5. On folio 23. To Thomas Erbury and Peter West, all that parcel of land called Castle Cary, containing 250 acres, lying in Chesapeak bay, and on the eastern side of said bay, in the county of Baltimore, and in a ri er of the said bay alled Sassafrax river, and in a creek in the said river called Terson's creek.

6. On folio 14: To Walter Mecke, a tract of land called Forrest, 250 acres, on the eastern side of the bay, in Baltimore county. Date of patent, June 15, 1675.

7. On folio 5? To Johnathan Lincoln, a tract of land called Lincoln, 100 acres, on the eastern side of the bay, in Baltimore county. Date of patent, June 15, 1675.

8. On folio 1. To John Cooke, a tract of land called Goe Look, of 200 acres, on the eastern side of the bay, in Baltimore county.

[illegible] this sam[illegible]

is their bounden duty, before God and man, by their solemn oaths, to refuse to impose the sale of liquro upon the county, or, in other words, decline to grant licenses.

The granting of a license to sell liquor is a positive act of infringiment upon the morals of a community, contrary to the dictates or requirements of natural law and only permitted by artificial legislation as a means of extorting revenue. When a community was more in need of money than of sober men, it has been permitted, by state craft, to make the choice, and license rum-selling. That was the only ground upon which it could be justified, when begun or can be tolerated now.—Moral and religious parents have always felt deeply the wrong of licensing the temptation of drink to their children and exposing them to the danger of a drunkard's fate, for the sake of raising a little money.

The revenue arising from licensing the sale of liquor is 'blood-money;' it always has and always will bring curses upon a community. Witness the desolated firesides it makes, the widow's tears, the helpless orphans, the thousands of uncared for graves of drunkards in this county. Is this necessary, Mr. Editor? Before God, and by the awful certainty of death and the final Judgment Day, I ask the Grand Jury of Kent county, is the sale of liquor necessary to the good and welfare of the the people of Kent county. Why, sir, there is not a hard drinking man, in Kent county, who does not pray for Prohibition! He fears or knows that it alone can save him from a drunkard's grave and his soul from hell. Will you, can you, dare you lead him into temptation, and then ask God to protect you from temptation—Give to others the shield you pray for, for yourself.

As one star differs from another, even in glory, so men differ, in character, disposition and principle, and, being finite mortals, should be charitable in their judgment of others. I have therefore no denunciation to pronounce upon the dram-sellers, no feelings to express, except commiseration, for surely they have their reward, in this world, in the ill-concealed abhorence of their fellow men, and at the last day, God will pronounce a righteous sentence. Let them alone, they are joined to their idols!

The success of the present management of the Voshell House proves that a hotel can be better kept and better supported

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., April 13 1878.

4306 Pension claims were filed last month. 2566, were allowed, and 2137 rejected. In addition 3200 applications were made under the act of March 9th, 1878 by soldiers and widows (war of 1812) including pensioners stricken from the rolls for participation in the rebellion. As the current work in the Pension office is over twenty months behind, unless congress provides additional clerical force the tardy justice meted out by this late act to needy veterans will not reach them this side the grave. The pinched appropriation for the Post Office Department to furnish its blanks &c., has been exhausted $145,000 was asked last year economy gave $105,000. The immense registered Letter, and money order business, will be brought to a stand still and the interests of the country embarrassed, unless immediate relief is granted by congressional action Over $7,000,000 deficiencies now exit in the various Departments on account of the insufficient provisions made by the last congress for the current expenses of the Government such sham economy is a disgrace to our civilization. From care worn and burdened business men, all over the country the anxious inquiry comes. Watchman what of the night? Are better times at hand? Four bitter years of commercial distress confront the present congress. Few men have had the sagacity to lay aside the partisan, and assume the patriotic garb as legislators in these trying times not a city or town in our land that does not show a large portion of its population, who are suffering for the want of bread. Thousands of the unemployed have been demoralized, and swell the great army of tramps, that infest all portions of the rural regions. Muscle and labor the natious trust wealth, has no value, and can not be exchanged for bread. In such times Macaulays ringing words have no application to our statesman.

Then none was for a party,
Then all were for the State,
Then the great men helped the poor
And the poor men loved the great.

The remedy can be seen by any patriot, and the people will rise in their might and magesty and a new party will come to the front, whose motto will be the right of every man to earn his bread, unless congress provides for suitable appropriations—to encourage and to stimulate business activities. Why by another turn of the screw, continue the monthly deduction of the debt? Let posterity bear some portion of the burden, Let congress make ample appropriations for the [illegible] of the public buildings [illegible]

form solemn and unvarying statements hitherto made. I utterly [illegible] the great transgression.

