The Transcript,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,
Tuesday Morning, June 4, 1878.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL'S PECK OF DIRT.

Postmaster General David M. Key has eaten his peck of dirt all at once. His open letter published in the morning papers marks the lowest depth of political degradaiont which has ever been attained in this country. We have had political prostitutes before, but none so cheap and so common as this. In the light of the exhibition Mr. Key has made of himself in this letter Joseph Holt becomes honorable and Daniel S. Dickenson respectable.

To show how low Mr. Key is willing to go in his Vicar of Bray creed, it only needs to compare his letter with the speech which he made in the United States Senate on December 18th, 1876, on the subject of the electoral vote of Oregon. In that speech, when the danger of the disputed election was still hanging over the country, when force threatened and many men believed that civil war could not be averted if investigation was pursued and the attempts made to decide the election upon its merits, Mr. Key expressed himself as Mr. Potter does now. He did not fear civil war. He was in favor of letting the facts be known and deciding as the majority had voted. He said:

"The advantage, or rather, one of the advantages, which we claim for our form of government is, that the people select their rulers. The voice of the majority is said to be potential, and when it fails to have force and expression, under legal authority—when it is or shall be suppressed by power or subterfuge or other means—it is or will be time that our gravest fears should be excited and strongest apprehensions aroused in regard to the safety of our liberties and the perpetuity of republican institutions."

This danger from frauds, the Secretary now says, is threatened from the investigation of fraud. But, he was not afraid of civil war, he said, then. He was no alarmist. "I am sent here with no threatening message" he said. "If our voice be disregarded, our valid elections set aside, we may complain; we may invoke peaceful remedies, but we cannot, will not, resort to violent measures." He *now* says, in regard to one of these "peaceful remedies," that—

"The South must now face the most momentous crisis in its history since 1861. To indorse the recent conduct of their Representatives is to admit the truth of the charge that the people of the South care nothing for the welfare of the Union, desire the downfall of the Republic and would rejoice to see it again involved in civil war."

And the only way in which this danger can be averted, he claims, is for the South to abandon the Democratic party, as he has done, swear allegiance to Hayes, as he has done, and prevent all investigations of frauds

The danger of the country lies in the Democratic caucus, he proclaims to-day. It is determined to have revenge and to take away from him the spoils of the office which he has stooped so low to get and now stoops so much lower to retain. But in 1876 he pretended to believe that, "if the voice of the majority shall be stifled and disregarded, the proud boast of republican institutions will be gone, and the nod of faction or the beck of the tyrant will take the place of the people's voice." The Potter investigation, he says, means the Mexicanization of our politics. It is a revolutionary movement. It is a scheme which cannot be carried out "without a bloody civil war." He adds his present convictions that—

"The title of President Hayes was settled irrevocably by the Forty-fourth Congress in the act creating the Electoral Commission, under which he was legally declared elected and legally inaugurated. The Forty-fifty Congress has no more right to dispute his election than he as to question the title of any victorious contestant to a seat in that body. The Forty-sixth Congress will have no more right to ignore him and to recognize his defeated contestant, Mr. Tilden, than Mr. Hayes would have to send a file of soldiers to the house of Representatives to unseat a Democrat whom he might consider to have been wrongfully seated or fraudulently elected."

But, in this 1876 speech Mr. Key held quite the contrary opinion. He said:

"*I do not wish to be understood as maintaining that an election held contrary to law, or in violation of law, is to be sustained, however clear and decisive the voice of the majority may be expressed;* but I do insist that in a legal election, fairly held according to law, and honestly and lawfully understood, *no doubtful interpretation of law or fact should defeat the will of the people*, but that construction should be given which upholds the popular will.'

And he adds, in words which cover exactly this very principle which the Democrats insist upon, of investigation as a preventive of the recurrence of these election frauds, that—

"Our Government is weak indeed if it its Administration is to be chosen by the action of returning boards or governors against the will of the people. *It is weak indeed if we may not go behind the fraudulent decision of a returning board or governor and must accept it as final, though we may know it was erroneous or corrupt, and thus allow the will of the people to be thwarted.* Such a proposition is an admission that our Government is not strong enough to protect and defend the privileges and franchises of freemen and our public liberty."