(Signed HENRY WARD BEECHER.

A STORY WITH A MORAL.—Sergeant Acton of the Netropolitan police force, Washington, D.C says his father-in-law, Samuel Entwistle, suffered with acute rheumatism for many years until he became entirely helpless. After spending more than hundreds of dollars for all the remedies and medicines he ever heard of, and using up a barrel at least of such without even experiencing temporary relief, he procured one bottle of Keller's Roman Liniment, which cured him so completely as to enable him to throw aside his cane and resume his work in the rolling mill at the government navy yard for the first time in many years, and that too without the least pain.

Deaths.

JENIFER.—Col WALTER HANSON JENFER, late of the Army of Egypt, died in Richmond, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Wm. S. Triplett, Tuesday, April 9th, 1878, in the fifty-fifth year of his age.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.

A farm of 150 acres beautifully located the road nearly opposite Washington College, ¼ mile from Chestertown.

C. H. BAKER, *Atty.*
April 19, 1878. *Chestertown, Md.*

Plow Castings

OF ALL THE

Approved and Desirable Patterns

Minor and Horton. Heckendon, Concave and Wiley,

besides other makes, a large stock now being received by

THOMAS S. WICKES,
April 17, 1878.

PLOW BRIDLES,

A. L. SCOTCH COLLARS,

AND OTHER

PLOW GEARING.

Of Superiar Grades and Cheap.

FOR SALE BY

April 17, 1878

" 500	"	750 -	90 60
" 750	"	1,000 -	100 60

RETAILERS OF SPIRITUOUS OR FERMENTED LIQUORS OR LAGER BEER.

The amount of License to be paid by retailerr of spiri uous and fermented liquors or lager beer are as follows:

If the value of the stock in trade be	
$500 or less	$18 60
Over $500	35 60
From 1,000 to 2,000	50 60
" 2,000 to 4,000	75 60
" 4,000 to 6,000	100 60

OYSTER AND EATING HOUSES.

The license to be paid by the keepers of Oyster and Eating Houses in $50.60 throughout the State.

VENDERS OF MILLINARY.

Females vending Millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over $500, to pay a license of $6; but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—oath to be made as to the amount of stock at the principal season of the year.

BILLIARD TABLES.

A license may be granted to any person who may apply for permission to keep a billiard table, for which license there shall be paid the sum of $50.50, and for every additional table $25.50.

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS.

Hawkers and Peddlers must renew their licenses on or before the first of May as other traders. The rates are as follows in the county:

To travel on foot	$41 00
With one horse and wagon	51 00
With two horses and wagon	71 00

FOR THE WHOLE SHORE:

To travel on foot	$61 00
With one horse and wagon	101 00
With two horses and wagon	151 00

No such license shall be granted to any hawker or peddler in the name or style of a partnership, or company, and but one person shall trade under any such license. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a fine of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than a hundred dollars, recoverable before a Justice of the Peace.

BROKERS.

Any person who shall make it his business to deal in any manner on his own account, or for others, in the purchase and sale of stocks, bills, notes, banknotes or other obligation, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Exc[illegible]
Sto[illegible]

Public Local Laws

PASSED BY THE

Gen'l Assembly of Maryland

At the January Session. 1878.

Published in compliance with an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at January Session 1870, chapter 270, which requires that all Public Local Laws shall be published for three consecutive weeks in such newspapers published in the county wherein the law is made to take effect as the County Commissioners of said county shall direct.

PUBLIC LOCAL LAW

OPERATIVE IN KENT COUNTY.

LOCAL OPTION.

CHAPTER 161.

Entitled an Act to enable the qualified voters of Kent county to determine by ballot whether spirituous or fermented Liquors, or Alcoholic Bitters shall be sold in said county.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the question of whether or not any person or persons, or any house may be licensed in Kent County in this State, by whom or in which spirituous or fermented liquors or alcoholic bitters shall be sold, shall be submitted to the registered voters of said county at the Congressional Election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1878; and that ballots for or against such sale shall have printed on them, or written on them the words, "For the sale of Spirituous or fermented liquors or alcoholic Bitters," or "Against the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or alcoholic Bitters, and that the ballots so cast shall be deposited in a box provided for that purpose, and carefully counted by the Judges of said Congressional election,

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