In view of the parallel passages here quoted, and many and stronger ones could easily be given, is it not allowable to say that, whether the Administration of President Hayes be fraudulent or not, it contains at least one member, in the person of the Postmaster General, who is certainly a "fraud" embodied, the type of sycophancy, the model and image of a dirt-eater?—*Balto. Bulletin.*

WHEAT HARVESTING is now in progress in all the southeastern counties of Missouri, which is an extraordinary spectacle for that section in May, where grain-cutting generally begins the 20th of June. The harvest in southern Illinois will commence this week.

☞ Local matters will be found on third page.

Second District Letter.

If an occasional letter will be acceptable, we will be happy to furnish whatever our feeble pen may note.

Letter writing is becoming general. It is an excellent thing, but correspondents have to be careful how they word their epistles. If a fellow happens to talk about fraud or condemns a vice, somebody will get mad and swear it is a slander at them.

This is a progressive age. Men are beginning to think there is no such thing as eternal punishment, and this belief leads them to do as they please. If the Bible is true, somebody will be mistaken.

Every thing is dull with us: persons are waiting for grain to go up. It would be better if every thing would go down to the bottom cent, then we would know what to do. As it is at present all kinds of business is unsettled and men are all the time feverish. Wheat has got to come down to one dollar per bushel and corn to forty cents—the sooner they reach these prices, the better off we will be.

The prospect at present is not very bright in this county. There will be an average crop of wheat, that will not much more than clear expenses. The corn crop may pay the wages. The fruit crop will be light and not much money will be realized, except by a few.

The next twelve months are going to be the tightest in money matters that has ever been felt here. It will teach our farmers a useful lesson. They must depend more upon themselves—buy less and produce more. The farmers of this county have got to pay one million of dollars for fertilizers this year. The extra amount of grain raised from it, will not pay the half of it. This enormous outlay must be dispensed with.

Enterprise Grange gave a feast last Friday evening, at the hotel of H. C. Pennington, Kennedyville. Ice-cream, strawberries and cake, was served to about two hundred persons. The young folks spent the evening in dancing; every one seemed to enjoy themselves. From the entertainment, we judge that the Grange is still alive, and means pleasure as well as business.

The conduct of Mr. Stevens and Postmaster General Key is rather singular. The one has come out independent, and the other a republican. The course they have pursued will subject them to the condemnation and scorn of both parties. Whatever a man is, he ought to be. Persons that are turning about with every whim of public opinion never amount to any thing. Stability of character is something that but few possess.

May 30, 1878. TUSCARORA.

WARLIKE TALK FROM WATTERSON.—It is our purpose to sift the Florida and Louisiana villainies to the bottom; to bring the rascals to justice, to stake our all on that issue, and, if need be, to die in our tracks next time if, electing our ticket, we do not seat it. Mr. Hayes can get in the way, or get out of the way, just as he pleases. That is his affair.—This is the meaning of the Potter investigation. The thieves and bullies, who have considered themselves safe behind the patriotic indisposition of the people to agitate the question of their guilt, now seek to raise the mad-dog cry of "revolution." The detection of crime is "revolution." The punishment of rogues is "revolution." Any projected change of parties is "revolution." Very well; let the "revolution" come. The mongrel horde of plunderers which has for 10 years Mexicanized the Government, will find, before they are done with it, that there is a limit set upon prosperous brewbeating and villainy. They will find that hypocrisy and lying cannot shield them always in their acts of usurpation and fraud. As for Mr. Hayes he had better paddle his own canoe, and keep as close as possible within shore. We don't want to make him a party to the suit.—But, if he goes a-follishing, we shall.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

ACCIDENT BY FIRE.—Every reader of this paper knows the frequency with which the press is called upon to chronicle the loss of life, and painful accidents and the destruction of property by fires, caused in so many cases by the grossest carelessness. It should, therefore, be the constant aim of every one to guard, with the utmost care, against the possibility thereof. At a recent fire at Washington, Mr. J. T. Greaves, of the Fire Department, met with an accident, spraining his wrist so severely as to render it altogether useless. This gentleman says, "I was promptly cured by two applications of Keller's Roman Liniment, and this is the cleanest, most prompt and efficacious remedy I have ever used or known." As a household article, to be resorted to in cases of accidents and pain, nothing in this world equals or even approaches it.

A WIND FALL.—The *Citizen* says: A gentleman named Aaron Smith, who came from Canada in December or January last, and settled near Centreville, a few days ago received a letter from Melbourn, Australia, informing him that a certain party had died, leaving an estate, real and personal, of £400,000 sterling, which is nearly two millions of dollars. The deceased party is Mr. Smith's grandfather, and he and four brothers and three sisters are the only heirs. The facts of the grandfather's emigration to Australia was well known to Mr. Smith, and he anticipates no difficulty whatever in establishing his identity. This would be quite a snug fortune if it had not to be divided into eight parts: but as this is the case, it will leave but a quarter of a million apiece for them. Some people, however would think that quite a large sum.

☞ Don't fail to read the new advertisements.

PENINSULA ITEMS.

APHIS IN THE WHEAT.—Yesterday morning Mr. Joseph B. Seth brought us from the Trappe district, some heads of wheat, from fields he said had been almost ruined by a bug hitherto unknown to our farmers. If it is not the Aphis or green fly, that attack the young roses in the Spring, it is exactly like it in size, color, and appearance. It attacks the heads of the wheat, cuts off the grain where it joins the stalk, causing it to drop off. He says in some fields, the ground is literally covered with chaff and grain, which have been cut off by this little pest. It appears to be the most dangerous, and destructive insect that has ever attacked the wheat crop. The heads have the appearance of wheat with more than half the grains ruined by scab.

The raspberry crop will be large this season, and raspberries are said to be the best paying crop that is grown If our farmers would each cultivate an acre or two, their raspberries would pay all their harvest expenses and leave a large profit besides.—*Easton Star.*

WHEAT PEST.—A small insect, evidently sustaining a blood relationship to the Lincoln Lice of former days, which attacked and proved destructive to our oat crops, has made its appearance on the wheat crop in the vicinity of Queenstown, in this county, attacking, like the Lincoln Lice, the head of the stalk and extracting the juices of the grain. It is said to be doing a great deal of damage. Our farmers had better at once and for ever abandon the fear of over production if these little insects are to have free course. The farmers generally in the county had better examine their wheat crops to ascertain the presence or absence of this great insect.—*Centreville Observer.*

COMMITTED TO JAIL.—Charles M. Snitcher, of Double Creek, was committed to jail, on last Monday the 7th inst., on four commitments, the first of which was that of Wm. McGinnis, charging Snitcher with an imperfect knowledge of *meum* and *tuum*—the contention being over a certain hog which McGinnis claims for his own. The first charge put in motion several others. Snitcher was arrested by Constable Trought and arraigned before Justice Joseph Guest, of Church Hill, on four charges, one by Mr. McGinnis for stealing a hog; one by Mr. Burns, of the same neighborhood, for the unlawful appropriation of two gill nets, and two charges for breaches of the peace. He was committed to jail in default of $1400 bail, to await the action of the grand jury next November. At the same time Sheriff Trought also arrested James Blackiston, but consented to allow his prisoner to visit his home, before his incarceration to arrange any little family affairs that might need attending to. The same old story—french leave, and Mr. Blackiston now is as free as he ever was—*Centreville Record.*

S. K. MILLEY'S second sale of cattle took place at the Felton House yard on Saturday afternoon last. The attendance was large and the bidding lively; but, considering the grade of stock offered, prices ruled extremely low. Oxen sold at from $50 to $85; fresh cows and springers, $25 to $45; dry cows, $15 to $25; three and four-year old steers, $20 to $40. Eighty-five head were offered, and we understand that all were sold.

HARRISON CLARK, agent of the Singer Manufacturing Company's branch office here, hands us the following statement of an Alderney cow owned by his brother-in-law. Three days production of the cow was 96½ pounds milk, 46¾ quarts milk, 12½ pounds cream, 7½ pounds butter. This test was week before last.

SHERMAN AND EAST FELICIANA.

It is said that Secretary Sherman intends to plead before the Potter investigating committee, in the matter of the votes of East Feliciana parish, that, if any letter such as is claimed to have been written by him is produced, it is a forgery. It will be remembered that, in Sherman's Visiting Statesman report, the 'intimidation' and 'bulldozing' in this parish were delt upon most strongely, and a mass of testimony adduced to justify the action of the Returning Board in reference to it. Mr. Potter expects to prove that, instead of there having been intimidation in East Feliciana, the Republicans refrained from voting by instructions from their leaders, and that Sherman was privy to the instructions, and accessory before the fact to the spurious allegations of intimidation. It is also expected to be proved that the returns from East Feliciana were tampered with by Anderson and Webber, the supervisors of the parish election, several days after they were formally made, that Sherman instigated this fraudulent interference with the record of the election, and that, in order to encourage Anderson and Webber in the forgery, he gave them a written promise to provide for them after the 4th of March. This is the letter which Anderson will swear he received and which Sherman will swear is a forgery.

East Feliciana has 3,131 registered voters, of whom over 2,000 are colored. In the Presidential election, 1,736 votes cast for the Tilden ticket, none for the Republican. Here was proof of intimidation, Mr. Sherman alleged in his Visiting Statesman report, and the Returning Board threw the vote out. But, under the election law in Louisiana, the Returning Board had no authority to exclude the returns from any precinct, unless certain complaints against that precinct, formally verified and attested, were *attached to the returns themselves*, by wax or some adhesive substance. Now Anderson states, and there is other proof of the fact, that no such protests or complaints were originally and legally attached to the returns from East Feliciana at all. It was *after* Anderson and Webber had "seen" Sherman and had been promised his protection, and received the letter from him, as is alleged, that they went back, opened the returns, forged the protests, attached them and sealed all up again. This will be proved, it is believed, beyond all cavail.

As to the fact of Sherman's letter, there is this evidence: Anderson will swear that he received it and gave it to Webber, who was seen after murdered or disappeared. Anderson, who is a known rascal, and offered to sell out to the Democrats, did receive an office, but could not keep it. Webber's wife came to Washington, so the story runs, and applied at the Treasury for an office. She was repulsed. She came back a second time, armed, it is reputed, with a letter to her dead husband from Mr. Sherman promising him protection and Mr. Hayes' good will after the 4th of March. This time she got the office, but apparently surrendered the letter, for at this point it disappeared, and in a short time afterwards Mrs. Webber was dropped from the Treasury rolls. It is said, however, that photographic copies of the letter are still in existence and will be produced.—If this should be the fact it will be a hard thing for Mr. Sherman to prove that the original letter was a forgery.—*Bulletin.*

EDISON'S LATEST INVENTION.—James Redpath, general manager of the Edison speaking phonograph exhibitions, states that Mr. Edison has just completed and tested an invention for measuring heat—an instrument so sensitive that the rays from the most distant stars can be accurately ascertained by it. He estimates that it would require a Fahrenheit thermometer fifteen miles in height to record the same range of degrees of heat. He has been engaged on this instrument for a long time, and regards it as his most difficult achievement.

A THREAT TO FOMENT INSURRECTION.—This Republican threat to provoke disorder in the event of a lawful exercise of power by Congress is a threat to foment insurrection. No good can come from it. No good is intended. It is as competent to inquire into the manner of the election of a President as of a mayor or alderman. Such inquiry will proceed. And if those who are now threatening to organize lawlessness shall carry out their threats, they will prove themselves desperadoes who have no love of country, and prefer disorder to justice.—*Albany Argus.*

DEATHS.

COLEMAN.—In Chestertown, on the 25th inst., after a short illness, ISAIAH FRANKLIN, son of Isaiah and Susannah Coleman, in the 4th year of his age.

MASLIN.—At "Stepney," his residence in Broad Neck, on Thursday afternoon last, FRANCIS TITUS MASLIN, in the 51st year of his age.

ERSKINS.—At Locust Grove, Kent county, Md., on Monday afternoon, 27th inst., EMMA ERSKINS, aged 21 years.

New Advertisements.

LADIES! LADIES!

A Superior Wall Wash:

KALSOMINE,

at T. W. WICKES'

June 4, 1878.

Prices yet Lower!

J. FRANK CONNELLY,

OPPOSITE "STAM'S CORNER,"

Has just opened a full line of

New and Fashionable Clothing,

Suited to the season, embracing all the very latest styles in fabrics and designs, which he is offering at astonishingly low prices. His goods are

DURABLE, RELIABLE,
STYLISH, WELL-FITTING,
ECONOMICAL, SUBSTANTIAL,

AND IS NOT EXCELLED,
AND CANNOT BE EXCELLED
BY ANY HOUSE IN CHESTERTOWN.

FURNISHING GOODS.

In this department, also, his stock is full and complete, embracing all

The Latest Novelties in Neckwear,

of all styles, and in such variety as to suit the tastes, wants and means of all.

We have every inducement which can be offered to buyers in a first-class stock, with this most important one in addition—that is, we are selling our clothing lower, we believe, than it can be bought any where else in Chestertown. Come in and look at our stock, learn our prices, and you will be convinced that what we say is true. We take pleasure in showing our goods.

J. FRANK CONNELLY.

Chestertown, June 4, 1878.

CALL! CALL!

You can purchase at

T. W. WICKES' PHARMACY

PAINTS!

OILS AND VARNISHES

VERY LOW.

T. W. WICKES.

June 4, 1878.

Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned, having been appointed by the Board of County Commissioners Examiners to locate the Private Road leading from the main road at Locust Grove, through the lands of Robert Comly, Stewart Matthews and William O. Shallcross, to Shrewsbury Neck road, in First Election District, and to condemn said road for a public one; hereby give notice that they will meet at Locust Grove, on

MONDAY, 10th inst.,

at 10 o'clock, to execute the duties under said commission.

JACOB HIGHLEY,
JOHN C. SUTTON,
WM. ARCHIBALD,
Examiners.

June 4, 1878—tds.

BALTIMORE GRAIN MARKET

From the American of Saturday.

WHEAT.—1200 bushels good to prime red Maryland at 1 13a$1 15, and 800 bushels common to fair do. at 95 cents to $1 11. For Western the market is dull at a decline of 1c on spot and 1½c on options.

CORN.—Southern Corn is 1c higher for white and ½c lower for yellow, with sales of 2000 bushels white at 50 cts; 3000 bushels yellow at 46 cents, and 500 bushels do. in small lots at 46a47 cts. the latter for a choice parcel. The market for Western is weak, closing fully 1c lower.

New Advertisements.

HARVESTERS! HARVESTERS!

Call and examine

T. W. WICKES'

LUBRICATING OILS,

Such as

BAKER A. A. CASTOR OIL,
WHALE OIL, &c., &c.

June 4, 1878.

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever,

SO are those fine pictures taken by the Great National Photographers, who have pitched their Mammoth Tent near the market house, where they are taking Photographs, Bontons, Gems, etc., at prices to suit the times:

36 LITTLE BEAUTIES for 50 cts.
18 GEMS for . . . . . 50 cts.
8 LARGE BONTONS for 50 cts.

☞ Special attention paid to children. Copying from old piatures a specialty. Call and examine our work.

NICOLSSON & EDWARDS,
Great National Photographers.

June 4, 1878.

HOLMAN'S

AGUE and LIVER PADS,

a never failing cure for Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Remittent and Intermittent Fever, Indigestion, Sick Headache and liver cough; often used for Consumption.

For sale at

THOS. W. WICHES'

June 4, 1678. Pharmacy.

PEACH BOX

Manufactory

AT CHESTERTOWN.

HAVING fitted up the LARGE CANNING HOUSE formerly occupied by Ruth & Co., on the wharf at Chestertown, and filled it with a

Very Superior Stock of Boxes,

consisting of

MICHIGAN WHITE PINE,
MAINE WHITE SPRUCE,
SALISBURY YELLOW PINE,

of all the different sizes in use, which I will sell at as low a figure, *if not lower*, than can be purchased anywhere, either in shooks or made up. Parties ordering can have them sent to any landing on Chester river, at the shortest notice.

☞ Also, extra SLATS and TOPS, by the 100 or 1000.

Capt. Ruth will show and deliver to any who may want, at the Factory. Also, Mr. J. W. Hines at his store in Chestertown; or, address the subscriber,

R. S. EMORY,
Chestertown.

June 4—2m.

FARMERS and GARDENERS

GO FOR THE BUGS!

POTOMAC PARIS GREEN 25c. lb.

T. W. WICKES'

June 4, 1878. Pharmacy.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

LUMBER,

DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, MOULDINGS.

FERTILIZERS.

Horse Rakes,

EQUAL TO ANY ON THE MARKET,
MUCH BELOW REGULAR PRICES,
FOR SALE BY

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Chestertown, May 28, 1878.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PAINT!

FOR PAINTS
Are CHEAPER THAN EVER
at

C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE.

Linseed Oil is down, Turpentine is falling; White Lead exceeding low; all colors have been reduced, and Varnishes are so low that every one can make old Furniture look new.

Special inducements offered to Wheelwrights and others making large purchases.

C. F. STAM.

May 28, 1878.

PIANOS Retail price $900 only $260 *Parlor Organs*, price $340 only $95. Paper free. Daniel F. Beatty Washington N.J.

New Advertisements.

SPARKS'

FIRST-CLASS

Confectionery and Variety Store.

JUST RECEIVED,
A VERY CHOICE LOT OF

FOREIGN FRUITS,

such as Oranges, Lemons, Pine Apples, Bananas, etc., fresh and strictly prime.

Lamps

Of all styles, sizes, prices and uses; also, Chimneys, Burners, Wicks, etc., etc.

GLASSWARE.

Goblets, Table Sets, Toilet Sets, Tumblers, Dishes, Fruit Stands, Pitchers, &c., in crystal, flint, plain and decorated glass, very pretty, and at low prices.

NOTIONS.

Combs,	Brushes,	Pocket Books,
Razors,	Scissors,	Toilet Soaps,
Knives,	Perfumery,	Soaps, &c.

Jewelry.

A FULL, COMPLETE and PRETTY ASSORTMENT, always on hand.

CLOCKS, CLOCKS.

Some very handsome styles, and all of them good. Every Clock warranted for 12 months.

Tobacco and Cigars.

We pay special attention to our trade in this branch, and leave no efforts untried in order to furnish the very best goods to be had, and our stock is by far the most complete ever offered in this market. Cigars and Chewing Tobacco, of the most approved brands, for sale very low.

SPARKS'S,
Next door to T. W. Eliason, Jr's.

June 4, 1878.

GRAND EXCURSION.

Musical and Literary Entertainment

OF THE BALTIMORE

TYPOGRAPHICAL TEMPERANCE LEGION

AT

Tolchester Beach and Park,

On the Palace Steamer PILOT BOY,

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1878.

Two Trips, boat arriving at 10 A. M., and 4 P. M.

Music by Prof. Itzel's Band.

Meals and Confectionery at city prices.

Admission to the Grounds and Entertainment free.

☞ Our country friends invited.

June 4, 1878.

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Office of the Secretary of State,
Annapolis, May 29th, 1878.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given. That application has been made to the Governor for a Pardon in the case of the State vs. Wm. T. Wright and Fred. Hagan, convicted in the Circuit Court for Kent county, at April Term, 1878, of violation of the oyster law, and sentenced to Jail for two months and pay a fine of fifty dollars.

The Governor will take up the said cases for final decision, on or after Wednesday, the 12th day of June next, until which time protests against the said application will be heard, and the petitions in the cases open to inspection, at the discretion of the Governor.

By order of the Governor,

R. C. HOLLYDAY,
Secretary of State.

June 4, 1878.

LUBRICATING OILS,

EXPRESSLY FOR FARMERS.

Engine, Castor, Lard, Whale and West Virginia, all of the best quality, and at reduced prices, for sale by

C. F. STAM, DRUGGIST.

May 28, 1878.

WALL PAPER!

C. F. STAM has in stock a large supply of WALL PAPER of many designs and patterns, which he is now enabled to sell at city prices.

☞ An examination of his stock is solicited. May 28, 1878.

TO THE LADIES.

NEW MILLINERY

And Fancy Goods,

1878. For SPRING And SUMMER 1878.

MRS. H. USILTON,

Just below Wickes' Drug Store, has received a well selected stock of new and beautiful *MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS*, for Spring and Summer wear, of the LATEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES.

Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces,

Trimmings, Neck Ties, Belts, Ruffles, Feathers, Flowers and Ornaments. She is satisfied of her ability to please both in quality and price. She has secured the assistance of a first-class Milliner from the city.

☞ STAMPING done in the neatest and most durable manner.

The Ladies are invited to call and examine her goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. No effort will be spared to give full satisfaction to all who favor her with their patronage.

MRS. H. USILTON.

May 21, 1878—tf.

FOR SALE

AT

C. F. STAM'S DRUG STORE

The SEA SIDE and LAKE SIDE LIBRARIES,

including the best literature of the day, at prises within the reach of every one.

Also for sale a fine stock of

STANDARD BOOKS

And FINE STATIONERY,

French, English and American Writing Papers and Envelopes, at very low prices.

May 28, 1878. C. F. STAM.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake Damask, Assorted in 25 styles, with name, 10cts. Nassau Card Co., Nassau N. Y.

Bass & Co's

GENUINE ENGLISH PALE ALE

AND

BURK'S IRISH BROWN STOUT.

RECOMMENDED by Medical Men to infirm persons during Summer weather. A *fresh supply just received* per Steamer "Circassian." Apollinari's Seltzer a natural Mineral Water from springs in Germany, and highly rated as an Aperient, put up in Stone Jugs and in ordinary Hampers, just received by

T. S. WICKES.

Chestertown, May 7, 1878.

Plow Castings

OF ALL THE

Approved and Desirable Patterns

Minor and Horton, Heckendon, Concave and Wiley,

besides other makes, a large stock now being received by

THOMAS S. WICKES,

April 17, 1878.

PLOW BRIDLES,

A. L. SCOTCH COLLARS,

AND OTHER

PLOW GEARING,

Of Superior Grades and Cheap,

FOR SALE BY

April 17, 1878. T. S. WICKES.

HE-NO TEA.

A MIXED TEA of really *fine quality*, and for sale at an extremely low figure considering its value.

THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, April 17, 1878.

LAW CARD.

GEORGE A. HANSON,

Attorney at Law,

HAS resumed his Profession and offers his services to the public.

Office in 'Transcript Building,' facing the Court House, Chestertown, Md.

May 21, 1878.

KALSOMINE! KALSOMINE!

Attention Housekeepers!

USE JOHNSON'S

Dry Sized KALSOMINE

In Place of Whitewash!

It imparts a delicate tint to the walls, looks prettier, and will last longer than any other wash. It is very easily applied and can be made ready for use in 5 minutes. Sample cards, showing colors, free to all. Apply to

C. F. STAM, DRUGGIST.

May 28, 1878.

AT PRIVATE SALE,

Ten Farms,

SOME OF THE BEST IN KENT COUNTY.

☞ *TERMS EASY.*

C. H. BAKER, Att'y.,
Chestertown, Md.

May 21—tf.

Tape Worm! Tape Worm!

WITH HEAD, REMOVED in two hours, guaranteed. Medicine sent—taken at home. Causes *no pain* or inconvenience. Send for price and references of persons cured.

GOSTAV KLAUS, 50 N. 5th St., Phila.

March 22, 1878.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

Farmers' Hardware

RECEIVED, AND WE ARE SELLING VERY LOW!

CALL and examine our stock of Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Rakes, Trace Chains (selling very low), Halters, Back, Tug, Breast and other chains; Briar Hooks and Snaths, Scythes, &c.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

OF EVERY KIND,

AND SELLING VERY CHEAP

J. K. ALDRIDGE.

March 16, 1877.

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